Módulo: Conceptos Básicos y Arquitectura de la Base de Datos



TEMARIO

- Pre-Requisitos de Instalación de Oracle Database 18c
- Pasos de Instalación
- Post Instalación
- Creación de una Base de Datos NOCDB
- Preguntas de Refuerzo



Pre-Requisitos de Instalación de Oracle Database 18c

El software de Base de Datos Oracle se puede instalar en diversos Sistemas Operativos tales como: Linux, Unix y Windows, cada uno en sus respectivas versiones y distribuciones.

La mayor cantidad de despliegues empresariales son realizados sobre ambientes Linux distribución Red Hat y Oracle Linux.

La instalación del producto tiene 3 etapas bien identificadas, las cuales son:

- Certificación del Sistema Operativo
- Instalación del Software de Base de Datos
- Post-Certificación



Pre-Requisitos de Instalación de Oracle Database 18c

Cada Sistema Operativo cuenta con un manual detallado de certificación, el cual puede ser encontrado en este documento:

https://docs.oracle.com/en/database/oracle/oracle-database/18/install-and-upgrade.html

Par al caso de Linux, lo encontramos directamente aquí:

https://docs.oracle.com/en/database/oracle/oracle-database/18/ladbi/index.html

La descarga del software Oracle Database 18c se encuentra en esta url:

https://www.oracle.com/database/technologies/oracle18c-linux-180000-downloads.html



Pre-Requisitos de Instalación de Oracle Database 18c

El documento de Certificación de Linux cuenta con las siguientes secciones que deben ser revisadas:

- Server Hardware Checklist for Oracle Database Installation
- Operating System Requirements for x86-64 Linux Platform
- Configuring Users, Groups and Environments for Oracle Grid Infrastructure and Oracle Database
- Checking Resource Limits for Oracle Software Installation Users
- A Completing Preinstallation Tasks Manually

Revisar la siguiente bibliografía:

- Heurtel, O. (2015). Oracle 12c: Administración. Cornellà de Llobregat (Espagne: Ediciones ENI).
 Capítulos: Instalación y Creación de una nueva Base de Datos
- Biju Thomas. (2014). OCA: Oracle Database 12c Administrator Certified Associate Study Guide. US: Sybex. Capítulo: 9



Descargado el instalador y copiado en el servidor, procedemos a:

- Crear una carpeta en formato ORACLE_HOME
- Descomprimir el instalador en la carpeta creada
- Inicializar un entorno gráfico (-keepalive #)
- Ejecutar el comando ./runInstaller

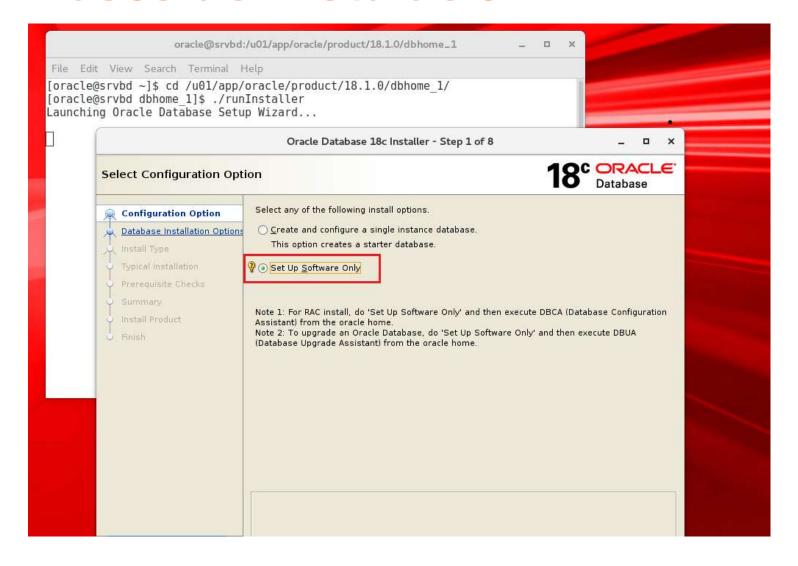
```
[oracle@srvbd u01] | mkdir -p /u01/app/oracle/product/18.1.0/dbhome_1 [oracle@srvbd u01] | vncserver |

New 'srvbd.riccio.com:1 (oracle)' desktop is srvbd.riccio.com:1 |

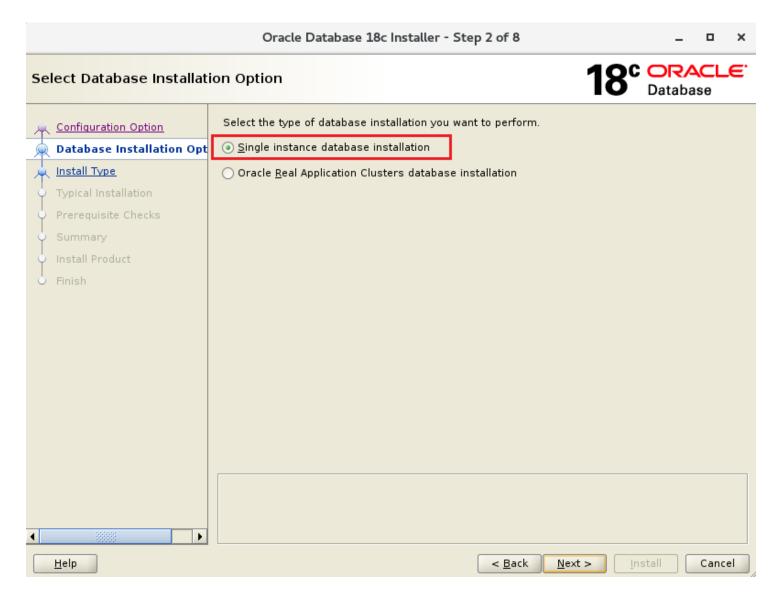
Starting applications specified in /home/oracle/.vnc/xstartup |
Log file is /home/oracle/.vnc/srvbd.riccio.com:1.log |

[oracle@srvbd u01] | cd /u01/app/oracle/product/18.1.0/dbhome 1 |
[oracle@srvbd dbhome_1] | unzip -oq /u01/install/LINUX.X64_180000_db_home.zip
```

