# Elliptec Thorlabs ELLx Resonant Piezo Motor Communication Protocol

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#### Introduction

#### 1. Purpose and Scope

This document describes the low-level communications protocol and commands used between the host controller and OEM modules within the ELLx family. The information contained in this document is intended to help third party system developers to write their own applications to interface to the Elliptec Thorlabs range of OEM modules without the constraints of using a particular operating system or hardware platform. The commands described here are those which are necessary to control movement; there is an additional set of commands, used for calibration or test, which will not be detailed as these are not required for the external system developer.

#### 2. Electrical interface

The ELLx family of OEM module provides a multidrop TTL RS-232 interface (point to point TTL RS232, and RS485 are available on request) to communicate with the host PC. TTL digital lines are also available (INM for inmotion state, JOG, FWD and BWD for motion). TTL voltage digital levels are 0V or 3.3V, exceeding these values may damage modules.

### 2.1 USB Interface adapter

The USB interface adapter uses a Future Technology Devices International (FTDI), type FT232BM USB peripheral chip to communicate with the host PC. This is a USB2.0 compliant USB1.1 device. This USB interfacing chip provides a serial port interface to the embedded system and USB interface to the host control PC.

FTDI supply device drivers and interfacing libraries (for Windows, Linux and other platforms) used to access the USB chip. Before any PC USB communication can be established with an ELLx module, the client program is required to set up the necessary FTDI chip serial port settings used to communicate to the APT controller embedded system.

Here an example for Windows on how to establish a communication via the USB remote control adapter (169892 Elliptec Demo Board).

```
// Set baud rate to 9600.

ftStatus = FT_SetBaudRate(m_hFTDevice, (ULONG)uBaudRate);

// 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, no parity
ftStatus = FT_SetDataCharacteristics(m_hFTDevice, FT_BITS_8, FT_STOP_BITS_1,
FT_PARITY_NONE);

// Pre purge dwell 50ms.
Sleep(uPrePurgeDwell);

// Purge the device.
ftStatus = FT_Purge(m_hFTDevice, FT_PURGE_RX | FT_PURGE_TX);

// Post purge dwell 50ms.
Sleep(uPostPurgeDwell);

// Reset device.
ftStatus = FT_ResetDevice(m_hFTDevice);

// No flow control
```

ftStatus = FT\_SetFlowControl(m\_hFTDevice, FT\_FLOW\_NONE, 0, 0);

#### 2.2 USB Device Enumeration

Enumeration is made via RS232 interface, USB adapter acts just as electrical adapter.

#### 2.3 TTL RS-232 Interface

The multidrop TTL RS-232 interface uses the 8 way Picoflex male SMD connector on PCB or the rear panel, marked 'INTERCONNECT'.

Communications parameters are fixed at:

- 9600 bits/sec
- 8 data bits, 1 stop bit
- No parity
- No handshake

The multidrop bus is based on open drain signals so 10k ohm 1/8 watt pull-up resistor to 3.3V should be used to ensure proper integrity. Signal must be in 0-3.3V volt range only.

#### 3. Overview of the Communications Protocol

The communications protocol used in the ELLx Elliptec Thorlabs module is based on the message structure that always starts with a fixed length, 3-byte *message header* which, in some cases, is followed by a variable length *data packet*. For simple commands, the 3-byte message header is sufficient to convey the entire command.

Some commands require parameters so 3 byte packet must be followed by the data bytes. The number of data bytes depends on command and length is now part of the packet is implicit (see command detail to see length).

Note that in the section below describing the various byte sequences, the C-type of notation will be used for hexadecimal values (e.g. 0x55 means 55 hexadecimal) and logical operators (e.g. | means logic bitwise OR). Values that are longer than a byte follow the Motorola bigendian format.

Data packets coming from modules are terminated with carriage return CR (0xD) first and then line feed LS (0xA). Each module has a 2 second time out such that the discard packet is discarded if time between each byte sent is higher longer than 2 seconds. Alternatively carriage return CR can be used to clear receiving state machine and exit from a time out error or cancel a command not completed.

Error must be cleared reading module status see "gs".

### 4. Description of the message header

The 3 bytes in the message header are shown below:

Byte:	byte 1	byte 2	byte 3	byte 4 (optional) byte N
Meaning	ADDRESS	COMMAND	D	HEX ASCII DATA

The meaning of some of the fields depends on whether or not the message is followed by a data packet.

ADDRESS: Is the address (0-F range) default value is 0"

COMMAND: two bytes mnemonic command i.e. "re" for *reboot*.

