

Large Scale Metagenome Assembly Using MetaHipMer (MHM2)

2024 JGI User Meeting
Large Scalable Metagenomics Toolbox Workshop

Rob Egan 04 October 2024



# **Metagenomics overview**



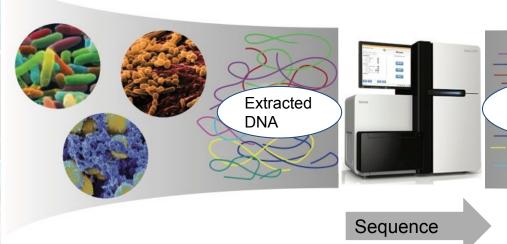






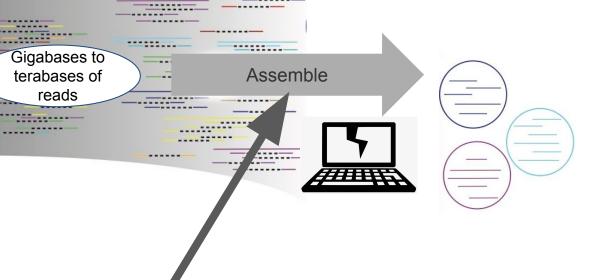


Microbial communities underlie biogeochemical processes



Petabases (1 × 10<sup>15</sup> base pairs) of metagenome data are an opportunity to characterize environmental microbial communities

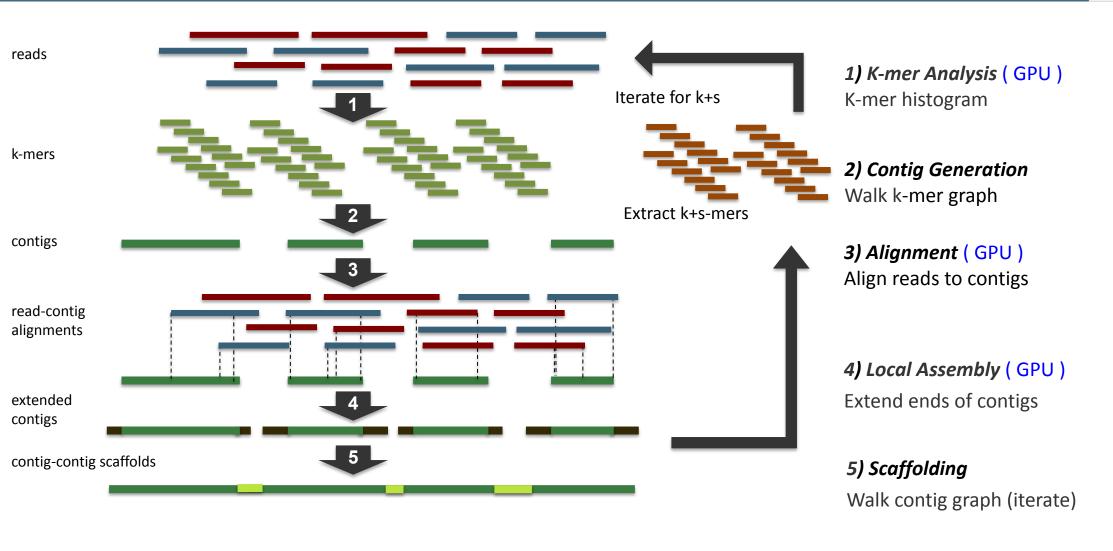
Metagenomeassembled genomes (MAGs)



MetaHipMer (MHM2) via the ExaBiome Project an Exascale Computing Project (ECP)

