


Web API Design with Spring Boot Week 1 Coding Assignment

Points possible: 70

Category	Criteria	% of Grade
Functionality	Does the code work?	25
Organization	Is the code clean and organized? Proper use of white space, syntax, and consistency are utilized. Names and comments are concise and clear.	25
Creativity	Student solved the problems presented in the assignment using creativity and out of the box thinking.	25
Completeness	All requirements of the assignment are complete.	25

Instructions: In Eclipse, or an IDE of your choice, write the code that accomplishes the objectives listed below. Ensure that the code compiles and runs as directed. Take screenshots of the code and of the running program (make sure to get screenshots of all required functionality) and paste them in this document where instructed below. Create a new repository on GitHub for this week's assignments and push this document, with your Java project code, to the repository. Add the URL for this week's repository to this document where instructed and submit this document to your instructor when complete.

Here's a friendly tip: as you watch the videos, code along with the videos. This will help you with the homework. When a screenshot is required, look for the icon:  You will keep adding to this project throughout this part of the course. When it comes time for the final project, use this project as a starter.

Here's a hint: make sure you are running a version of Java that is 11+. To get the version, open a Windows command window or a Mac Terminal window and type `java -version`. If you need to upgrade, go here: <https://docs.aws.amazon.com/corretto/latest/corretto-11-ug/downloads-list.html>. Pick the .msi installer version (Windows) or the .pkg version (Mac).

Project Resources: <https://github.com/promineotech/Spring-Boot-Course-Student-Resources>

Coding Steps:

- 1) Create a Maven project named `JeepSales` as described in the video.

- 1.a) In Spring Tool Suite, click the "File" menu. Select "New/Project...". In the popup, expand "Maven" and select "Maven Project". Click "Next".
- 1.b) Check "Create a simple project (skip archetype selection)". Click "Next".
- 1.c) Enter the following:

Group Id	com.promineotech
Artifact Id	jeep-sales

Click "Finish".

- 2) Navigate to the Spring Initializr (<https://start.spring.io/>).

- 2.a) Confirm the following settings:

Project	Maven Project
Language	Java
Spring Boot	Select the latest stable version (not SNAPSHOT or RC)
Group	com.promineotech
Artifact	jeep-sales
Name	jeep-sales
Description	Jeep Sales
Package name	com.promineotech
Packaging	Jar
Java	11

- 2.b) Add the dependencies from the Initializr:
 - b.i) Web
 - b.ii) Devtools
 - b.iii) Lombok
- 2.c) Click "Explore" at the bottom of the page.
- 2.d) Click "Copy" to copy the pom.xml generated by the Initializr to the clipboard.

- 3) In Spring Tool Suite, open pom.xml (in the project root directory). Select all the text in the editor and replace it with the XML copied to the clipboard in the prior step.
- 4) Navigate to <https://mvnrepository.com/>. Search for springdoc-openapi-ui. Select the latest version and add the entry to the POM file in the <dependencies> section.
- 5) Create a package in src/main/java named com.promineotech.jeeep. In this package:
 - 5.a) Create a Java class with a main method named JeepSales.
 - 5.b) Add a class-level annotation: @SpringBootApplication and the import statement.
 - 5.c) In the main() method, add a call to SpringApplication.run();. Use JeepSales.class as the first parameter, and the args parameter that was passed into the main() method as the second. The entire class should look like this:

```
package com.promineotech.jeeep;

import org.springframework.boot.SpringApplication;
import org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.SpringBootApplication;

@SpringBootApplication
public class JeepSales {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        SpringApplication.run(JeepSales.class, args);
    }
}
```

- 6) Refer to README.docx in the supplied project resources. Copy all files in the Files folder in the resources to your project as described in the README. **Do not copy the files in the Entity or Source folders at this time.**
 - 6.a) Load the files that were added: right-click on the project in Package Explorer and select "Refresh".
 - 6.b) Update the project with the new POM dependencies: right-click on the project in Package Explorer, select "Maven/Update Project". When the "Update Maven Project" panel appears, click "OK".
- 7) Using the MySQL Workbench or MySQL command line client (CLI), create a database named "jeeep".
- 8) Using dBeaver, or the MySQL client of choice, load the supplied .sql files (v1.0__Jeep_Schema.sql, and v1.1__Jeep_Data.sql) into the MySQL database to create the tables and populate them with data. These files are found in the project folder src/test/resources/flyway/migrations.
- 9) Create a new package in src/test/java named com.promineotech.jeeep.controller. Create a Spring Boot integration test named FetchJeepTest using the techniques shown in the video.

