SVKM's NMIMS

Mukesh Patel School of Technology Management & Engineering Computer Engineering Department Program: B. Tech/MBA Tech EXTC

Course: B. Tech/MBA. Tech (EXTC)

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Program : Btech	Division:
Batch:	Date of Experiment: 13-01-2022
Date of Submission: 17-01-2022	Grade :

AIM: -Feature extraction of EEG Signals

Frequency domain feature: Apply the FFT transform and extract the spectral features

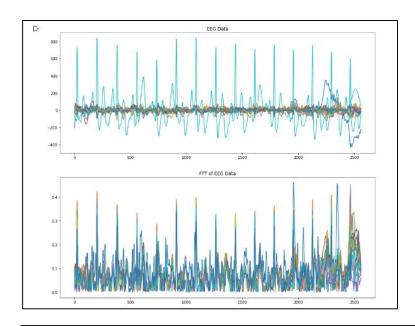
Delta: 0.5 to 4Hz Theta 4 to 8 Hz Alpha 8 to 16 Hz Beta 16 to 32 Hz Gamma 32 to 99 Hz

<u>Colab Link</u>: https://colab.research.google.com/drive/10TJ0eKA92P9 SpA6IBqOnhza3SSk-a-N?usp=sharing

Instructions and Objective:

- 1. Open the data base of Neuromax Select any subjects between 3-9
- 2. Set the gain 30 μ V/mm, page speed 30 mm/sec, lower freq. 0.5 and higher 99 Hz enable the notch filter 50 HZ and Mont 3
- 3. Export the data from in excel for 10 secs, samples 2560 (both filtered and unfiltered)
- 4. Import the CSVs in google collab
- 5. Remove NaN values if any from the data
- 6. Perform FFT analysis (for both dataset)
 - a. Plot the graphs of statistical feature for both filtered and unfiltered data
 - b. Plot the spectral graphs representing magnitude and frequency bands

<u>Output</u>



After importing the data and extracting all the EEG data we get this as the output of all egg data combined. After plotting the Egg data, we take the fft of that wave and plot it.

Figure-1: EEG Data

Figure-2: FFT of EEG Data

I then extracted all the EEG data in the data.txt file

Delta

```
Absolute delta power: 321.064 uV^2

# Relative delta power (expressed as a percentage of total power)
total_power = simps(psd, dx=freq_res)
delta_rel_power = delta_power / total_power
print('Relative delta power: %.3f' % delta_rel_power)

Relative delta power: 0.787
```

```
Delta/beta ratio (absolute): 42.214
Delta/beta ratio (relative): 42.214
```

Alpha

```
The Absolute alpha power: 19.934 uV^2

[71] # Relative delta power (expressed as a percentage of total power)
    total_power = simps(psd, dx=freq_res)
    alpha_rel_power = alpha_power / total_power
    print('Relative alpha power: %.3f' % alpha_rel_power)

Relative alpha power: 0.049
```

```
Delta/alpha ratio (absolute): 16.106
Delta/alpha ratio (relative): 16.106
```

Theta

```
Absolute theta power: 33.501 uV^2

[78] # Relative delta power (expressed as a percentage of total power) total_power = simps(psd, dx=freq_res) theta_rel_power = theta_power / total_power print('Relative theta power: %.3f' % theta_rel_power)

Relative theta power: 0.082
```

```
Delta/theta ratio (absolute): 9.584
Delta/theta ratio (relative): 9.584
```

Gamma

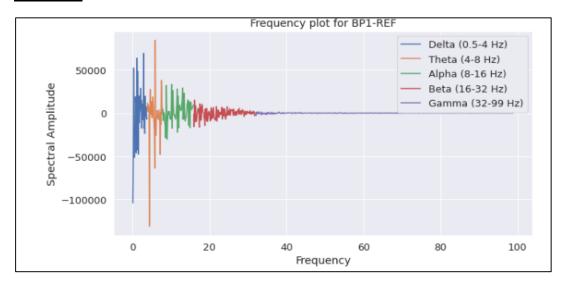
```
Delta/gamma ratio (absolute): 3448.760
Delta/gamma ratio (relative): 3448.760
```

