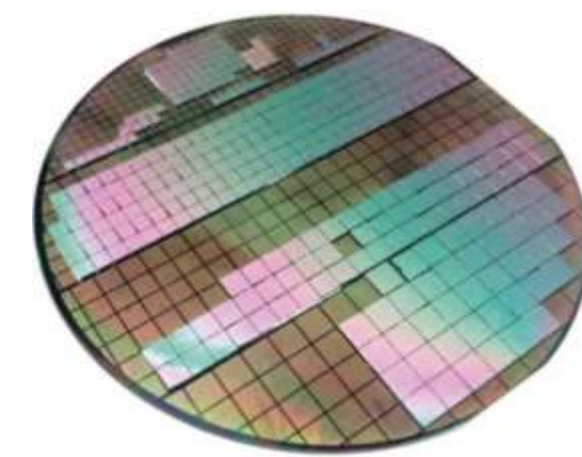
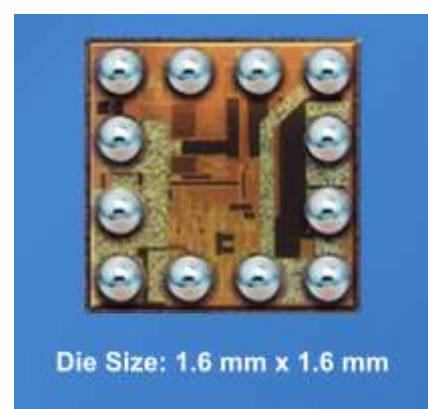


Structure Rebuilding Of Legacy Chips For Flip-Chip Fine Pitch Bonding on Si-IF

Cheng-Ting Yang, Haoxiang Ren, and Subramanian S. Iyer | UCLA CHIPS

Motivation

- Most of the legacy chips on the shelf are packaged
- Packaged chips have large-size I/Os and footprint, which limit their applications in fine-pitch packaging and fan-out wafer level packaging (FOWLP) as figure shown below



300 mm Silicon Interconnection Fabric (Si-IF) [1]

