

Winning Space Race with Data Science

Jaime Cañellas Oliver 07/12/2021



Outline

- Executive Summary (Slide 3)
- Introduction (Slide 4)
- Methodology (Slide 6)
- Results (Slides 7- 45)
- Conclusion (Slide 46)
- Appendix (Slide 47)

Executive Summary

Summary of METHODOLOGIES

- 1. Data Collection
 - 1. SpaceX API
 - 2. Web Scraping
- 2. Data Wrangling
- 3. EDA with Data Visualization
- 4. EDA with SQL
- 5. Interactive Map with Folium
- 6. Plotly Dash Board
- 7. Machine Learning models (LogReg, SVM, KNN, Tree)

Summary of all **RESULTS**

- 1. Complete DataFrame of Falcon 9
- 2. Success Rate
 - 1. vs. Launch Site
 - 2. vs. Flight Number
 - 3. Vs. Orbit
- 3. Launch Site's Location and Surroundings
- 4. Charts and Plots
- 5. Accuracies of the models

Introduction

Manufacturing Cost

SpaceX

\$62 MILLIONS

Other providers

Up to \$165 MILLIONS

¿HOW IS IT POSSIBLE?

REUSING Stage 1

¿What's next?

In this PowerPoint, we will find out the KEY of a success landing

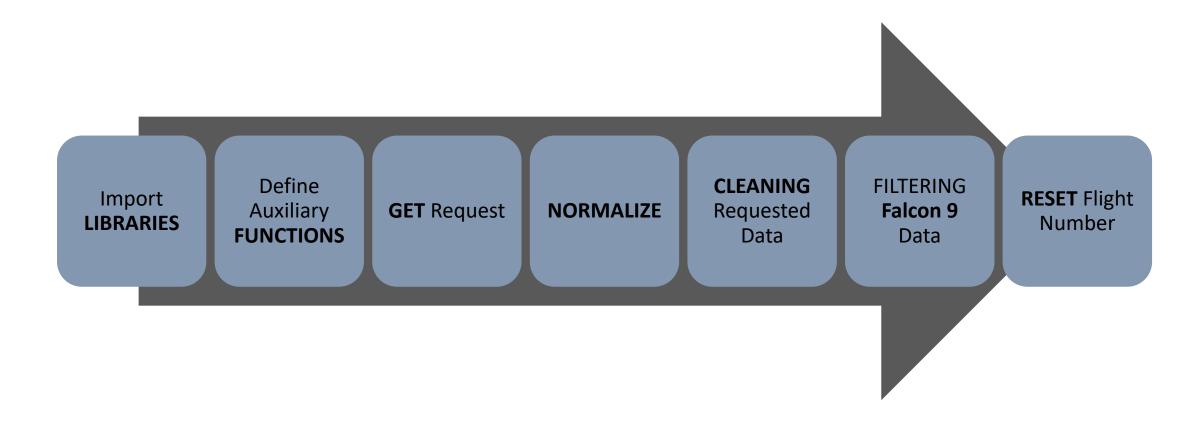


Methodology

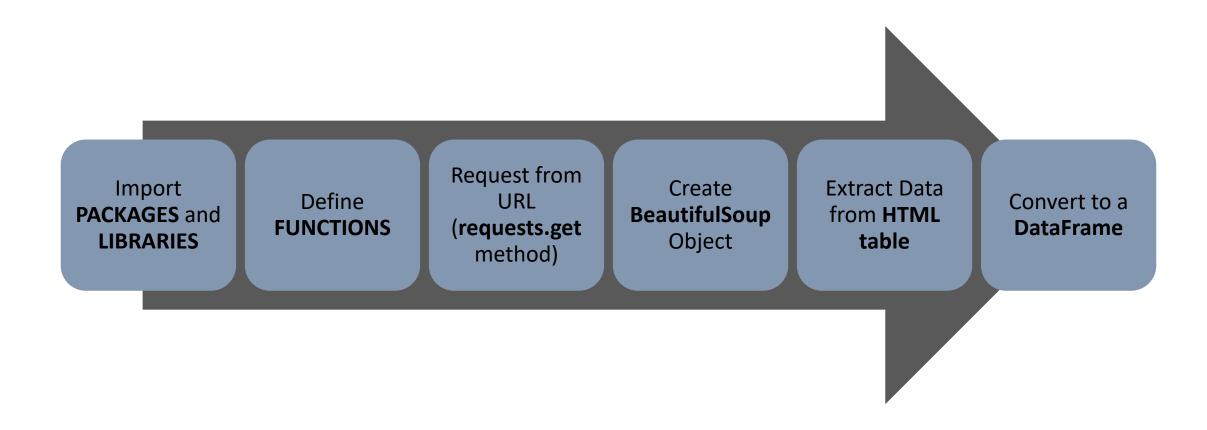
Executive Summary

- Data collection methodology (Slides 7-8)
 - SpaceX API
 - Web Scraping
- Perform data wrangling (Slide 9)
 - Filtering, Transforming, Changing and Adding rows/columns
 — df['Class']
 Success Rate
- Perform exploratory data analysis (EDA) using visualization and SQL (Slides 10-12)
- Perform interactive visual analytics using Folium and Plotly Dash (Slides 13 14)
