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Branch: EXTC
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Experiment Number: 9
Aim:
a. To study basic PYTHON commands used in video processing
b. To extract a particular frame from the movie, process the frame and see its effect in the new video.
Conclusion: Outcome:
From this experiment we learnt about
       1. To read and play digital video.
      2. Convert individual frame as image.
       3. Process the individual frames
       4. Replace the processed frame in the original video
import cv2
import numpy as np
import IPython.display as ipd
from moviepy.editor import *
from google.colab.patches import cv2_imshow
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
           Imageio: 'ffmpeg-linux64-v3.3.1' was not found on your computer; downloading it now.
Try 1. Download from https://github.com/imageio/imageio-binaries/raw/master/ffmpeg/ffmpeg-linux64-v3.3.1 (43.8 MB)
Downloading: 45929032/45929032 bytes (100.0%)
           File saved as /root/.imageio/ffmpeg/ffmpeg-linux64-v3.3.1.
#Play the video file using moviepy
from moviepy.editor import *
clip=VideoFileClip("/content/garden_sif.y4m")
clip.ipython_display()
           100%| 116/116 [00:00<00:00, 539.21it/s]
                                                                                                       0:00 / 0:03
#Can obtain sample videos on the following site
#https://media.xiph.org/video/derf/
# Read the video and save the frames
new = cv2.VideoCapture('/content/garden_sif.y4m')
# checks whether frames were extracted
temp = 1
images=[]
count=0
while temp:
         # new object calls read
         # function extract frames
         temp, image = new.read()
         #Write this if loop to make the frame numbering length equal to three
         if len(str(count))==1:
            cv2.imwrite("/content/garden1/frame" +"00"+str(count)+".tif" ,image)
         elif len(str(count))==2:
            cv2.imwrite("/content/garden1/frame" +"0"+str(count)+".tif" ,image)
         else:
            cv2.imwrite("/content/garden1/frame" +str(count)+".tif" ,image)
         # Saves the frames in images array
         images.append(image)
         count+=1
new.release()
#Blur the frames between 25 to 50
for i in range(25,51):
    img = cv2.imread(" \underline{/content/garden1/frame}" + "0" + str(i) + ".tif") \ \#Read \ the \ frame leading to the first of the
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# Reconstruct video from frames
import cv2
import numpy as np
import glob
img_array = []
for filename in glob.glob('/content/garden1/*.tif'):
    img = cv2.imread(filename)
    height, width, layers = img.shape
size = (width,height)
    img_array.append(img)
out = cv2.VideoWriter('/content/project.avi',cv2.VideoWriter_fourcc(*'DIVX'), 15, size)
for i in range(len(img_array)):
   out.write(img_array[i])
out.release()
#Play the video file using moviepy
from moviepy.editor import *
clip=VideoFileClip("/content/project.avi")
clip.ipython_display()
     100%| 228/229 [00:00<00:00, 414.26it/s]
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cv2.imwrite("/content/garden1/frame" + "0" +str(i) + ".tif", img\_smooth) #Write the blurred frame in with the same name

kernel = np.ones((5,5),np.float32)/25 #Create a smoothing/averaging mask

img\_smooth= cv2.filter2D(img,-1,kernel) #Perform blurring

0:00 / 0:15