

MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Project Report

18.0851

COMPUTATIONAL SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING I

WRITTEN BY

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SUBMITTED TO:

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1 Problem Description

One-Dimensional Heat Equation

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = K \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + q(x, t) \quad (1)$$

Assumptions

1. Uniform Grid Spacing (Δx)
2. Uniform Time Steps (Δt)

Variables

Length of Domain: $L = 2 * \pi$

Left Boundary Condition: $C_1 = 1$

Right Boundary Condition: $C_2 = -0.2$

Thermal Diffusivity: $K = 0.1$

Time Ramp: $t_{ramp} = 1$

Initial Conditions

$$u(x, t = 0) = 0 \quad (2)$$

Boundary Conditions

Dirilecht Condition at the Left Boundary $x = 0$:

$$u(x = 0, t) = \begin{cases} C_1 * \frac{t}{t_{ramp}} & t \leq t_{ramp} \\ C_1 & t > t_{ramp} \end{cases} \quad (3)$$

Neumann Condition at the Right Boundary $x = L$:

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}(x = L, t) = C_2 \quad (4)$$

Heating Source Function

$$q(x, t) = -\sin(\omega t) * \exp\left(\frac{-(x - \frac{L}{2})^2}{\sigma^2}\right) \quad (5)$$

Second Order Finite Difference

At time t , where $u^{(n)} = \frac{\partial^n u}{\partial x^n}$

Taylor Expansions:

$$u(x + \Delta x) = u(x) + \Delta x u^{(1)}(x) + \frac{1}{2}(\Delta x)^2 u^{(2)}(x) + \frac{1}{6}(\Delta x)^3 u^{(3)}(x) + O(h^4) \quad (6)$$

$$u(x - \Delta x) = u(x) - \Delta x u^{(1)}(x) + \frac{1}{2}(\Delta x)^2 u^{(2)}(x) - \frac{1}{6}(\Delta x)^3 u^{(3)}(x) + O(h^4) \quad (7)$$

$$u(x + \Delta x) + u(x - \Delta x) = 2u(x) + (\Delta x)^2 u^{(2)}(x) + O(h^4) \quad (8)$$

$$u^{(2)}(x) = \frac{u(x + \Delta x) - 2u(x) + u(x - \Delta x)}{(\Delta x)^2} + O(h^2) \quad (9)$$

Explicit Euler

Let n denote the time step, and i denote the grid point

$$u_{n+1,i} - u_{n,i} = \int_{t_n}^{t_{n+1}} f(t, u(t)) dt = \Delta t * f(t_n, u_n) = \Delta t \left[K \frac{\partial^2 u_n}{\partial x^2} + q_n(x) \right]_i \quad (10)$$

$$u_{n+1,i} - u_{n,i} = \Delta t \left[K \left(\frac{u_n(x + \Delta x) - 2u_n(x) + u_n(x - \Delta x)}{(\Delta x)^2} \right) + q_n(x) \right]_i \quad (11)$$

Where

$$\begin{aligned} u_n(x + \Delta x) &= u_{n,i+1} \\ u_n(x) &= u_{n,i} \\ u_n(x - \Delta x) &= u_{n,i-1} \end{aligned} \quad (12)$$

$$u_{n+1,i} - u_{n,i} = \Delta t \left[K \left(\frac{u_{n,i+1} - 2u_{n,i} + u_{n,i-1}}{(\Delta x)^2} \right) + q_{n,i}(x) \right] \quad (13)$$

$$u_{n+1,i} = u_{n,i} + \Delta t \left[K \left(\frac{u_{n,i+1} - 2u_{n,i} + u_{n,i-1}}{(\Delta x)^2} \right) + q_{n,i}(x) \right] \quad (14)$$

We define the CFL Number to be:

$$CFL = K \frac{\Delta t}{(\Delta x)^2} \quad (15)$$

$u_{n+1,i} = CFL * u_{n,i+1} + (1 - 2CFL) * u_{n,i} + CFL * u_{n,i-1} + q_{n,i} \Delta t$

