```
title: "CMA2"
output: html document
date: "2025-05-01"
```{r setup, include=FALSE}
library(haven)
setwd("/Users/josephepstein/Desktop/Causal Mediation Analysis")
list.files(pattern = "\\.dta$")
jobs2 <- read_dta("jobs2.dta")</pre>
View(jobs2)
. . .
```{r}
#4.1) Treatment assignment balances the distribution of baseline covariates.
library(dplyr)
library(tidyr)
library(broom)
jobs2 <- read_dta("jobs2.dta")</pre>
baseline_vars <- c("econ_hard", "sex", "age", "nonwhite", "educ", "income")</pre>
treatment_var <- "treat"</pre>
# t-test
run_t_test <- function(var) {</pre>
  t.test(jobs2[[var]] ~ jobs2[[treatment_var]]) %>%
    tidy() %>%
    mutate(variable = var) %>%
    select(variable, estimate1, estimate2, p.value)
}
# chi-squared test (for categorical)
run_chisq_test <- function(var) {</pre>
  tbl <- table(jobs2[[var]], jobs2[[treatment var]])</pre>
  chisq.test(tbl) %>%
    tidy() %>%
    mutate(variable = var) %>%
    select(variable, p.value)
}
# Run t-tests on numeric vars
numeric_vars <- c("econ_hard", "age", "educ", "income")</pre>
t_results <- bind_rows(lapply(numeric_vars, run_t_test))
# Run chi-sq tests on categorical vars
categorical_vars <- c("sex", "nonwhite")</pre>
c_results <- bind_rows(lapply(categorical_vars, run_chisq_test))</pre>
balance_results <- full_join(t_results, c_results, by = "variable")
```

```
print(balance_results)
```{r}
# 4.2) Experimental estimate of the total effect of treatment on the probability of
reemployment
# Mean reemployment by treatment group
reemployment_means <- jobs2 %>%
  group_by(treat) %>%
  summarize(
    mean_work1 = mean(work1, na.rm = TRUE),
    n = n()
  )
print(reemployment_means)
# Difference in means via t-test
treatment_effect <- t.test(work1 ~ treat, data = jobs2)</pre>
# Tidy output with estimate and CI
treatment_effect_result <- tidy(treatment_effect)</pre>
print(treatment effect result)
# Alternative estimate via linear regression
model <- lm(work1 ~ treat, data = jobs2)
summary(model)
```{r}
#4.3) Estimate of the total effect of treatment on job search self-efficacy
reemployment_means <- jobs2 %>%
  group by(treat) %>%
  summarize(
    mean_work1 = mean(work1, na.rm = TRUE),
    n = n()
print(reemployment_means)
# Difference in means via t-test
treatment_effect <- t.test(work1 ~ treat, data = jobs2)</pre>
# Tidy output with estimate and CI
treatment effect result <- tidy(treatment effect)
print(treatment effect result)
# Alternatively, estimate via linear regression
model <- lm(work1 ~ treat, data = jobs2)
summary(model)
```{r}
# 5.1: ATE, NDE, NIE, treat -> employ, mediated by Jobseek
library(mediation)
# Mediator model: job search self-efficacy ~ treatment
model_m <- lm(job_seek ~ treat, data = jobs2)</pre>
# Outcome model: employment ~ treatment + mediator
model_y <- lm(work1 ~ treat + job_seek, data = jobs2)</pre>
```

```
# Run mediation analysis
mediation_result <- mediate(</pre>
  model.m = model_m,
  model.y = model_y,
  treat = "treat",
  mediator = "job_seek",
  boot = TRUE,
  sims = 1000
print_mediation_summary <- function(med_obj) {</pre>
  cat("Causal Mediation Analysis Results\n")
  # Extract estimates and CIs
  ATE <- med_obj$total.effect
  ATE_ci <- med_obj$total.ci
  ATE_p <- med_obj$total.p
  NDE <- med_obj$d0
  NDE_ci <- med_obj$d0.ci
  NDE_p <- med_obj$d0.p
  NIE <- med_obj$z0
  NIE ci <- med obj$z0.ci
  NIE_p <- med_obj$z0.p
  prop med <- med obj$n0
  prop med ci <- med obj$n0.ci</pre>
  prop_med_p <- med_obj$n0.p</pre>
  # Print formatted summary
  cat(sprintf("Average Treatment Effect (ATE):
  %.6f (95% CI: %.6f, %.6f), p = %.3f\n'',
              ATE, ATE_ci[1], ATE_ci[2], ATE_p))
  cat(sprintf("Natural Direct Effect (NDE):
  %.6f (95% CI: %.6f, %.6f), p = %.3f n'',
              NDE, NDE_ci[1], NDE_ci[2], NDE_p))
  cat(sprintf("Natural Indirect Effect (NIE):
  %.6f (95% CI: %.6f, %.6f), p = %.3f\n'',
              NIE, NIE_ci[1], NIE_ci[2], NIE_p))
  cat(sprintf("Proportion Mediated:
   %.6f (95% CI: %.6f, %.6f), p = %.3f\n'',
              prop_med, prop_med_ci[1], prop_med_ci[2], prop_med_p))
  cat("\nMethod: Nonparametric Bootstrap (", med_obj$sims, " simulations)\n", sep = "")
  cat("Sample Size: ", med_obj$n, "\n", sep = "")
print_mediation_summary(mediation_result)
. . .