9.a) Add the `@SpringBootTest`, `@ActiveProfiles`, and `@Sql` annotations as described in the video.

9.b) ***The class must not be public. It should have package-level access (i.e., not public, private, or protected).

9.c) The video extended `FetchJeepTestSupport`, but you don't need to do that for the homework. Just put everything in `FetchJeepTest`. It should look like this:

```
@SpringBootTest(webEnvironment = WebEnvironment.RANDOM_PORT)
@ActiveProfiles("test")
@Sql(scripts = {
    "classpath:flyway/migrations/V1.0__Jeep_Schema.sql",
    "classpath:flyway/migrations/V1.1__Jeep_Data.sql"},
    config = @SqlConfig(encoding = "utf-8"))
class FetchJeepTest {
}
```

9.d) ***Create a test method in `FetchJeepTest`. The method must have the following method signature:

```
void testThatJeepsAreReturnedWhenAValidModelAndTrimAreSupplied()
```

9.e) Inject a `TestRestTemplate` in the test class. Name the variable `restTemplate`. Inject the port used in the test using the `@LocalServerPort` annotation. Name the variable `serverPort`. The variables and annotations should look like this:

```
@Autowired
private TestRestTemplate restTemplate;

@LocalServerPort
private int serverPort;
```

10) Create a new package in `src/main/java` named `com.promineotech.jeep.entity`. In that package, create an enum named `JeepModel`. Add all the jeep models from the `model_id` column in the `models` table in the database. You can use this query in dBeaver: `SELECT DISTINCT model_id FROM models`.

11) Create a `Jeep` class in the `com.promineotech.jeep.entity` package. Add the columns from the `models` table into this class as instance variables. Annotate the class with the Lombok annotations `@Data`, `@Builder` (and optionally both `@NoArgsConstructor` and `@AllArgsConstructor`). Note that `modelId` should be of type `JeepModel` and `basePrice` should be of type `BigDecimal`. The class should look like this (remember to add the appropriate import statements):

```
@Data
@Builder
@NoArgsConstructor
@AllArgsConstructor
public class Jeep {
    private Long modelPK;
```

```

private JeepModel modelId;
private String trimLevel;
private int numDoors;
private int wheelSize;
private BigDecimal basePrice;
}

```

- 12) In the supplied resources, copy all files in the Entities folder to the src/main/java/com/promineotech/jeep/entity folder. **Do not copy anything from the Source folder at this time.**
- 13) Back in the test method that you were writing, create local variables for JeepModel, trim, and uri. Set them appropriately like this:

Variable Type	Variable Name	Variable Value
JeepModel	model	JeepModel.WRANGLER
String	trim	"Sport"
String	uri	String.format("http://localhost:%d/jeeps?model=%s&trim=%s", serverPort, model, trim);

- 13.a) Send an HTTP request to the REST service that passes a JeepModel and trim level as URI parameters (as shown in the video). Use this method call:

```

ResponseEntity<List<Jeep>> response = restTemplate.exchange(uri,
    HttpMethod.GET, null, new ParameterizedTypeReference<>() {});

```

Make sure to use the import java.util.List and org.springframework.http.HttpMethod.

- 13.b) Using [AssertJ](#), test that the response that comes back from the server is 200 (success) – or as is shown in the video: HttpStatus.OK. The code should look like this:

```
assertThat(response.getStatusCode()).isEqualTo(HttpStatus.OK);
```

Use the import statements:

```
import static org.assertj.core.api.Assertions.assertThat;
```

- 13.c) Produce a screenshot showing the completed test class. 

- 14) In src/main/java, create a new package com.promineotech.jeepp.controller. In this package, create an interface named JeepSalesController.

- 14.a) Add the class-level annotation @RequestMapping("/jeeps").

- 14.b) Add the fetchJeeps method in a controller interface with the following signature:

```
List<Jeep> fetchJeeps(JeepModel model, String trim);
```

Make sure you use the List from java.util.List.


14.c) ***Add OpenAPI documentation to document the four possible outcomes: 200 (success), 400 (bad input), 404 (not found) and 500 (unplanned error) as shown in the video.