HEX ASCII DATA: Data are in ASCII format in hexadecimal notaion

ie for a char parameter "OA" ascii value 0x30 0x61 mean decimal

value 10

The type of messages used in the communications exchange between the host and the sub-modules can be divided into 2 general categories:

- (a) Host issues a command, "lower case" mnemonic commands "re"
- (b) Module reply or send state spontaneously "upper case" mnemonic command "GS"

### 5. Format Specifiers

format	encoding	
word	Unsigned 16 bit integer (2 bytes) in the Motorola (big-endian) format	
	for example decimal 12345 (3039H) is encoded as the byte sequence 30,39	
short	Signed 16 bit integer (2 bytes) in 2's compliment format	
	for example decimal -1 is encoded as the byte sequence FF, FF	
dword	Unsigned 32 bit integer (4 bytes) in the Motorola (big-endian) format	
	for example decimal 123456789 (75BCD15H) is encoded as the byte	
	sequence 07,5B,CD,15	
long	Signed 32 bit integer (4 bytes) in 2's compliment format	
	for example decimal -1 is encoded as the byte sequence FF, FF	
	4 bytes in the Motorola (big-endian) format	
	for example decimal -123456789 (FFFFFFFF8A432EBH) is encoded as the	
	byte sequence F8, A4, 32, EB	
char	1 byte (2 digits)	
char[N]	string of N characters	

Most of data sent via the following command packet are unsigned types apart from any "position" related commands (home offset, move relative etc.)

### 6. Single Precision Floating Point Format

Single-precision floating-point format is a computer number format that occupies 4 bytes (32 bits) in computer memory and represents a wide dynamic range of values by using a floating point.

Where message parameters use floating point variables, the system uses the IEEE 754 standard.

# 7. Conversion between position, velocity and acceleration values in standard physical units and their equivalent APT parameters.

To convert between the position and encoder counters in the stage being driven, and real world units, (e.g. mm) the system uses certain conversion (scaling) factors. These conversion factors differ depending on the stage being driven and the controller being used.

The information packet contains all the scaling factor information: stage travel in mm or degrees (depending on ELL module type) and encoder pulses per measurement unit.

Model	TRAVEL	NOTE	PULSES/Rev	LOOP TYPE	Motors
ELL4 ROTATOR	360°	Continuous	262144	Closed: linear	2
		rotation	(40000H)		
ELL5 ACTUATOR	0	Continuous	0	Open: no	1
		operation		encoder	
ELL6 SHUTTER	31	31 mm	0	Closed:	1
				indexed	
ELL7 LINEAR STAGE	26	28 mm	2048	Closed: linear	2
				2048 imp/mm	
ELL8 ROTARY STAGE	360°	Continuous	262144	Closed: linear	2
		rotation	(40000H)	2048 imp/mm	

### **Control Messages**

### Introduction

The messages described here are listed in no particular order, and may be system control messages, generic messages which apply to all module types, or messages which apply only to specific modules. Unless stated otherwise, a message applies to all modules

Please also see the list of controller specific commands for details on applicability to a specific module type.

### \_DEVGET\_INFORMATION

"IN"

**Function:** Instruct hardware unit to identify itself giving information about

model, serial number, firmware and hardware releases, travel,

encoder pulses per measurement unit.

### **USER REQUEST**

### Command structure (3 bytes):

0	1	2		
header only				
Α	i	n		

**Example:** Identify shutter at default address "0"

TX "0in"

#### **DEVICE REPLY**

### Command structure (33 bytes):

0	1	2	3-4	5-12	13-16	17-18	19-20	21-24	25-32
	header						Data		
Α	"i"	"n"	ELL	SN	YEAR	FW rel	HW rel.	TRAVEL mm/deg	PULSES/M.U.

**Example:** Identify shutter at default address "0"

RX "0,IN,**06,**12345678,**2015,**01,**81,**001F,**00000001**"

Details:

0 Default Address IN Get Information

06 ELL6 bi-positional slider

12345678 Serial Number

Year of manufacturingFirmware release, i.e. 0.1

The most significant bit signifies thread type

(1 is imperial, 0 is metric),

the remaining 7 bits signify the Hardware release, e.g. 81 (1000,0001) means imperial stage, hardware

release 1

001F 31mm travel

00000001 1 pulse per position (bi-positional only)

\_HOSTREQ\_STATUS
\_HOSTREQ\_INFORMATION
\_DEVGET\_STATUS

"gs"
"in"\_DEV
"GS"

**Function:** Instruct hardware unit to get module status or error value.

Once read the error value is cleared.

