

# SCHOOL OF COMPUTER AND COMMUNICATION SCIENCES

ÉCOLE POLYTECHNIQUE FÉDÉRALE DE LAUSANNE

# Computer Vision Laboratory Unseen Spacecraft Pose Estimation

Baseline solution by implementing a machine learning framework with target models included

Bachelor's Thesis in Computer Science

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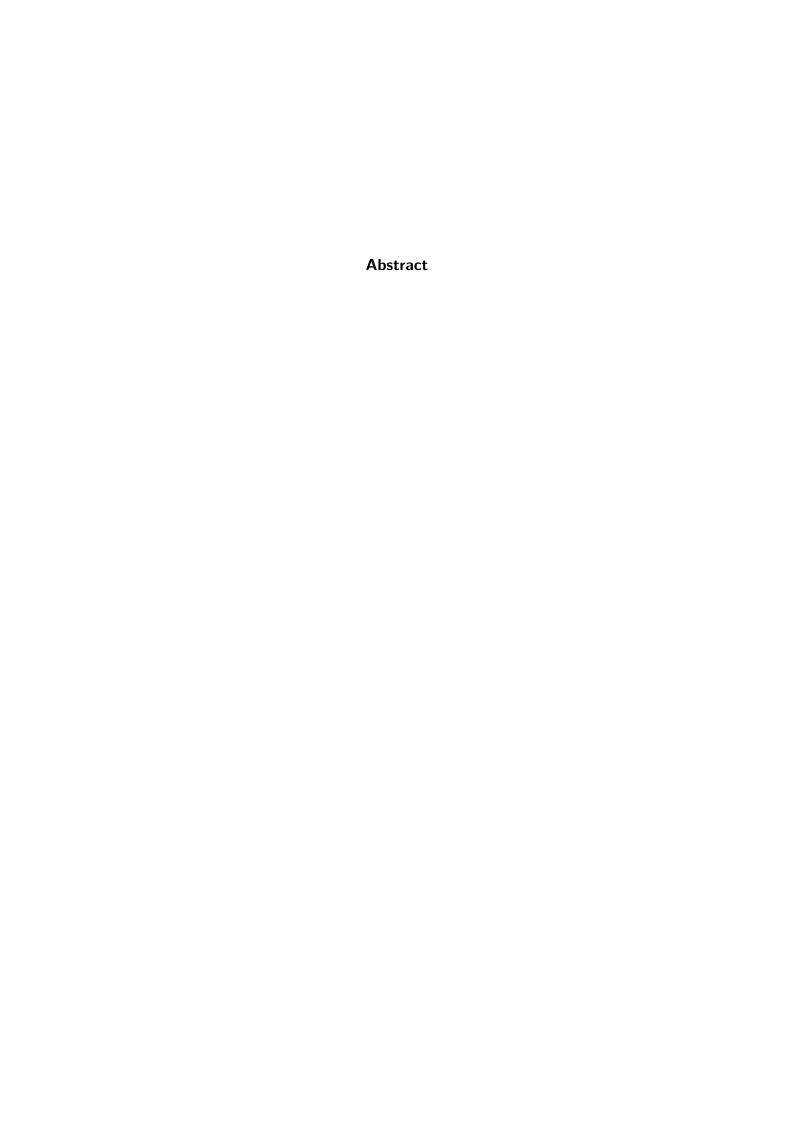
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Semester: Fall 2023

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Lausanne	, Switzerland, 05.	.01.24		Jérémy Chav	erot

#### Acknowledgments

Before we dive into the real subject, I would like to make a few acknowledgements. First and foremost I must thank my advisors Andrew Price and Chen Zhao for accepting my request to take part in a semester project under their guidance. I am grateful to have been able to practice my skills with them, and can only hope that the feeling is mutual. Moreover I would also like to thoroughly thank my friends and family for supporting me in my academic journey, despite a rather unstable start in my studies.