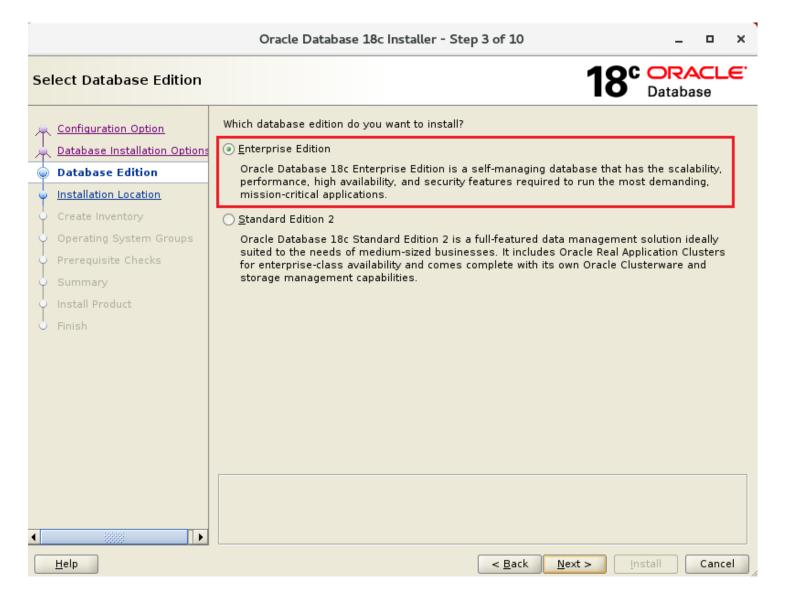




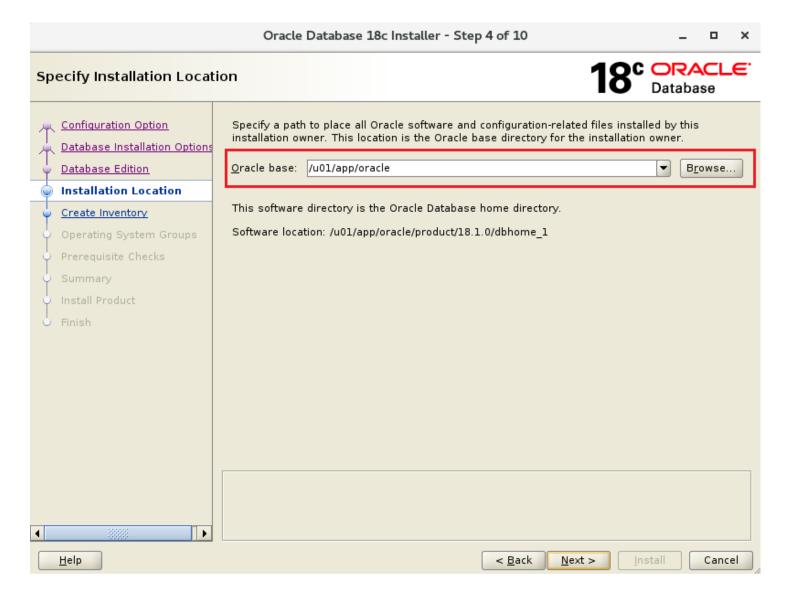




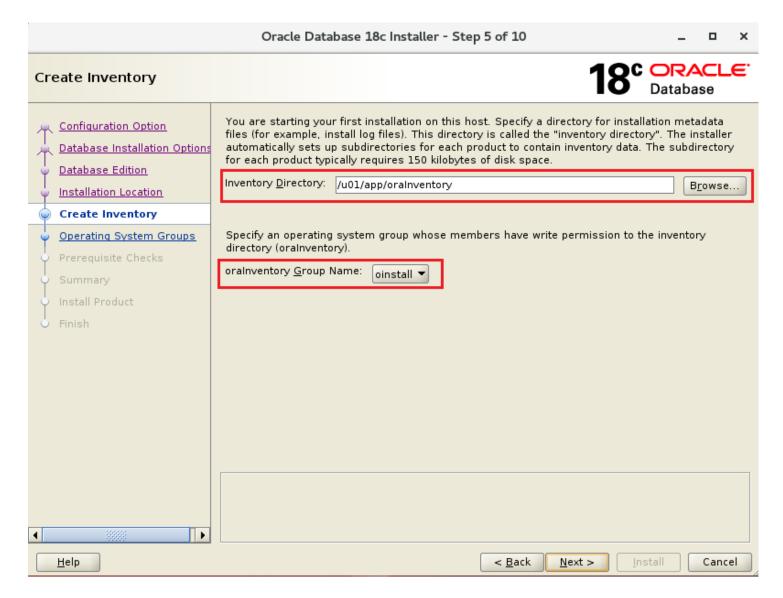




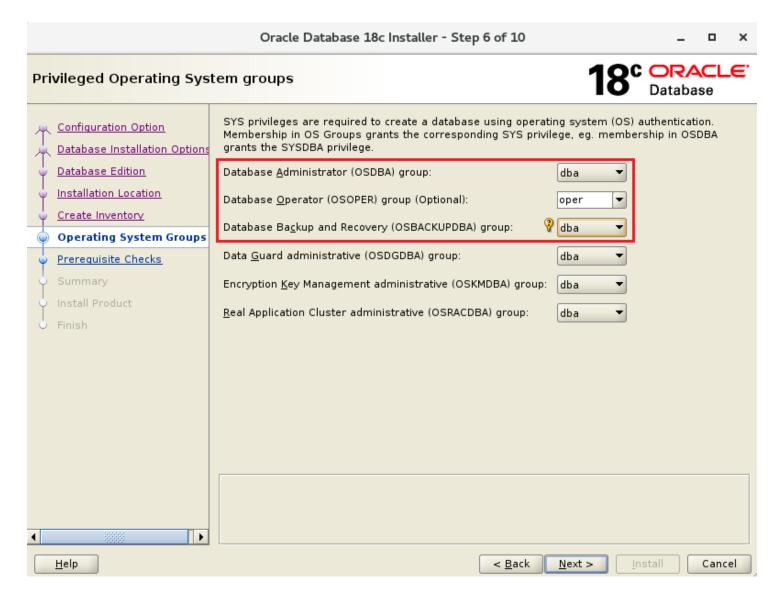






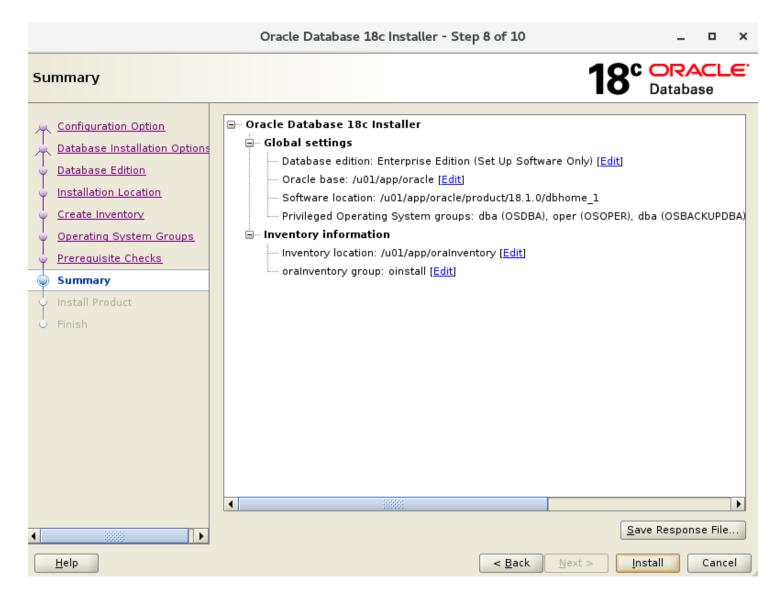




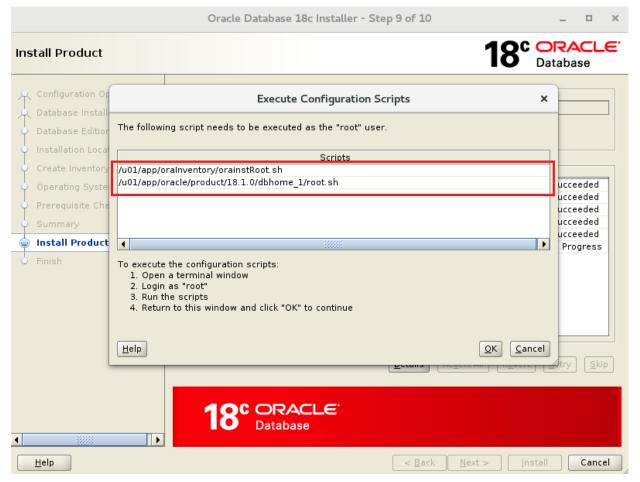


<u>Nota</u>: Esta configuración se almacena en el siguiente archivo: \$ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/lib/config.c



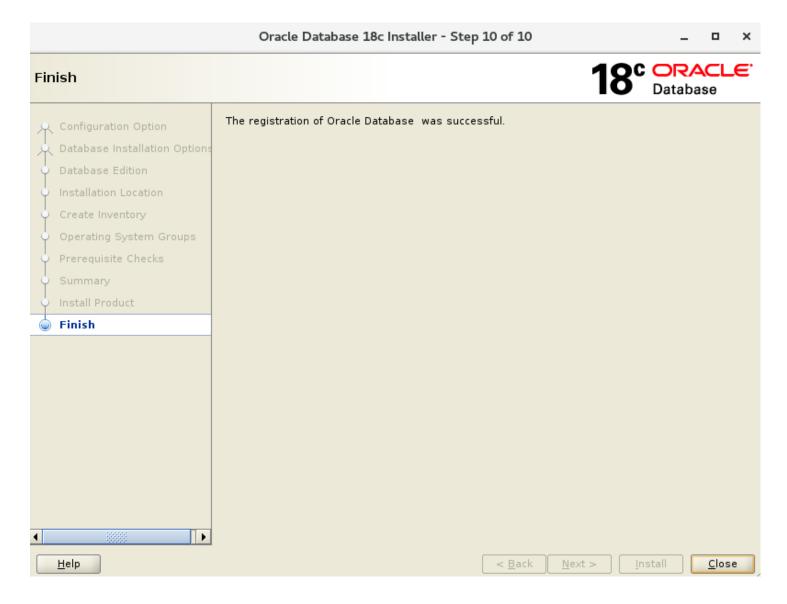






```
[oracle@srvbd dbhome 1]$ su -
Password:
Last login: Mon Apr 1 00:41:54 -05 2019 from 132.68.1.1 on pts/0
[root@srvbd ~] # sh /u01/app/oraInventory/orainstRoot.sh
Changing permissions of /u01/app/oraInventory.
Adding read, write permissions for group.
Removing read, write, execute permissions for world.
Changing groupname of /u01/app/oraInventory to oinstall.
The execution of the script is complete.
[root@srvbd ~]# sh /u01/app/oracle/product/18.1.0/dbhome 1/root.sh
Performing root user operation.
The following environment variables are set as:
    ORACLE OWNER= oracle
    ORACLE HOME | /u01/app/oracle/product/18.1.0/dbhome 1
Enter the full pathname of the local bin directory: [/usr/local/bin]:
   Copying dbhome to /usr/local/bin ...
   Copying oraenv to /usr/local/bin ...
   Copying coraenv to /usr/local/bin ...
Creating /etc/oratab file...
```