# USER REQUEST status Command structure (3 bytes):

0	1	2		
header only				
Α	g	S		

**Example:** Get status of shutter at its default address "0"

TX "Ogs"

### **DEVICE REPLY**

### Command structure (5 bytes):

I	0	1	2	3	4
I	h	eader o	Do	ıta	
ĺ	Α	G	S	Error/	Status

**Example:** Shutter status value when shutter is at its default address "0"

RX "0GS**00**"

Means the shutter is OK

Status/Error	Meaning
code value	
0	OK, no error
1	Communication time out
2	Mechanical time out
3	Command error or not supported
4	Value out of range
5	Module isolated
6	Module out of isolation
7	Initializing error
8	Thermal error
9	Busy
10	Sensor Error (May appear during self test. If code persists there is an error)
11	Motor Error (May appear during self test. If code persists there is an error)
12	Out of Range (e.g. stage has been instructed to move beyond its travel
	range).
13	Over Current error
14-255	Reserved

Status/Error table

### \_HOSTREQ\_SAVE\_USER\_DATA

"us"

**Function:** Instruct hardware unit to save motor parameters (such as forward

or backward frequencies) and other reserved or user parameters.

**USER REQUEST save data** Command structure (3 bytes):

0	1	2		
header only				
Α	u	S		

**Example:** Save motor and user parameter of shutter at default address "0"

TX "Ous"

### **DEVICE REPLY**

See \_DEVGET\_STATUS packet "GS".

Device reply with OK Status Packet when command is accepted.

### \_HOSTREQ\_REBOOT

"re"

**Function:** Instruct hardware unit to reboot and call the bootloader for a

possible firmware update (bootloader will exit and call application

after 3 seconds of bus inactivity or after a power cycle)

### **USER REQUEST reboot**

Command structure (3 bytes):

0	1	2			
header only					
Α	r	е			

**Example:** Reboot a shutter at its default address "0"

TX "Ore"

#### **DEVICE REPLY**

### See \_DEVGET\_STATUS packet "GS".

Device reply with OK Status Packet when command is accepted so user knows device is in bootloader mode and the firmware can be updated.

### \_HOSTREQ\_CHANGEADDRESS

"ca"

**Function:** Instruct hardware unit to change to the address of another device.

The address is entered in the range 0-F. The default value is a 0.

# **USER REQUEST Change Address Command structure (3 bytes):**

0	1	2	3
	header o	Data	
Α	С	а	New
			Address

**Example:** Change a motor at address 0 to address "A"

TX "0 ca A"

### **DEVICE REPLY**

### See \_DEVGET\_STATUS packet "GS".

Device reply with OK Status Packet from new address when command is accepted.

# \_HOSTREQ\_MOTOR1INFO \_DEVGET\_MOTOR1INFO

"i1"

VGET\_MOTOR1INFO "I1"

**Function:** Instruct hardware unit to obtain motor parameters (such as forward

or backward frequencies) and other reserved or user parameters.

# **USER REQUEST Motor Data** Command structure (3 bytes):

0	1	2		
header only				
Α	i	1		

**Example:** Get motor and user parameter data of shutter at default address "0"

TX "0i1"

### **DEVICE REPLY**

### Command structure (23 bytes):

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	header			Data								
Α	1	1	Loop	Motor		Curr	ent			Ram	р Up	
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	2 2	3 2	24
	Data											
	Ramı	Down		ı	Forward P	eriod (F	wP)		Backwa	rd Perio	d (BwP)	

### **Data Structure**

field	description	format
Loop	The state of the loop setting (1 = ON, 0 = OFF)	char
Motor	The state of the motor (1 = ON, 0 = OFF)	char
Current	1866 points is 1 amp	word
Ramp Up	PWM increase every ms	word
Ramp Down	PWM decrease every ms	word
Forward Period	Forward period value	word
Backward Period	Backward period value	word

### Where:

Period=14740000/frequency for backward and forward motor movements and 1 Amp of current is equal to 1866 points (1point is 0.54mA circa)

**Example:** Get motor 1 info at default address "0"

RX "0I1100428FFFFFFF00BD008B"

### Details:

0 default address of shutterInfo packet for motor 1

1 Loop is ON

0 Motor 1 is not working

0428 Last current measurement value was 0x0428 (0.57A)

FFFF ramp up (0xFFFF not defined)
FFFF ramp down (0xFFFF not defined)

00BD forward period (lower frequency, 78kHz)008B backward period (higher frequency, 106kHz)

### \_HOSTSET\_FWP\_MOTOR1

"f1"

**Function:** Due to load, build tolerances and other mechanical variances, the

default resonating frequency of a particular motor may not be that which delivers best performance. This message allows the operating

frequencies for forward movement to be adjusted.

