```
In [89]:
          import os
          from PIL import Image
          import torch
          import torchvision
          from sklearn.metrics import classification report, f1 score
In [2]:
          device = torch.device('cuda' if torch.cuda.is_available() else 'cpu')
          print(f'Using device: {device}.')
         Using device: cpu.
In [3]:
          # Transformations
          transform rotation = torchvision.transforms.RandomApply([
              torchvision.transforms.RandomRotation(20)
          ], p=0.2)
In [4]:
          transform train = torchvision.transforms.Compose([
              torchvision.transforms.Resize(256),
              torchvision.transforms.CenterCrop(224),
              torchvision.transforms.RandomPerspective(distortion scale=0.1, p=0.2),
              transform rotation,
              torchvision.transforms.ToTensor(),
              torchvision.transforms.Normalize((0.485, 0.456, 0.406), (0.229, 0.224, 0.225))
          ])
In [5]:
          transform_valid = torchvision.transforms.Compose([
              torchvision.transforms.Resize(256),
              torchvision.transforms.CenterCrop(224),
              torchvision.transforms.ToTensor(),
              torchvision.transforms.Normalize((0.485, 0.456, 0.406), (0.229, 0.224, 0.225))
          ])
In [23]:
          # DataLoaders
          TRAIN DATA DIR = 'data/train'
          VALID_DATA_DIR = 'data/eval'
          TEST_DATA_DIR = 'data/test'
In [25]:
          BATCH SIZE = 32
          train data = torchvision.datasets.ImageFolder(TRAIN DATA DIR,
                                                         transform=transform_train,
                                                         is valid file=lambda x: x.endswith('.j
          valid_data = torchvision.datasets.ImageFolder(VALID_DATA_DIR,
                                                         transform=transform_valid,
                                                         is_valid_file=lambda x: x.endswith('.j
          test data = torchvision.datasets.ImageFolder(TEST DATA DIR,
                                                        transform=transform valid,
                                                        is_valid_file=lambda x: x.endswith('.jp
In [26]:
          train_data_loader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(
```

train\_data,

```
batch_size=BATCH_SIZE,
    shuffle=True,
    num_workers=0,
)

valid_data_loader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(
    valid_data,
    batch_size=BATCH_SIZE,
    shuffle=False,
    num_workers=0,
)

test_data_loader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(
    test_data,
    batch_size=BATCH_SIZE,
    shuffle=False,
    num_workers=0,
)
```

```
In [27]:
          # Model
          # initialize model
          model = torchvision.models.resnet50(pretrained=True).to(device)
          # freeze the backbone
          for parameter in model.parameters():
              parameter.requires_grad = False
          class ModelHead(torch.nn.Module):
              def init (self, input dim, hidden dim, n classes):
                  super(ModelHead, self).__init__()
                  self.fc1 = torch.nn.Linear(input_dim, hidden_dim)
                  self.relu1 = torch.nn.ReLU()
                  self.fc2 = torch.nn.Linear(hidden_dim, hidden_dim // 2)
                  self.relu2 = torch.nn.ReLU()
                  self.fc3 = torch.nn.Linear(hidden dim // 2, n classes)
              def forward(self, x):
                  x = self.fc1(x)
                  x = self.relu1(x)
                  x = self.fc2(x)
                  x = self.relu2(x)
                  x = self.fc3(x)
                  return x
          model.fc = ModelHead(2048, 1024, 12)
          model.fc.to(device)
```

C:\Users\sento\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\torchvision\models\\_utils.py:208: UserWarn
ing: The parameter 'pretrained' is deprecated since 0.13 and may be removed in the fu
ture, please use 'weights' instead.
 warnings.warn(

C:\Users\sento\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\torchvision\models\\_utils.py:223: UserWarn ing: Arguments other than a weight enum or `None` for 'weights' are deprecated since 0.13 and may be removed in the future. The current behavior is equivalent to passing `weights=ResNet50\_Weights.IMAGENET1K\_V1`. You can also use `weights=ResNet50\_Weights. DEFAULT` to get the most up-to-date weights.

warnings.warn(msg)

Downloading: "https://download.pytorch.org/models/resnet50-0676ba61.pth" to C:\Users \sent\_o/.cache\torch\hub\checkpoints\resnet50-0676ba61.pth

