## Question 1

What is the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Cybersecurity Framework (CSF)? 1 / 1 point

Standards, guidelines, and best practices that organizations follow voluntarily in order to manage cybersecurity risk

A collection of security principles focused on maintaining confidentiality, integrity, and availability A required business framework for ensuring security updates and repairs are successful A set of security controls that help analysts determine what to do if a data breach occurs Correct

The NIST CSF is a voluntary framework that consists of standards, guidelines, and best practices to manage cybersecurity risk.

Question 2
Fill in the blank: The five core functions that make up the CSF are: identify, protect, detect,, and
recover. 1 / 1 point
regulate
reevaluate
<mark>respond</mark>
reflect
Correct
The five core functions that make up the CSF are: identify, protect, detect, respond, and recover.
Question 3
Fill in the blank: The CSF function relates to monitoring systems and devices in an organization's
internal network to help security teams manage potential cybersecurity risks and their effects. 1 / 1
point
protect
respond
<mark>identify</mark>
recover
Correct
The CSF identify function relates to monitoring systems and devices in an organization's internal

## Question 4

What does a security analyst's work involve during the CSF recover function? 1 / 1 point Pinpoint threats and improve monitoring capabilities

network to help security teams manage potential cybersecurity risks and their effects.

Contain, neutralize, and analyze security incidents

Protect an organization through the implementation of employee training

Return affected systems back to normal operation

Correct

During the recover function, a security analyst's work involves returning affected systems back to normal operation.