# USER SET fwp for motor 1 Command structure (7 bytes):

0	1	2	3	4	5	6
header only			Data			
Α	f	1	Forward Period (FwP)			

### **Data Structure**

field	description	format
Forward Period	The forward period value	word

Where: Period=14740000/frequency

**Example:** Set motor 1 forward frequency of a shutter at its default address "0" to

78kHz

TX "0f100BD"

Note:

User must save new working paramenters using "us" command.

### **DEVICE REPLY**

See \_DEVGET\_STATUS packet "GS".

Device reply with OK Status Packet when command is accepted.

### \_HOSTSET\_BWP\_MOTOR1

"b1"

**Function:** Due to load, build tolerances and other mechanical variances, the

default resonating frequency of a particular motor may not be that which delivers best performance. This message allows the operating

frequencies for backwards movement to be adjusted.

# USER SET BwP for motor 1 Command structure (7 bytes):

0	1	2	3	4	5	6
h	eader o	nly		Do	ıta	
Α	b	1	Backward Period (BwP)		P)	

#### **Data Structure**

field	description	format
Backward Period	The backward period value	word

Where: Period=14740000/frequency

**Example:** Set motor 1 backward frequency of a shutter at its default address "0" to

109kHz

TX "0f1008D"

Note:

User must save new working paramenters using "us" command.

### **DEVICE REPLY**

See \_DEVGET\_STATUS packet "GS".

Device reply with OK Status Packet when command is accepted.

### \_HOST\_ENERGIZE\_MOTOR1

"e1"

**Function:** Energize motor 1.

# USER ENERGIZE motor 1 Command structure (7 bytes):

0	1	2	3	4	5	6
header only			Data			
Α	е	1		Per	iod	

#### **Data Structure**

field	description	format
Period	The period value for motor 1	word

Where: Period=14740000/frequency

**Example:** Keep motor 1 of a shutter at its default address "0" energised at 109kHz

TX "0e1008D"

#### **DEVICE REPLY**

### See \_DEVGET\_STATUS packet "GS".

Device reply with OK Status Packet when command is accepted and current measurement completed (128ms approx.)

Current can be read using "i1" command, motor state in this case will be ON.

### **NOTE:**

<u>User must stop the motor using halt command to avoid overheating of motor and PCB.</u>
<u>Check with command "i1" to see if motor is in OFF state.</u>

Moving part may move using this command.

### \_HOSTREQ\_HALT\_MOTOR1

"h1"

**Function:** Instruct hardware unit to stop motor 1.

USER REQUEST halt motor 1 Command structure (3 bytes):

0	1	2		
header only				
Α	h	1		

**Example:** Stop motor 1 at default address "0"

TX "0h1"

### **DEVICE REPLY**

See \_DEVGET\_STATUS packet "GS".

Device reply with OK Status Packet when command is accepted.

Note:

Check with command "i1" to see if motor is in OFF state.

User must save new working paramenters using "us" command.

### \_HOSTREQ\_SEARCHFREQ\_MOTOR1

"s1"

**Function:** 

Due to load, build tolerances and other mechanical variances, the default resonating frequency of a particular motor may not be that which delivers best performance. This message requests a frequency search be performed to optimize the operating frequencies for backward and forward movement.

# USER REQUEST search freq motor 1 Command structure (3 bytes):

0	1	2		
header only				
Α	S	1		

**Example:** Search for best forward/backward frequencies for motor 1 at

address "A"

TX "As1"

Note:

User must save new working paramenters using "us" command.

### **DEVICE REPLY**

See \_DEVGET\_STATUS packet "GS".

Device reply with OK Status Packet when command is accepted and completed. Moving part may move using this command.

### \_HOSTREQ\_SCANCURRENTCURVE\_MOTOR1

"c1"

**Function:** Instruct hardware unit to scan the current curve for motor 1.

USER REQUEST scancurrentcurve motor 1 Command structure (3 bytes):

0	1	2				
he	header only					
Α	С	1				

**Example:** Scan the current curve for motor 1 at address "A"

TX "Ac1"

### **DEVICE REPLY**

See \_DEVGET\_STATUS packet "GS".

Device reply with OK Status Packet when command is accepted and completed. Moving part may move using this command.

### \_DEVGET\_CURRENTCURVEMEASURE\_MOTOR1

"C1"

**Function:** Once the ScanCurrentCurve request has been sent, this message is

used to obtain the current curve measurement data from the

hardware unit.

### **DEVICE REPLY**

### Command structure (522 bytes):

0	1	2	3-4	5-8	9-521	
	header					Data
Α	С	1	Period	Current		87 points from 70 kHz up

Where each point is a couple Period (2bytes)-Current(4 bytes):

Period=14740000/frequency for backward and forward motor movements (2 bytes value) and

1 Amp of current is equal to 1866 points (4 bytes value in little endian format)

Each measurement takes around 12 seconds starting from 70 kHz to 120kHz circa.