(16)

Implicit Euler

Let n denote the time step, and i denote the grid point

$$u_{n+1,i} = u_{n,i} + \Delta t * f(t_{n+1}, u_{n+1}) = u_{n,i} + \Delta t \left[K \frac{\partial^2 u_{n+1}}{\partial x^2} + q_n(x) \right]_i \quad (17)$$

$$u_{n+1,i} = u_{n,i} + \Delta t \left[K \left(\frac{u_{n+1}(x + \Delta x) - 2u_{n+1}(x) + u_{n+1}(x - \Delta x)}{\Delta x^2} \right) + q_n(x) \right]_i \quad (18)$$

Where

$$\begin{aligned} u_{n+1}(x + \Delta x) &= u_{n+1,i+1} \\ u_{n+1}(x) &= u_{n+1,i} \\ u_{n+1}(x - \Delta x) &= u_{n+1,i-1} \end{aligned} \quad (19)$$

$$u_{n+1,i} = u_{n,i} + \Delta t \left[K \left(\frac{u_{n+1,i+1} - 2u_{n+1,i} + u_{n+1,i-1}}{\Delta x^2} \right) + q_{n,i}(x) \right] \quad (20)$$

$$u_{n+1,i} - \Delta t \left[K \left(\frac{u_{n+1,i+1} - 2u_{n+1,i} + u_{n+1,i-1}}{\Delta x^2} \right) \right] = u_{n,i} + q_{n,i}(x) \quad (21)$$

$$u_{n+1,i} - \frac{K\Delta t}{(\Delta x)^2} [u_{n+1,i+1} - 2u_{n+1,i} + u_{n+1,i-1}] = u_{n,i} + q_{n,i}(x) \quad (22)$$

We define the CFL Number to be:

$$CFL = K \frac{\Delta t}{(\Delta x)^2} \quad (23)$$

$$-CFL * u_{n+1,i+1} + (2CFL + 1) * u_{n+1,i} - CFL * u_{n+1,i-1} = u_{n,i} + q_{n,i}\Delta t \quad (24)$$

Boundary Conditions

1) Dirilecht Condition at the Left Boundary $x = 0$:

$$u(x = 0, t) = \begin{cases} C_1 * \frac{t}{t_{ramp}} & t \leq t_{ramp} \\ C_1 & t > t_{ramp} \end{cases} \quad (25)$$

$$-CFL * f_{BC1} + (2CFL + 1) * u_{n+1,2} - CFL * u_{n+1,3} = u_{n,2} + q_{n,2}\Delta t \quad (26)$$

$$(2CFL + 1) * u_{n+1,2} - CFL * u_{n+1,3} = u_{n,2} + q_{n,2}\Delta t + CFL * f_{BC1} \quad (27)$$

2) Neumann Condition at the Right Boundary $x = L$:

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}(x = L, t) = C_2 \quad (28)$$

Forward Difference

$$\frac{u_{n+1,i+1} - u_{n+1,i}}{\Delta x} = C_2 \quad (29)$$

$$u_{n+1,i+1} = C_2 \Delta x + u_{n+1,i} \quad (30)$$

Where $i + 1 = m$ and m represents the last node (ghost node)

$$u_{n+1,m} = C_2 \Delta x + u_{n+1,m-1} \quad (31)$$

Plugging in

$$-CFL * u_{n+1,m-2} + (1 + 2CFL) * u_{n+1,m-1} - CFL * u_{n+1,m} = u_{n,m-1} + q_{n,m-1} \Delta t \quad (32)$$

$$-CFL * u_{n+1,m-2} + (1 + 2CFL) * u_{n+1,m-1} - CFL * (C_2 \Delta x + u_{n+1,m-1}) = u_{n,m-1} + q_{n,m-1} \Delta t \quad (33)$$

$$-CFL * u_{n+1,m-2} + (1 + CFL) * u_{n+1,m-1} - CFL * C_2 \Delta x = u_{n,m-1} + q_{n,m-1} \Delta t \quad (34)$$

$$\boxed{-CFL * u_{n+1,m-2} + (1 + CFL) * u_{n+1,m-1} = u_{n,m-1} + q_{n,m-1} \Delta t + CFL * C_2 \Delta x} \quad (35)$$