Post Instalación

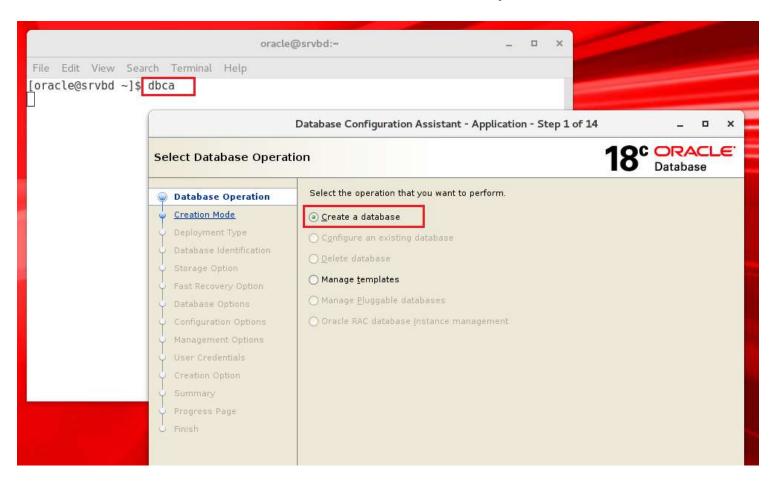
La etapa de Post Instalación involucra definir las variables de ambiente las cuales son: ORACLE_BASE, ORACLE_HOME, LD_LIBRARY_PATH y PATH, ejemplo:

```
[oracle@srvbd ~] $ cat bd.env
export ORACLE_BASE=/u01/app/oracle
export ORACLE_HOME=$ORACLE_BASE/product/18.1.0/dbhome_1
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$ORACLE_HOME/lib
export PATH=$ORACLE_HOME/bin:$PATH
```

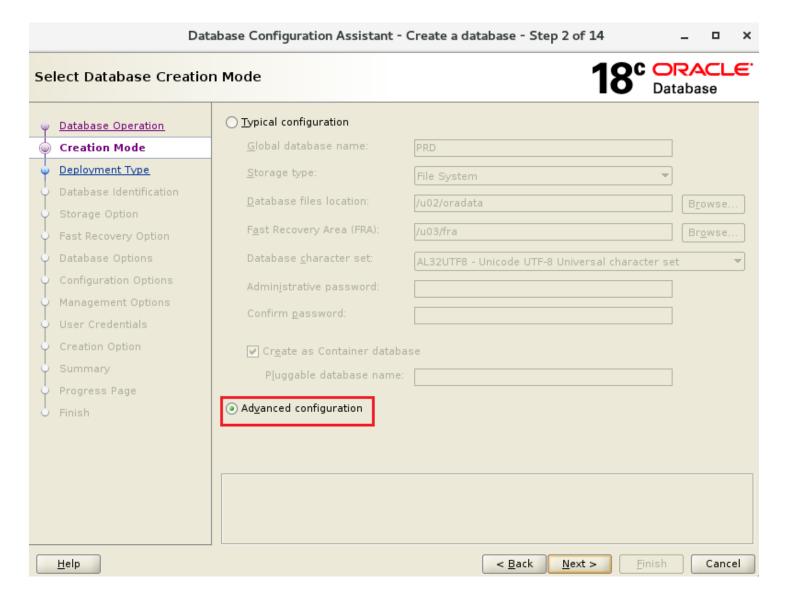


Creación de una Base de Datos NOCDB

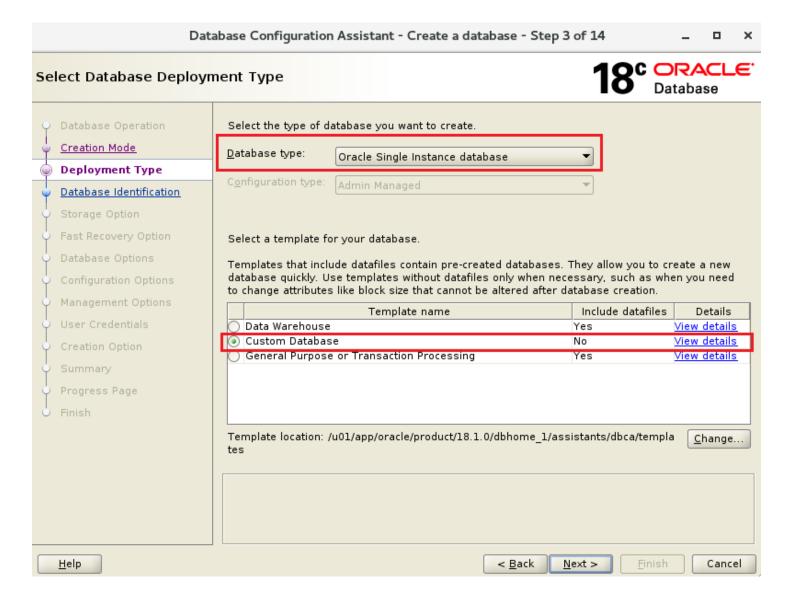
Para crear una base de datos, lo realizamos a través del utilitario DBCA.