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#### Contents

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#### 1 Introduction

Test ref to Listing A.1. Test ref to Listing A.3

#### 1.1 Problem statement

#### 1.1.1 The settings

#### 1.1.2 The goal

#### 1.2 The work environment: Scitas Izar

Test to refer to the video from 3B1B: [2].

```
#!/bin/bash
  #SBATCH --chdir /scratch/izar/jchavero
  #SBATCH --partition=gpu
4 #SBATCH --qos=gpu_free
5 #SBATCH --gres=gpu:2
  #SBATCH --nodes=1
  #SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=1
8 #SBATCH --cpus-per-task=1
  #SBATCH --mem 16G
  echo STARTING AT 'date'
  echo "Loading modules"
  module load gcc openmpi py-torch py-torchvision cuda
  echo "Launching the virtual environment"
16
  source ~/opt/izar1/venv-gcc/bin/activate
echo "Navigating to the directory and executing the task"
cd ~/Gen6D
python eval.py --cfg configs/gen6d_pretrain.yaml --object_name
      spacecraft/hubble
  echo FINISHED AT 'date'
```

Listing 1.1: Bash script execute.sh to run a machine learning model on Scitas Izar EPFL. While the overall structure remains consistent, this script is specific to Gen6D's architecture, further discussed later.

Then to run the script we use the following command:

```
$ sbatch execute.sh
```

Listing 1.2: Linux command to run the bash script.

# 2 Scientific papers review

- 2.1 Some ML models
- 2.2 Gen6D: Pros and cons

# 3 Gen6D: formal description

- 3.1 Overview of the network
- 3.2 Detection
- 3.3 Viewpoint selection
- 3.4 Pose refinement
- 3.5 Results on LINEMOD

# 4 Implementation of the model

#### 4.1 Data loader

abstract base classes (ABC) each and every abstract method

#### 4.2 Issues and proposed solutions

- 4.2.1 Issues No. 1
- 4.2.2 Issues No. 2

# 5 Experimental results and analysis

- 5.1 Spacecraft dataset characteristics
- 5.2 Vizualisation of results
- 5.3 Evaluation metrics
- 5.4 Quantitative evaluation

## 6 Ways of improvements

#### 6.1 Specialized spacecraft training set

#### 6.2 Improved object detection algorithms

Rely more on the 3D model (for now only the size) and the segmented images, would optimize for symmetric and irregular shaped spacecrafts

#### 6.3 Robustness to occlusion

# Conclusion

Limitations Acknowledgments My personal contribution

## **Abbreviations**

### **Appendix**

```
0.00
 Author:
               Jeremy Chaverot
  Date:
               November 29, 2023
  Description: Create the files val.txt, train.txt and test.txt
      according to a test percentage
  import os
  import sys
  import random
if __name__ == "__main__":
13
    # Check if the correct number of arguments is provided
      if len(sys.argv) != 3:
15
          print("Usage: python format.py <object_name> <</pre>
      test_percentage>")
          sys.exit(1)
18
      object = sys.argv[1]
      test_percentage = float(sys.argv[2])
      if (test_percentage < 0 or 1 < test_percentage):</pre>
          print("Wrong value for the variable <test_percentage>.
      Should be between 0 and 1 included.")
          sys.exit(1)
      # Get a list of all files in the folder
      all_files = os.listdir(f'data/SpaceCraft/{object}/images')
      # Filter the list to include only image files and exclude
      MacOS temporary files
      image_files = [file for file in all_files if file.lower().
      endswith(('.jpg')) and not file.startswith('._')]
      # Get the number of images in the folder
      num_images = len(image_files)
      # Iterate through each image and apply the transformation
```

```
with open(f'data/SpaceCraft/{object}/train.txt', 'w') as
    train, open(f'data/SpaceCraft/{object}/test.txt', 'w') as
    test:

    for image_file in image_files:
        rand = random.random()
        image_path = 'SpaceCraft/hubble/images/' + image_file
        if (rand < test_percentage):
            test.write(image_path + '\n')
        else: train.write(image_path + '\n')

print(f"Done splitting {num_images} images in train.txt and
        test.txt")</pre>
```

