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## What you will learn

### At the core of the lesson

You will learn how to:

- · Define project infrastructure
- · Explain why project infrastructure is important to the success of a project
- Define the purpose and function of software configuration management

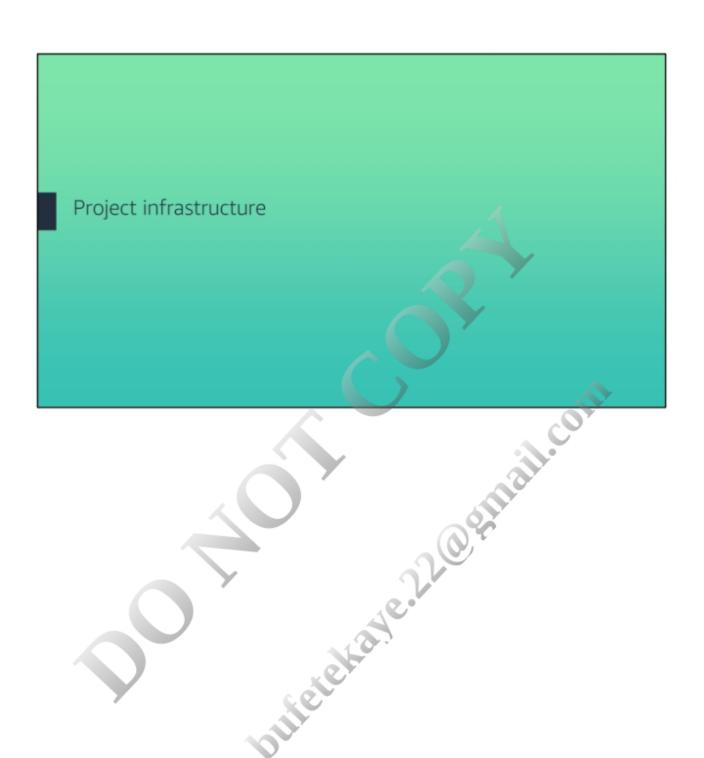


aws re/start

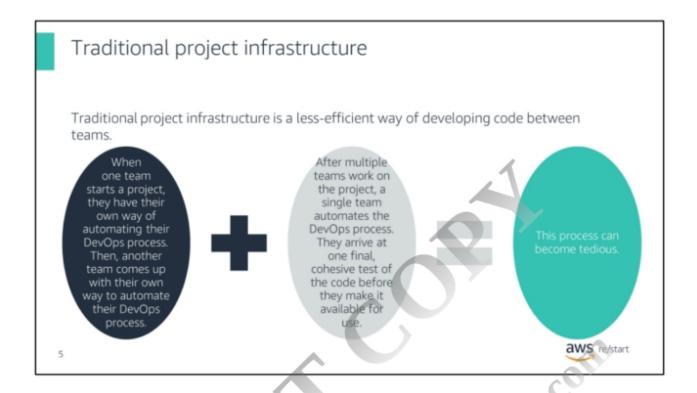
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### Code organization

What does it mean to have code that is well organized?

Most companies have a certain coding style that their employees should follow. That style includes a way of naming variables in their code and the number of spaces to indent code blocks.

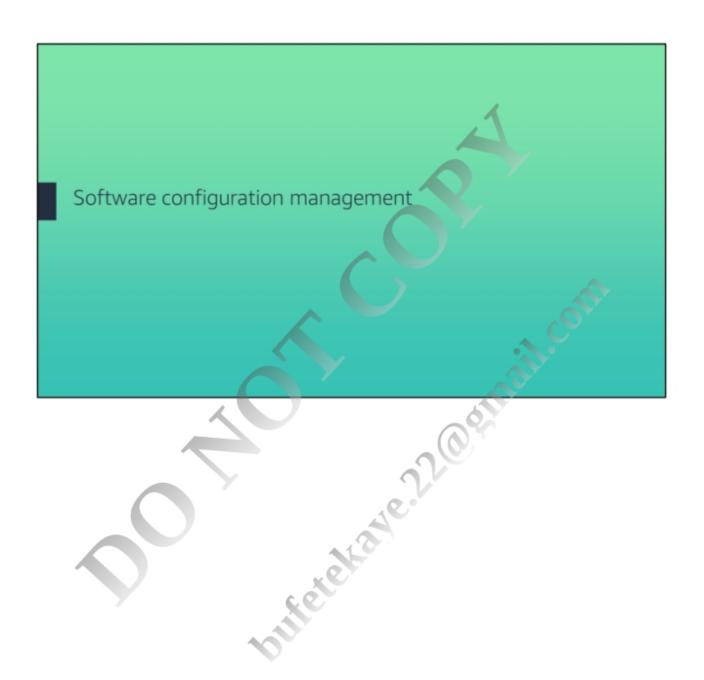
It is important to mention that each company varies in this practice. The details of the style matter less than following the style. It is more important for employees to follow the style so that they can avoid confusion.