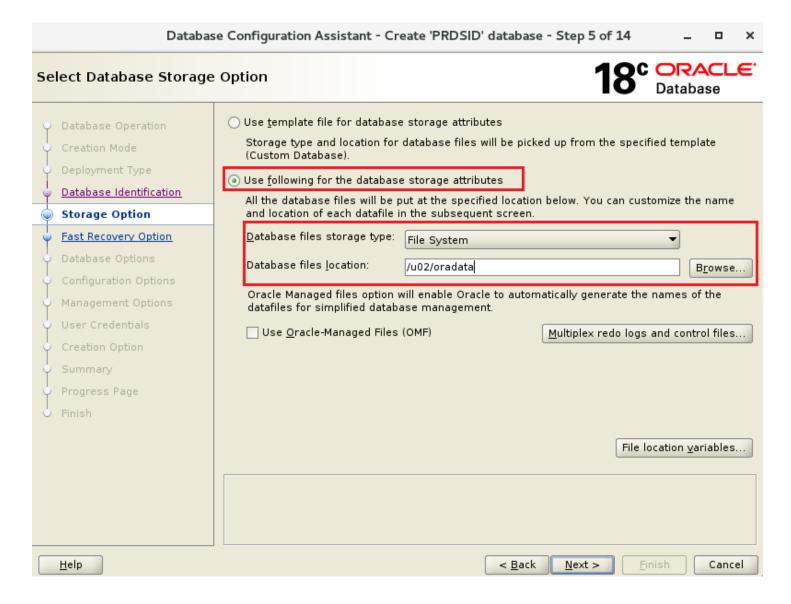




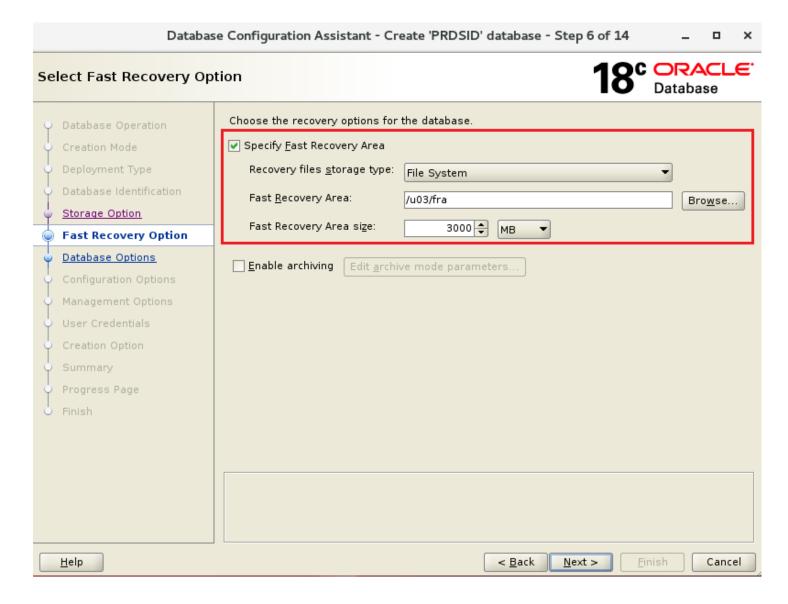


| Database Configuration Assistant - Create a database - Step 4 of 14 X | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|---|------------------|--|--|
| Sp | Specify Database Identification Details 18° ORACLE Database | | | | | |
| 0 | Database Operation Creation Mode | Provide a unique database identifier information. An Oracle database is uniquely identified by a Global database name, typically of the form "name.domain". | | | | |
| J | Deployment Type | <u>G</u> lobal database name: | PRD | | | |
| • | Database Identification | <u>S</u> ID: | PRDSID | | | |
| - | Storage Option | S <u>e</u> rvice name: | | | | |
| Ý | Fast Recovery Option | | | | | |
| Ý | Database Options | | | | | |
| þ | Configuration Options | Create as Container | database | | | |
| þ | Management Options | A Container database can be used for consolidating multiple databases into a single database, | | | | |
| þ | User Credentials | and it enables datab pluggable databases | ase virtualization. A Container database (CDB) can ha s (PDB). | ave zero or more | | |
| þ | Creation Option | ✓ Use <u>L</u> ocal Undo ta | iblespace for PDBs | | | |
| ģ | Summary | Create an empty | | | | |
| ģ | Progress Page | | | | | |
| 9 | Finish | (•) Cre <u>a</u> te a Containe | er database with one or more PDBs | | | |
| | | N <u>u</u> mber of PDBs: | 1 4 | | | |
| | | PDB name: | odb | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| _ | | | | | | |
| | Help < Back Next > Finish Cancel | | | | | |