- Perform predictive analysis using classification models (Slide 15)
 - Split, Fit, Train, Test, Best parameters, Best score, Score method.

Data Collection- SpaceX API



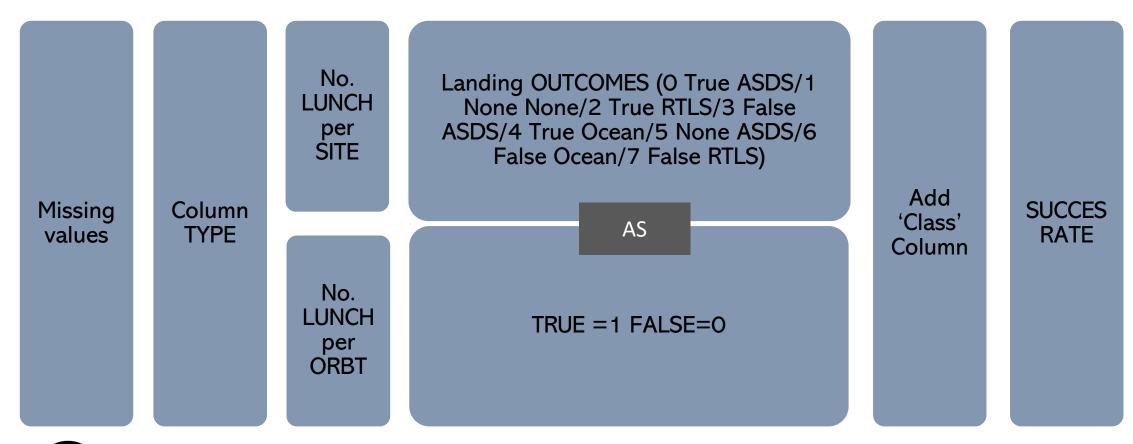
Data Collection- Web Scraping





Data Wrangling

IMPORTANT STEPS





EDA with Data Visualization I

Flight Number vs. Payload Mass

↑ Flight Number = + Payload Mass & +Success Rate

Flight Number vs. Launch
Site

TOP = CCAFS SLC 40

Payload vs Launch Site

- VAFB SLC 4E up to 10,000kg
- Most HEAVY launches in CCAFS SLC 40 (FAIL in lower PayloadMass)

Success Rate vs Orbit

- → HIGHER SUCCESS: ES-L1, GEO, HEO & SSO (100%)
- LOWER SUCCESS: GTO & ISS



EDA with Data Visualization II

Flight Number vs. Orbit

↑ Flight Number = **↑** VLEO Orbit

Payload Mass vs. Orbit

HIGHEST Payload Mass = VLEO Orbit

Success Rate vs Year

1 2013-2017 **↓** 2017-2018 **1** 2018-2019 **↓** 2019-2020



EDA with SQL

SQL Queries

- DISTINCT Statement
- WHERE + LIKE '%NAME%' LIMIT
- SUM() + WHERE
- AVG() + WHERE
- MIN() + WHERE

- COUNT() + GROUPBY
- DISTINCT + WHERE [SUBQUERY MAX()]
- substr(Date, 4, 2) as month + substr(Date, 7, 4) = '2015'
- WHERE + BETWEEN AND + LIKE '%NAME%' – ORDER BY Desc

Build an Interactive Map with Folium



MARK Launch Site

LINES

Illustrating the distances among key places surrounding the Launch Site

CLUSTER







Showing in a simple manner the SUCCESS/FAILURE of each launch in each Launch Site