Legacy chips are not compatible with Si-IF and wafer-scale computing

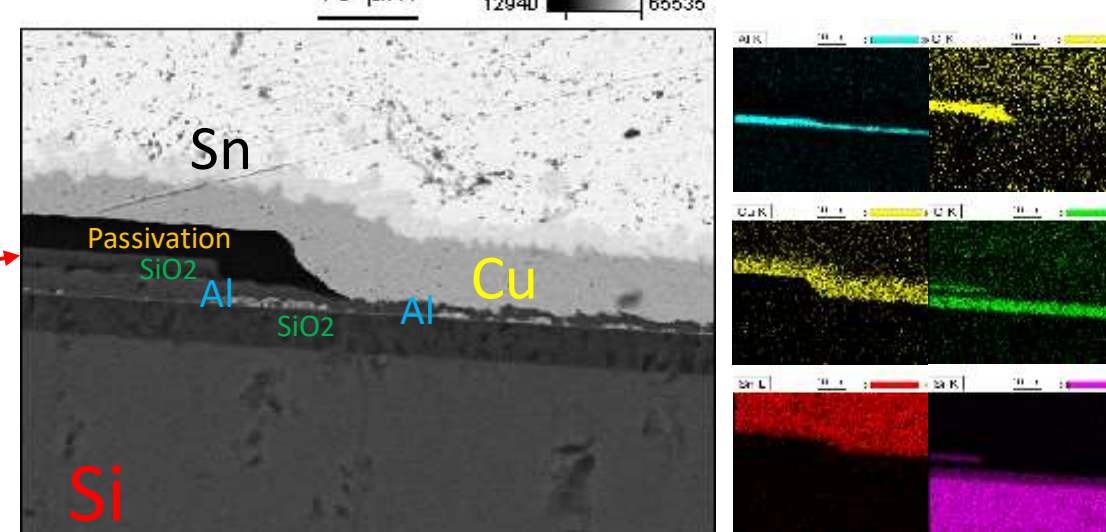
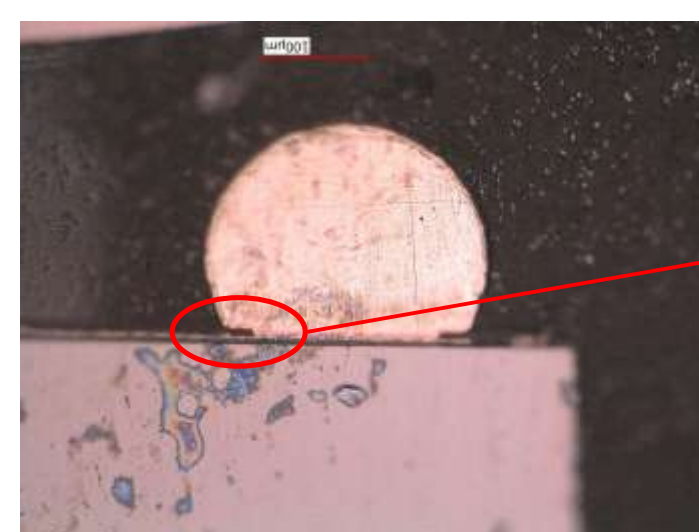
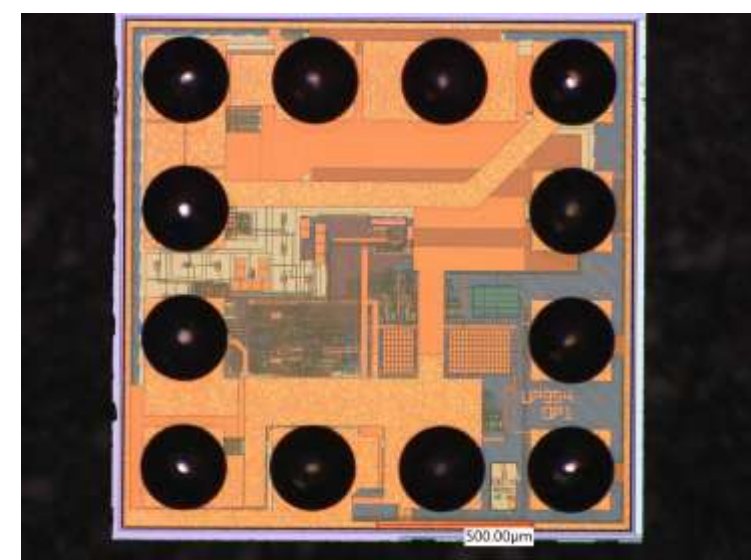
- The package also induces large parasitics which degrade the system's overall performance
- Systematic methods of reconstructing various traditional I/Os are investigated

[1] S. Jangam and S. S. Iyer, "Silicon-Interconnect Fabric for Fine-Pitch ($\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$) Heterogeneous Integration," IEEE TCPMT, 2021.

