## 2nd Summative Problem Sheet

Deadline: Friday, October 27, 5pm

- 1. Let  $X_n$  be the position after n steps of a particle that performs an unbiased random walk on  $\mathbb Z$  starting at 0. Show that  $(X_n^2-n)_{n\geq 0}$  is a martingale with respect to  $(X_n)_{n\geq 0}$ .
- 2. Let  $X_n$  be as above. Show that  $\mathbb{P}\left(|X_n| \geq t\right) \leq 2e^{-\frac{t^2}{2n}}$ .
- 3. Consider a branching process starting with one individual, where each individual gives birth to a number of offspring which is distributed as the random variable Z that has  $\mathbb{E}\left(Z\right)<1$ . If  $Z_n$  denotes the size of the nth generation, show that  $\lim_{n\to\infty}\mathbb{P}\left(Z_n>0\right)=0$ .
- 4. Let  $X_n$  be the position after n steps of a particle that performs a *biased* random walk on  $\mathbb{Z}$  starting at 0, which at each steps goes up (by +1) with probability 0 and down (by <math>-1) with probability q = 1 p, independently of any other step. Show that the sequence  $(Y_n)_{n \geq 0}$ , where  $Y_n = (q/p)^{X_n}$  is a martingale with respect to  $(X_n)_{n \geq 0}$ .