```{r}
# Ensure treat is coded as 0 (control) and 1 (treatment)
```

```
jobs2$treat <- as.numeric(jobs2$treat)</pre>
if (!all(jobs2$treat %in% c(0, 1))) {
  jobs2$treat <- ifelse(jobs2$treat == min(jobs2$treat), 0, 1)</pre>
# Filter complete cases
model_data <- jobs2 %>%
  dplyr::select(treat, job_seek, work1, econ_hard, sex, age, nonwhite, educ, income) %>%
  filter(complete.cases(.))
# Fit mediator and outcome models
model_m <- lm(job_seek ~ treat + econ_hard + sex + age + nonwhite + educ + income, data =</pre>
model data)
model_y <- lm(work1 ~ treat + job_seek + econ_hard + sex + age + nonwhite + educ + income,</pre>
data = model_data)
# Run causal mediation analysis
med <- mediate(model.m = model_m, model.y = model_y, treat = "treat", mediator =</pre>
"job_seek", boot = TRUE, sims = 1000)
summary(med)
. . .
```{r}
# Ensure treat is 0/1
jobs2$treat <- as.numeric(jobs2$treat)</pre>
if (!all(jobs2$treat %in% c(0, 1))) {
  jobs2$treat <- ifelse(jobs2$treat == min(jobs2$treat), 0, 1)</pre>
# Filter complete cases
model_data <- jobs2 %>%
  dplyr::select(treat, job_seek, work1, econ_hard, sex, age, nonwhite, educ, income) %>%
  filter(complete.cases(.))
# Mediator model
model_m <- lm(job_seek ~ treat + econ_hard + sex + age + nonwhite + educ + income, data =</pre>
model_data)
# Outcome model with interaction term
model_y <- lm(work1 ~ treat * job_seek + econ_hard + sex + age + nonwhite + educ + income,</pre>
data = model_data)
# Mediation analysis (no INT argument needed)
med <- mediate(</pre>
  model.m = model_m,
  model.y = model_y,
treat = "treat",
  mediator = "job_seek",
  boot = TRUE,
  sims = 1000
# Print result
summary(med)
```{r}
# Ensure treat is 0/1
```

```
jobs2$treat <- as.numeric(jobs2$treat)</pre>
if (!all(jobs2$treat %in% c(0, 1))) {
  jobs2$treat <- ifelse(jobs2$treat == min(jobs2$treat), 0, 1)</pre>
# Filter data
model_data <- jobs2 %>%
  dplyr::select(treat, job_seek, work1, econ_hard, sex, age, nonwhite, educ, income) %>%
  filter(complete.cases(.))
# Linear regression for job search self-efficacy
lm_job_seek <- lm(job_seek ~ treat + econ_hard + sex + age + nonwhite + educ + income,</pre>
data = model data)
summary(lm_job_seek)
# Logistic regression for employment
logit_work1 <- glm(work1 ~ treat + job_seek + econ_hard + sex + age + nonwhite + educ +</pre>
income,
                    data = model_data, family = binomial(link = "logit"))
summary(logit_work1)
```{r}
# Ensure treat is binary
jobs2$treat <- as.numeric(jobs2$treat)</pre>
if (!all(jobs2$treat %in% c(0, 1))) {
  jobs2$treat <- ifelse(jobs2$treat == min(jobs2$treat), 0, 1)</pre>
# Prepare complete-case data
model data <- jobs2 %>%
  dplyr::select(treat, job_seek, work1, econ_hard, sex, age, nonwhite, educ, income) %>%
  filter(complete.cases(.))
# Linear model for mediator
model_m <- lm(job_seek ~ treat + econ_hard + sex + age + nonwhite + educ + income, data =</pre>
model_data)
# Logistic model for outcome
model_y <- glm(work1 ~ treat + job_seek + econ_hard + sex + age + nonwhite + educ +</pre>
income,
                data = model_data, family = binomial(link = "logit"))
#Mediation analysis with 2000 simulations
med <- mediate(</pre>
  model<sub>m</sub> = model m,
  model.y = model_y,
  treat = "treat"
  mediator = "job_seek",
  sims = 2000,
  boot = TRUE
# === Step 4: Print results
summary(med)
```{r}
# Ensure treat is binary
jobs2$treat <- as.numeric(jobs2$treat)</pre>
if (!all(jobs2$treat %in% c(0, 1))) {
```

```
jobs2$treat <- ifelse(jobs2$treat == min(jobs2$treat), 0, 1)</pre>
# Filter complete cases for variables
model data <- jobs2 %>%
  dplyr::select(treat, job_seek, work1, econ_hard, sex, age, nonwhite, educ, income) %>%
  filter(complete.cases(.))
