

# Atomic Layer Deposited $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ Passivation for the Silicon Interconnect Fabric

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## Introduction

- Silicon interconnect fabric (Si-IF) is a heterogeneous integration platform
- Fine bump (pillar) pitches ( $<10\text{ }\mu\text{m}$ ) and inter-dielet spacing ( $<100\text{ }\mu\text{m}$ )
- Relies on metal-metal thermocompression bonding
- Eliminates solder, underfill and overmold
- Advantages: high bandwidth, low power dissipation, BEOL technology
- Challenges: need for a robust passivation

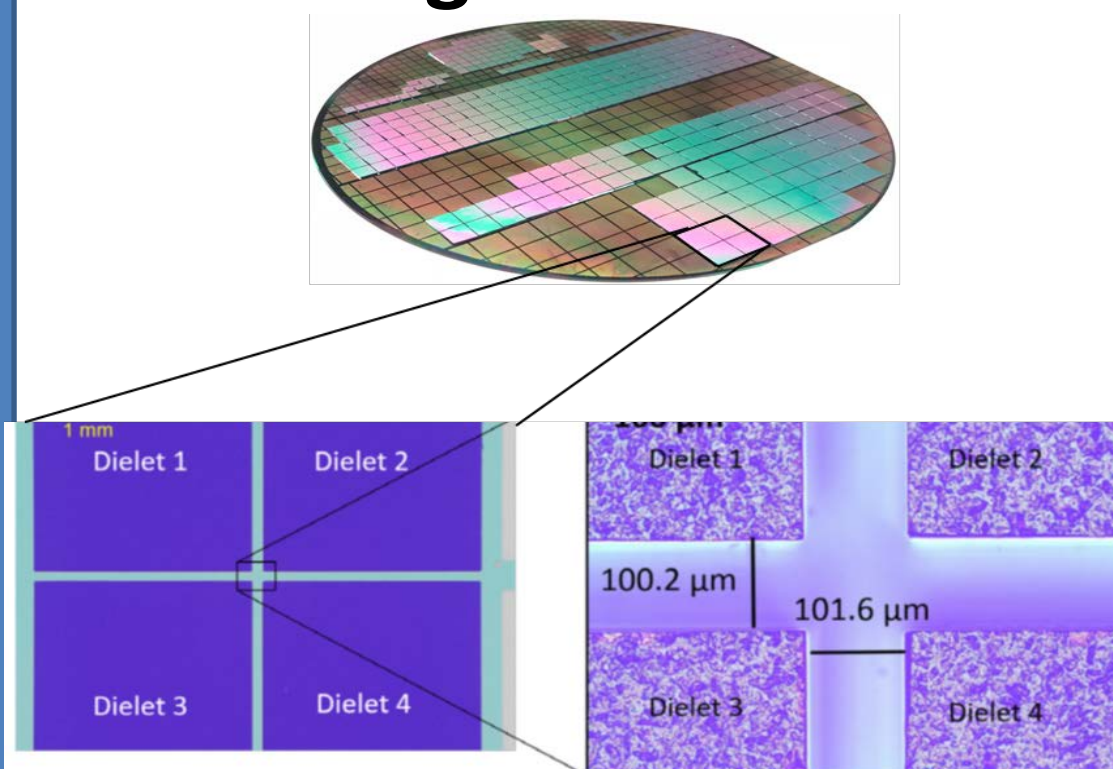


Figure 1. Si-IF assembly [1]