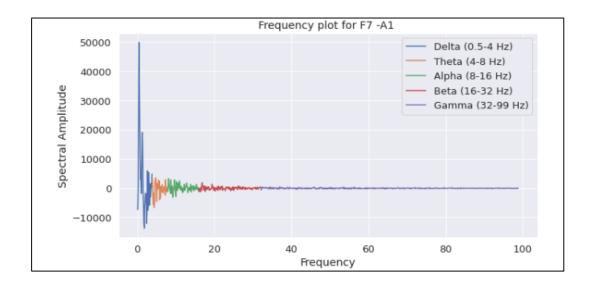
Combination of all results

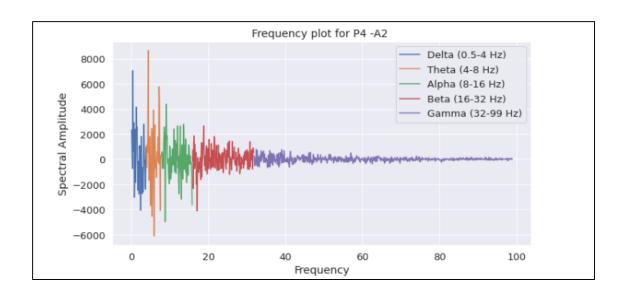
D→		Parameter	Value
	0	Absolute gamma power uV^2	0.093000
	1	Relative Gamma Power	0.000228
	2	Delta/gamma ratio	3448.760000
	3	Absolute theta power uV^2	33.501000
	4	Relative theta Power	0.082000
	5	Delta/theta ratio	9.584000
	6	Absolute alpha power uV^2	19.934000
	7	Relative alpha Power	0.049000
	8	Delta/alpha ratio	16.106000
	9	Absolute delta power uV^2	321.064000
	10	Relative delta Power	0.787000
	11	Delta/beta ratio	41.225000

Plots

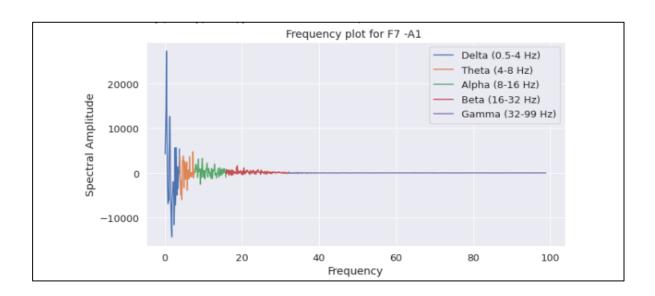
Filtered

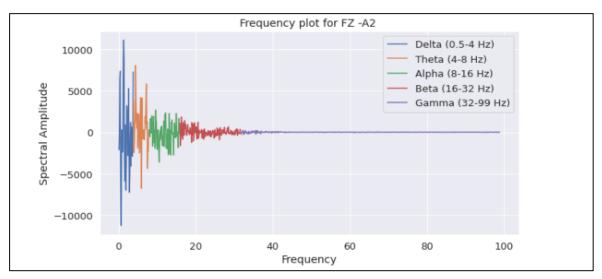


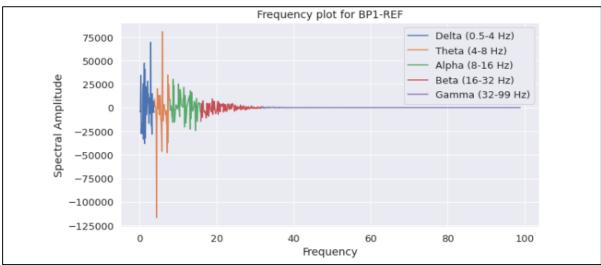




Unfiltered







Conclusion:

From this experiment we extracted the eeg data from the dataset and applied the fast Fourier transform on the eeg signals after that extract the spectral features

- Delta: 0.5 to 4Hz [Drowsy state]
- Theta 4 to 8 Hz [Alert state]
- Alpha 8 to 16 Hz [Meditative state]
- Beta 16 to 32 Hz [Drowsy state]
- Gamma 32 to 99 Hz [High alert level state]