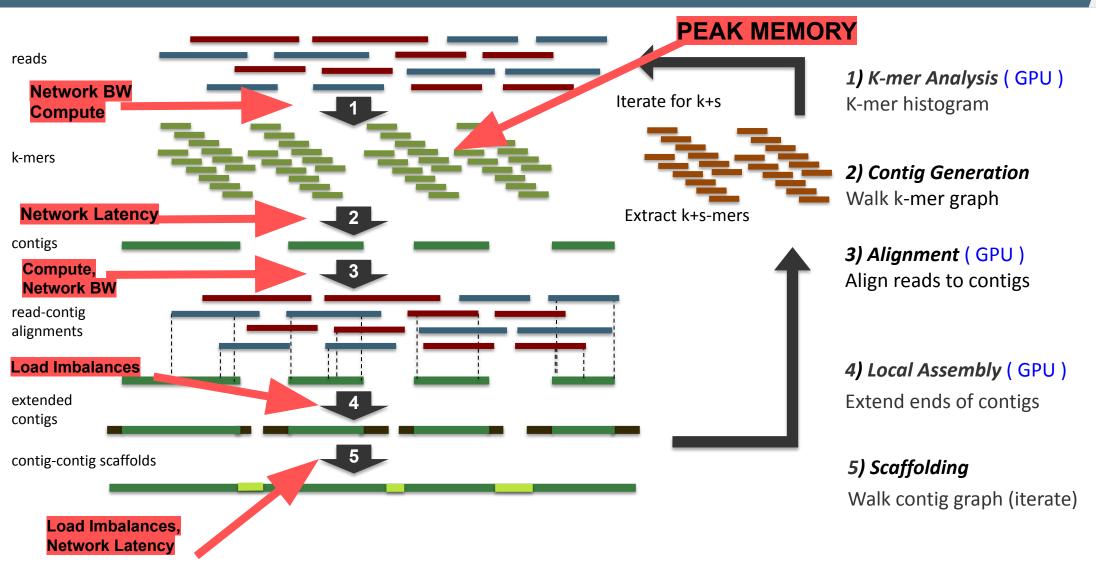
#### **MetaHipMer Assembly Pipeline**





#### **MetaHipMer Assembly Pipeline**





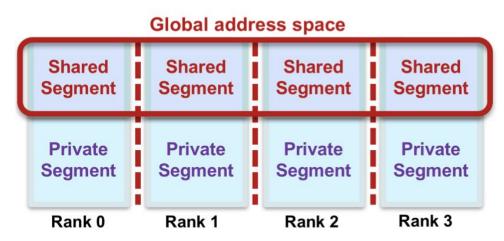
Actual pipeline is more complex, simplified for purpose of presentation

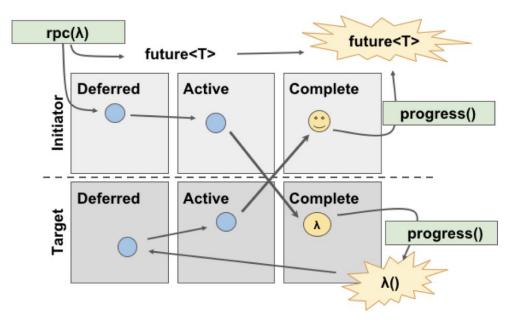
#### **Built on UPC++ and GASNET**



- Distributed Programming
  - Collective Reduction, Barriers
  - 1-Sided Gets / Puts
- Asynchronous and Deferred Execution
- Remote Procedure Calls
  - 1 Sided & Round Trip
  - C++ Lambda Syntax
- C++ Library / Framework
  - Built on GASNET
- Simpler, Smaller & Faster Code



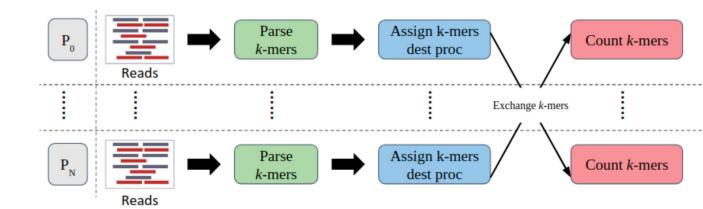


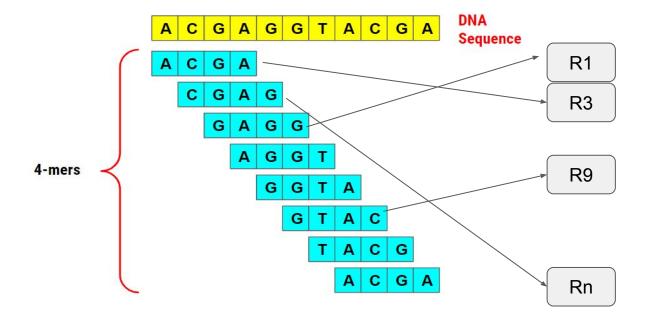


# Distributed Hash Tables Enabled by High Speed Networking



- Assembly is Limited by Available RAM
  - Store Data Across All Ranks
- Distributed Hash Table
  - High Bits of Hash -> Rank
  - Low Bits of Hash -> Local Bucket