### \_HOST\_ISOLATEMINUTES

"is"

**Function:** Isolate the device, such that it will not reply for the specified time

period. The isolation time is specified in number of minutes.

# USER REQUEST home Command structure (4 bytes):

0	1	2	3
he	ader on	Data	
Α	i	S	Minutes

**Example:** Isolate the device at address "0" for 60 minutes.

TX "0is3C" (0x3C = 60 minutes)

# \_HOSTREQ\_MOTOR2INFO \_DEVGET\_MOTOR2INFO

"i2" "I2"

THIS MESSAGE APPLIES ONLY TO DEVICES WITH 2 MOTORS. IT IS NOT APPLICABLE TO SINGLE MOTOR DEVICES SUCH AS THE BI-POSITIONAL SLIDER.

**Function:** Instruct hardware unit to obtain motor parameters (such as forward

or backward frequencies) and other reserved or user parameters.

# **USER REQUEST Motor Data Command structure (3 bytes):**

0	1	2		
header only				
Α	i	2		

**Example:** Get motor and user parameter data of stage at default address "0"

TX "0i2"

#### **DEVICE REPLY**

### Command structure (23 bytes):

Ü	1	2	3	4	5	6	/	8	9	10	11	12
	header			Data								
Α	1	2	Loop	Loop Motor Current Ramp Up								
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	2	2 2	.3	24
	Data											
	Ramp	Down		Forward Period (FwP) Backward Period (B			d (BwP)					

### **Data Structure**

field	description	format
Loop	The state of the loop setting (1 = ON, 0 = OFF)	char
Motor	The state of the motor (1 = ON, 0 = OFF)	char
Current	1866 points is 1 amp	word
Ramp Up	PWM increase every ms	word
Ramp Down	PWM decrease every ms	word
Forward Period	Forward period value	word
Backward Period	Backward period value	word

Where:

Period=14740000/frequency for backward and forward motor movements and 1 Amp of current is equal to 1866 points (1point is 0.54mA circa)

**Example:** Get motor 2 info at default address "0"

RX "0I2100428FFFFFFF00BD008B"

### Details:

0 default address of shutterInfo packet for motor 2

1 Loop is ON

0 Motor 2 is not working

0428 Last current measurement value was 0x0428 (0.57A)

FFFF ramp up (0xFFFF not defined)
FFFF ramp down (0xFFFF not defined)

00BD forward period (lower frequency, 78kHz)008B backward period (higher frequency, 106kHz)

### \_HOSTSET\_FWP\_MOTOR2

"f2"

THIS MESSAGE APPLIES ONLY TO DEVICES WITH 2 MOTORS. IT IS NOT APPLICABLE TO SINGLE MOTOR DEVICES SUCH AS THE BI-POSITIONAL SLIDER.

**Function:** Set the forward period for motor 2.

### USER SET fwp for motor 2 Command structure (7 bytes):

0	1	2	3	4	5	6
h	header only			Data		
Α	f	2	Forward Period (FwP)			

### **Data Structure**

field	description	format
Forward Period	The forward period value	word

Where: Period=14740000/frequency

**Example:** Set motor 2 forward frequency of a stage at its default address "0" to 78kHz

TX "sf100BD"

Note:

User must save new working paramenters using "us" command.

#### **DEVICE REPLY**

See \_DEVGET\_STATUS packet "GS".

Device reply with OK Status Packet when command is accepted.

### \_HOSTSET\_BWP\_MOTOR2

"b2"

THIS MESSAGE APPLIES ONLY TO DEVICES WITH 2 MOTORS. IT IS NOT APPLICABLE TO SINGLE MOTOR DEVICES SUCH AS THE BI-POSITIONAL SLIDER.

**Function:** Set the backward period for motor 2.

### USER SET BwP for motor 2 Command structure (7 bytes):

0	1	2	3	4	5	6
header only			Data			
Α	b	2	Backward Period (BwP)			

### **Data Structure**

field	description	format
Backward Period	The backward period value	word

Where: Period=14740000/frequency

**Example:** Set motor 2 backward frequency of a stage at its default address "0" to

109kHz

TX "0f1008D"

Note:

User must save new working parameters using "us" command.

### **DEVICE REPLY**

See \_DEVGET\_STATUS packet "GS".

Device reply with OK Status Packet when command is accepted.

### \_HOST\_ENERGIZE\_MOTOR2

"e2"

THIS MESSAGE APPLIES ONLY TO DEVICES WITH 2 MOTORS. IT IS NOT APPLICABLE TO SINGLE MOTOR DEVICES SUCH AS THE BI-POSITIONAL SLIDER.

