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How to Make a Model Boat in Onshape

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Introduction

Ahoy there, and welcome to Cyclone RobSub!

As part of the team's training regimen, you and your team will be asked to design, model, assemble, wire, and program a small model boat. The primary goal of this document is to familiarize yourself with the fundamentals of computer aided design (CAD) design in Onshape. No prior experience in any CAD software is required to follow along. By the end of the tutorial, you will have created a model boat like the one seen in <u>Figure 1</u> that you and your team are encouraged to build off of.

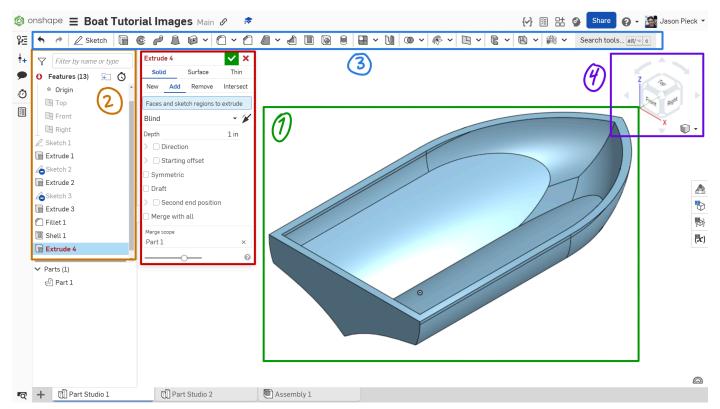


Figure 1

Overview

Looking closer at <u>Figure 1</u>, Box (1) is the the "Graphics Area" and is where you view your model . If you select a part of the model, you will see that a corresponding "Feature" will be highlighted in the "Feature List" in Box (2). The Feature List keeps a history of every operation you have performed, and allows you to go back and make changes to earlier states of the model. To add to the Feature List, you can select actions on the "toolbar" in Box (3). When you click on a tool, a dialog window like seen in Box (4) appears next to your feature list, and let house the parameters that let you modify your current operation.

Tools & Materials

As mentioned before, this tutorial utilizes the CAD software Onshape. Before beginning this tutorial, create an account at onshape.com/en/education. Using this link gives you access to the free education version of Onshape.

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If you would like to follow along in a different CAD software, bear in mind that the user interface and button names may differ from OnShape. That said, the operations utilized this tutorial are very conventional and generally exist in all CAD software.

Roadmap

You will start by first making the basic shape of a boat, and then slowly carve away at it to refine shape that is more aerodynamic and can be propelled through the water.

Warnings

CAD is powerful because of the wider verities of ways that modeling challenges can be approached. As a result, it is impossible for this tutorial to be fully comprehensive. Bearing that in mind, this tutorial will be focused on only one method to achieve the desired shape. If you are interested in alternatives, I highly recommend you check out the wider verity of resources available online.

Procedure

1 - Starting Your first Sketch

The first thing that we need to do whenever making a model in CAD is making a sketch. To make your first sketch, click the Sketch button on the left side of the tool bar.

Onshape will then prompt you to select a plane. Select the top plane by either clicking on the plane in the view-window or on the feature tree as seen in Figure 2.

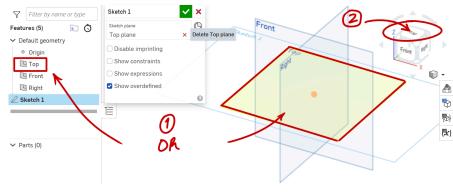


Figure 2

It is best practice to be looking directly at the plane you are working on, so navigate to the view-finder at the top right of the screen and click on the Top surface. This will reorient your view-window such that you now face the top plane directly head on.

2 - Sketching base of the boat contour

Select the Center point rectangle tool from the rectangle tools dropdown as seen in Figure 3. After selecting, your tool should change in a cross-hair shaped like a plus sign.