100%| | 97.8M/97.8M [00:01<00:00, 73.5MB/s]

```
Out[27]: ModelHead(
           (fc1): Linear(in_features=2048, out_features=1024, bias=True)
           (relu1): ReLU()
           (fc2): Linear(in_features=1024, out_features=512, bias=True)
           (relu2): ReLU()
           (fc3): Linear(in features=512, out features=12, bias=True)
In [28]:
          # Training
          MODEL_SAVE_PATH = 'checkpoints'
          LEARNING RATE = 1e-3
          N EPOCHS = 2
          criterion = torch.nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
          optimizer = torch.optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=LEARNING_RATE)
          def train(model, n_epochs, criterion, optimizer, train_data_loader, valid_data_loade
                    device, model save path, logging interval: int = 50):
              best valid f1 score = 0.0
              os.makedirs(model_save_path, exist_ok=True)
              for epoch in range(n_epochs):
                  # training step
                  model.train()
                  for batch_idx, (batch_data, batch_labels) in enumerate(train_data_loader):
                      inputs = batch data.to(device)
                      y_true = batch_labels.to(device)
                      # zero the parameter gradients
                      optimizer.zero_grad()
                      # forward + backward + optimizer step
                      y_pred = model(inputs)
                      loss = criterion(y_pred, y_true)
                      loss.backward()
                      optimizer.step()
                      if (batch idx + 1) % logging interval == 0:
                          print(f'Epoch: {epoch + 1}\t | Batch: {batch_idx + 1}\t | Loss: {loss}
                  # validation step
                  model.eval()
                  y_true = []
                  y pred = []
                  for valid_data, valid_labels in valid_data_loader:
                      valid_data = valid_data.to(device)
                      valid labels = valid labels.to(device)
                      with torch.no_grad():
                          valid_preds = model(valid_data)
                      valid_pred_labels = torch.argmax(valid_preds, dim=1)
                      y_true.extend(valid_labels.detach().cpu().numpy())
                      y pred.extend(valid pred labels.detach().cpu().numpy())
                  valid_f1_score = f1_score(y_true, y_pred, average='macro')
                  if valid_f1_score > best_valid_f1_score:
                      best_valid_f1_score = valid_f1_score
                      torch.save(model.state_dict(),
                                  os.path.join(model_save_path, 'best_checkpoint.pth'))
                  print(f'Epoch {epoch + 1} F1-score: {valid_f1_score}\t| Best F1-score: {best|
                  torch.save(model.state_dict(),
                              os.path.join(model_save_path, f'epoch_{epoch + 1}_checkpoint.pth'
```

```
train(model, N EPOCHS, criterion, optimizer,
                train_data_loader, valid_data_loader,
                device, MODEL SAVE PATH)
                         | Batch: 50 | Loss: 0.6958112716674805
         Epoch: 1
         Epoch 1 F1-score: 0.801086213364942
                                                 Best F1-score: 0.801086213364942
         Epoch: 2 | Batch: 50 | Loss: 0.7798282504081726
         Epoch 2 F1-score: 0.8374614298178288
                                                 Best F1-score: 0.8374614298178288
In [29]:
          # Testing
          model.load state dict(torch.load(os.path.join(MODEL SAVE PATH, 'best checkpoint.pth'
          model.eval()
          y_true = []
          y_pred = []
          for test_data, test_labels in test_data_loader:
              test_data = test_data.to(device)
              test_labels = test_labels.to(device)
              with torch.no_grad():
                  test preds = model(test data)
              test_pred_labels = torch.argmax(test_preds, dim=1)
              y_true.extend(test_labels.detach().cpu().numpy())
              y pred.extend(test pred labels.detach().cpu().numpy())
          print(classification_report(y_true, y_pred))
                       precision
                                    recall f1-score
                                                       support
                    0
                            0.97
                                      0.78
                                                0.86
                                                            36
                    1
                            0.66
                                      0.90
                                                0.76
                                                            30
                    2
                            0.88
                                      0.85
                                                0.87
                                                            34
                    3
                            0.95
                                      1.00
                                                0.98
                                                            20
                    4
                            0.86
                                      0.60
                                                0.71
                                                            30
                    5
                            1.00
                                      0.73
                                                0.84
                                                            37
                    6
                            1.00
                                      0.85
                                                0.92
                                                            34
                    7
                            0.93
                                      1.00
                                                0.96
                                                            26
                    8
                            0.72
                                      0.88
                                                0.79
                                                            24
                    9
                            0.64
                                      0.90
                                                0.75
                                                            30
                   10
                            0.95
                                      0.95
                                                0.95
                                                            22
                   11
                            0.95
                                      0.97
                                                0.96
                                                            37
                                                0.86
                                                           360
             accuracy
                            0.88
                                      0.87
                                                0.86
                                                           360
            macro avg
         weighted avg
                            0.88
                                      0.86
                                                0.86
                                                           360
In [91]:
          image_path = 'data/cat_12.jpg'
          image = Image.open(image path)
          transform = torchvision.transforms.Compose([
              torchvision.transforms.Resize(256),
              torchvision.transforms.CenterCrop(224),
              torchvision.transforms.ToTensor(),
              torchvision.transforms.Normalize((0.485, 0.456, 0.406), (0.229, 0.224, 0.225))
          1)
          preprocessed image = transform(image).unsqueeze(0).to(device)
```



```
In [81]: with torch.no_grad():
    predictions = model(preprocessed_image)

predicted_class = torch.argmax(predictions).item()

In [82]: class_labels = ['Abyssinian', 'Bengal', 'Birman', 'Bengal', 'Bombay', 'British Short predicted_label = class_labels[predicted_class]
```

Predicted class: Sphynx

print(f'Predicted class: {predicted\_label}')