14.d) Add the parameter annotations in the OpenAPI documentation to describe the model and trim parameters.


14.e) Add the @GetMapping annotation and the @ResponseStatus(code = HttpStatus.OK) annotation as method-level annotations to the fetchJeeps method.

14.f) Add the @RequestParam annotations to the parameters as described in the video. The interface should look like this (omitting the OpenAPI annotations):

```
@RequestMapping("/jeeps")
public interface JeepSalesController {
    @GetMapping
    @ResponseStatus(code = HttpStatus.OK)
    List<Jeep> fetchJeeps(@RequestParam JeepModel model,
        @RequestParam String trim);
}
```

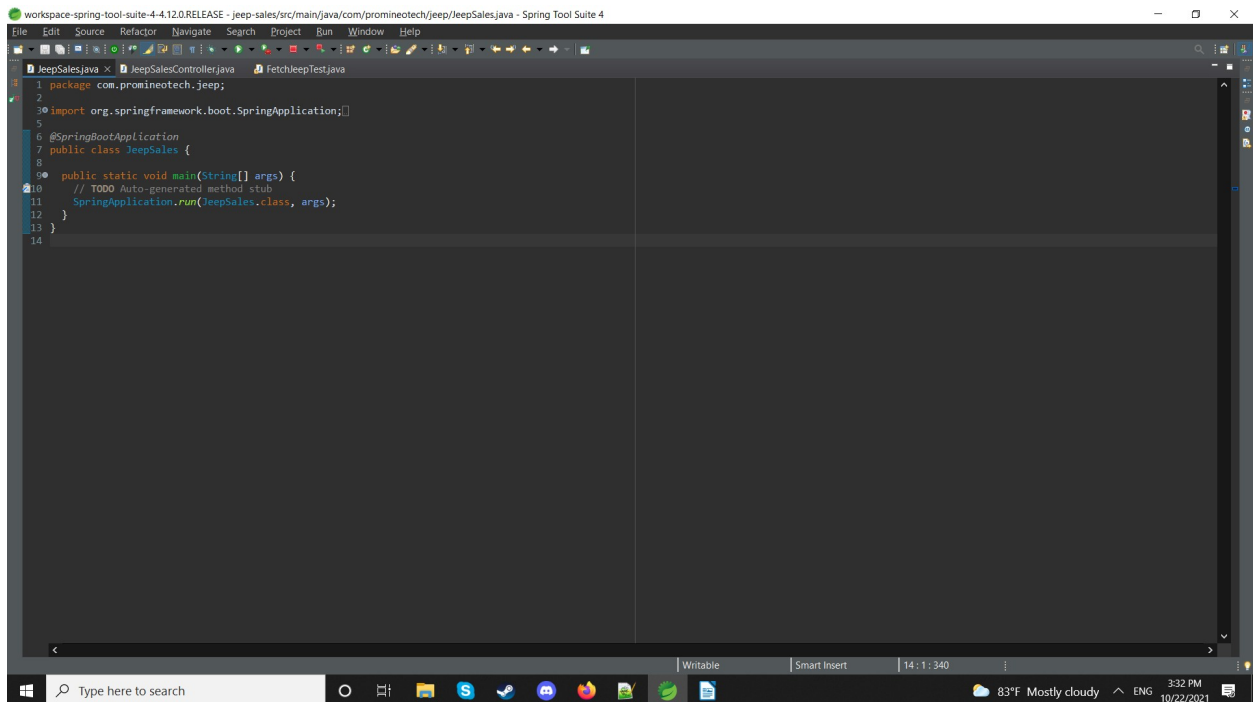
14.g) Produce a screenshot showing the interface and OpenAPI documentation. 

15) Add the controller implementation class named DefaultJeepSalesController. Don't forget the @RestController annotation.

16) Run the application within the IDE and show the resulting OpenAPI (Swagger) documentation produced in the browser. Produce a screenshot of the documentation showing all four possible outcomes. 