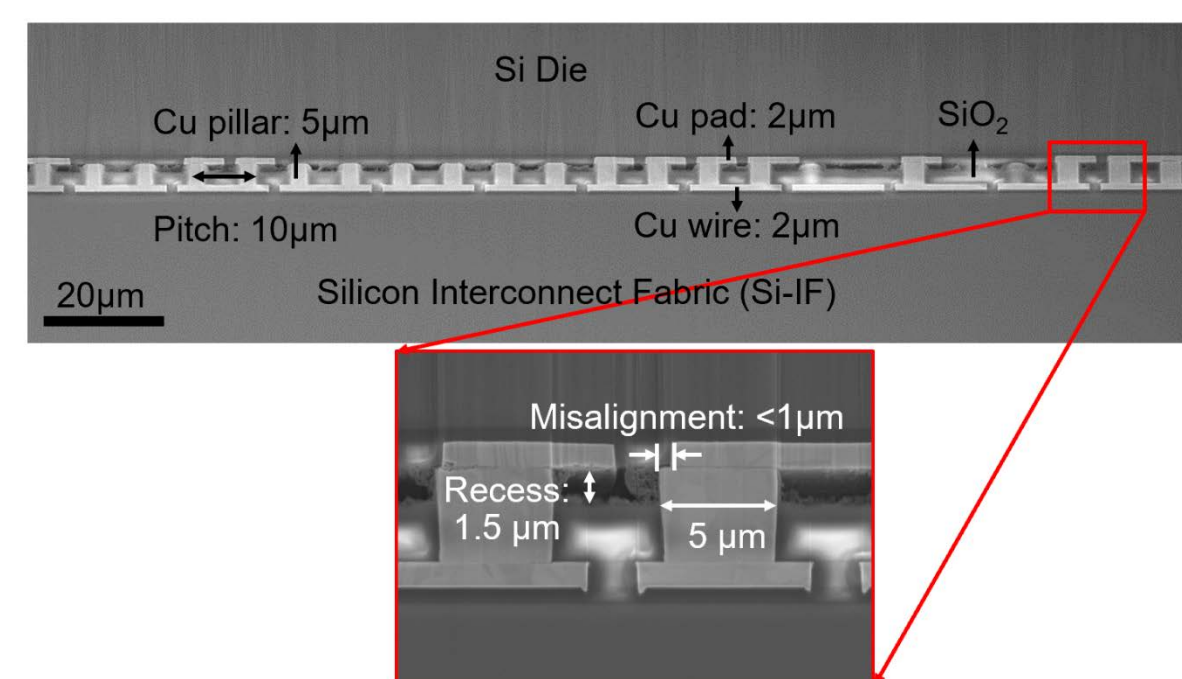
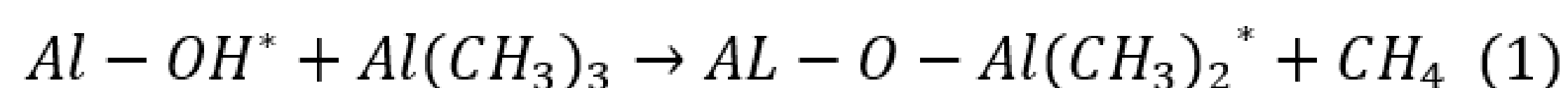


Figure 2. Si-IF cross section showing Cu pillar and pads

## ALD $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ for Passivation

- Advantages: uniformity, high quality thin film, precise thickness control, low ( $\leq 200^\circ\text{C}$ ) deposition temperature
- Equations (1) and (2): the growth of  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$  from trimethyl-aluminum (TMA) precursor [2]:



- Cu samples passivated with different  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$  thicknesses.
- Humidity testing up to 216 hours (85%RH/  $85^\circ\text{C}$ ).
- XRD showed no Cu oxide peaks even after 216 hrs of testing