There shouldn't be more than one set of tests for the various teams on a single project. That set of tests includes logic tests and compiling code.

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# What is configuration management? Tracks versions of the code as it is developed Enables developers to work independently on different parts of a project, and then merge changes back into the project Version control software (such as Git) tracks what code changed and who made the changes When errors occur, configuration management enables fast rollbacks to previous, functioning, versions

## How does configuration management work?

- Developers check out code from a repository like AWS CodeCommit or GitHub.
- When they are finished with the code, developers upload their changes to the repository.
- When the new code passes all tests, it can be merged back into the main project.
- The process of checking code in and out can be done by:
  - Running Git from the command line
  - Using tools that are built into integrated development environments (IDEs), such as PyCharm
- Running tools—such as pylint and pytest—can also be a part of the check-in process.





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## Configuration management by example

The following simple example uses Git for configuration management because other steps might be needed, depending on how the repository (repo) is configured.

Get a copy of the remote repo: \$git @<examplerepo.org>:<username>/<sourcecode>.git

Difference 22.00 days

Commit changes locally: \$git -commit -m "Message about the changes."

Push change back to the repo: \$git push

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## Configuration management versioning

- As developers update the code, the release managers who are responsible for distributing new versions of software can monitor the changes.
- After all tests and functionality are verified, the release manager creates a new distribution of the software based on the contents of the repository.
- Release managers can now version the software, which helps manage customer issues when problems occur. (This point is where rolling back to a previous version becomes important.)
- In most cases, versioning takes the form of a numeric value (for example: Version 3.2.1).

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# Sometimes team leads and managers ask for the status of a project. With configuration management, the team can quickly report on the ongoing efforts by inspecting check-ins, check-outs, and other activities in the project's repository.

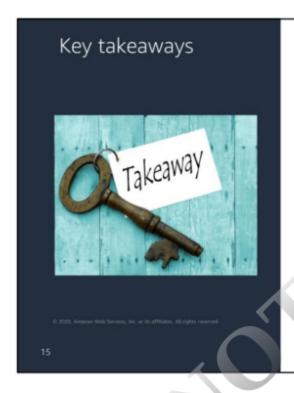
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# Because access to a repository must be granted, it stops unauthorized persons from gaining access to source code Because access is logged, it is possible to learn – Who checked out and checked in code When the check-ins and check-outs were done What changes were committed

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- Project infrastructure is a critical discipline for helping to ensure that projects reach their goals.
- Project infrastructure also includes ensuring that Python code is styled properly and that it functions as expected.
- pylint checks the style of code, and pytest runs tests to ensure that the code works as expected.
- Software configuration management involves the use of code repositories to manage the code that is used in projects.
- To work with code repositories, tools are built into IDEs, and you could also use the command line tool Git.



### Some key takeaways from this lesson include:

- Project infrastructure is a critical discipline for helping to ensure that projects reach their goals.
- Project infrastructure also includes ensuring that Python code is styled properly and that it functions as expected.
- pylint checks the style of code, and pytest runs tests to ensure that the code works as expected.
- Software configuration management involves the use of code repositories to manage the code that is used in projects.
- To work with code repositories, tools are built into IDEs, and you could also use the command line tool Git.