Listing A.1: Python script format.py to randomly generate the training set and the test set based on a specified probability. Should be run from Gen6D's root folder.

```
0.00
  Author:
               Jeremy Chaverot
               November 20, 2023
  Date:
  Description: Transform every images of a folder into jpg format.
  import os
  import sys
  from PIL import Image
  def transform_image(image_path):
      img = Image.open(image_path)
      new_image_path = image_path.split('.')[0] + '.jpg'
      img.save(new_image_path)
15
17
  if __name__ == "__main__":
19
    # Check if the correct number of arguments is provided
20
      if len(sys.argv) != 2:
21
          print("Usage: python to_jpg.py </path/to/your/images>")
          sys.exit(1)
23
      folder_path = sys.argv[1]
25
      # Get a list of all files in the folder
27
      all_files = os.listdir(folder_path)
28
      # Filter the list to include only image files and exclude
      MacOS temporary files
      image_files = [file for file in all_files if file.lower().
      endswith(('.png', '.jpg', '.jpeg', '.gif', '.bmp')) and not
```

```
file.startswith('._')]

# Get the number of images in the folder
num_images = len(image_files)

# Iterate through each image and apply the transformation
for image_file in image_files:
    image_path = os.path.join(folder_path, image_file)
    transform_image(image_path)
    os.remove(image_path)

print(f"Number of images transformed into .jpg: {num_images}"
)
```

Listing A.2: Python script  $to\_jpg.py$  to transform every images of a specified folder into jpg format.

```
Author:
               Jeremy Chaverot
               November 20, 2023
  Date:
  Description: Transform a txt file with quaternions and the
      translation vector into multiple npy files containing the
     rotation matrix augmented with the translation vector.
  0.00
  import numpy as np
  import sys
  import os
  def quaternion_to_matrix(Q, translation):
          Covert a quaternion and translation into a full three-
      dimensional augmented rotation matrix.
          Input
          :param Q: A 4 element array representing the quaternion (
      qw, qx, qy, qz).
          :param translation: A 3 element array representing the
      translation (x, y, z).
          Output
          :return: A 3x4 element matrix representing the full 3D
21
      rotation matrix with
                   translation. This rotation matrix converts a
      point in the local
                   reference frame to a point in the global
      reference frame.
```

```
# Extract the values from Q
27
      qw = Q[0]
      qx = Q[1]
28
      qy = Q[2]
      qz = Q[3]
      # Extract the values from the translation vector
32
      x = translation[0]
      y = translation[1]
      z = translation[2]
36
      # First row of the rotation matrix
      r00 = 2 * (qw * qw + qx * qx) - 1
      r01 = 2 * (qx * qy - qw * qz)
      r02 = 2 * (qx * qz + qw * qy)
40
      # Second row of the rotation matrix
42
      r10 = 2 * (qx * qy + qw * qz)
      r11 = 2 * (qw * qw + qy * qy) - 1
      r12 = 2 * (qy * qz - qw * qx)
45
      # Third row of the rotation matrix
      r20 = 2 * (qx * qz - qw * qy)
      r21 = 2 * (qy * qz + qw * qx)
49
      r22 = 2 * (qw * qw + qz * qz) - 1
51
      # 3x3 rotation matrix
      rot_matrix_augm = np.array([[r00, r01, r02, x],
53
                                    [r10, r11, r12, y],
                                    [r20, r21, r22, z]])
55
      return rot_matrix_augm
57
58
59
  if __name__ == "__main__":
61
      # Check if the correct number of arguments is provided
62
      if len(sys.argv) != 3:
63
          print("Usage: python quaternion_to_matrix.py </path/to/</pre>
      your/text/file> </path/to/the/pose/folder>")
          sys.exit(1)
66
      file_path = sys.argv[1]
      pose_folder_path = sys.argv[2]
68
      file_content = None
69
70
      try:
          with open(file_path, 'r') as file:
```

```
file_content = file.read()
      except FileNotFoundError:
          print(f"The file {file_path} was not found.")
75
          sys.exit(1)
      except Exception as e:
          print(f"An error occurred: {e}")
          sys.exit(1)
80
     poses = file_content.split('\n')[:-1]
81
82
      # Iterate through each pose and apply the transformation
      for pose in poses:
84
          image_id, obj_id, qw, qx, qy, qz, x, y, z = pose.split(',
      , )
          Q = np.array([qw, qx, qy, qz], dtype=np.float32)
          translation = np.array([x, y, z], dtype=np.float32)
87
          matrix = quaternion_to_matrix(Q, translation)
          np.save(pose_folder_path + '/pose' + str(int(image_id)),
     matrix)
      print(f"Number of transformation processed: {len(poses)}")
```