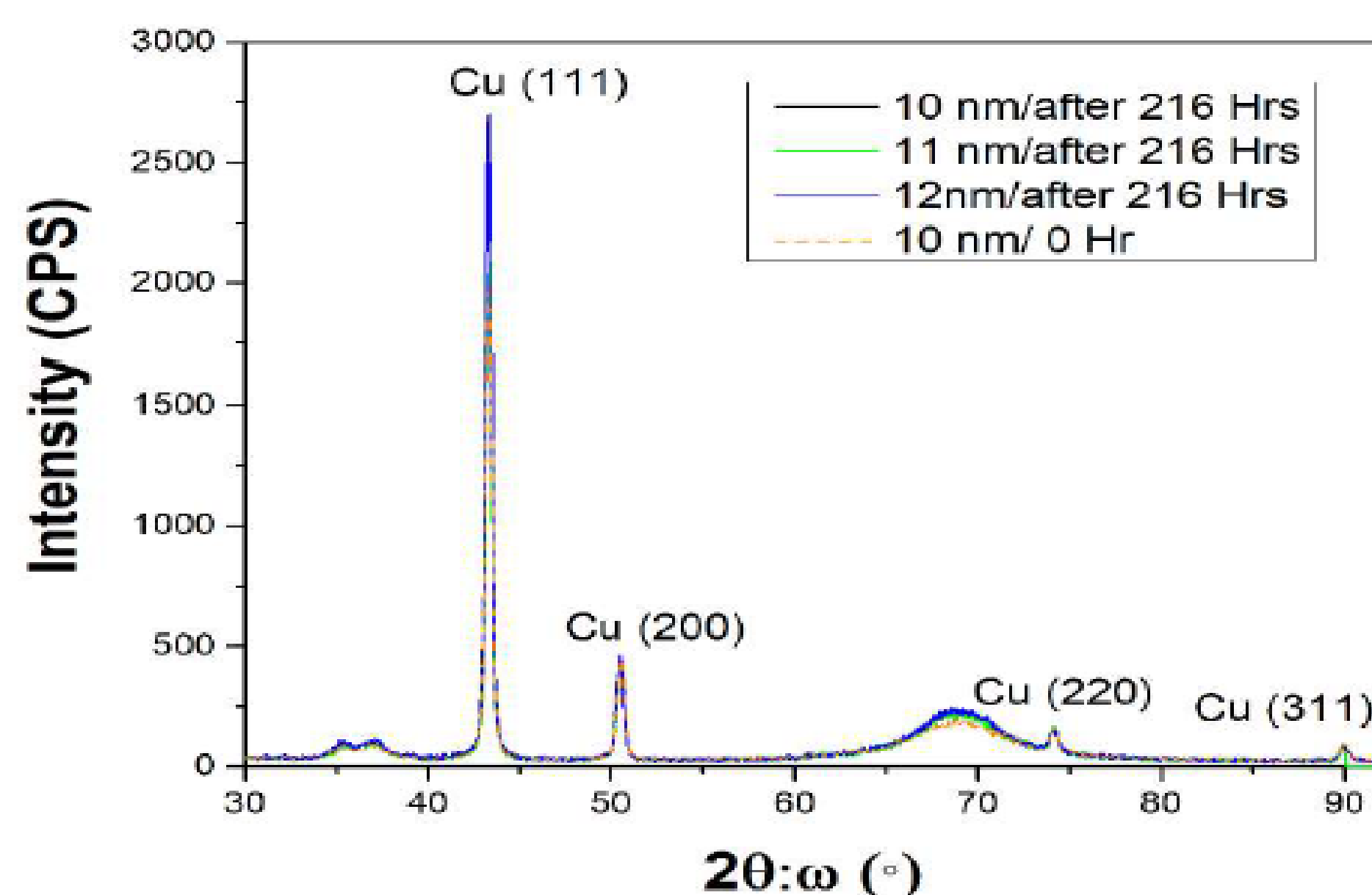


Figure 3. XRD scan of the blanket Cu samples passivated after 216 hours of humidity testing and a pristine sample [3].

## Experimental Results for Bonded Samples

- ALD recipe optimized to achieve large step coverage.
- A bonded sample is coated with 20nm of  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ .
- Die is sheared off.
- FIB cross sectioning of the pillars under the die to investigate  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$  thickness.