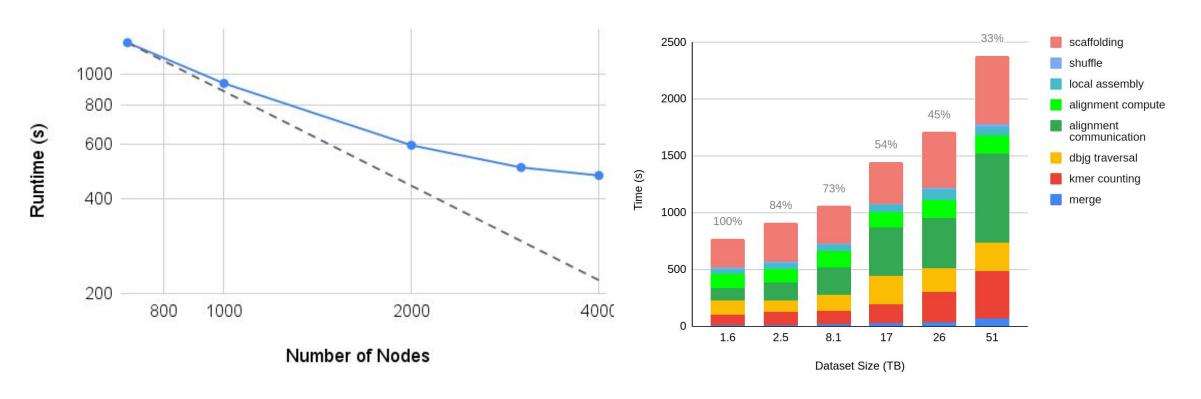


# Processor Memory Processor Processor Processor Memory Memory

**Distributed Computing** 

# MetaHipMer Performance





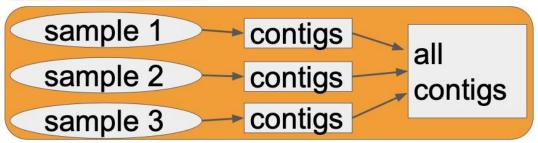
Strong scaling 8TB Indian Ocean subset of Tara Oceans

Weak scaling of stages
Increasing sizes of Tara Oceans. Efficiency
from 200 nodes to 6400 nodes is 33%

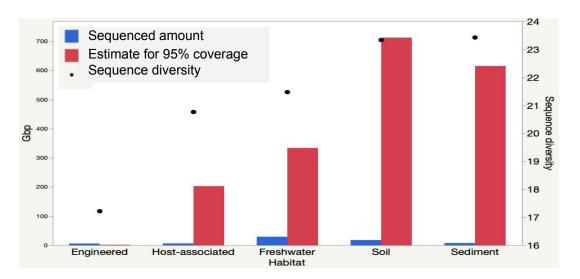
### MetaHipMer enables coassembly across samples

