# Excercise Sheet 3

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```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define PROCESSES 9
int main(void){
 pid_t child_pid;
  // create 9 processes and store their pids
 for(int i = 0; i < PROCESSES; i++){</pre>
   // create child, exit if child or on error
   if((child_pid = fork()) == 0){
      exit(0);
   } else if (child_pid == -1){
      exit(1);
   }
  // wait while the wait call returns no error, don't check exit status
  // children
  while(wait(NULL) > 0);
 return EXIT_SUCCESS;
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define PROCESSES 16
int main(void){
 pid_t pid;
  // create 16 child processes
 for(int i = 0; i < PROCESSES; i++){</pre>
    //create fork, if child print pid
   if((pid = fork()) == 0){
      // print child pid
      printf("pid: %d\n", getpid());
      exit(0);
   } else if(pid == -1){
      exit(1);
 }
  /*
  * In my analysis, the order of the pid messages is generally ascending
  * altough not always perfectly ordered.
  \ast The parents message is normally in the middle of the other messages.
  * The order cannot be predicted perfectly, other than generally the
   sooner
   * a process starts, the sooner it will finish in most cases. It
   depends on
   * many factors like the scheduling algorithm, cpu usage,...
  printf("%d child processes have been created\n", PROCESSES);
  // wait for all children
  while(wait(NULL) > 0);
 return EXIT_SUCCESS;
}
```

```
#define _POSIX_SOURCE // needed for non C99 standard code like sigset_t
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <signal.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#include <sys/errno.h>
// use an atomic type as a flag to unblock SIGUSR2
volatile sig_atomic_t sig_block = 1;
// prints pid and signal
void confirm(pid_t pid, char* sig){
 printf("%d: received %s\n", pid, sig);
// signal handler for parent
void parent_handler(int sig){
 printf("%d: sending signal\n", getpid());
// signal handler for child
void child_handler(int sig){
  if(sig == SIGALRM){
    sig_block = 0;
    // unsafe in handlers
   printf("%d: unblocked SIGUSR2\n", getpid());
  } else if(sig == SIGUSR1){
    confirm(getpid(), "SIGUSR1");
  } else if(sig == SIGUSR2){
    confirm(getpid(), "SIGUSR2");
    // use atomic call in handler
    _exit(0);
 }
}
int main(void){
 pid_t child;
  sigset_t block_mask;
  // initialize signalset to block SIGUSR2
  sigemptyset(&block_mask);
  if(sigaddset(&block_mask, SIGUSR2) == EINVAL){
   perror("main: sigaddset");
    return EXIT_FAILURE;
 }
  // block all signals in block_mask
  if(sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, &block_mask, NULL) == EINVAL){
   perror("main: sigprocmask");
```

```
// create signal handler
struct sigaction sa = {
  .sa_handler = parent_handler,
  .sa\_flags = 0 // SA\_RESTART is not supported by <code>_POSIX_SOURCE</code>
};
// block every signal during the handler
sigfillset(&sa.sa_mask);
// intercept SIGALRM
if(sigaction(SIGALRM, &sa, NULL) == EINVAL){
 perror("main: couldn't handle SIGALRM");
// create a child process
if((child = fork()) == EINVAL){
 perror("main: fork");
 return EXIT_FAILURE;
// child
if(child == 0){
  // overwrite the parents signalhandler
  sa.sa_handler = child_handler;
  // overwrite the signal listeners
  // intercept SIGALRM, SIGUSR1 and SIGUSR2 \,
  if(sigaction(SIGUSR1, &sa, NULL) == EINVAL){
   perror("main: couldn't handle sigusr1");
  if(sigaction(SIGUSR2, &sa, NULL) == EINVAL){
   perror("main: couldn't handle sigusr2");
  if(sigaction(SIGALRM, &sa, NULL) == EINVAL){
   perror("main: couldn't handle SIGALRM");
  // print PID
  printf("child PID: %d\n", getpid());
  // send SIGALRM in 15sec to unblock SIGUSR2
  alarm(15);
  // wait for signals
  for(;;){
    pause();
    // if the block_flag is unset unblock SIGUSR2
    if(!sig_block){
      // unblock the previously blocked signals
      sigprocmask(SIG_UNBLOCK, &block_mask, NULL);
 }
// parent
```

```
// print PID
printf("parent PID: %d\n", getpid());

for(int i = 0; i < 4; i++){
    // wait 5 sec (send the alarm to send a signal in 5 sec)
    alarm(5);
    pause();

    // send signal
    kill(child, i < 3 ? SIGUSR1 : SIGUSR2);
    // kill(child, SIGUSR2);
}

// wait for child
waitpid(child, NULL, 0);

return EXIT_SUCCESS;
}</pre>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <signal.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
void sigchld_handler(int signo){}
int main(void){
 // create a signal handler for SIGCHLD
 signal(SIGCHLD, sigchld_handler);
  // fork
  switch(fork()){
   case -1:
     perror("main: fork");
      exit(1);
     break;
    case 0:
     // print pid if child
     printf("%d\n", getpid());
      exit(0);
    default:
     // wait for signal if parent
     pause();
     wait(NULL);
     break;
  }
 return EXIT_SUCCESS;
```