DISTANCE

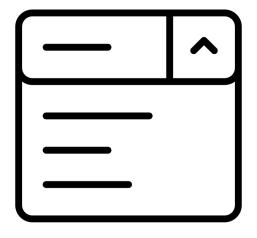
KM

Expressing a numerical fact



Build a Dashboard with Plotly Dash

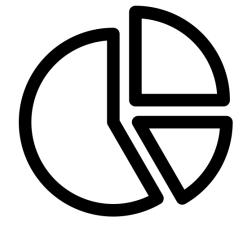
DROPDOWN



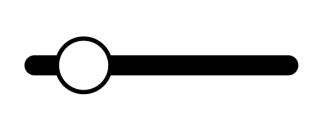
Filtering Launch Site

[All sites, CCAFS LC-40, CCAFS SLC-40, KSC LC-39A, VAFB SLC-4E]

PIE CHART



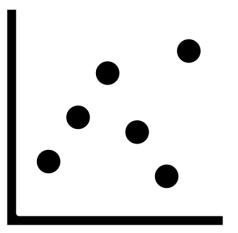
Success Rate vs Launch Site **SLIDER**



Filtering Payload Mass

[0-10,000kg]

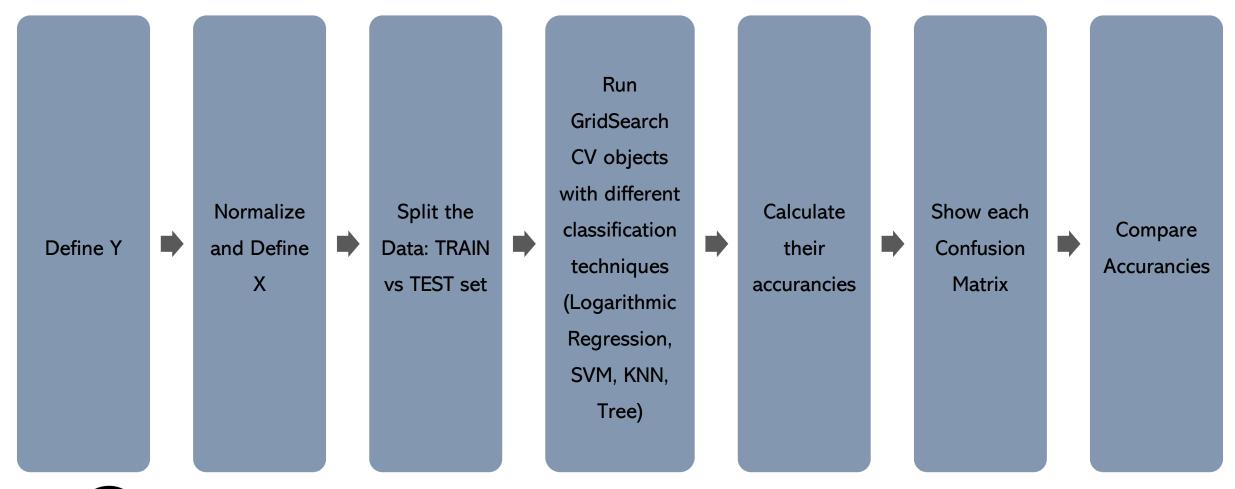
SCATTER PLOT



Payload Mass vs Succes Rate (ALL sites)



Predictive Analysis (Classification)



