

Question 1

In a cybersecurity setting, which of these tasks would it be common to apply Python to? Select all that apply. 1 / 1 point

Automating how a log is read when responding to an incident

Correct

Automating several tasks from a playbook into one workflow

Correct

Reducing the effort needed to manage an access control list

Correct

Manually checking individual timestamps in a log

Question 2

What is the syntax problem in the following code?

```
if username == "aestrada":
```

```
print("username found")
```

 1 / 1 point

The first line should be indented one space, and the second line should be indented two spaces.

The line with `print("username found")` is not indented.

Both lines are not indented.

The line with `if username == "aestrada":` is not indented.

Correct

Question 3

Which of these are string data? Select all that apply. 1 / 1 point

"user1"

Correct

100

"100"

Correct

[100, 200, 300]

Question 4

Which line of Python code would create a Boolean value of True? 1 / 1 point

```
print(25<24)
```

```
print(10<100)
```

```
print("True")
```

```
print(["Boolean"])
```

Correct

Question 5

What are the variables in the following code? Select all that apply.

```
username = "kcarter"  
attempts = 5  
print(username)  
print(attempts)  
print("locked") 1 / 1 point  
"kcarter"
```

username

Correct

"locked"

attempts

Correct

Question 6

Fill in the blank: If you ran the following code, the output would _____. var1 = 9.5

```
var1_type = type(var1)  
print(var1_type) 1 / 1 point  
reassign var1 as float data  
reassign var1 as string data  
indicate that var1 contains float data  
output 9.5 to the screen  
Correct
```

Question 7

You are implementing security measures on a server. If a user has more than 3 failed login attempts, the program should print "locked out". The number of failed login attempts is stored in a variable called failed_attempts. Which conditional statement has the correct syntax needed to do this? 1 / 1 point

```
if failed_attempts >= 3  
    print("locked out")
```

```
if failed_attempts > 3:  
    print("locked out")
```

```
if failed_attempts <= 3:  
    print("locked out")
```

```
if failed_attempts < 3  
    print("locked out")
```

Correct

Question 8

You have written the following code:

```
if operating_system == "OS 3":
```

```
    print("Updates needed")
```

You want to add to it so that it will print a "No updates needed" message whenever the value of operating_system is not "OS 3". Which lines of code have the correct syntax to do this? 1 / 1 point

```
else operating_system != "OS 3":
```

```
    print("No updates needed")
```

```
else
```

```
    print("No updates needed")
```

```
else:
```

```
    print("No updates needed")
```

```
elif operating_system == "OS 3":
```

```
    print("No updates needed")
```

Correct

Question 9

What iterative statement should you use if you want to print the numbers 1, 2, and 3? 1 / 1 point

```
for i in [1,3]:
```

```
    print(i)
```

```
for i in [1, 2, 3]:
```

```
    print(i)
```

```
for i in range(1,3):
```

```
    print(i)
```

```
for i in range(0,3):
```

```
    print(i)
```

Correct

Question 10

If you want to run a loop that repeats if a count variable is less than 50, what code should your loop header contain? 1 / 1 point

```
while count < 50:
```

```
    while count == 50:
```

```
        print(50)
```

```
        count = count + 50
```

Correct