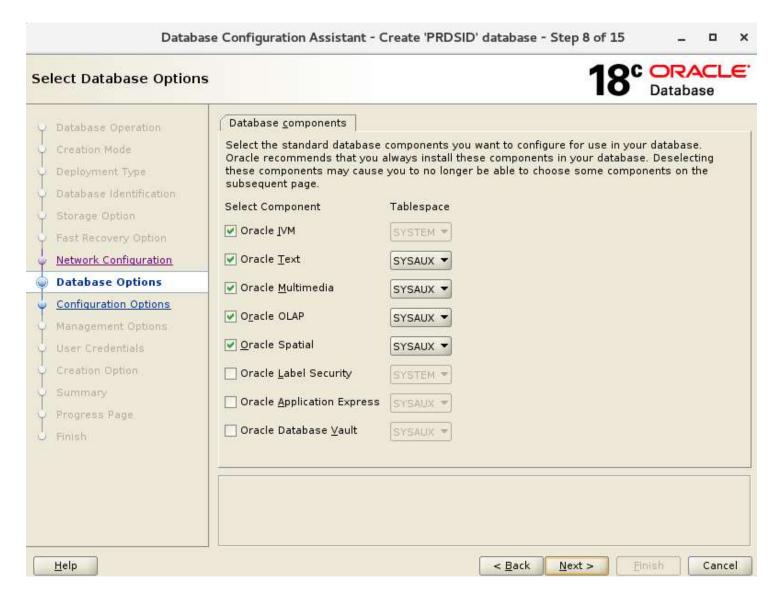




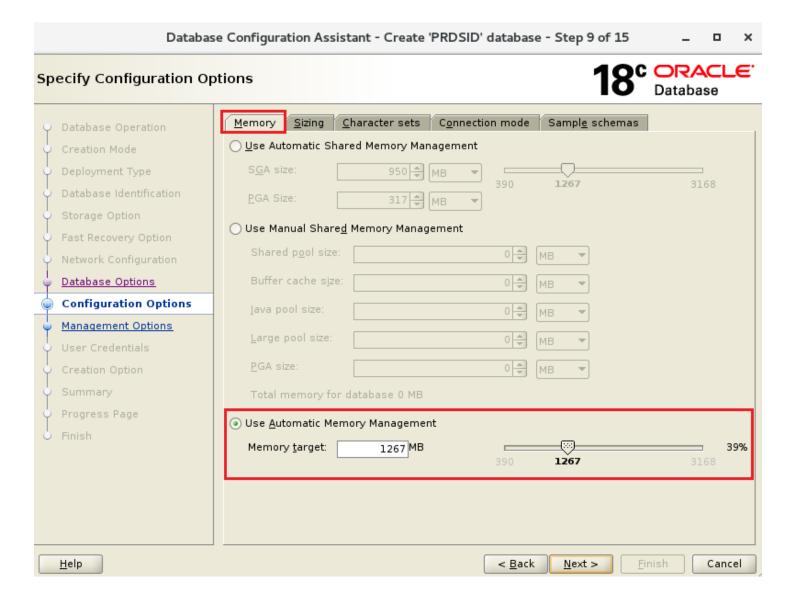


| Databas | Configuration Assistant - Create 'PRDSID' database - Step 7 of 14 |
|--|--|
| Specify Network Configu | ation Details 18° ORACLE Database |
| Database Operation Creation Mode Deployment Type Database Identification Storage Option Fast Recovery Option Network Configuration Configuration Options | Listener selection Listeners from current Oracle home are listed below. Specify the listener name and port to create a new listener in current Oracle home. Name Port Oracle home Status |
| Management Options User Credentials Creation Option Summary Progress Page Finish | ✓ Create a new listener Listener name: LISTENER Listener port: 1521 Oracle home: /u01/app/oracle/product/18.1.0/dbhome_1 |
| <u>H</u> elp | < <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > <u>F</u> inish Cancel |

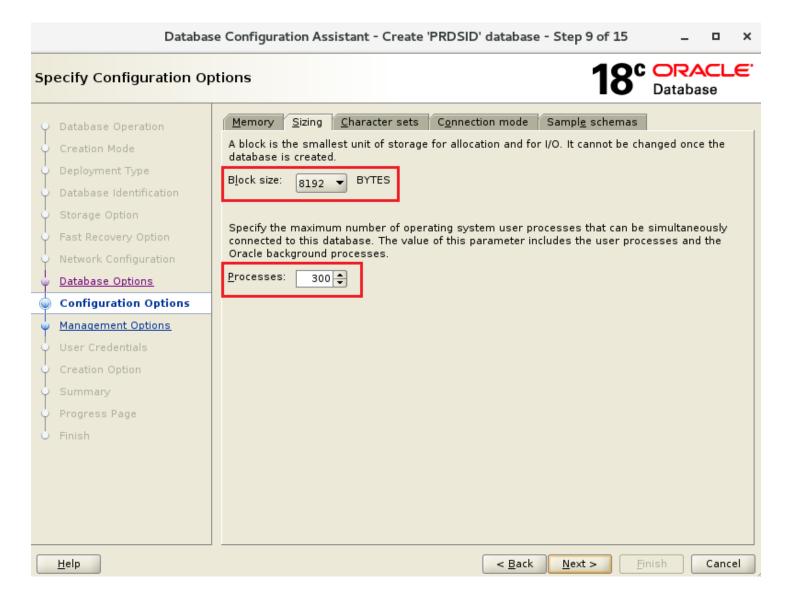














Recomendación sobre el Tamaño de Bloque:

2 KB – 4KB: Base de datos altamente transaccionales.

16 KB – 32 KB: Base de datos OLAP (DW).

8 KB: Base de datos de comportamiento Mixto.

Debemos seleccionar el correcto tamaño del bloque al momento de crear la base de datos, luego este valor no podrá ser modificado e influye directamente en el desempeño de la base de datos.

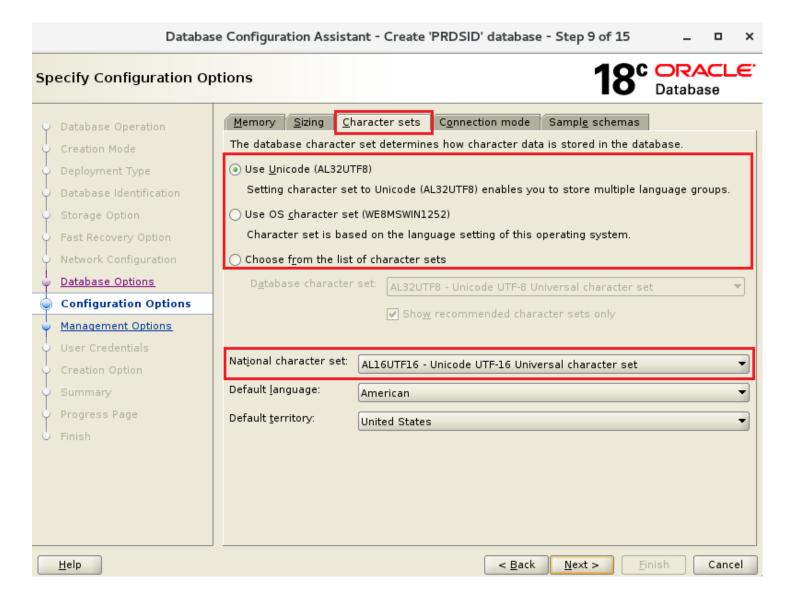
Un bloque es la unidad más pequeña de almacenamiento para asignación y E/S. Una vez creada la base de datos, no se podrá cambiar.