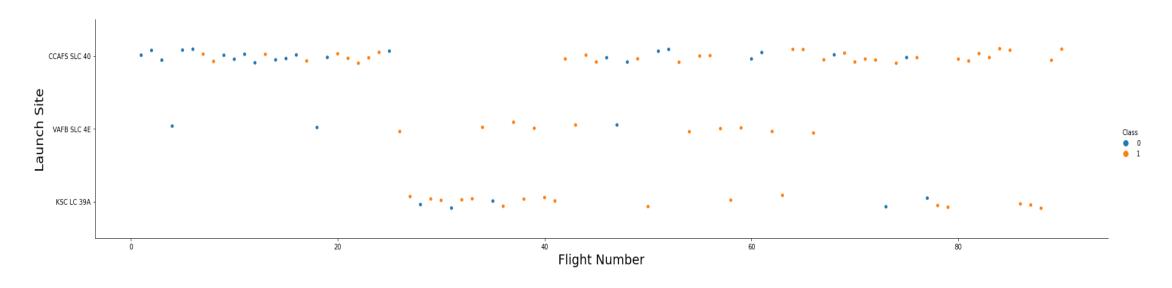


Results

Exploratory data analysis results	Interactive analytics	Predictive analysis results
 Different Launch Sites: ✓ CCAFS LC-40 ✓ KSC LC-39A ✓ VAFB SLC 4E ✓ CCAFS SLC-40 Most No. Launches: ✓ CCAFS SLC-40 100% Success Orbits: ✓ ES-L1 ✓ GEO ✓ HEO ✓ SSO Success Rate: 0,6667 Total Payload Mass: 45,596KG First Successful Landing: 01-05-17 	 Launch Site Latitude and Longitude (Appendix 1) Launch Site Plotting Marker color → Cluster Closest Distances: Coast: 0,87KM Highway: 0,58KM City: 23,19KM Railway: 1,13KM 	 4 models: ✓ Logarithmic Regression ✓ SVM ✓ KNN Neighbors ✓ Tree Best parameters (Appendix 2) Accurancy (Appendix 2) Score (Appendix 2)



Flight Number vs. Launch Site

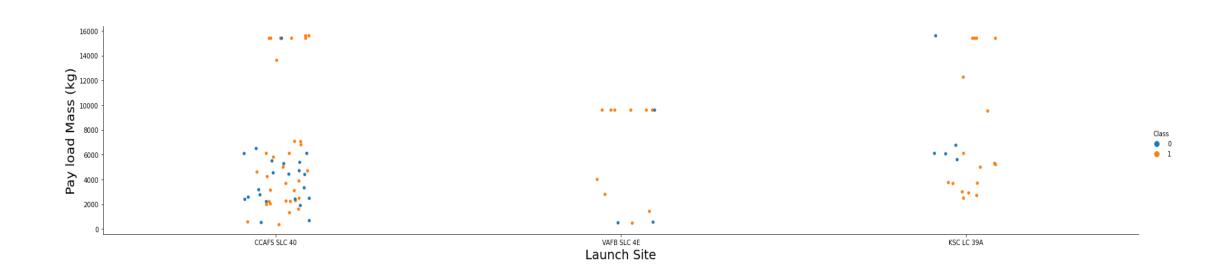


Most launches at CCAFS SLC 40 (the more n° launches, the more successful)

At VAFB SLC 4E, few n° of launches. No one for some launches.

Late starting at KSC LC 39A, however, good successful rate and still working there.

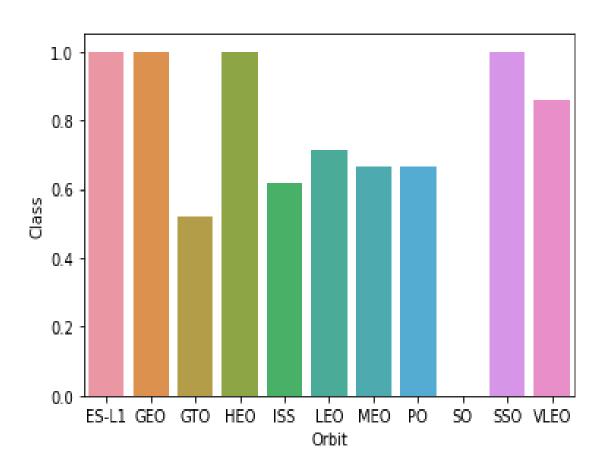
Payload Mass vs. Launch Site



VAFB-SLC launchsite there are no rockets launched for heavypayload mass(greater than 10000)

CCAFS SLC 40 more launches than KSC LC 39A although more failure. Both of them reaching heavies payload mass.