Listing A.3: Python script quaternion\_to\_matrix.py to transform a txt file with quaternions and the translation vector into multiple npy files containing the rotation matrix augmented with the translation vector.

```
0.00
               Jeremy Chaverot
 Author:
 Date:
               December 10, 2023
 Description: Invert the masks from a given folder.
 0.00
 import cv2
 import os
 import sys
 def inverse_masks_in_folder(folder_path):
    # Iterate through the list of files at the specified path
      for filename in os.listdir(folder_path):
        # Filter to include only png image files and exclude MacOS
     temporary files
          if filename.endswith(".png") and not filename.startswith(
16
      ·._'):
              mask_path = os.path.join(folder_path, filename)
              try:
                  # Read the mask image
19
                  mask = cv2.imread(mask_path, cv2.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE
```

```
if mask is None:
                      print(f"Failed to read image: {mask_path}")
                      continue
23
                  # Invert the mask
                  inverted_mask = cv2.bitwise_not(mask)
                  # Save the inverted mask with a temporary name
                  temp_path = os.path.join(folder_path, "temp_" +
      filename)
                  cv2.imwrite(temp_path, inverted_mask)
31
                  # Delete the original mask
                  os.remove(mask_path)
                  # Rename the inverted mask to the original
      filename
                  os.rename(temp_path, mask_path)
                  print(f"Inverted and replaced mask for: {
      mask_path}")
              except Exception as e:
                  print(f"Error processing {mask_path}: {e}")
40
41
  if __name__ == "__main__":
42
    # Check if the correct number of arguments is provided
      if len(sys.argv) != 2:
          print("Usage: python invert_mask.py <folder_path>")
46
          sys.exit(1)
      folder_path = sys.argv[1]
      inverse_masks_in_folder(folder_path)
```

Listing A.4: Python script invert\_mask.py to invert the masks from a specified folder.

We aim to have a black object set against a white background.

```
"""
Author: Jeremy Chaverot
Date: January 01, 2024
Description: Resize the images from a given folder.
"""

import os
import sys
from PIL import Image

def resize_images(folder_path, resize_factor):
```

```
# Iterate through the list of files at the specified path
      for filename in os.listdir(folder_path):
        # Filter to include only png image files and exclude MacOS
15
      temporary files
          if filename.endswith(".png") and not filename.startswith(
      ·._'):
              img_path = os.path.join(folder_path, filename)
              with Image.open(img_path) as img:
                  # Calculate new size
                  new_size = tuple([int(dim / resize_factor) for
      dim in img.size])
                  # Resize the image
21
                  resized_img = img.resize(new_size, Image.
      ANTIALIAS)
                  # Save the resized image with a different name
      temporarily
                  temp_path = os.path.join(folder_path, "temp_" +
      filename)
                  resized_img.save(temp_path)
              # Delete the original image
              os.remove(img_path)
              # Rename the resized image to the original filename
              os.rename(temp_path, img_path)
31
  if __name__ == "__main__":
35
   # Check if the correct number of arguments is provided
      if len(sys.argv) != 3:
          print("Usage: resize.py <folder_path> <resize_factor>")
          sys.exit(1)
39
      folder_path = sys.argv[1]
      factor = int(sys.argv[2])
      resize_images(folder_path, factor)
```

Listing A.5: Python script resize.py designed to alter an image's size with respect to a specified resize factor.

# **Bibliography**

[2] G. S. 3Blue1Brown. Quaternions and 3d rotation, explained interactively. Youtube. 2018. URL: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zjMuIxRvygQ.