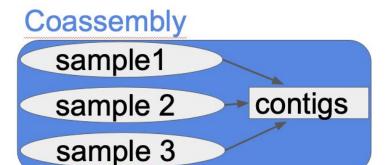


#### Multiassembly

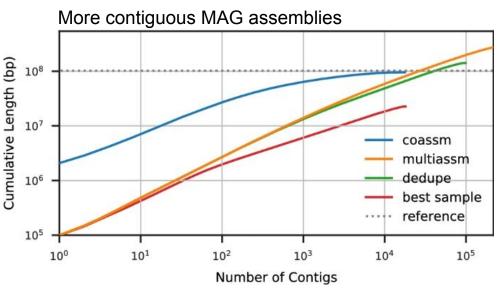


Sequencing depth is limited by cost; assemblies limited by shared memory size



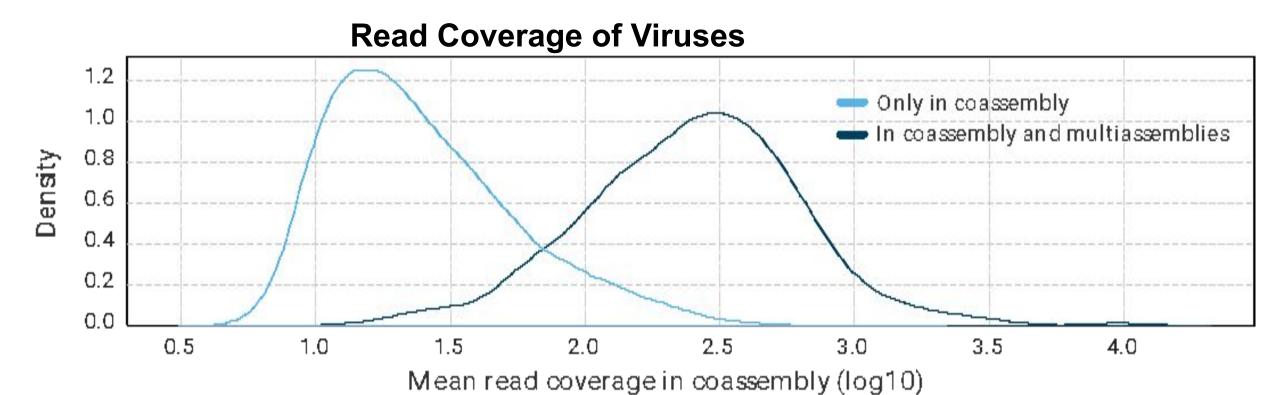


Co-Assembly combines samples from time or space to improve quality



# More Viruses in the GRE Coassembly



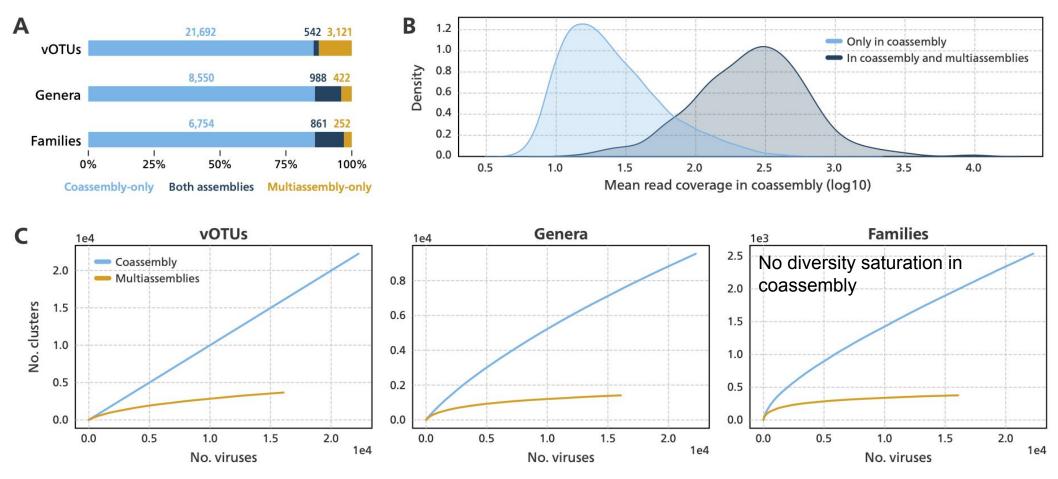


- Low abundance viruses recovered only in coassembly
- Coassembly has more fungi, more eukaryotes, more rare biosphere microbes

# More viruses in the GRE coassembly



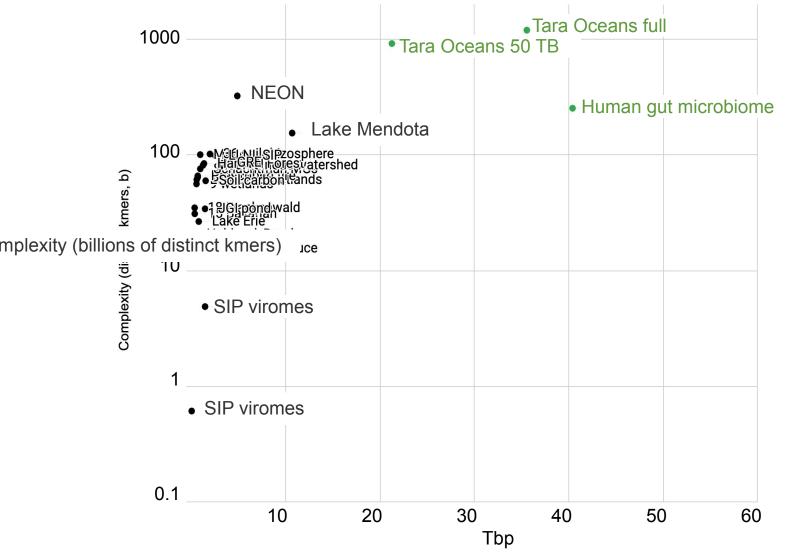
22,254 viral sequences were identified using the geNomad pipeline: Camargo AP et al. bioRxiv 2023