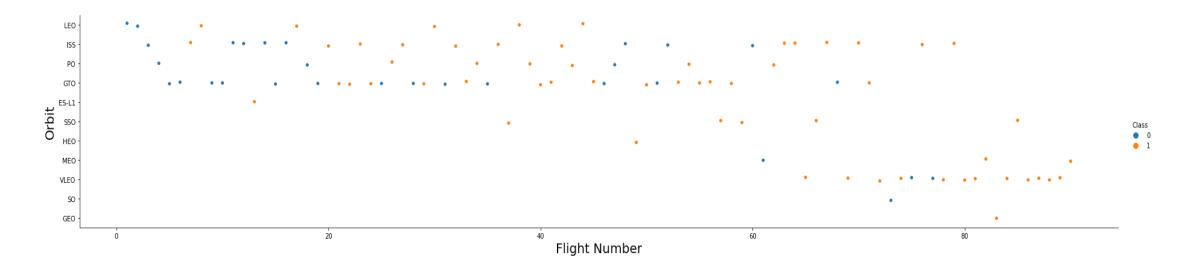
Success Rate vs. Orbit Type



100% Success: ES-L1 / GEO / HEO / SSO

Most % of failure: SO / GTO / ISS

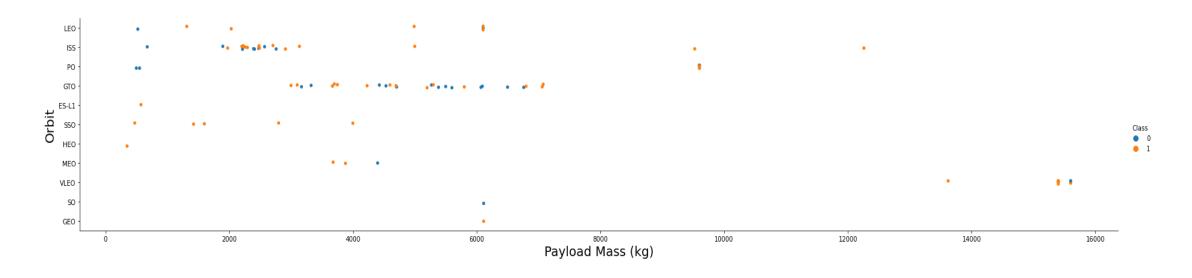
Flight Number vs. Orbit Type



First launches, extremely high rate of failure

Latest launches, most of them at VLEO with a great success rate (13 out of 15)

Payload Mass vs. Orbit Type

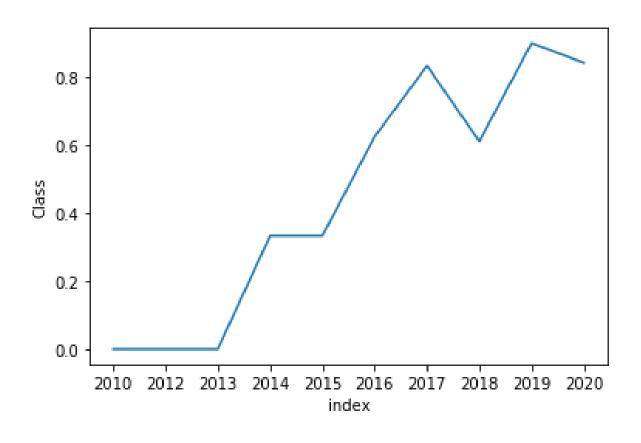


GTO: low successful rate, low payload mass

VLEO: highest payload mass

Payload mass is lower than 8,000kg in most of the orbits

Launch Success Yearly Trend



- First successful launches since 2013
- Highest successful rate in 2019
- Deep decreasing in 2018
- Stagnated growth during 2014

All Launch Site Names

DISTINCT METHOD

%sql SELECT DISTINCT Launch_Site FROM SPACEXTBL;

CCAFS LC-40

KSC LC-39A

VAFB SLC-4E

CCAFS SLC-40

Launch Site Names Begin with 'CCA'

LIKE '%%' METHOD + LIMIT

%sql SELECT Launch_Site FROM SPACEXTBL WHERE Launch_Site LIKE 'CCA%' LIMIT 5;

CCAFS LC-40

CCAFS LC-40

CCAFS LC-40

CCAFS LC-40

CCAFS LC-40

Total Payload Mass

SUM METHOD + WHERE CLAUSE

%sql SELECT SUM(PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_) FROM SPACEXTBL WHERE Customer = 'NASA (CRS)';

45,596 KG



Average Payload Mass by F9 v1.1

AVG METHOD + WHERE CLAUSE

%sql SELECT AVG(PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_) FROM SPACEXTBL WHERE Booster_Version = 'F9 v1.1'

2928.4 KG



First Successful Ground Landing Date

MIN METHOD + WHERE CLAUSE

%sql SELECT MIN(Date) FROM SPACEXTBL WHERE [Landing _Outcome] ='Success (ground pad)'



01-05-2017

Successful Drone Ship Landing with Payload between 4000 and 6000

DISTINCT METHOD + WHERE CLAUSE with AND & BETWEEN-AND

%sql SELECT DISTINCT Booster_Version, PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_, [Landing _Outcome] FROM SPACEXTBL WHERE [Landing _Outcome] = 'Success (drone ship)' AND PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_ BETWEEN 4000 AND 6000;