**Function:** Energize motor 2.

### USER ENERGIZE motor 2 Command structure (7 bytes):

0	1	2	3	4	5	6
h	header only Data			ıta		
Α	е	2	Period			

### **Data Structure**

field	description	format
Period	The period value for motor 2	word

Where: Period=14740000/frequency

**Example:** Keep motor 2 of a stage at its default address "0" energised at 109kHz

TX "0e1008D"

### **DEVICE REPLY**

### See \_DEVGET\_STATUS packet "GS".

Device reply with OK Status Packet when command is accepted and current measurement completed (128ms approx.)

Current can be read using "i2" command, motor state in this case will be ON.

### NOTE:

<u>User must stop the motor using halt command to avoid overheating of motor and PCB.</u>
<u>Check with command "i2" to see if motor is in OFF state.</u>

Moving part may move using this command.

### \_HOSTREQ\_HALT\_MOTOR2

"h2"

THIS MESSAGE APPLIES ONLY TO DEVICES WITH 2 MOTORS. IT IS NOT APPLICABLE TO SINGLE MOTOR DEVICES SUCH AS THE BI-POSITIONAL SLIDER.

**Function:** Instruct hardware unit to stop motor 2.

# USER REQUEST halt motor 2 Command structure (3 bytes):

0	1	2					
header only							
Α	A h 2						

**Example:** Stop motor 2 of the stage at default address "0"

TX "0h2"

### **DEVICE REPLY**

See \_DEVGET\_STATUS packet "GS".

Device reply with OK Status Packet when command is accepted.

Note:

Check with command "i2" to see if motor is in OFF state.

User must save new working paramenters using "us" command.

### \_HOSTREQ\_SEARCHFREQ\_MOTOR2

"s2"

THIS MESSAGE APPLIES ONLY TO DEVICES WITH 2 MOTORS. IT IS NOT APPLICABLE TO SINGLE MOTOR DEVICES SUCH AS THE BI-POSITIONAL SLIDER.

**Function:** Instruct hardware unit to search the frequencies for motor 2.

## USER REQUEST search freq motor 2 Command structure (3 bytes):

0	1	2				
header only						
A s 2						

**Example:** Search for best forward/backward frequencies for motor 1 at

address "A"

TX "As2"

Note:

User must save new working paramenters using "us" command.

### **DEVICE REPLY**

See \_DEVGET\_STATUS packet "GS".

Device reply with OK Status Packet when command is accepted and completed. Moving part may move using this command.

### \_HOSTREQ\_SCANCURRENTCURVE\_MOTOR2

"c2"

THIS MESSAGE APPLIES ONLY TO DEVICES WITH 2 MOTORS. IT IS NOT APPLICABLE TO SINGLE MOTOR DEVICES SUCH AS THE BI-POSITIONAL SLIDER.

**Function:** Instruct hardware unit to scan the current curve for motor 2.

# USER REQUEST scancurrentcurve motor 2 Command structure (3 bytes):

0	1	2				
header only						
Α	2					

**Example:** Scan the current curve for motor 2 at address "A"

TX "Ac2"

### **DEVICE REPLY**

See \_DEVGET\_STATUS packet "GS".

Device reply with OK Status Packet when command is accepted and completed. Moving part may move using this command.

### \_DEVGET\_CURRENTCURVEMEASURE\_MOTOR2

"C2"

THIS MESSAGE APPLIES ONLY TO DEVICES WITH 2 MOTORS. IT IS NOT APPLICABLE TO SINGLE MOTOR DEVICES SUCH AS THE BI-POSITIONAL SLIDER.

**Function:** Once the ScanCurrentCurve request has been sent, this message is

used to obtain the current curve measurement data from the

hardware unit.

### **DEVICE REPLY**

### Command structure (522 bytes):

0	1	2	3-4	5-8	9-521	
	header					Data
Α	С	2	Period	Current		87 points from 70 kHz up

Where each point is a couple Period (2bytes)-Current(4 bytes):

Period=14740000/frequency for backward and forward motor movements (2 bytes value) and

1 Amp of current is equal to 1866 points (4 bytes value in little endian format)

Each measurement takes around 12 seconds starting from 70 kHz to 120kHz circa.

## \_HOSTREQ\_HOME \_DEVGET\_POSITION

"ho" "GS or PO"

### THIS MESSAGE DOES NOT APPLY TO BI-POSITIONAL SLIDER DEVICES

**Function:** Instruct hardware unit to move to the home position.

For rotary stages only, byte 3 details the homing direction, 0 for clockwise and 1 for CCW. For linear stages, byte 3 is ignored.