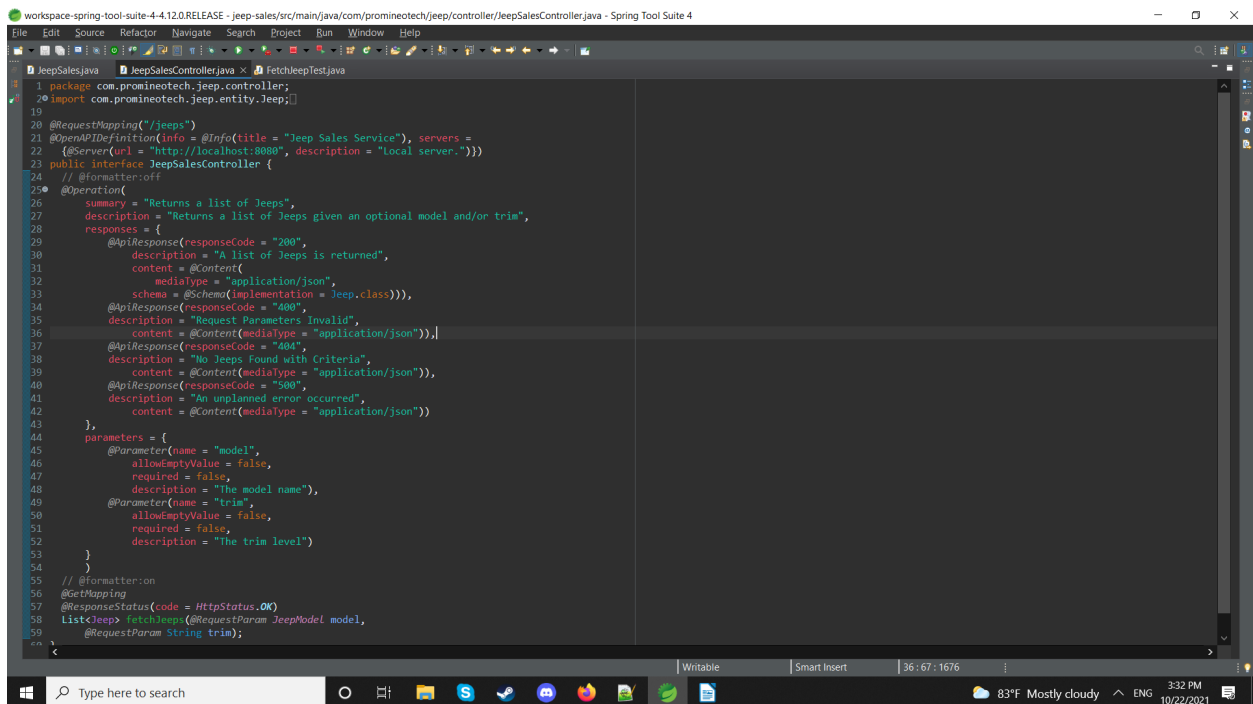
Screenshots of Code:

JeepSales.java



```
workspace-spring-tool-suite-4-4.12.0.RELEASE - jeep-sales/src/main/java/com/promineotech/jeep/JeepSales.java - Spring Tool Suite 4
File Edit Source Refactor Navigate Search Project Run Window Help
JeepSales.java x JeepSalesController.java x FetchJeepTest.java
1 package com.promineotech.jee;
2
3 import org.springframework.boot.SpringApplication;
4
5
6 @SpringBootApplication
7 public class JeepSales {
8
9     public static void main(String[] args) {
10         // TODO Auto-generated method stub
11         SpringApplication.run(JeepSales.class, args);
12     }
13 }
14
```