Booster Version	Payload Mass	Landing Outcome
F9 FT B1022	4696	Success (drone ship)
F9 FT B1026	4600	Success (drone ship)
F9 FT B1021.2	5300	Success (drone ship)
F9 FT B1031.2	5200	Success (drone ship)

Total Number of Successful and Failure Mission Outcomes

COUNT METHOD + GROUPBY

%sql SELECT Mission_Outcome, COUNT(Mission_Outcome) FROM SPACEXTBL GROUP BY Mission_Outcome

Mission Outcome	COUNT(Mission_Outcome)
Failure (in flight)	1
Success	98
Success	1
Success (payload status unclear)	1

Boosters Carried Maximum Payload

DISTINCT METHOD + WHERE SUBCLAUSE

%sql SELECT DISTINCT Booster_Version FROM SPACEXTBL WHERE PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_ = (SELECT MAX(PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_) FROM SPACEXTBL) LIMIT 5;

F9 B5 B1048.4

F9 B5 B1056.4

F9 B5 B1049.4

F9 B5 B1048.5

F9 B5 B1048.4

2015 Launch Records

substr(Date, 4, 2) AS MONTH + SUBSTR(Date, 7, 4)='2015'

%sql SELECT substr(Date, 4, 2) AS MONTH, [Landing _Outcome], Booster_Version, Launch_Site FROM SPACEXTBL WHERE SUBSTR(Date, 7, 4)='2015' AND [Landing _Outcome] ='Failure (drone ship)'

MONTH	Landing Outcome	Booster Version	LaunchSite
01	Failure (drone ship)	F9 v1.1 B1012	CCAFS LC-40
04	Failure (drone ship)	F9 v1.1 B1015	CCAFS LC-40

Rank Landing Outcomes Between 2010-06-04 and 2017-03-20

WHERE CLAUSE + BETWEEN-AND +LIKE + ORDER BY Desc

%sql SELECT * FROM SPACEXTBL WHERE Date BETWEEN '04-06-2010' AND '20-03-2017' AND [Landing _Outcome] LIKE '%Success%' ORDER BY Date Desc;

Date	Time (UTC)	Booster Version	Launch Site	Payload	Payload Mass (KG)	Orbit	Customer	Mission Outcome	Landing Outcome
19-02-2017	14:39:00	F9 FT B1031.1	KSC LC-39A	SpaceX CRS-10	2490	LEO (ISS)	NASA (CRS)	Success	Success (ground pad)
18-10-2020	12:25:57	F9 B5 B1051.6	KSC LC-39A	Starlink 13 v1.0, Starlink 14 v1.0	15600	LEO	SpaceX	Success	Success
18-08-2020	14:31:00	F9 B5 B1049.6	CCAFS SLC-40	Starlink 10 v1.0, SkySat-19, - 20, -21, SAOCOM 1B	15440	LEO	SpaceX, Planet Labs, PlanetIQ	Success	Success
18-07-2016	04:45:00	F9 FT B1025.1	CCAFS LC-40	SpaceX CRS-9	2257	LEO (ISS)	NASA (CRS)	Success	Success (ground pad)
18-04-2018	22:51:00	F9 B4 B1045.1	CCAFS SLC-40	Transiting Exoplanet Survey Satellite (TESS)	362	НЕО	NASA (LSP)	Success	Success (drone ship) 33