# Linear mediator model
model_m <- lm(job_seek ~ treat + econ_hard + sex + age + nonwhite + educ + income, data =</pre>
model_data)
# Logistic outcome model WITH treatment × mediator interaction
model_y <- glm(</pre>
  work1 ~ treat * job_seek + econ_hard + sex + age + nonwhite + educ + income,
  family = binomial(link = "logit"),
  data = model data
# Mediation analysis with interaction, 2000 bootstraps
med_result <- mediate(</pre>
  model.m = model_m,
  model.y = model_y,
  treat = "treat",
  mediator = "job_seek",
  boot = TRUE,
  sims = 2000
)
summary(med_result)
. . .
```{r}
jobs2$treat <- as.numeric(jobs2$treat)</pre>
if (!all(jobs2$treat %in% c(0, 1))) {
  jobs2$treat <- ifelse(jobs2$treat == min(jobs2$treat), 0, 1)</pre>
# Complete case data
data_ipw <- jobs2 %>%
  dplyr::select(treat, job_seek, work1, econ_hard, sex, age, nonwhite, educ, income) %>%
  filter(complete.cases(.))
# Propensity score model 1 (main)
ps_model1 <- glm(treat ~ econ_hard + sex + age + nonwhite + educ + income,</pre>
                  data = data_ipw, family = binomial)
ps1 <- predict(ps_model1, type = "response")</pre>
# Propensity score model 2 (robust/alt spec)
ps_model2 <- glm(treat ~ econ_hard * age + sex + nonwhite + educ + income,</pre>
                  data = data_ipw, family = binomial)
ps2 <- predict(ps_model2, type = "response")</pre>
# Stabilized weights
p_treat <- mean(data_ipw$treat == 1)</pre>
# Model 1 weights
```

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sw1 <- ifelse(data_ipw$treat == 1, p_treat / ps1, (1 - p_treat) / (1 - ps1))</pre>
# Model 2 weights
sw2 \leftarrow ifelse(data ipw$treat == 1, p treat / ps2, (1 - p treat) / (1 - ps2))
# === Step 4: Censor weights (1st and 99th percentiles)
cap weights <- function(w) {</pre>
  q \leftarrow quantile(w, probs = c(0.01, 0.99))
  w[w < q[1]] < -q[1]
  w[w > q[2]] \leftarrow q[2]
  return(w)
}
sw1_capped <- cap_weights(sw1)</pre>
sw2_capped <- cap_weights(sw2)</pre>
# Weighted regression for total effect (model 1)
ate_model1 <- glm(work1 ~ treat, family = binomial, data = data_ipw, weights = sw1_capped)
summary(ate_model1)
#: Mediation using model 1 weights
# Fit mediator and outcome models (unweighted)
m_model <- lm(job_seek ~ treat + econ_hard + sex + age + nonwhite + educ + income, data =</pre>
y model <- glm(work1 ~ treat + job seek + econ hard + sex + age + nonwhite + educ +
income,
                data = data ipw, family = binomial)
# Mediation analysis (not IPW-corrected, but using the same covariates)
med_ipw <- mediate(</pre>
  model.m = m_model,
  model_y = y_model_i
  treat = "treat",
  mediator = "job_seek",
boot = TRUE,
  sims = 1000
summary(med ipw)
. . .
```{r}
# binary
jobs2$treat <- as.numeric(jobs2$treat)</pre>
if (!all(jobs2$treat %in% c(0, 1))) {
  jobs2$treat <- ifelse(jobs2$treat == min(jobs2$treat), 0, 1)</pre>
# Prepare complete-case data
model_data <- jobs2 %>%
  dplyr::select(treat, job_seek, work1, econ_hard, sex, age, nonwhite, educ, income) %>%
  filter(complete.cases(.))
# Linear mediator model
model_m <- lm(job_seek ~ treat + econ_hard + sex + age + nonwhite + educ + income, data =</pre>
model data)
# Logistic outcome model with interaction
model_y <- glm(work1 ~ treat * job_seek + econ_hard + sex + age + nonwhite + educ +
income,
                data = model_data, family = binomial)
```

```
# Mediation analysis with 90% CI, 2000 bootstraps
med_final <- mediate(</pre>
  model.m = model_m,
  model.y = model_y,
treat = "treat",
  mediator = "job_seek",
  boot = TRUE,
  sims = 2000,
  conf.level = 0.90
# Print 90% CI summary
summary(med_final)
```{r}
# Extract 2000 bootstrap simulations of ACME (NIE)
acme_vals <- med_final$d0.sims # or med_final$z0.sims depending on method</pre>
# Two-sided p-value by inverting percentile method
p_val_nie <- 2 * min(</pre>
  mean(acme_vals <= 0),</pre>
  mean(acme_vals >= 0)
)
cat("Two-sided percentile bootstrap p-value for NIE:", round(p_val_nie, 4), "\n")
# Decision at \alpha = 0.1
if (p_val_nie < 0.1) {
  cat("Reject H0: NIE \neq 0 at \alpha = 0.1 level.\n")
  cat("Fail to reject H0: insufficient evidence that NIE \neq 0 at \alpha = 0.1 level.\n")
. . .
```