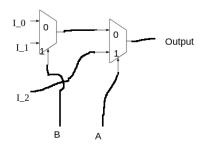
## Digital Logic Design: Homework 6

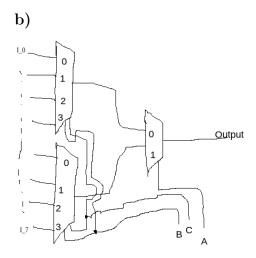
Joshua Dong

October 20, 2016

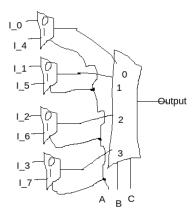
9.1

**a**)

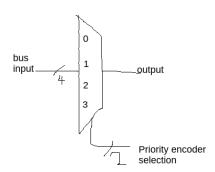




**c**)



## 9.6



## 9.11

**a**)

There are three products, requiring 3 AND gates. If F is inverted, F'=(c'd'+bc'+a'c')'=(c'+d')(b+c')(a'+c')=ab'c'd+c then we only need 1 AND gate.

b)

If F = a'b' + c'd', then we only need 2 AND gates. F' = (a'b' + c'd') = bd + ab'd + bcd' + ab'cd', so we would need 4 AND gates for the inverted output.