```
1
      #include <iostream>
 2
      struct Point {
 3
          int x;
 4
          int y;
 5
      };
      // Instead of writing this, we can represent the x and
 6
        v coordinates through a structure called 'Point'
      void DrawLine(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2) {
7
8
      }
9
10
      //More natural and easy to understand
11
12
      // More readable and easier too!
      // Note that you are able to access the member
13
•
        variables directly,
      // because these variables within the Struct is
14
      // declared as public.
15
      // If we had used a class here, instead of a struct,
16
•
        then we would have to manually use the access
        modifier public.
•
      // In this regard, Structures give us convenience. In
17
•
        C++, a struct and a class are exactly the same
•
        except for default access.
18
      // You can use a structure everywhere a class is used.
19
      void DrawLine(Point start, Point end) {
20
          std::cout << start.x << std::endl;</pre>
      }
21
      int main() {
22
23
24
          return 0;
25
      }
26
```