

② In population the average IQ is 100 with a standard deviation of 15. A team of scientist wants to test a new medication to see if it has a +ve or -ve effect, or no effect at all. A sample of 30 participants who have taken the medication has a mean of 100. Did the medication effect the intelligence?

→ Population Data

$$\mu = 100$$
$$\sigma = 15$$

Sample Data

$$\frac{n}{N} = \frac{30}{150}$$

Null hypothesis: Medication has no effect

Alternate hypothesis: Medication has effect

② Deciding The type of Test

- Z Test condition
- Population standard deviation or
- No population standard deviation
- sample size ≥ 30

T-test condition

- ① No population standard deviation or variance
- ② sample size is less than 30

We will use Z-Test

Confidence Interval = 95%.

$$\alpha = 1 - 0.95 = 0.05$$

Two tail or One Tail

Mediation $\begin{cases} \rightarrow +ve \\ \rightarrow -ve \end{cases}$ & both

Two tail test