Coassembly enables discovery of more diverse viruses, especially low abundance viruses. Antonio Camargo

# Tara Oceans is most complex; Human gut largest

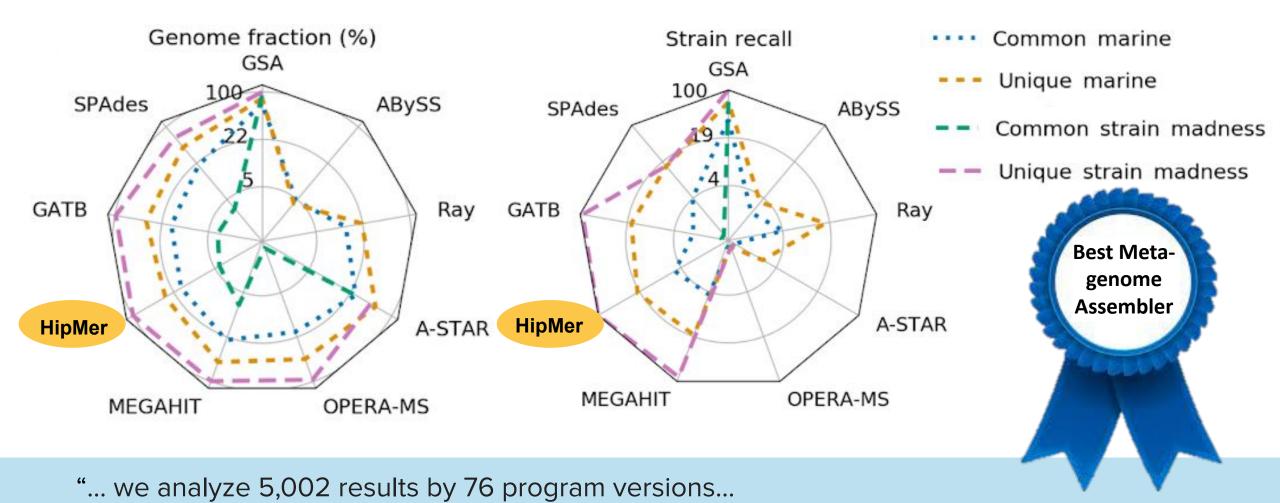




- Complexity drives computing requirement
- Size drive memory need (distributed not shared)
- NEON (soil, plans for 50 Tb) and Lake Mendota (fresh water) are large and complex
- ECP milestone (KPP) based on Tara Oceans with a stretch goal of HMB

# MetaHipMer beats others at their own game





The best ranking method across metrics and all datasets was [Meta]HipMer...."

# Okay, I'm sold. How do I start using MHM2?



Build and run on your own cluster

https://bitbucket.org/berkeleylab/mhm2



Use the Docker container (i.e. a 4TB AWS instance)

https://hub.docker.com/r/robegan21/mhm2/



Run your 'Narrative' on KBase

https://www.kbase.us/



Reach out to your JGI contact and have us help or even run it for you at NERSC or Oak Ridge

#### In the works...



AWS support with Cloud Formation
Configure, load your data, submit your job (and then pay)

HipMer, the original single large genome assembler EOL currently because Berkeley UPC is EOL Move HipMer into MHM2 (UPC++) as a single-genome workflow option

Al-powered foundation model for improved scaffolding and binning Axiome project

# The ExaBiome Team













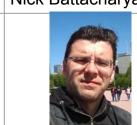












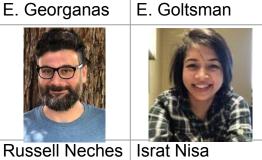


















































Migun Shakya

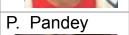
Nick Swenson

**Andrew Tritt** 



Steve Hofmeyr







**Brett Youtsey**