

## 转 通过JS获取真实的外网IP和内网IP以及IPv6地址

2018年06月27日 19:13:45 kirinlau 阅读数: 2012

由于需求需要获取到本机ip地址，查了半天相关只是不知所云，最后偶然得已法，遂试，果然ok，直接看下文。

通过JS获取你真实的外网IP和内网IP以及IPv6地址，就算开代理也没有用，想想真是太6，还能不能愉快的装逼了,效果如下：

localhost:8000 显示

本机IP地址为:192.168.1.102

确定

<https://blog.csdn.net/kirinlau>

该方法在chrome和firefox下通用，代码如下，

```
1 [code lang="" start="" highlight=""]
2 //get the IP addresses associated with an account
3 function getIPs(callback){
4   var ip_dups = {};
5   //compatibility for firefox and chrome
6   var RTCPeerConnection = window.RTCPeerConnection
7   || window.mozRTCPeerConnection
8   || window.webkitRTCPeerConnection;
9   //bypass naive webrtc blocking
10  if (!RTCPeerConnection) {
11    var iframe = document.createElement('iframe');
12    //invalidate content script
13    iframe.sandbox = 'allow-same-origin';
14    iframe.style.display = 'none';
15    document.body.appendChild(iframe);
16    var win = iframe.contentWindow;
17    window.RTCPeerConnection = win.RTCPeerConnection;
18    window.mozRTCPeerConnection = win.mozRTCPeerConnection;
19    window.webkitRTCPeerConnection = win.webkitRTCPeerConnection;
20    RTCPeerConnection = window.RTCPeerConnection
21    || window.mozRTCPeerConnection
22    || window.webkitRTCPeerConnection;
23  }
24  //minimal requirements for data connection
25  var mediaConstraints = {
26    optional: [{RtpDataChannels: true}] };
27  //firefox already has a default stun server in about:config
28  // media.peerconnection.default_iceservers =
29  // [{"url": "stun:stun.services.mozilla.com"}] var servers = undefined;
30  //add same stun server for chrome
31  if(window.webkitRTCPeerConnection)
32    servers = {iceServers: [{urls: "stun:stun.services.mozilla.com"}]};
33  //construct a new RTCPeerConnection
34  var pc = new RTCPeerConnection(servers, mediaConstraints);
35  //listen for candidate events
36  pc.onicecandidate = function(ice){
37    //skip non-candidate events
38    if(ice.candidate){
39      //match just the IP address
40      var ip_regex = /([0-9]{1,3}\.([0-9]{1,3}){3})/
41      var ip_addr = ip_regex.exec(ice.candidate.candidate)[1];
42      //remove duplicates
43      if(ip_dups[ip_addr] === undefined)
44        callback(ip_addr);
45      ip_dups[ip_addr] = true;
46    }
47  };
```

```
48 //create a bogus data channel
49 pc.createDataChannel("");
50 //create an offer sdp
51 pc.createOffer(function(result){
52 //trigger the stun server request
53 pc.setLocalDescription(result, function() {}, function() {});
54 }, function() {});
55 }
56 //Test: Print the IP addresses into the console
57 getIPs(function(ip){console.log(ip)});
58 // getIPs(function(ip){alert("本机IP地址为:"+ip)});
```

因为Firefox和Chrome支持WebRTC，可以向STUN服务器请求，返回内外网IP，不同于XMLHttpRequest请求，STUN请求开发者工具当中看不到网络

## 解决办法

那么，接下来让我们继续装逼——关闭WebRTC。

### Chrome

安装插件 <https://chrome.google.com/webstore/detail/webrtc-block/nphkkbaidamjmhfanlpblbcadhfbkdm?hl=en>

### Firefox

用 `media.peerconnection.enabled` 禁用。BTW，方法网上看到了，电脑没装Firefox，所以你们自己摸索吧。

### 参考资料

<https://github.com/diafygi/webrtc-ips>

<http://www.v2ex.com/t/167243>