Click on the origin point and then move your mouse outwards as seen in <u>Figure 4</u>. At this point in time, it does not matter how far out you go, nor that the numbers that you see in <u>Figure 4</u> match your own.

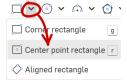


Figure 3

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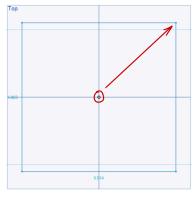


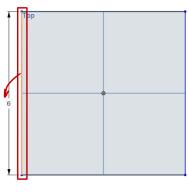
Figure 4

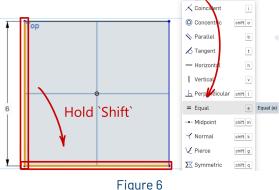
Instead of adding another dimension, create = Equal between two perpendicular sides of the rectangle. While selecting, hold Shift on your keyboard select = Equal as show in Figure 6. Now if we change the dimension set earlier, all sides of the square will change size automatically.

Warning

Failing to select the origin point when starting the sketch will result an under-defined sketch that does not align with the default geometry of the model. This can cause issues later down the line in more complex models, and should be avoided whenever possible.

Now that we have shape, we can add dimensions. Select the Mimension tool from the right side of the toolbar. Your mouse should once again change to a cross-hair. Click on the left side of the rectangle, and then click off to the side as seen in Figure 5.





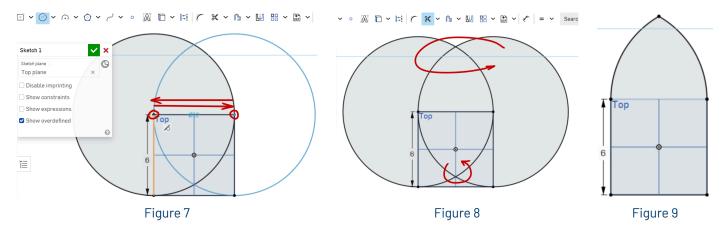
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Figure 5

3 - Sketching the front of the boat contour

Using the ③ Circle tool, add two circle to your the top corners of your sketch as seen in Figure 7. When selecting the size of the circle, line up your cursor with the opposite opposite sided corner. As you get close, the line will change colors to orange and the icon for 🟑 Tangent will appear. The icon signifies that Onshape is automatically adding a relation to the sketch. If done correctly, the circle will appear black in color.

Select the cutting tool, and click and drag your mouse of the sections of the circle as signified in Figure 8. Once you are finished, your sketch should look like <u>Figure 9</u>. Select the green check mark, and your sketch is finished!



Tip

The trim tool is a great way to remove unwanted geometry from a sketch.

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4 - Extruding the Sketch

Now that we hae a sketch, we can "extrude" it to make it three-dimensional. Click the Extrude button in toolbar Figure 10. and then select the face of sketch 1 as shown in . As in Step 1, you can either click on the face in the graphics area or on the feature list. Set the Depth of the extrude to 2in and click the check mark. If you reorient your part, it should now look like Figure 11

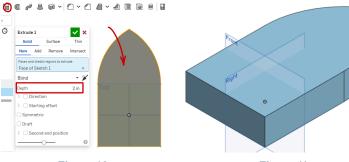


Figure 10

Figure 11

5 - Adding a sketch to non-planar geometry

We want the front of the boat to curve up. Create another Sketch, this time clicking on the flat surface side surface of the boat as seen in <u>Figure 12</u>.



Onshape will not allow you to built a sketch on a curved surface. As a result, we need to built a sketch that is offset from the surface

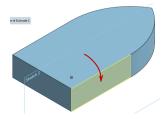
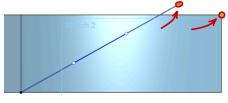
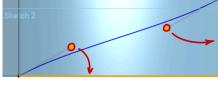


Figure 12

Looking at the tipped end of the boat, add a spline using the Spline tool. Start at the bottom left of the curve-start, and then go to somewhere above the top of the boat as in <u>Figure 13</u>. To cancel a third spline point, press esc on your keyboard. While holding Shift, click on the end point of the spline and the tip of the boat, and then add a relation called Coincident. This will force the two points to overlap.

