Setup & Configuration:

git --version:

The command git version is used to check the version of git.

```
jcs@Jeevas-MacBook-Air ~ % git --version
git version 2.47.0
```

git config:

Configures Git settings. Commonly used to set up user information git config --global user.name "Your Name" git config --global user.email youremail@example.com

```
jcs@Jeevas-MacBook-Air ~ % git config --global user.email "jeeva.charan21@gmail.com"
jcs@Jeevas-MacBook-Air ~ % git config --global user.name "jcs-2004"
```

git config -list:

Displays all the Git configurations for the current user.

```
[jcs@Jeevas-MacBook-Air ~ % git config --list
[credential.helper=osxkeychain
user.name=jcs-2004
user.email=jeeva.charan21@gmail.com
core.repositoryformatversion=0
core.filemode=true
core.bare=false
core.logallrefupdates=true
core.ignorecase=true
core.precomposeunicode=true
```

Repository Management

git init:

Initialises a new Git repository in the current directory

```
jcs@Jeevas-MacBook-Air ~ % cd desktop
[jcs@Jeevas-MacBook-Air desktop % cd gittest
[jcs@Jeevas-MacBook-Air gittest % git init
[hint: Using 'master' as the name for the initial branch. This default branch name hint: is subject to change. To configure the initial branch name to use in all hint: of your new repositories, which will suppress this warning, call: hint: hint: git config --global init.defaultBranch <name> hint: hint: Names commonly chosen instead of 'master' are 'main', 'trunk' and hint: 'development'. The just-created branch can be renamed via this command: hint: git branch -m <name> Initialized empty Git repository in /Users/jcs/Desktop/Gittest/.git/
```

git clone:

Creates a copy of an existing Git repository from a remote source (e.g., GitHub) to your local machine.

Staging and Committing

git status:

Shows the status of changes in your working directoryand staging area. It tells you which iles are untracked, modi ied, or ready to be committed.

git add:

Adds changes in the working directory to the staging area.

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git commit:

Commits the staged changes to the repository with a descriptive message. The -m option allows you to include a commit message.

```
jcs@Jeevas-MacBook-Air gittest % git add se.pdf
jcs@Jeevas-MacBook-Air gittest % git commit -m "se document"
[master (root-commit) daf41d0] se document
1 file changed, 0 insertions(+), 0 deletions(-)
create mode 100644 se.pdf
```

Branching and Merging git branch:

Lists all branches or creates a new branch

```
jcs@Jeevas-MacBook-Air gittest % git branch
* master
```

git checkout:

Switches to a different branch git checkout branch-name

```
jcs@Jeevas-MacBook-Air gittest % git checkout master
```

Undoing Changes

git revert:

Creates a new commit that undoes the changes from a Specified commit, leaving the history intact.

```
jcs@Jeevas-MacBook-Air gittest % git revert
usage: git revert [--[no-]edit] [-n] [-m < parent-number>] [-s] [-s] < commit>...
  or: git revert (--continue | --skip | --abort | --quit)
                          end revert or cherry-pick sequence
    --auit
    --continue
                          resume revert or cherry-pick sequence
                          cancel revert or cherry-pick sequence
    --abort
                          skip current commit and continue
    --[no-]cleanup <mode> how to strip spaces and #comments from message
    -n, --no-commit don't automatically commit
    --commit
                          opposite of --no-commit
   -e, --[no-]edit edit the commit message
-s, --[no-]signoff add a Signed-off-by trailer
    -m, --[no-]mainline <parent-number>
                          select mainline parent
    --[no-]rerere-autoupdate
                          update the index with reused conflict resolution if possible
    --[no-]strategy <strategy>
                          merge strategy
    -X, --[no-]strategy-option <option>
                          option for merge strategy
    -S, --[no-]gpg-sign[=<key-id>]
                          GPG sign commit
    --[no-]reference
                          use the 'reference' format to refer to commits
```

Viewing History

git log:

Shows a history of commits in the repository, including commit hashes, messages, and timestamps. Use git log—one line for a more concise view.

git diff:

Displays differences between various commits, the working directory, and the staging area. git diff without arguments shows changes not yet staged.

```
jcs@Jeevas-MacBook-Air gittest % git log
commit daf41d00cfe87495e9820d13ce6c5fdef0bbe409 (HEAD → master)
Author: jcs-2004 <jeeva.charan21@gmail.com>
Date: Sat Oct 26 11:02:55 2024 +0530

se document
jcs@Jeevas-MacBook-Air gittest % git show
commit daf41d00cfe87495e9820d13ce6c5fdef0bbe409 (HEAD → master)
Author: jcs-2004 <jeeva.charan21@gmail.com>
Date: Sat Oct 26 11:02:55 2024 +0530

se document

diff --git a/se.pdf b/se.pdf
new file mode 100644
index 0000000.508e5b9
Binary files /dev/null and b/se.pdf differ
jcs@Jeevas-MacBook-Air gittest % ■
```

git show:

Shows the details of a specific commit, including the changes made and the commit message.

```
]cs@Jeevas-MacBook-Air gittest % git show
commit daf41d00cfe87495e9820d13ce6c5fdef0bbe409 (HEAD → master)
Author: jcs-2004 <jeeva.charan21@gmail.com>
Date: Sat Oct 26 11:02:55 2024 +0530

se document

diff --git a/se.pdf b/se.pdf
new file mode 100644
index 0000000..508e5b9
Binary files /dev/null and b/se.pdf differ
jcs@Jeevas-MacBook-Air gittest %
■
```