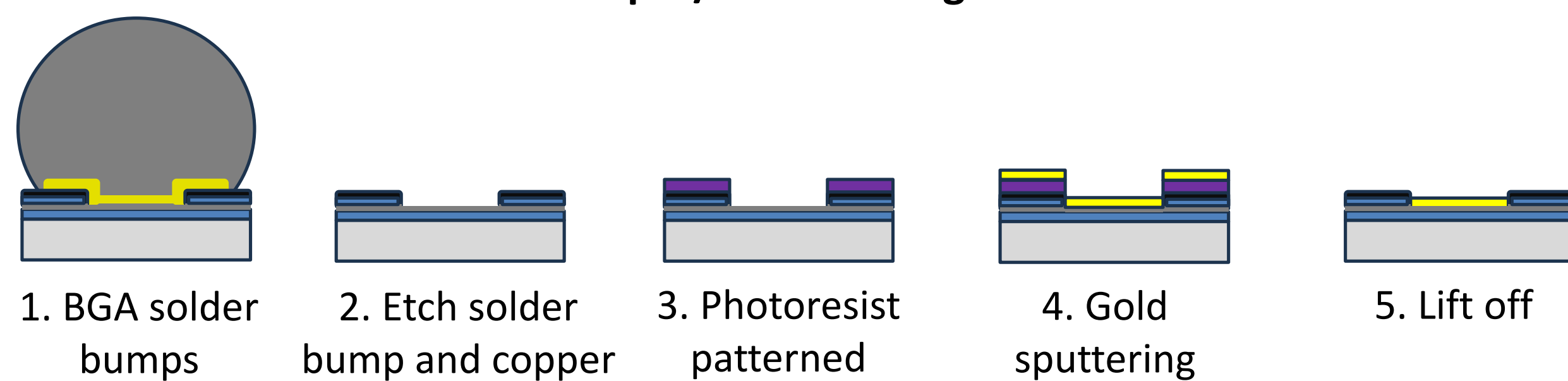
Legacy BGA I/O Rebuilding

- BGA Chip

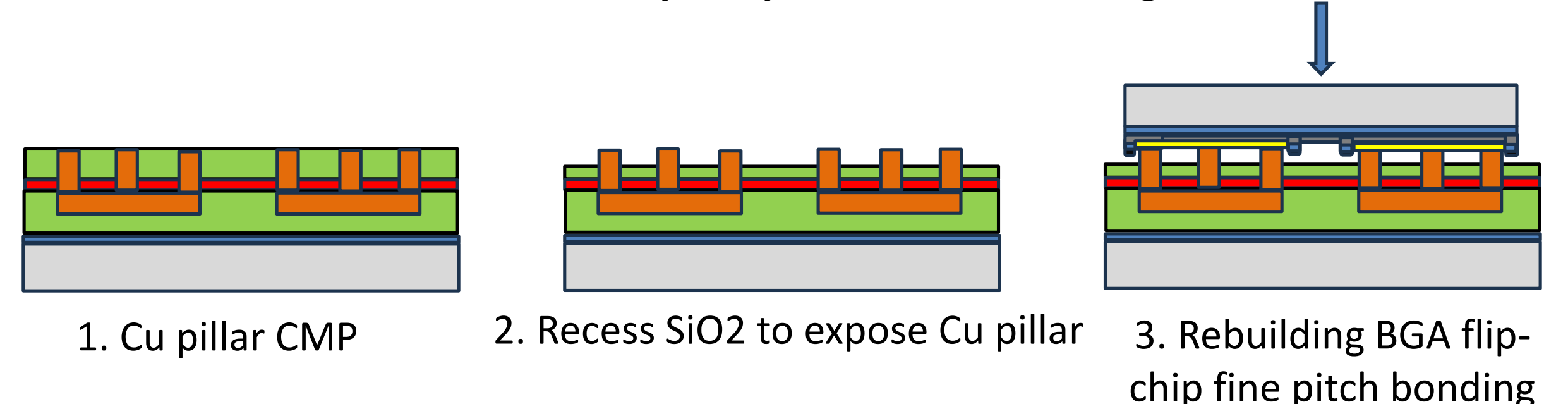
- Solder Bump Cross-section



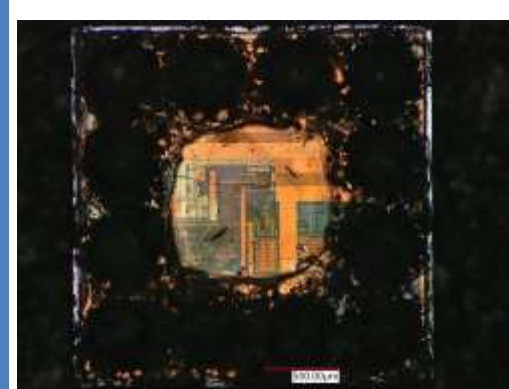
BGA Chips I/O Rebuilding Process



Si-IF to Flip-Chip Fine Pitch Bonding



- Etched under 70% nitric acid for 5 minutes