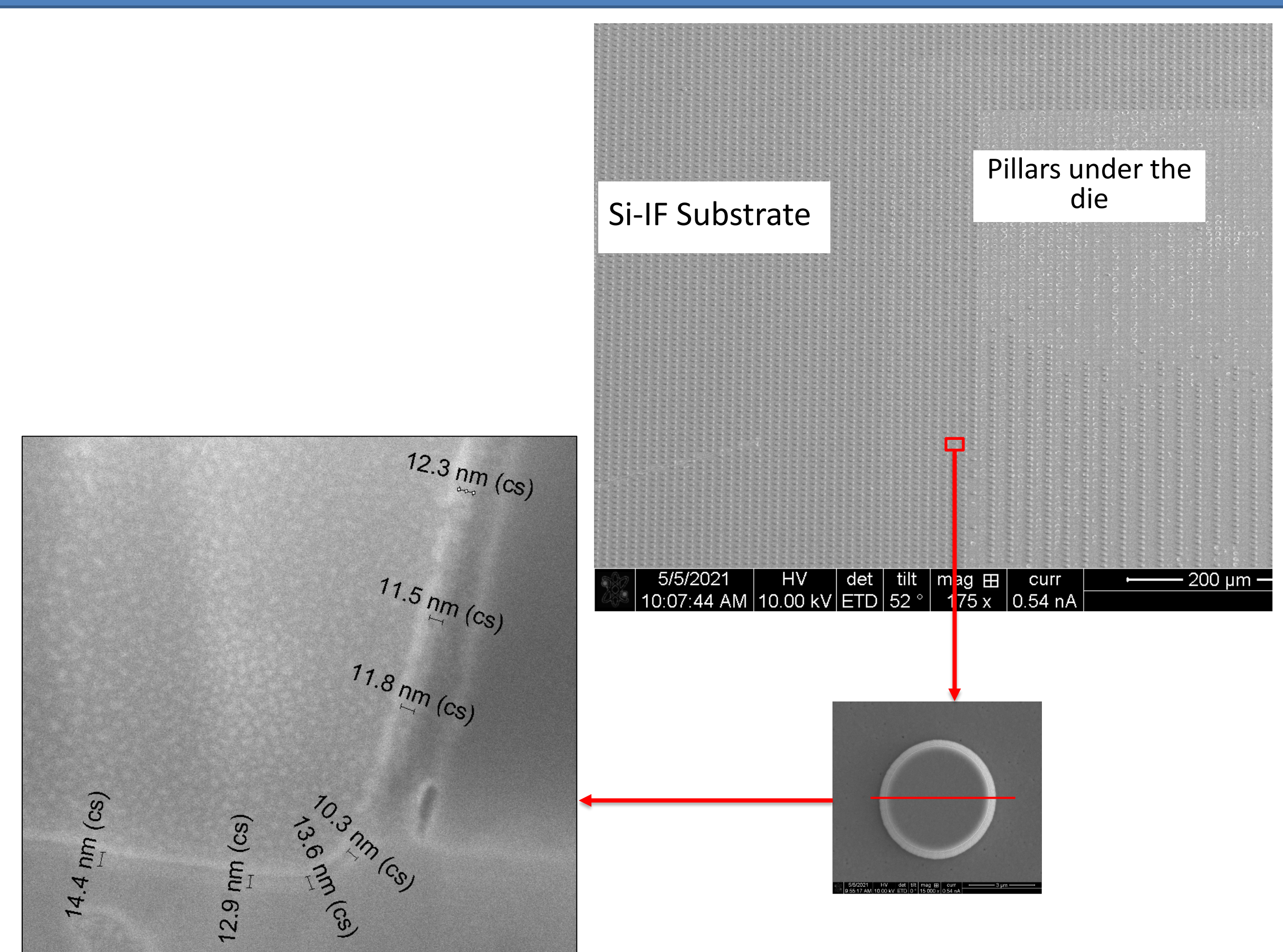


Figure 4. (a) SEM image of the Si-IF showing the area under a sheared die. (b) FIB image of a sidewall of a pillar under the die showing the thickness of the  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ .

- Humidity testing (85%RH/ $85^\circ\text{C}$ ) for 564 hours on bonded and passivated samples
- Electrical resistance measurement every 594 hours.
- Maximum change in electrical resistance of the daisy chain  $<3\%$