Add another Coincident relationship, this time between the spline control node and the closest edge of the boat as seen in <u>Figure 14</u>. The nodes should be stuck to their respective lines. Drag each not to a position that gives you a shape to your liking similar to <u>Figure 15</u>.





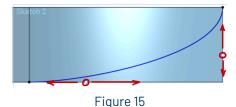


Figure 13 Figure 14

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Compelete the sketch by using the Line tool to draw two lines and close the shape of the spline. If the sketch is successfully closed it will look like Figure 16. Exit the sketch, and make another extrude. This time, select Remove, and change the end condition from Bind to Through all.

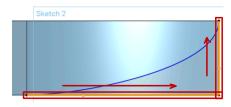




Figure 16 Figure 17

6 - Shaping the bottom of the hull

Create another sketch, this time on the flat back side of the boat. First create a center line using the Line tool by aligning with the top and bottom midpoints of the hull. Make this line a construction line by clicking the Construction tool.

Next, using the Spline tool, create an arc same similar to Figure 18. Here, the nodes do not need to be precisely aligned, and you are encouraged to experiment with different shapes.

Warning

When making the spline, make sure the endpoints don't terminate at a corner of the hull. This is to allow for the use of "imprinting" when extruding the sketch.

Next, click the Mirror tool to mirror the spline across the centerline you created earlier. Onshape will prompt you for the order in which objects should be selected. The final result will look like <u>Figure 19</u>, and any future adjustments will keep both sides identical.

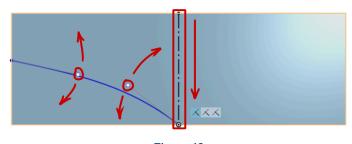


Figure 18

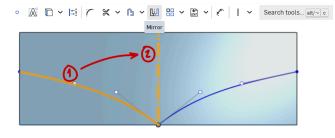


Figure 19

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7 - Rounding the corners

Select the Fillet tool from the tool bar, and select the top two arcs found at the front of the ship. In the dialog box, set the Radius to 1.9 in, Notice that the curve propagates to the rest of the hull as seen in Figure 20.

Warning

Setting the Radius to the height of the boat will result in the fillet failing. Therefore, we make the Radius 0.1in less than the height of the ship.



Figure 20

8 - Hollowing out the hull

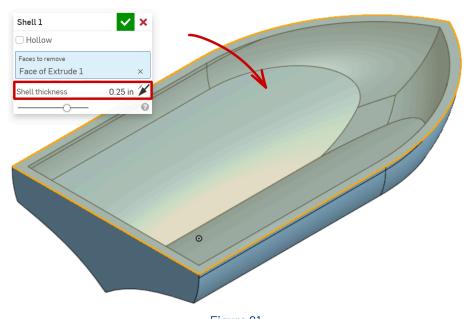


Figure 21

Now that we have shaped the exterior of the hull, we can use the Shell tool to carve out its interior. Select the Shell tool from the tool bar and click on the top surface of the boat. A preview of the feature should appear in the graphics area as seen in Figure 21. Set the Shell thickness to 0.25in.

Tip

The resulting geometry of the hull interior is not ideal for placing electronics. Therefore, consider adding additional features to create a flat surface.

Conclusion

Congratulations! You have just finished making a model boat in Onshape! This model is a great base for any boat design, but needs to be expanded on to be viable for competition. Consider adding cutouts for your motors and propellers, and try to find ways to protect your electronics from getting splashed with water. Try an think of other ways that a boat can be modeled. Thanks for following along, and se you at the next meeting!

Learned Skills

- Make a sketch using lines and arcs
- Constrain sketch geometry using relations and dimensions
- Extrude add and extrude remove geometry
- · Fillet and shell a model