BGA after etched by 70% nitric acid

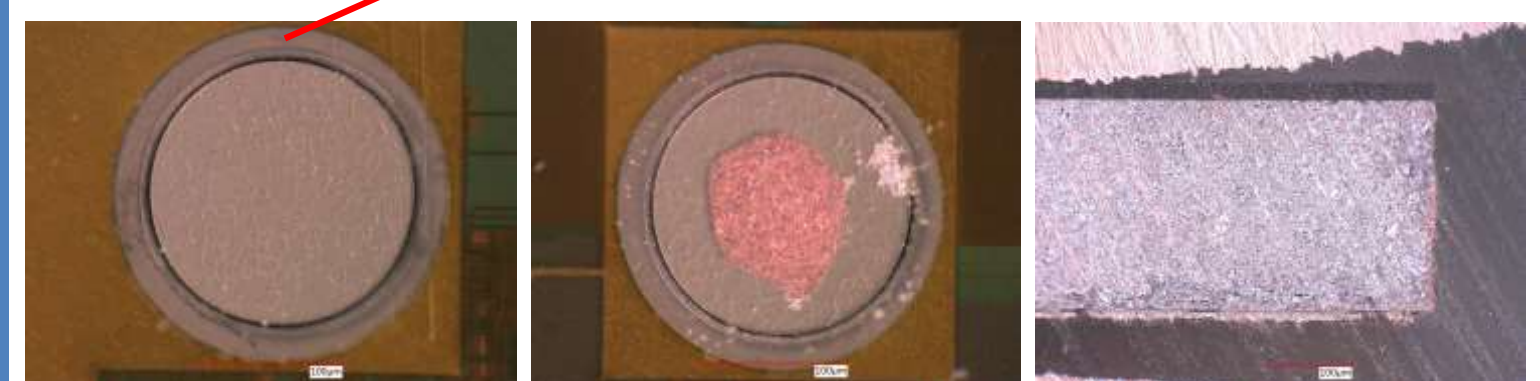
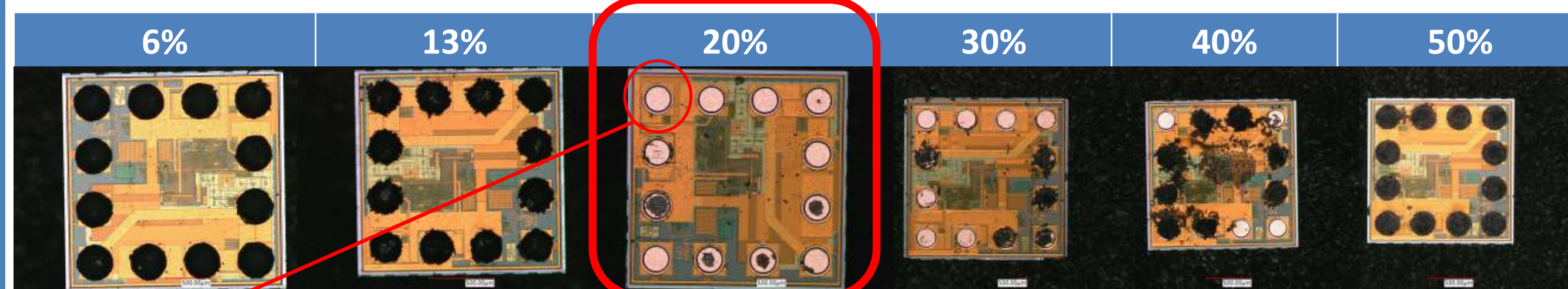


Compounds are insoluble



Wiring level and passivation layer are intact

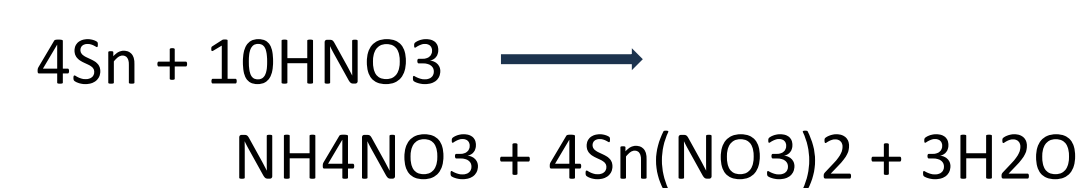
- Etched under different concentration of nitric acid for 5 mins