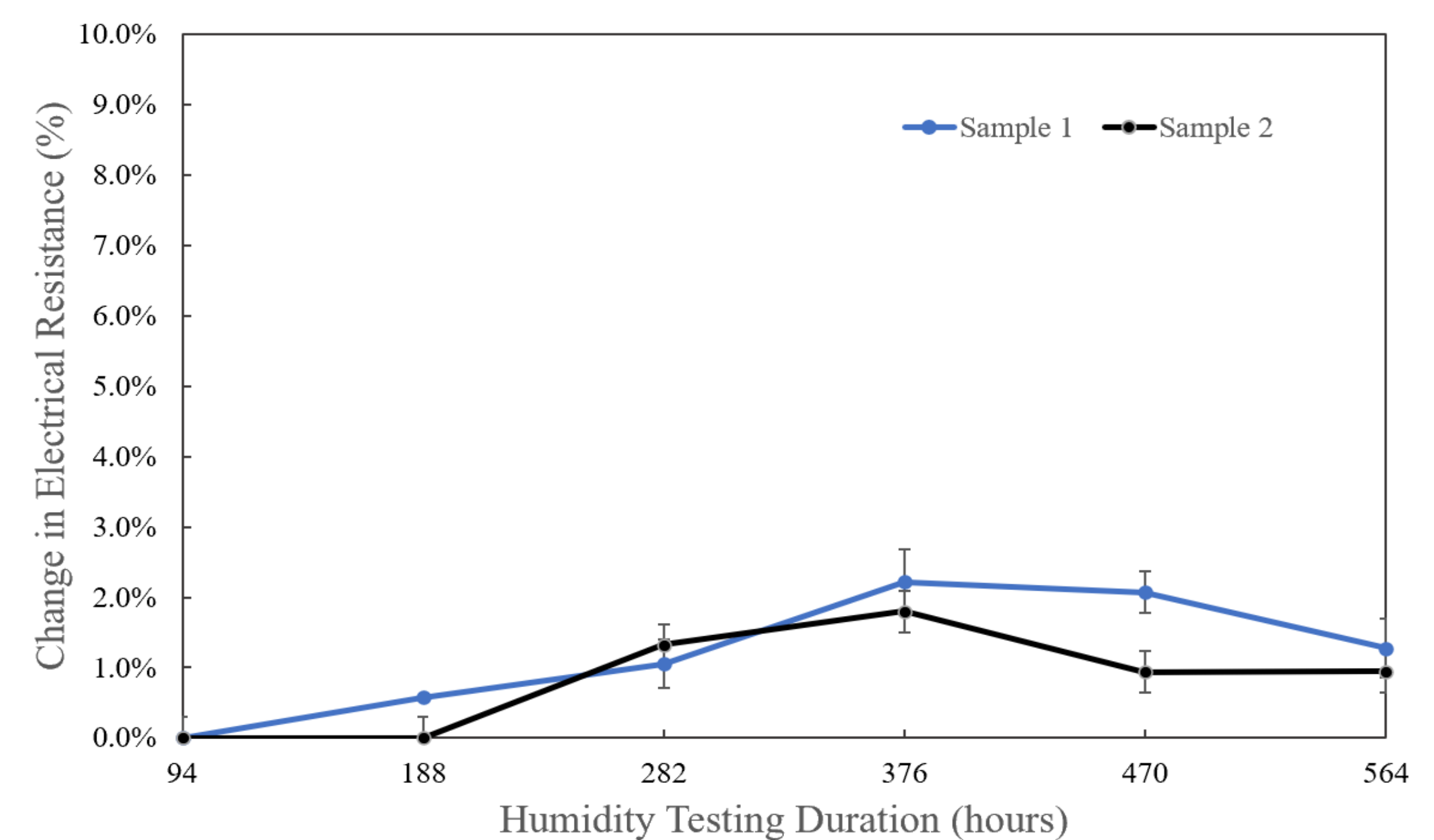


Figure 5. Electrical resistance of two samples with daisy chain structure and passivated with 20 nm of  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$  during 594 hrs of humidity testing

## Conclusion

- ALD  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$  is a robust passivation for Si-IF.
- ALD recipe optimization to achieve high step coverage.
- Max. change in electrical resistance of the bonded samples after 594 hrs of humidity testing was  $<3\%$

## References

1. Adeel A. Bajwa, S. C. Jangam, S. Pal, N. Marathe, T. Bai, T. Fukushima, M. Goorsky, and S. S. Iyer, "Heterogeneous Integration at Fine Pitch ( $\leq 10\text{ }\mu\text{m}$ ) using Thermal Compression Bonding", Proc. of 67th IEEE Electronic Components and Packaging Technology (ECTC) 2017.
2. Wilson, R. Grubbs and S. George, "Nucleation and Growth during  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$  Atomic Layer Deposition on Polymers", Chemistry of Materials, vol. 17, no. 23, pp. 5625-5634, 2005.
3. N. Shakoorzadeh Chase, R. Irwin, Y. T. Yang, H. Ren and S. S. Iyer, "Reliability Considerations for Wafer Scale Systems," 2021 IEEE 71st Electronic Components and Technology Conference (ECTC), 2021, pp. 84-89