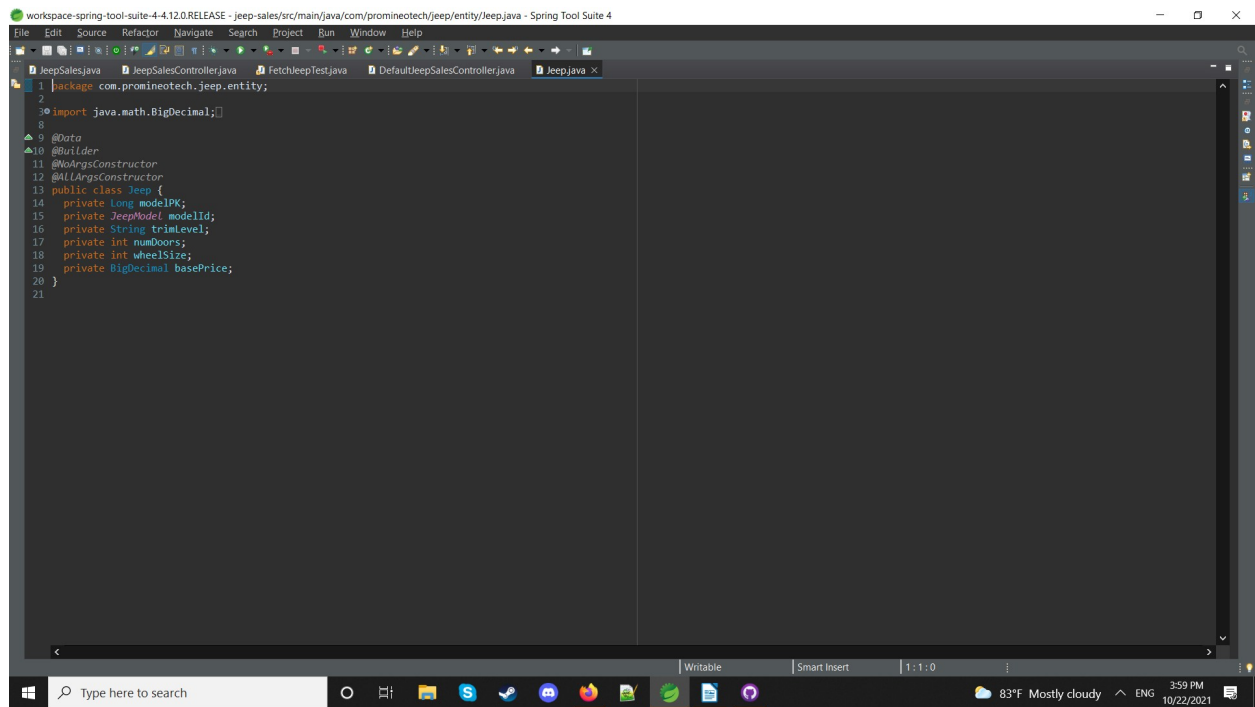
(#14) JeepSalesController.java with OpenAPI Documentation



```
workspace-spring-tool-suite-4-4.12.0.RELEASE - jeep-sales/src/main/java/com/promineotech/jeep/controller/JeepSalesController.java - Spring Tool Suite 4
File Edit Source Refactor Navigate Search Project Run Window Help
JeepSales.java x JeepSalesController.java x FetchJeepTest.java
1 package com.promineotech.jee.controller;
2 import com.promineotech.jee.entity.Jee;
3
4
5 @RequestMapping("/jeeps")
6 @OpenAPIDefinition(info = @Info(title = "Jeep Sales Service", servers =
7     {@Server(url = "http://localhost:8080", description = "Local server:")}))
8 public interface JeepSalesController {
9     // @formatter:off
10     @Operation(
11         summary = "Returns a list of Jeeps",
12         description = "Returns a list of Jeeps given an optional model and/or trim",
13         responses = {
14             @ApiResponse(responseCode = "200",
15                 description = "A list of Jeeps is returned",
16                 content = @Content(
17                     mediaType = "application/json",
18                     schema = @Schema(implementation = Jee.class))),