# USER REQUEST home Command structure (4 bytes):

(	0	1	2	3			
	header only						
Α		h	0	dir			

**Example:** Request the rotary stage at address "0" to move to home in CW

direction.

TX "0ho0"

#### **DEVICE REPLY**

If the move is still being performed, the device will send a status message (see GetStatus (GS) message). If the move is complete, the device will send the home position, i.e. 0.

### Command structure (5 bytes or 11 bytes):

0	1	2	3	4	
h	eader o	Do	Data		
Α	G	S	Sta	tus	

#### or

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
ŀ	neader o	nly				Do	ata			
Α	Р	0				Posi	ition			

**Example:** Rotator status value at default address "0"

RX "0PO**00000000**"

Means the stage is homed and the move is complete

Position is a long type (32 bit signed, 2's complement)

## \_HOSTREQ\_MOVEABSOLUTE \_DEVGET\_POSITION

"ma" "GS or PO"

#### THIS MESSAGE DOES NOT APPLY TO BI-POSITIONAL SLIDER DEVICES

**Function:** Instruct hardware unit to move to a specified absolute position.

The position to move is specified in bytes 3 to 10 in encoder pulses

(2048 encoder pulses per mm).

# USER REQUEST move absolute Command structure (11 bytes):

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
h	eader o	nly				Da	ata			
Α	m	а				Posi	ition			

**Example:** Request a linear stage at address "A" to move at position 4mm.

Linear stage has 2048 encoder pulses per mm, hence 4 mm 8192

pulses (0x2000 in hexadecimal).

TX "Ama00002000"

Note:

Position is a long type (32 bit signed, 2's complement)

Use "in" command to get number of pulses per engineering units (mm or degrees).

### **DEVICE REPLY**

If the move is still being performed, the device will send a status message (see GetStatus (GS) message). If the move is complete, the device will send the current position, e.g. 0x2000.

### Command structure (5 bytes or 11 bytes):

0	1	2	3	4	
h	eader o	Do	Data		
Α	G	S	Sta	tus	

### or

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	he	eader oi	าly				Da	ıta			
-	A	Р	0				Posi	tion			

**Example:** Linear stage at default address "A" is at position 4 mm

RX "APO00002000"

Meaning the linear stage is at 4mm of travel (-0.5um of error)

Position is a long type (32 bit signed, 2's complement)

### \_HOSTREQ\_MOVERELATIVE \_DEVGET\_POSITION

"mr"
"GS or PO"

### THIS MESSAGE DOES NOT APPLY TO BI-POSITIONAL SLIDER DEVICES

**Function:** Instruct hardware unit to move to a specified relative position.

The position to move is specified in bytes 3 to 10 in encoder pulses

(2048 encoder pulses per mm).

# USER REQUEST move relative Command structure (11 bytes):

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
he	eader or	nly				Do	ata			
Α	m	r				Posi	ition			

**Example:** Request a linear stage at address "A" to move 2mm from the

present position.

Linear stage has 2048 encoder pulses per mm, hence 2 mm 4096

pulses (0x1000 in hexadecimal).

TX "Amr00001000"

Note:

Position is a long type (32 bit signed, 2's complement)

Use "in" command to get number of pulses per engineering units (mm or degrees).

#### **DEVICE REPLY**

If the move is still being performed, the device will send a status message (see GetStatus (GS) message). If the move is complete, the device will send the current position, e.g. 0x3000.

### Command structure (5 bytes or 11 bytes):

0	1	2	3	4	
h	eader o	Do	Data		
Α	G	S	Sta	tus	

#### or

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	he	eader oi	าly	Data							
1	4	Р	0	Position							

Position is a long type (32 bit signed, 2's complement)

**Example:** Linear stage at default address "A" is at absolute position 6 mm

RX "APO00003000"

Meaning the linear stage is at 6mm of travel (-0.5um of error)

\_HOSTREQ\_HOMEOFFSET \_DEVGET\_HOMEOFFSET HOSTSET HOMEOFFSET "go" "HO" "so"

#### THIS MESSAGE DOES NOT APPLY TO BI-POSITIONAL SLIDER DEVICES

**Function:** This message sets/returns the distance of the Home position from

the absolute limit of travel.

The position is specified in bytes 3 to 10 in encoder pulses (2048

encoder pulses per mm).

#### **NOTES**

The Home offset is set at the factory to ensure that all stages home consistently. Before changing the offset value it is good practice to note the factory default value to allow easy resetting in case of problems.

The home offset value can be adjusted to change the home position to a required value (e.g. 0mm). For good operation the home offset value must be greater than 500um for Linear stages and 0.7 degrees for rotation stages.