Central Difference

$$\frac{u_{n+1,i+1} - u_{n+1,i-1}}{2\Delta x} = C_2 \quad (36)$$

$$u_{n+1,i+1} = 2C_2 \Delta x + u_{n+1,i-1} \quad (37)$$

Where $i + 1 = m$ and m represents the last node (ghost node)

$$u_{n+1,m} = 2C_2 \Delta x + u_{n+1,m-2} \quad (38)$$

Plugging in

$$-CFL * u_{n+1,m-2} + (1 + 2CFL) * u_{n+1,m-1} - CFL * (2C_2 \Delta x + u_{n+1,m-2}) = u_{n,m-1} + q_{n,m-1} \Delta t \quad (39)$$

$$\boxed{-2CFL * u_{n+1,m-2} + (1 + 2CFL) * u_{n+1,m-1} = u_{n,m-1} + q_{n,m-1} \Delta t + 2CFL * C_2 \Delta x} \quad (40)$$

Crank-Nicolson

Let n denote the time step, and i denote the grid point

$$u_{n+1,i} = u_{n,i} + \Delta t * \left[\frac{1}{2} f(t_n, u_n) + \frac{1}{2} f(t_{n+1}, u_{n+1}) + q_n \right]_i \quad (41)$$

$$u_{n+1,i} = u_{n,i} + \Delta t * \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(K \frac{\partial^2 u_n}{\partial x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(K \frac{\partial^2 u_{n+1}}{\partial x^2} \right) + q_n \right]_i \quad (42)$$

$$u_{n+1,i} = u_{n,i} + \Delta t * \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(K \frac{u_n(x + \Delta x) - 2u_n(x) + u_n(x - \Delta x)}{\Delta x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(K \frac{u_{n+1}(x + \Delta x) - 2u_{n+1}(x) + u_{n+1}(x - \Delta x)}{\Delta x^2} \right) + q_n \right]_i \quad (43)$$

Where

$$\begin{aligned} u_n(x + \Delta x) &= u_{n,i+1} \\ u_n(x) &= u_{n,i} \\ u_n(x - \Delta x) &= u_{n,i-1} \end{aligned} \quad (44)$$

And

$$\begin{aligned} u_{n+1}(x + \Delta x) &= u_{n+1,i+1} \\ u_{n+1}(x) &= u_{n+1,i} \\ u_{n+1}(x - \Delta x) &= u_{n+1,i-1} \end{aligned} \quad (45)$$

$$u_{n+1,i} = u_{n,i} + \Delta t * \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(K \frac{u_{n,i+1} - 2u_{n,i} + u_{n,i-1}}{\Delta x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(K \frac{u_{n+1,i+1} - 2u_{n+1,i} + u_{n+1,i-1}}{\Delta x^2} \right) + q_{n,i} \right] \quad (46)$$

We define the CFL Number to be:

$$CFL = K \frac{\Delta t}{(\Delta x)^2} \quad (47)$$

$$\frac{-CFL}{2} * u_{n+1,i-1} + (1 + CFL) * u_{n+1,i} - \frac{-CFL}{2} * u_{n+1,i+1} = \quad (48)$$

$$\frac{CFL}{2} * u_{n,i-1} + (1 - CFL) * u_{n,i} + \frac{CFL}{2} * u_{n,i+1} + q_{n,i} \Delta t \quad (49)$$