19             @ApiResponse(responseCode = "400",
20                 description = "Request Parameters Invalid",
21                 content = @Content(mediaType = "application/json")),
22             @ApiResponse(responseCode = "404",
23                 description = "No Jeeps Found with Criteria",
24                 content = @Content(mediaType = "application/json")),
25             @ApiResponse(responseCode = "500",
26                 description = "An unplanned error occurred",
27                 content = @Content(mediaType = "application/json"))
28         },
29         parameters = {
30             @Parameter(name = "model",
31                 allowEmptyValue = false,
32                 required = false,
33                 description = "The model name"),
34             @Parameter(name = "trim",
35                 allowEmptyValue = false,
36                 required = false,
37                 description = "The trim level")
38         }
39     )
40     // @formatter:on
41     @GetMapping
42     @ResponseStatus(code = HttpStatus.OK)
43     List<Jee> fetchJeeps(@RequestParam JeepModel model,
44         @RequestParam String trim);
45 }

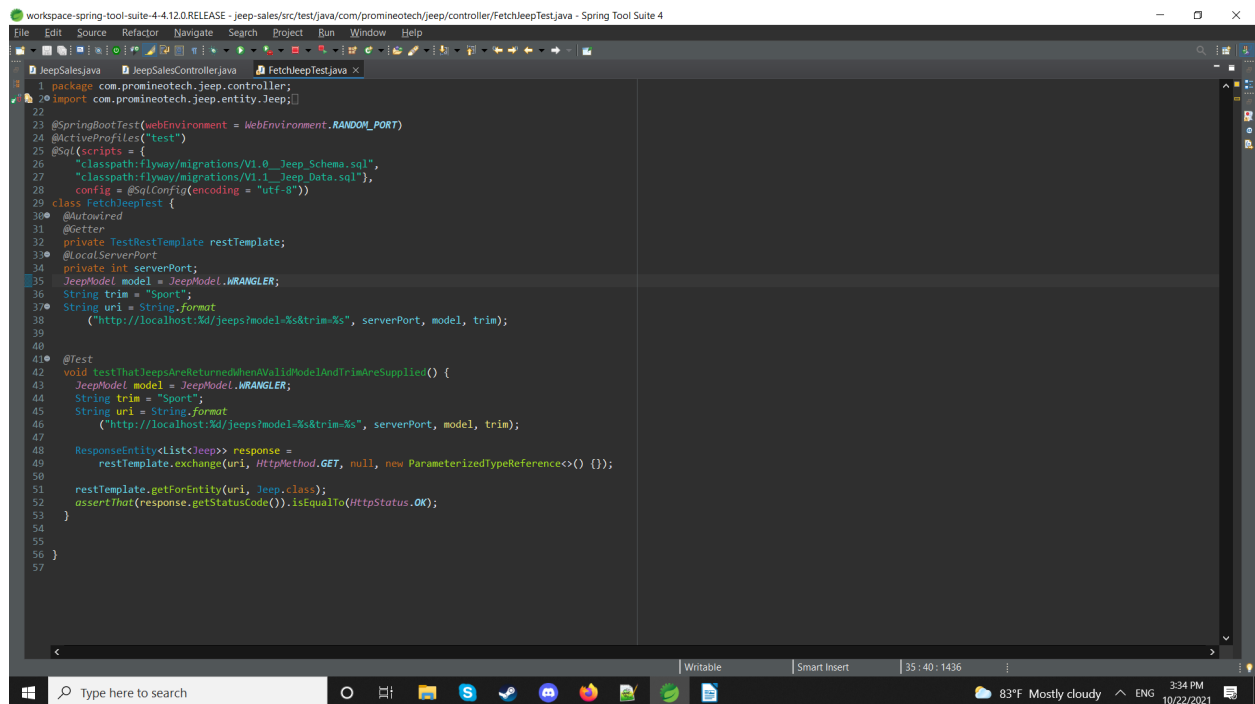
```

