

FRONT COVER



(37°17'36"N, 78°23'46"W)

- Served as the high school before Moton was built in 1939
- Named for Mary E. Branch, daughter of Tazewell and Harriett Branch, president of Tillotson College in Texas and founder of United Negro College Fund



(37°17'60"N, 78°23'36"W)

The former was a site of the 1963 protests; the latter, the office of a prominent African-American dentist, which was the center for civil rights organizing by the NAACP and the American Friends **Service Committee**



(37°18'3"N, 78°23'35"W)

- Center of civil rights organizing by Rev. A.I. Dunlap and Rev. Goodwin Douglas
- Founded 1868, during Reconstruction



First Baptist Church

(37°18'32"N, 78°23'35"W)

- Center of civil rights organizing by Rev. L. Francis Griffin
- Founded 1867, during Reconstruction



State Theater

(37°18'4"N, 78°23'35"W)

Site of 1963 downtown protests



(37°18'5"N, 78°23'34"W)

• Site of 1963 downtown protests



Prince Edward County Courthouse

(37°18'7"N, 78°23'34"W)

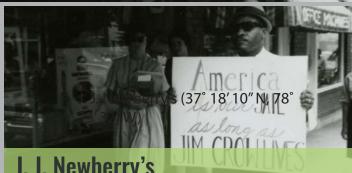
- Site of public rallies and demonstrations in 1961, 1969
- Home to the Light of Reconciliation



Farmville Baptist Church

(37°18'7"N, 78°23'33"W)

Site of kneel-in protests and arrests in 1963

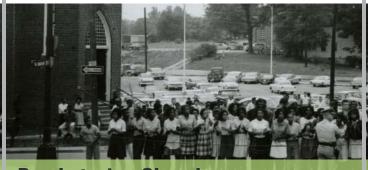


J. J. Newberry's

(37°18'3"N, 78°23'35"W)

• Site of 1963 sit-in

BACK COVER



Presbyterian Church

(37°18'11"N, 78°23'36"W)

- Site of Prince Edward Academy classrooms
- Site of kneel-in protests in 1963 [check]
- Location of Federal Army memorial service after Lincoln's assassination



(37°18'8"N, 78°23'38"W)

Site of editor J. Barrye Wall's opposition to integra-



Confederate Statue

(37°18'6"N, 78°23'43"W)

- Site of Prince Edward Academy classrooms
- Site of kneel-in protests in 1963
- Statue inscription was adopted as the name of leading segregationist group