1) Dirilecht Condition at the Left Boundary $x = 0$:

$$u(x = 0, t) = u_{n+1,1} = \begin{cases} C_1 * \frac{t}{t_{ramp}} & t \leq t_{ramp} \\ C_1 & t > t_{ramp} \end{cases} = f_{BC1} \quad (50)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{-CFL}{2} * f_{BC1} + (1 + CFL) * u_{n+1,i} - \frac{-CFL}{2} * u_{n+1,i+1} = \\ & \frac{CFL}{2} * u_{n,i-1} + (1 - CFL) * u_{n,i} + \frac{CFL}{2} * u_{n,i+1} + q_{n,1} \Delta t \end{aligned} \quad (51)$$

$$(1 + CFL) * u_{n+1,i} - \frac{CFL}{2} * u_{n+1,i+1} = \quad (52)$$

$$\frac{CFL}{2} * u_{n,i-1} + (1 - CFL) * u_{n,i} + \frac{CFL}{2} * u_{n,i+1} + q_{n,1} \Delta t + \frac{CFL}{2} * f_{BC1} \quad (53)$$

2) Neumann Condition at the Right Boundary $x = L$:

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}(x = L, t) = C_2 \quad (54)$$

Forward Difference

$$\frac{u_{n+1,i+1} - u_{n+1,i}}{\Delta x} = C_2 \quad (55)$$

$$u_{n+1,i+1} = C_2 \Delta x + u_{n+1,i} \quad (56)$$

Where $i + 1 = m$ and m represents the last node (ghost node)

$$u_{n+1,m} = C_2 \Delta x + u_{n+1,m-1} \quad (57)$$

Plugging in

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{-CFL}{2} * u_{n+1,i-1} + (1 + CFL) * u_{n+1,i} - \frac{CFL}{2} * (C_2 \Delta x + u_{n+1,i}) = \\ & \frac{CFL}{2} * u_{n,i-1} + (1 - CFL) * u_{n,i} + \frac{CFL}{2} * u_{n,i+1} + q_{n,1} \Delta t \end{aligned} \quad (58)$$

$$\frac{-CFL}{2} * u_{n+1,i-1} + (1 + \frac{CFL}{2}) * u_{n+1,i} = \quad (59)$$

$$\frac{CFL}{2} * u_{n,i-1} + (1 - CFL) * u_{n,i} + \frac{CFL}{2} * u_{n,i+1} + q_{n,1} \Delta t + \frac{CFL}{2} * (C_2 \Delta x) \quad (60)$$

Central Difference

$$\frac{u_{n+1,i+1} - u_{n+1,i-1}}{2\Delta x} = C_2 \quad (61)$$

$$u_{n+1,i+1} = 2C_2\Delta x + u_{n+1,i-1} \quad (62)$$

Where $i + 1 = m$ and m represents the last node (ghost node)

$$u_{n+1,m} = 2C_2\Delta x + u_{n+1,m-2} \quad (63)$$

Plugging in

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{-CFL}{2} * u_{n+1,i-1} + (1 + CFL) * u_{n+1,i} - \frac{CFL}{2} * (2C_2\Delta x + u_{n+1,i-1}) = \\ \frac{CFL}{2} * u_{n,i-1} + (1 - CFL) * u_{n,i} + \frac{CFL}{2} * u_{n,i+1} + q_{n,1}\Delta t \end{aligned} \quad (64)$$

$$\frac{CFL}{2} * u_{n,i-1} + (1 - CFL) * u_{n,i} + \frac{CFL}{2} * u_{n,i+1} + q_{n,1} \Delta t + \frac{CFL}{2} * (2C_2 \Delta x)$$

$$\frac{CFL}{2} * u_{n,i-1} + (1 - CFL) * u_{n,i} + \frac{CFL}{2} * u_{n,i+1} + q_{n,1} \Delta t + \frac{CFL}{2} * (2C_2 \Delta x) \quad (66)$$