Copper and tin residuals

- The reaction of tin and **concentrated nitric acid** generates compounds insoluble for water or acid
- The compounds prevent the copper under the aluminum from being t the whole structure away

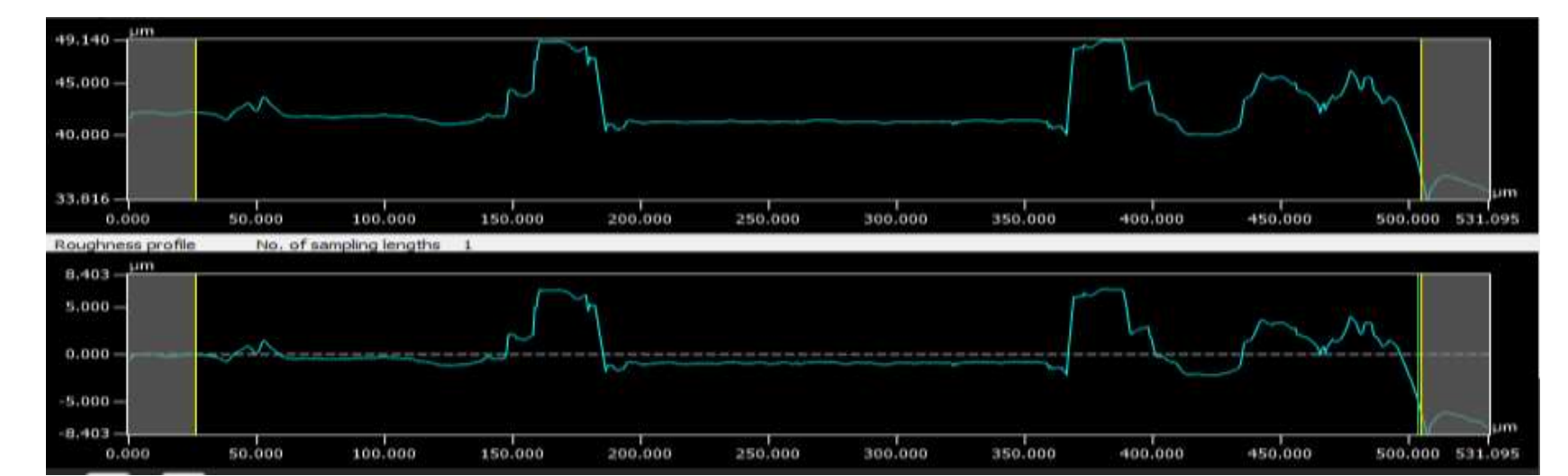
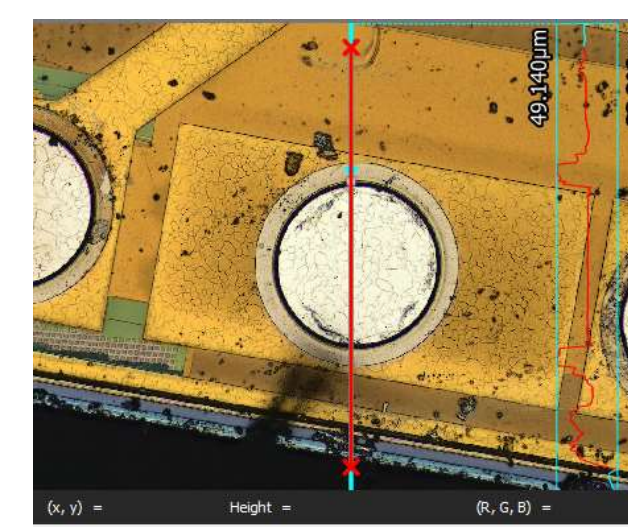
- Clean aluminum pads can be exposed the most with **20% nitric acid**



- Die and BEOL remains intact

Legacy BGA I/O Rebuilding (cont.)