Tamaño del Bloque:



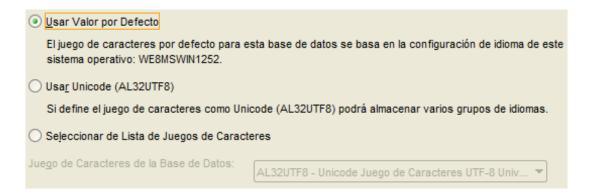
Bytes







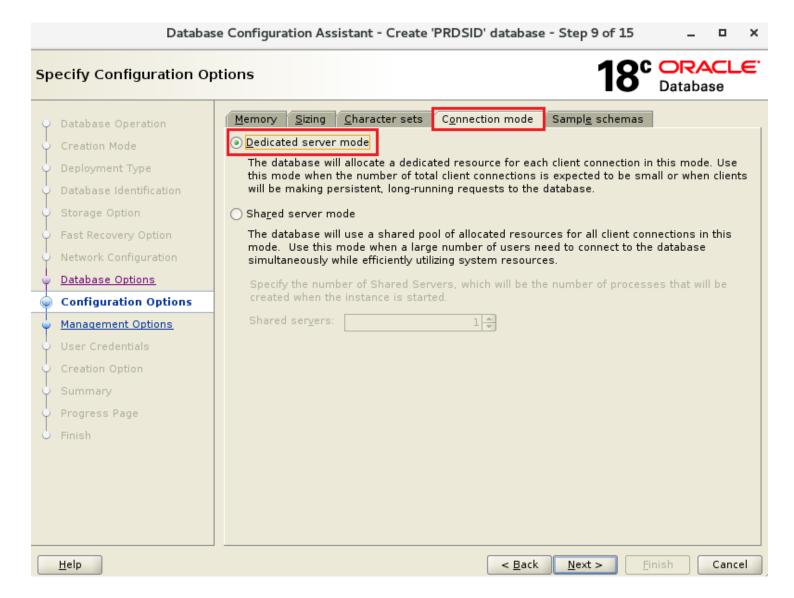
Es importante que seleccione el correcto juego de caracteres que tendrá nuestra base de datos ya que ellos definirán los caracteres que podrán ser almacenados en los tipos de datos: CHAR/VARCHAR/CLOB.



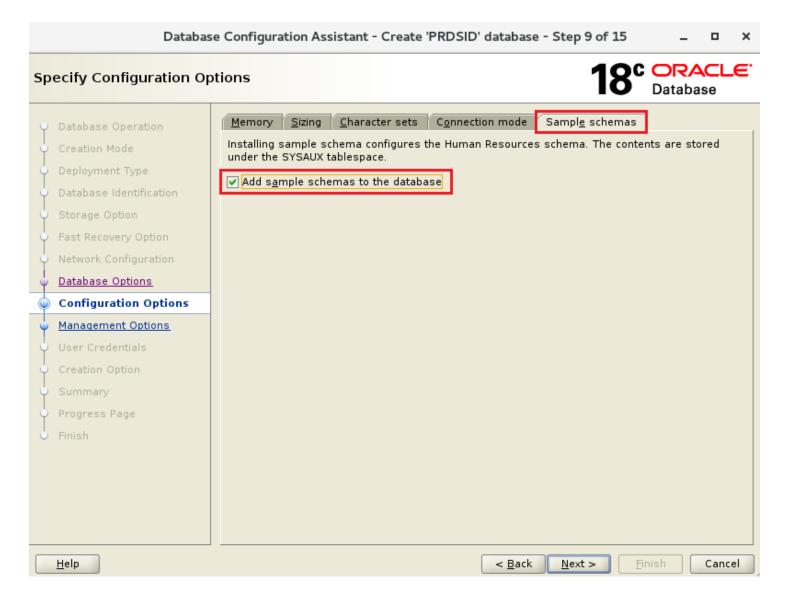
Debe seleccionar el correcto juego de caracteres Nacionales que tendrá nuestra base de datos ya que ellos definirán los caracteres que podrán ser almacenados en los tipos de datos: NCHAR/NVARCHAR/NCLOB.













| Databas | Configuration Assistant - Create 'PRDSID' database - Step 10 of 15 | × | | |
|---|--|----|--|--|
| Specify Management Op | ions 18° ORACLE Database | Ξ. | | |
| Database Operation Creation Mode Deployment Type Database Identification Storage Option Fast Recovery Option Network Configuration Database Options Configuration Options Management Options User Credentials Creation Option Summary Progress Page Finish | Specify the management options for the database. V Configure Enterprise Manager (EM) database express EM database express port: 5500 Register with Enterprise Manager (EM) cloud control OMS host: OMS port: EM admin username: EM admin password: Semination of the database. A Back Next > Finish Cancel Cancel | | | |
| Help < Back Next > Finish | | | | |