Launch Site Locations

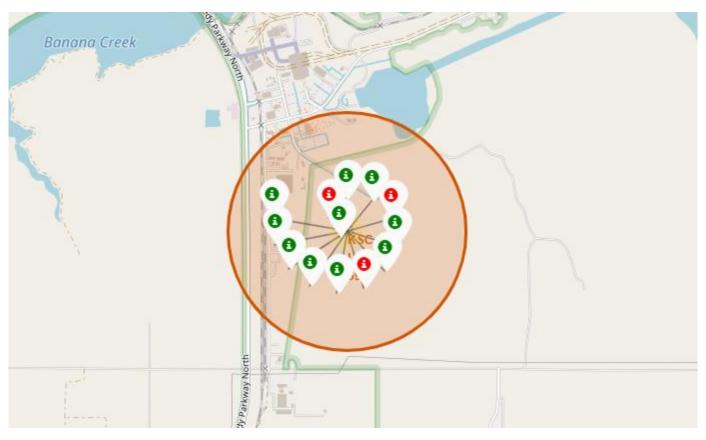


All of them on the coast

3 out of 4 in the east Those on the east cost one

are pretty close

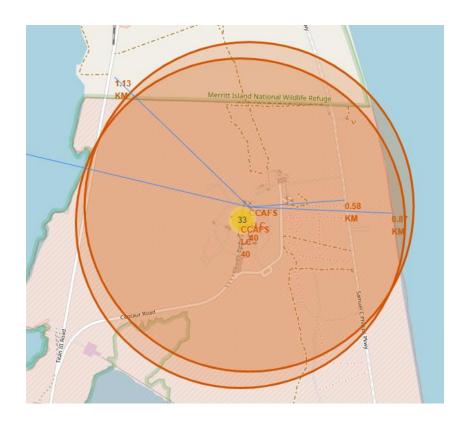
Launch Site Cluster



Easy and accessible way to group and show the data (each launch site with its success/failure launch)

36

Exploring the surroundings of a Launch Site

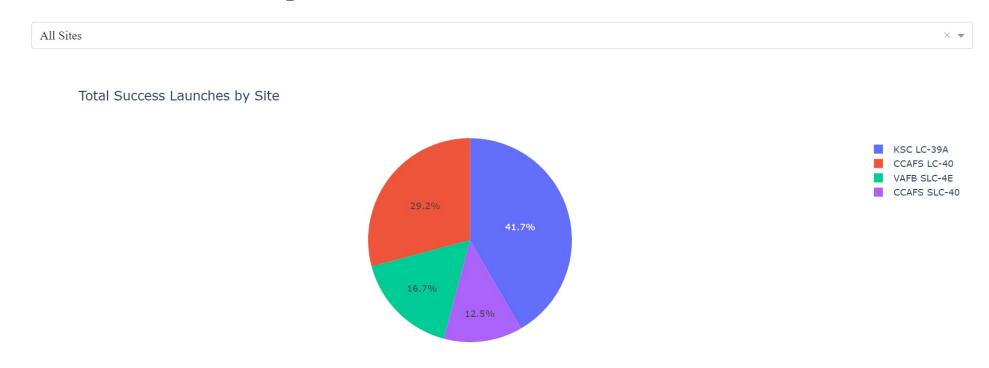


Adding LINES and DISTANCE to the closest <u>railway</u>, <u>highway</u>, <u>coast</u> and <u>city</u>



Success Rate vs. Launch Site

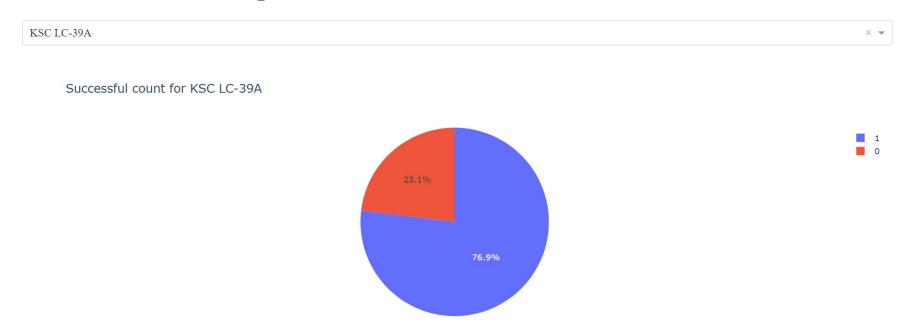
SpaceX Launch Records Dashboard



- KSC LC-39A: The most successful Launch Site
- CCAFS LC-40's Success Rate = VAFB SLC-4E + CCAFS SLC-40

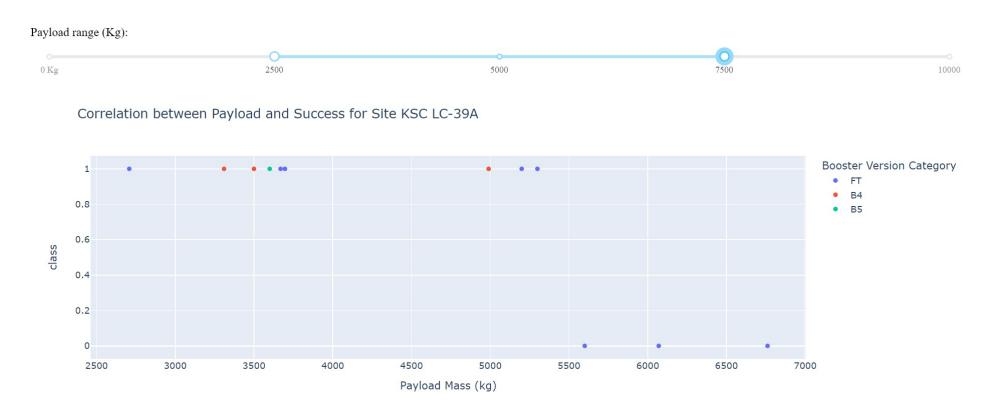
KSC LC-39A: The way to success

SpaceX Launch Records Dashboard



- KSC LC-39A: Although being the most successful one, nearly 25% of the launches fail!
- All of them reach a success rate higher than 55%