2 Appendix

MATLAB Code for Numerical Solution of Heat Equation

Listing 1: Numerical Heat Equation

```

%% 18.0851 Project
% Author      : Jered Dominguez-Trujillo
% Date       : May 2, 2019
% Description : Numerical Solution to Heat Equation

% SCHEME = 0 -> EXPLICIT
% SCHEME = 1 -> IMPLICIT
% SCHEME = 2 -> CRANK_NICOLSON

function NumHT(SCHEME, BC1, BC2, KT, L, NX, TM, NT, TR, SOURCE_FLAG, W, SIGMA, QMAX)
    close all; clc;

    % Boundary Conditions
    LENGTH = L;                % Length of Domain
    TIME_RAMP = TR;             % Time Ramp at X = 0 for BC to Go from 0 to C1
    C1 = BC1;                   % Dirilecht Condition U(x) = C1 at X = 0
    C2 = BC2;                   % Neumann Condition at dU/dX = C2 at X = L
    K = KT;                     % Thermal Diffusivity

    % Default Arguments
    if nargin <= 12
        QMAX = 1;               % Default Maximum Value of Heat Source Function

        if nargin <= 11
            SIGMA = 0.2 * LENGTH; % Default Standard Deviation of Heat Source Function
        end

        if nargin <= 10
            W = 1;               % Default Frequency of Heat Source Function (rad/s)
        end
    end

    % Spatial Domain
    NODES = NX;                 % Nodes
    DX = LENGTH / NODES;        % DX Calculation
    X = linspace(0, LENGTH + DX, NODES + 2); % X Vector with Ghost Node

    % Time Domain
    TMAX = TM;                  % End Time of Simulation
    DT = TMAX / NT;             % DT Calculation
    TIMESTEPS = TMAX / DT + 1;  % Number of Time Steps
    T = linspace(0, TMAX, TIMESTEPS); % Time Vector

    % Calculate CFL Number
    CFL = (DT .* K) ./ (DX .* DX); % Multiplication Factor K (DT / DX^2)

    % Print Out Simulation Info
    if SCHEME == 0
        fprintf('Explicit Method:\n');
    elseif SCHEME == 1
        fprintf('Implicit Method:\n');
    elseif SCHEME == 2
        fprintf('Crank-Nicolson Method:\n');
    end

    fprintf('BCs:\n(1) U(x) = %.2f At X = 0\n(2) dU/dX = %.2f at X = L = %.2f\n\n', C1, C2, L);

```

```

fprintf('Length: %.2f\t\tDX: %.2f\t\tNodes: %.0f\n', LENGTH, DX, NODES);
fprintf('Max Time: %.2f\t\tDT: %.2f\t\t\n', TMAX, DT);
if SOURCE_FLAG == 1
    fprintf('Q(x) = - QMAX * SIN(OMEGA * T) * EXP(-(X - L/2)^2 / SIGMA ^ 2)\n');
    fprintf('QMAX: %.2f\t\tOMEGA: %.2f rad/s\t\tSIGMA: %.2f\t\tL: %.2f\n', QMAX, W, SIGMA,
        LENGTH);
end
fprintf('CFL Number: %.2f\n', CFL);

% Initialize Matrices
U = zeros(TIMESTEPS, NODES + 2);
Q = zeros(TIMESTEPS, NODES + 2);

% If Heat Source Flag is True
if SOURCE_FLAG == 1
    for ii = 1:TIMESTEPS
        Q(ii, :) = - QMAX .* (sin((W .* T(ii)))) .* exp(-(X - (LENGTH ./ 2)) .^ 2) ./ (SIGMA .^
            2));
    end
end

% Initialize
CURRENT_T = 0;
TIMESTEP = 0;

% Plot Initial Conditions
fTemperature = figure('Name', 'Temperature History', 'NumberTitle', 'off');
figure(fTemperature);

% Temperature Profile
subplot(211);
plot(X, U(1, :), 'o-');
xlabel('X', 'FontSize', 18); ylabel('T', 'FontSize', 18);
axis([0 LENGTH -2 2]);

% Heat Source Profile
subplot(212);
plot(X, Q(1, :), 'o-');
xlabel('X', 'FontSize', 18); ylabel('Q', 'FontSize', 18);
axis([0 LENGTH -QMAX QMAX]);

suptitle(['Time = ', num2str(CURRENT_T), ' s']);
pause();

% Explicit Scheme
if SCHEME == 0

    % Iterate Until TMAX
    while CURRENT_T < TMAX
        CURRENT_T = CURRENT_T + DT;
        TIMESTEP = TIMESTEP + 1;

        n = TIMESTEP;

        % Explicit Euler Method
        for ii = 2:NODES + 1
            U(n + 1, ii) = CFL .* U(n, ii + 1) + (1 - 2 .* CFL) .* U(n, ii) + CFL .* U(n, ii -
                1) + Q(n, ii) .* DT;
        end

        % Boundary Conditions

