ACT-11302 Calculo Actuarial III Nombre: Paulina Gómez Zúñiga

Primavera 2019 C.U.: 157945
Tarea 04 19/Feb/2018

Fecha de entrega: 26/Feb/2019

Consideren la clase del jueves 19 de febrero de 2019.

1. Deriven la modificacion de la distribucion $\operatorname{Po}(n|\lambda)$ en la que

$$Q(N_t = 0) = 0$$
, y $Q(N_t = 1) = 1/3$.

2. Deriven la modificacion en la que

•
$$\widetilde{P}(N_{t=n}) = e^{-\lambda} \lambda^n$$
 11 (n>2)

• Teremos que modificar
$$\left(1 - \frac{1}{2} e^{-\lambda} x^{\kappa}\right)$$
 n's

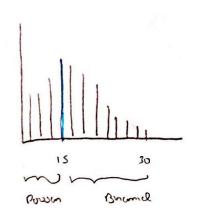
$$\frac{\hat{\beta}(N_{\xi=n})}{1 - \hat{\beta}(N_{\xi} \in A)} = \frac{e^{-\lambda} \lambda^{n}}{1 - \frac{1}{\xi} e^{-\lambda} \lambda^{k}}$$

$$\frac{1 - \frac{1}{\xi} e^{-\lambda} \lambda^{k}}{k!}$$

$$= \mathbf{Q}(M=n) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{Si } n=0 \\ 2 & \text{Si } n=1 \end{cases}$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} \frac{e^{-\lambda} \lambda^{n}}{n!} \qquad \text{Si } n \neq 2$$

$$= \frac{1-\frac{1}{2}e^{-\lambda} \lambda^{k}}{k!}$$



$$\hat{P}_{n} = \binom{100}{n} e^{n(1-6)} \frac{100^{-n}}{5} \frac{11}{(n)}$$

$$\hat{P}_{n} = e^{-30} \frac{(30)^{n}}{n!} \frac{11}{50, \dots 5}$$

Temendo como bese le Puissem:

La Atemas Sow: 50, 1,2, ... 15} Atomas pu modifico: { n > 15 }

Poso 1. moso modificados

moso modificados
$$q_{N} = P_{N} = \frac{e^{-30}}{n!} \frac{30^{N}}{n!} \frac{11}{50, ... 15} = 1 \left[1 - \frac{5}{5}e^{-30} \frac{30^{N}}{N!} \right] \frac{15}{100} \frac{30^{N}}{100} = 0 \text{ corresponde a se massa.}$$

$$q_{N} = P_{N} = \frac{e^{-30}}{n!} \frac{30^{N}}{100} \frac{11}{100} = 1 \left[1 - \frac{5}{5}e^{-30} \frac{30^{N}}{N!} \right] \frac{1}{100} \frac$$

binomice a in 715 (subse los chumos nevos)

$$\frac{\widetilde{P}(N_{\xi}=n)}{\widetilde{P}(N_{\xi}\leq 15)} = \frac{\binom{100}{n} \varepsilon^{n} (1-\varepsilon)^{100-n}}{1-\frac{2}{2}\binom{100}{k} \varepsilon^{n} (1-\varepsilon)^{100-k}}$$

$$\frac{(1-90) (P_{1})}{(1-P_{0})} = \left[1 - \frac{15}{2}e^{-30}\frac{30 \, \text{k}}{\text{1}}\right] \left[\frac{(100)}{(100)}e^{-100}\frac{1}{(1-6)}e^{-100}\right] \Pi_{1} \Pi_{2} U$$

$$\frac{(1-90) (Pn)}{(1-P0)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1-2e & 30 \\ 1-2 & 15 \\ 1-2 & 15 \\ 1-2 & 15 \\ 1-2 & 100-14 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$e^{-30} = \begin{bmatrix} -30 & 30 & 11 \\ 1-2 & 15 \\ 1-2 & 100 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left(1-\frac{15}{2} = \frac{30}{30} \times \frac{30}{1} \times \frac{11}{1} \times \frac{100}{1} \times \frac{100-10}{1} \times \frac{100-10}$$