Success Rate per Payload Mass for each Booster Version (2,500-7,500 kg)

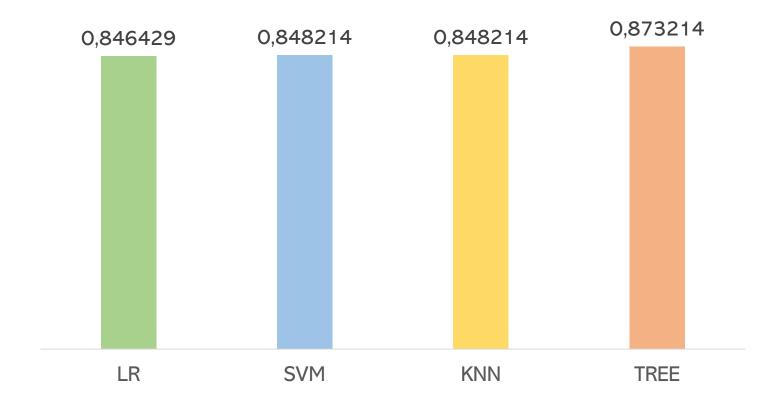


- FT: More launches but (3/7 failed)
- B4 & B5: 100% Success Rate in this range (2,500-7,500kg)



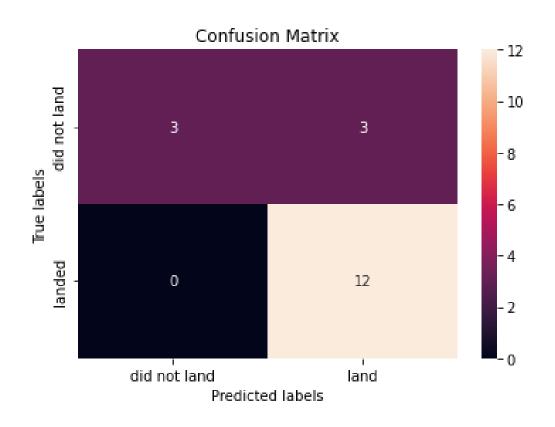
Classification Accuracy





Method	Accuracy
LR	0.846429
SVM	0.848214
KNN	0.848214
TREE	0.873214

Confusion Matrix – Tree MODEL



The model predicted:

3 launches as not landed and 15 as landed.

Whereas true labels shows:

6 of them unsuccessfully landed and 12 did it with success.

PRECISION: 0,5

RECALL: 1

ACURRANCY: 0,8334

Conclusions

- Payload Mass, Orbit and Launch Site affect directly to the probability of success
- KSC LC-39A is the most successful Launch Site (79,6%)
- All of Launch Sites reach a SUCCESS RATE higher than 55%
- F9 B5 Booster Version is the one which endure a higher Payload Mass
- Decision Tree Model is the most accurate

Keep working hard because as it is shown in the SUCCESS RATE each year means a step further in discovering the outer world

Appendix 1

LAUNCH SITE LATITUDE & LONGITUDE

Launch Site	Latitude	Longitude	
CCAFS LC-40	28.562302	-80.577356	
CCAFS SLC-40	28.563197	-80.576820	
KSC LC-39A	28.573255	-80.646895	
VAFB SLC-4E	34.632834	-120.610746	

Appendix 2

Best Parameters, Score & Accuracy

MODEL	Best Parameters	Score	Accuracy
LOG REG	{'C': 0.01, 'penalty': 'I2', 'solver': 'lbfgs'}	0.83334	0.84642
SVM	{'C': 1.0, 'gamma': 0.03162277660168379, 'kernel': 'sigmoid'}	0.83334	0.84821
KNN	{'criterion': 'entropy', 'max_depth': 12,	0.83334	0.84821
TREE	{'algorithm': 'auto', 'n_neighbors': 10, 'p': 1}	0.83334	0.87321