```

```

U(n + 1, 1) = C1 * (CURRENT_T / TIME_RAMP) * (CURRENT_T <= TIME_RAMP) + C1 * (CURRENT_T
    > TIME_RAMP);
U(n + 1, NODES + 2) = U(n + 1, NODES) + 2 * DX * C2;

% Plot New Temperature Profile
figure(fTemperature);

% Temperature Profile
subplot(211);
plot(X, U(n + 1, :), 'o-');
xlabel('X', 'FontSize', 18); ylabel('T', 'FontSize', 18);
axis([0 L -2 2]);

% Heat Source Profile
subplot(212);
plot(X, Q(n + 1, :), 'o-');
xlabel('X', 'FontSize', 18); ylabel('Q', 'FontSize', 18);
axis([0 LENGTH -QMAX QMAX]);

suptitle(['Time = ', num2str(CURRENT_T), ' s']);

pause(0.01);
end

% Implicit Scheme
elseif SCHEME == 1
    LOWER = zeros(1, NODES);
    DIAG = zeros(1, NODES + 1);
    UPPER = zeros(1, NODES);

    LOWERI = 2:NODES + 1; LOWERJ = 1:NODES;
    DIAGI = 1:NODES + 1; DIAGJ = 1:NODES + 1;
    UPPERI = 1:NODES; UPPERJ = 2:NODES + 1;

    DIAG(1) = 1; UPPER(1) = 0;

    for ii = 2:NODES
        LOWER(ii) = -CFL;
        DIAG(ii) = 2 * CFL + 1;
        UPPER(ii) = -CFL;
    end

    DIAG(NODES + 1) = 2 * CFL + 1;

% Iterate Until TMAX
while CURRENT_T < TMAX
    CURRENT_T = CURRENT_T + DT;
    TIMESTEP = TIMESTEP + 1;

    n = TIMESTEP;

    RHS = zeros(NODES + 1, 1);

% Implicit Euler Method
    for ii = 2:NODES + 1
        RHS(ii) = U(n, ii) + Q(n, ii) .* DT;
    end

% Boundary Conditions
    fBC1 = C1 * (CURRENT_T / TIME_RAMP) * (CURRENT_T <= TIME_RAMP) + C1 * (CURRENT_T >
        TIME_RAMP);
    LOWER(1) = 0;