- Pre-sputtering pad investigation



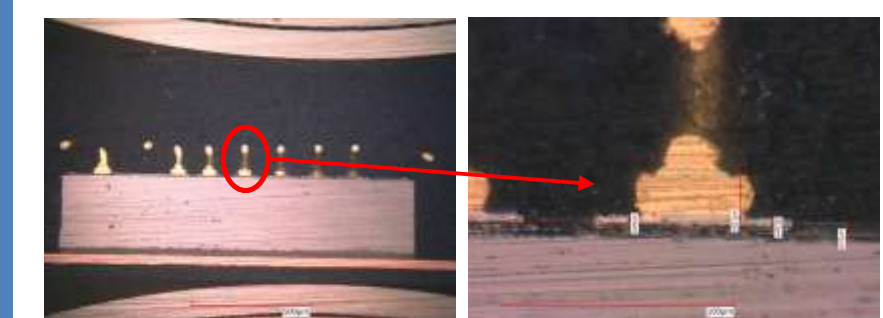
- The height difference between the passivation layer and aluminum conforms to the structure shown in SEM before BGA rebuilding
- Aluminum is successfully exposed

Legacy Wire-Bond Chips Reconstructing

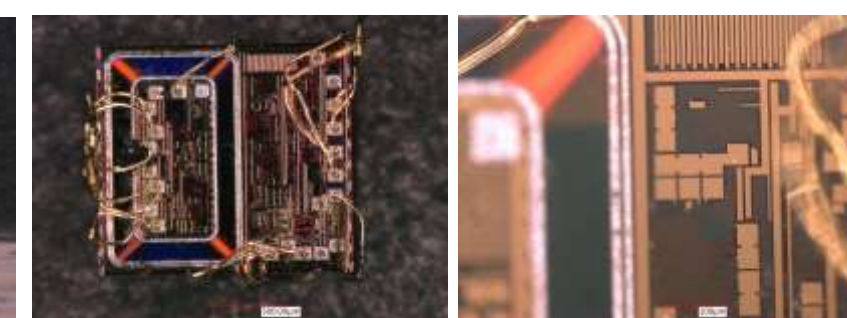
Au-Al Wire-Bond Chips Reconstructing Process



- Wire-bond die cross-section

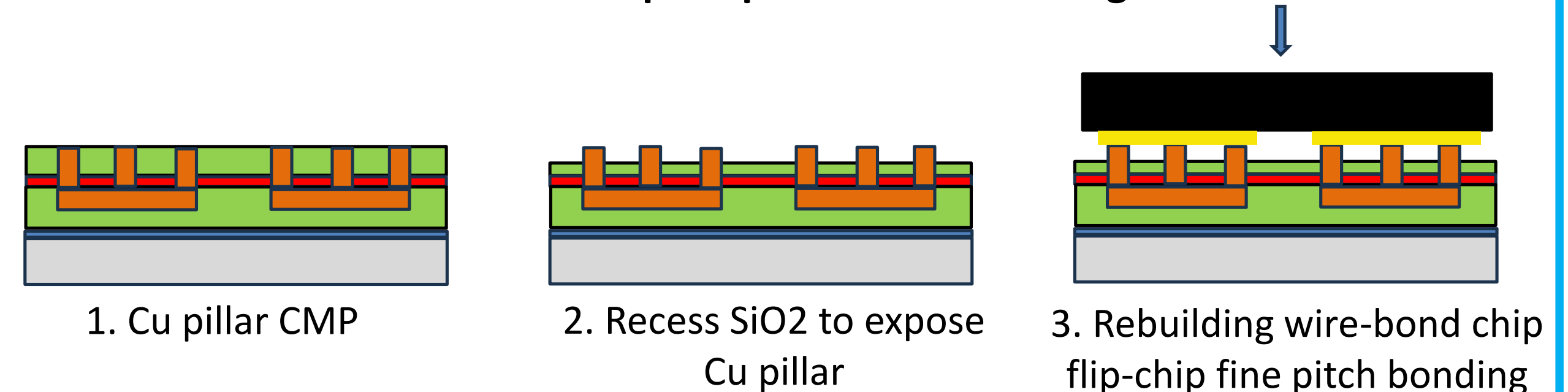


- After depackaged



- Die can be fully exposed by selectively etching
- BEOL and the die remain intact