Jeep.java



```
workspace-spring-tool-suite-4-4.12.0.RELEASE - jeep-sales/src/main/java/com/promineotech/jeep/entity/jeep.java - Spring Tool Suite 4
File Edit Source Refactor Navigate Search Project Run Window Help
JeepSales.java JeepSalesController.java FetchJeepTest.java DefaultJeepSalesController.java Jeep.java x
1 package com.promineotech.jeep.entity;
2
3 import java.math.BigDecimal;
4
5 @Data
6 @Builder
7 @NoArgsConstructor
8 @AllArgsConstructor
9 public class Jeep {
10     private Long modelId;
11     private JeepModel modelId;
12     private String trimLevel;
13     private int numDoors;
14     private int wheelSize;
15     private BigDecimal basePrice;
16 }
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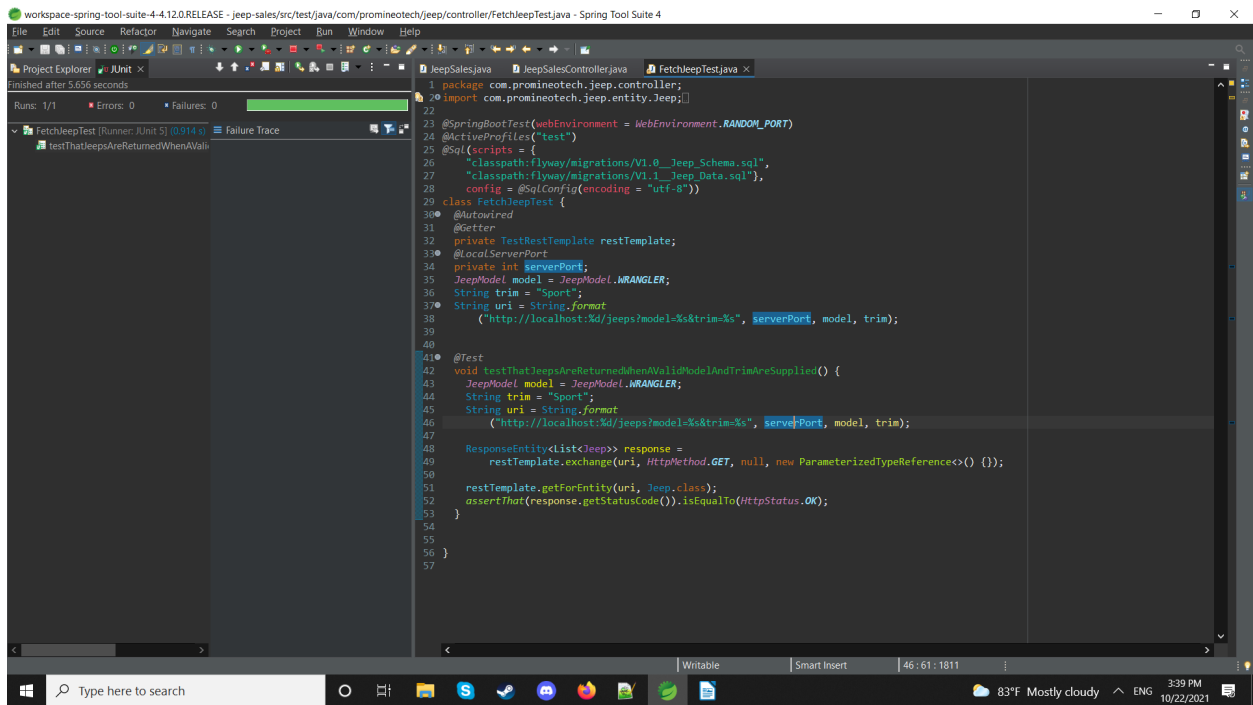
FetchJeepTest.java



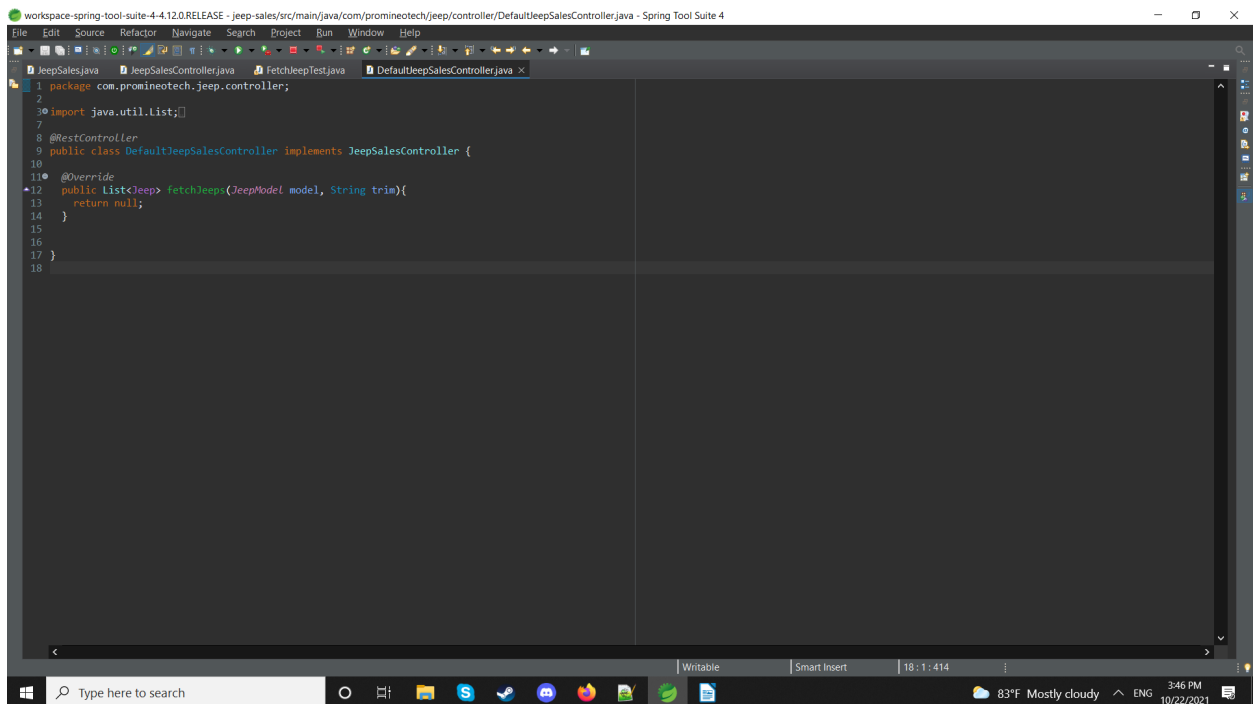
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workspace-spring-tool-suite-4-4.12.0.RELEASE - jeep-sales/src/test/java/com/promineotech/jeep/controller/jeep/jeep.java - Spring Tool Suite 4
File Edit Source Refactor Navigate Search Project Run Window Help
JeepSales.java JeepSalesController.java FetchJeepTest.java x
1 package com.promineotech.jeep.controller;
2 import com.promineotech.jeep.entity.Jeep;
3
4 @SpringBootTest(webEnvironment = WebEnvironment.RANDOM_PORT)
5 @ActiveProfiles("test")
6 @Sql(scripts = {
7     "classpath:flyway/migrations/V1.0__Jeep_Schema.sql",
8     "classpath:flyway/migrations/V1.1__Jeep_Data.sql",
9     config = @SqlConfig(encoding = "utf-8")
10 })
11 class FetchJeepTest {
12     @Autowired
13     @Getter
14     private TestRestTemplate restTemplate;
15     @LocalServerPort
16     private int serverPort;
17     JeepModel model = JeepModel.WRANGLER;
18     String trim = "Sport";
19     String url = String.format("http://localhost:%d/jeeps?model=%s&trim=%s", serverPort, model, trim);
20
21     @Test
22     void testThatJeepsAreReturnedWhenValidModelAndTrimAreSupplied() {
23         JeepModel model = JeepModel.WRANGLER;
24         String trim = "Sport";