```

```

RHS(1) = fBC1;
RHS(2) = RHS(2) + CFL .* fBC1;

% Forward Difference Scheme
% DIAG(NODES + 1) = CFL + 1;
% RHS(NODES + 1) = RHS(NODES + 1) + C2 .* CFL .* DX;

% Central Difference Scheme
L(NODES) = -2 * CFL;
RHS(NODES + 1) = RHS(NODES + 1) + 2 .* C2 .* CFL .* DX;

MA = sparse([LOWERI, DIAGI, UPPERI], [LOWERJ, DIAGJ, UPPERJ], [LOWER, DIAG, UPPER],
            NODES + 1, NODES + 1);

U(n + 1, 1:end-1) = MA \ RHS;

% Forward Difference Scheme
% U(n + 1, end) = U(n + 1, end - 1) + C2 .* DX;

% Central Difference Scheme
U(n + 1, end) = U(n + 1, end - 2) + 2 .* C2 .* DX;

% Plot New Temperature Profile
figure(fTemperature);

% Temperature Profile
subplot(211);
plot(X, U(n + 1, :), 'o-');
xlabel('X', 'FontSize', 18); ylabel('T', 'FontSize', 18);
axis([0 LENGTH -0.5 1.5]);

% Heat Source Profile
subplot(212);
plot(X, Q(n + 1, :), 'o-');
xlabel('X', 'FontSize', 18); ylabel('Q', 'FontSize', 18);
axis([0 LENGTH -QMAX QMAX]);

suptitle(['Time = ', num2str(CURRENT_T), ' s']);

pause(0.01);
end

% Crank-Nicolson Scheme
elseif SCHEME == 2
    LOWER = zeros(1, NODES);
    DIAG = zeros(1, NODES + 1);
    UPPER = zeros(1, NODES);

    LOWERI = 2:NODES + 1; LOWERJ = 1:NODES;
    DIAGI = 1:NODES + 1; DIAGJ = 1:NODES + 1;
    UPPERI = 1:NODES; UPPERJ = 2:NODES + 1;

    DIAG(1) = 1; UPPER(1) = 0;

    for ii = 2:NODES
        LOWER(ii) = -CFL ./ 2;
        DIAG(ii) = CFL + 1;
        UPPER(ii) = -CFL ./ 2;
    end

    DIAG(NODES + 1) = CFL + 1;

```

```

% Iterate Until TMAX
while CURRENT_T < TMAX
    CURRENT_T = CURRENT_T + DT;
    TIMESTEP = TIMESTEP + 1;

    n = TIMESTEP;

    RHS = zeros(NODES + 1, 1);

    % Crank-Nicolson Method
    for ii = 2:NODES + 1
        RHS(ii) = CFL .* U(n, ii - 1) ./ 2 + (1 - CFL) .* U(n, ii) + CFL .* U(n, ii + 1) ./
            2 + Q(n, ii) .* DT;
    end

    % Boundary Conditions
    fBC1 = C1 * (CURRENT_T / TIME_RAMP) * (CURRENT_T <= TIME_RAMP) + C1 * (CURRENT_T >
        TIME_RAMP);
    LOWER(1) = 0;
    RHS(1) = fBC1;
    RHS(2) = RHS(2) + CFL .* fBC1 ./ 2;

    % Forward Difference Scheme
    % DIAG(NODES + 1) = CFL ./ 2 + 1;
    % RHS(NODES + 1) = RHS(NODES + 1) + C2 .* CFL .* DX ./ 2;

    % Central Difference Scheme
    L(NODES) = -CFL;
    RHS(NODES + 1) = RHS(NODES + 1) + C2 .* CFL .* DX;

    MA = sparse([LOWERI, DIAGI, UPPERI], [LOWERJ, DIAGJ, UPPERJ], [LOWER, DIAG, UPPER],
        NODES + 1, NODES + 1);

    U(n + 1, 1:end-1) = MA \ RHS;

    % Forward Difference Scheme
    % U(n + 1, end) = U(n + 1, end - 1) + C2 .* DX;

    % Central Difference Scheme
    U(n + 1, end) = U(n + 1, end - 2) + 2 .* C2 .* DX;

    % Plot New Temperature Profile
    figure(fTemperature);

    % Temperature Profile
    subplot(211);
    plot(X, U(n + 1, :), 'o-');
    xlabel('X', 'FontSize', 18); ylabel('T', 'FontSize', 18);
    axis([0 LENGTH -0.5 1.5]);

    % Heat Source Profile
    subplot(212);
    plot(X, Q(n + 1, :), 'o-');
    xlabel('X', 'FontSize', 18); ylabel('Q', 'FontSize', 18);
    axis([0 LENGTH -QMAX QMAX]);

    suptitle(['Time = ', num2str(CURRENT_T), ' s']);

    pause(0.01);
end
end
end

```