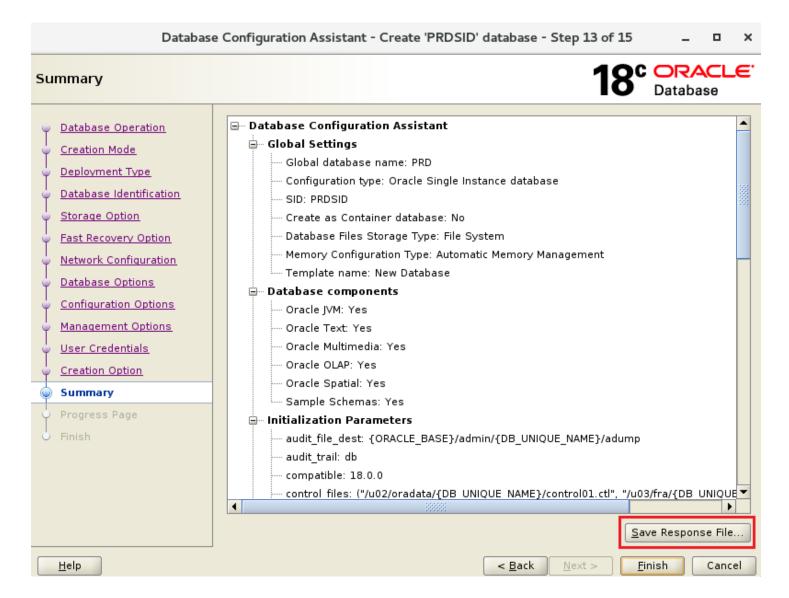


| Database Configuration Assistant - Create 'PRDSID' database - Step 11 of 15 💢 👢 🗷 🗙 | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Specify Database User Credentials 18° ORACLE Database | | | | | |
| Database Operation Creation Mode Deployment Type Database Identification Storage Option Fast Recovery Option Network Configuration Database Options Configuration Options Management Options User Credentials Creation Option Summary | You must specify passwords for the following user accounts in the new database for security reasons. O Use different administrative passwords Password SYS SYSTEM Quest the same administrative password for all accounts Password: Confirm password: Confirm password: Confirm password: | | | | |
| Progress Page Finish | Messages: Password: [DBT-06208] The 'ADMIN' password entered does not conform to the Oracle recommended standards. | | | | |
| <u>H</u> elp | < <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > <u>F</u> inish Cancel | | | | |

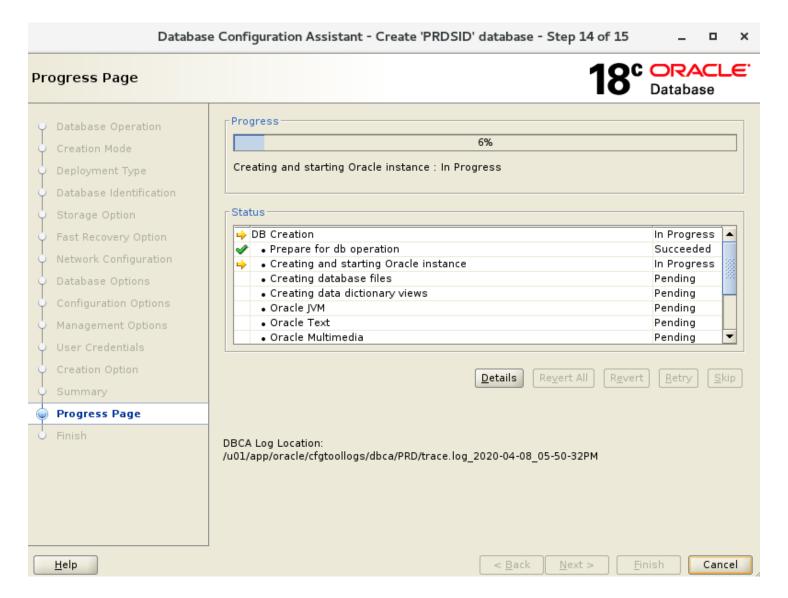


| Database Configuration Assistant - Create 'PRDSID' database - Step 12 of 15 👚 🗖 🗴 | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Select Database Creation Option 18° ORACLE Database | | | | | | |
| O Database Operation O Creation Mode | Select the database creation options. Create database | | | | | |
| Deployment Type Database Identification | Specify the SQL scripts you want to run after the database is created. The scripts are run in the order listed below. | | | | | |
| Storage Option | Post DB creation scripts: Browse | | | | | |
| Fast Recovery Option Network Configuration | Save as a database template | | | | | |
| Database Options | Template name: dbca_template_2020-04-08_05-50-3 Template location: /u01/app/oracle/product/18.1.0/dbhome 1/assistants/dbca/ti Browse | | | | | |
| Configuration Options Management Options | Description: | | | | | |
| User Credentials | <u>G</u> enerate database creation scripts | | | | | |
| © Creation Option Summary | Destination directory: {ORACLE_BASE}/admin/{DB_UNIQUE_NAME}/scripts Browse | | | | | |
| Progress Page Finish | Following advanced configuration options can be used to configure initialization parameters and customize database storage locations. | | | | | |
| | All Initialization Parameters | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Help | < Back Next > Finish Cancel | | | | | |











Preguntas de Refuerzo

- 1. ¿Qué distribuciones de Linux son certificadas para instalar Oracle Database 18c?
- 2. ¿Cuáles son los requerimientos mínimo de hardware para realizar una instalación?
- 3. Cuál es la razón de ser del grupo de sistema operativo oinstall y dba?
- 4. ¿Cuál es la diferencia entre ORACLE_BASE y ORACLE_HOME?
- 5. ¿Qué es una configuración Single Instance?
- 6. ¿Cuál es la diferencia entre CHARACTER SET y NATIONAL CHARACTER SET?
- 7. Si necesitamos crear una base de datos para propósito de construir un Data Warehouse, ¿Qué tamaño de Data Block usted escogería?
- 8. ¿Podría existir configuraciones de múltiples instancias asociadas a una capa física?