25         String url = String.format("http://localhost:%d/jeeps?model=%s&trim=%s", serverPort, model, trim);
26
27         ResponseEntity<List<Jeep>> response =
28             restTemplate.exchange(url, HttpMethod.GET, null, new ParameterizedTypeReference<>() {});
29
30         assertEquals(1, response.getBody().size());
31         Jeep jeep = response.getBody().get(0);
32         assertEquals(model, jeep.getModelId());
33         assertEquals(trim, jeep.getTrimLevel());
34     }
35 }
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Screenshots of Running Application:

(#13) FetchJeepTest.java with HTTP OK test



DefaultJeepSalesController.java



(#16) Swagger UI with Programmed Situations

The screenshot shows the Swagger UI for a service named "Jeep Sales Service". The URL bar indicates the configuration URL is `/v3/api-docs/swagger-config#/default-jeep-sales-controller/fetchJeeps`. The "default-jeep-sales-controller" section is expanded, showing the `GET /jeeps` endpoint. The description states: "Returns a list of Jeeps given an optional model and/or trim". The parameters section includes a required `model` parameter (type `string`) with available values: `GRAND_CHEROKEE`, `CHEROKEE`, `COMPASS`, `RENEGADE`, `WRANGLER`, `GLADIATOR`, and `WRANGLER_4XE`. There is also a required `trim` parameter (type `string`). The responses section is currently collapsed.

(#16-2)

This screenshot shows the "Responses" section of the `GET /jeeps` endpoint. It lists four response codes with their descriptions and media types set to `application/json`:

- 200**: A list of Jeeps is returned. An example JSON response is shown:

```
{  "models": [    {      "model": "Grand Cherokee",      "trim": "Sport",      "wheelbase": 115,      "length": 193.7 }  ]}
```
- 400**: Request Parameters Invalid
- 404**: No Jeeps Found with Criteria
- 500**: An unplaned error occurred

Below the responses, the "Schemas" section is visible, showing a link to the `Jeep` schema.

URL to GitHub Repository:

<https://github.com/JDu8Du8/CSN-BE-Week13-CHW>