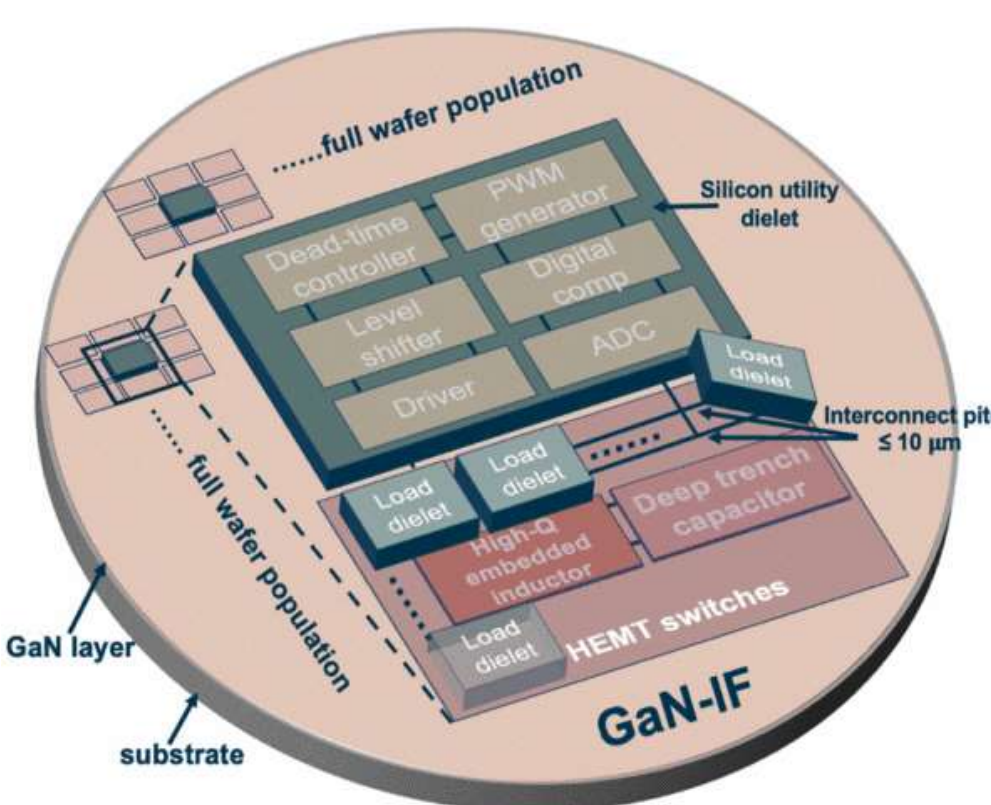
Si-IF to Flip-Chip Fine Pitch Bonding



Summary

- Legacy BGA chip and legacy wire-bond chip are successfully reconstructed by selective etching
- Structures and components should be determined before rebuilding the chips
- Wire-bond material includes Au wires to Al pads and Cu wires to Cu-caped-Al pads, different metal systems require distinct chemicals and concentrations to expose or remove the original I/Os

Potential Applications



3D schematic of the GaN-IF: a wafer-scale heterogeneous die-to-wafer integration [2]

- Depackaging is a powerful technique for failure analysis
- Rebuilt chips are especially beneficial for Si-IF and significantly eliminate the time for waiting for taped-out chips to test wafer-scale system
- GaN driver chip directly bonded and connected with GaN switch on Si-IF reduces the parasitics thus minimizing the gate ringing

[2] H. Ren, K. Sahoo, T. Xiang, G. Ouyang and S. S. Iyer, "Demonstration of a Power-efficient and Cost-effective Power Delivery Architecture for Heterogeneously Integrated Wafer-scale Systems," 2023 IEEE 73rd Electronic Components and Technology Conference (ECTC), Orlando, FL, USA, 2023, pp. 1614-1621, doi: 10.1109/ECTC51909.2023.00274.

Acknowledgement

- This work was supported in part by the Semiconductor Research Corporation (SRC) JUMP CHIMES, UCOP MRPI MRP-17-454999, and the UCLA CHIPS consortium.