Question 1 Fill in the blank: The purpose of is to protect networks, devices, people, and data from unauthorized access or criminal exploitation. 1/1 point
planning change-management business continuity cybersecurity
Correct
Question 2 Which of the following tasks are typically responsibilities of entry-level security analysts? Select all that apply. 1 / 1 point
Creating organizational policies Protecting computer and network systems Correct Installing prevention software Correct Examining in-house security issues Correct
Question 3 Someone outside of an organization attempts to gain access to its private information. What type of threat does this scenario describe? $1/1$ point
External Accidental Ethical Internal
Correct
Question 4 Fill in the blank: Identity theft is the act of stealing to commit fraud while impersonating a victim. 1 / 1 point
business records hardware trade secrets personal information
Correct

Question 5

What are some key benefits associated with an organization meeting regulatory compliance? Select two answers. 1/1 point

Upholding ethical obligations

Correct
Identifying trends
Recruiting employees
Avoiding fines

Correct

Question 6

Which of the following proficiencies are examples of technical skills? Select two answers. 1 / 1 point

Automating tasks with programming

Correct

Communicating with employees

Prioritizing collaboration

Applying computer forensics

Correct

Question 7

Fill in the blank: Security _____ and event management (SIEM) tools enable security professionals to identify and analyze threats, risks, and vulnerabilities. 1 / 1 point

<u>information</u>

identity

improvement

intelligence

Correct

Question 8

A security professional investigates an alert about an unknown user accessing a system within their organization. What is the purpose of computer forensics in this situation? 1/1 point

Identify, analyze, and preserve criminal evidence

Establish new security frameworks, controls, and regulations for the business Implement tools that help detect an incident

Make upgrades to network security

Correct

Question 9

Which of the following statements accurately describe personally identifiable information (PII) and sensitive personally identifiable information (SPII)? Select all that apply.

1/1 point

An example of SPII is someone's financial information. Correct

An example of PII is someone's date of birth.

Correct

The theft of PII is often more damaging than the theft of SPII.

Both PII and SPII are vulnerable to identity theft. Correct