Increasing the home offset value may reduce the maximum achievable travel.

### USER REQUEST home offset Command structure (3 bytes):

0	1	2					
header only							
Α	g	0					

**Example:** Request the home offset for the device at address "A"

TX "Ago"

#### **DEVICE REPLY**

The device reply consists of a 3 byte message header followed by an 8 byte data packet as follows:

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
h	eader o	nly		Data								
Α	Н	0				Offset D	Distance					

**Example:** Get the home offset for a stage at address "I".

The stage has 2048 encoder pulses per mm. For example, a home offset of 0.25mm will be returned as 0x200 (i.e. 512 encoder pulses).

RX "AHO00000200"

Note:

Position is a long type (32 bit signed, 2's complement)

Use "in" command to get number of pulses per engineering units (mm or degrees).

# USER SET home offset Command structure (11 bytes):

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
header only			Data								
Α	S	0				Offset D	Distance				

### **Example:**

Set the home offset for a stage at address "I".

The stage has 2048 encoder pulses per mm. For example, a home offset of 0.25mm will be set as 0x200 (i.e. 512 encoder pulses).

TX "Aso00000200"

\_HOSTREQ\_JOGSTEPSIZE \_DEVGET\_JOGSTEPSIZE \_HOSTSET\_JOGSTEPSIZE "gj" "GJ" "si"

#### THIS MESSAGE DOES NOT APPLY TO BI-POSITIONAL SLIDER DEVICES

**Function:** This message sets/returns the distance to move when a jog

command is initiated. The jog move is initiated by calling the

Forward (fw) or Backward (bw) message.

The jog step size is specified in bytes 3 to 10 in encoder pulses (2048

encoder pulses per mm).

# **USER REQUEST jog step size Command structure (3 bytes):**

0	1	2				
header only						
Α	A g j					

**Example:** Request the jog step size for the device at address "A"

TX "Agj"

#### **DEVICE REPLY**

The device reply consists of a 3 byte message header followed by an 8 byte data packet:

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	h	eader oi	าly		Data						
Ī	Α	G	J		Offset Distance						

**Example:** Get the jog step size for a stage at address "A".

The stage has 2048 encoder pulses per mm. For example, a jog step size of 1.0 mm will be returned as 0x800 (i.e. 2048 encoder pulses).

RX "AGJ00000800"

Note:

Position is a long type (32 bit signed, 2's complement)

Use "in" command to get number of pulses per engineering units (mm or degrees).

## **USER SET jog step size**

Command structure (11 bytes):

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	header o	nly		Data						
Α	S	j				Offset [	Distance			

**Example:** Set the jog step size for a stage at address "A".

The stage has 2048 encoder pulses per mm. For example, a jog step

size of 0.25mm will be set as 0x200 (i.e. 512 encoder pulses).

Position is a long type (32 bit signed, 2's complement)

TX "Asj00000200"

\_HOST\_FORWARD \_HOST\_BACKWARD

"fw" "bw"

**Function:** 

This message instructs the hardware unit to move the specified motor forward or backwards by the distance set in the JogStepSize message.

# USER REQUEST save data Command structure (3 bytes):

0	1	2		
header only				
Α	f	W		

**Example:** Move the motor at default address "A" forward

TX "Afw"

#### **DEVICE REPLY**

If the move is still being performed, the device will send a status message (see GetStatus (GS) message). If the move is complete, the device will send the current position, e.g. 0x3000.

### Command structure (5 bytes or 11 bytes):

	0	1	2	3	4
	he	eader o	nly	Do	ata
Δ	1	G	S	Sta	tus

#### or

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	he	eader o	nly		Data						
Ī	Α	Р	0				Posi	tion			

**Example:** Linear stage at default address "A" is at absolute position 6 mm

The current position is returned in encoder pulses. There are 2048 encoder pulses per mm. For example, a returned value of 0x3000 is

equivalent to 12,288 pulses, i.e. 6 mm.

RX "APO00003000"

Meaning the linear stage is at 6mm of travel (-0.5um of error)

Position is a long type (32 bit signed, 2's complement)

\_HOST\_GETPOSITION \_DEV\_GETPOSITION

"gp"
"PO"

**Function:** This message returns the current position of the specified motor

USER REQUEST save data Command structure (3 bytes):

0	1	2			
header only					
A g p					

**Example:** Request the current position of the motor at default address "A"

TX "Agp"

### **DEVICE REPLY**

The device will send the current position, e.g. 0x0FFF.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
header only						Do	ata			
Α	Р	0				Posi	ition			

Position is a long type (32 bit signed, 2's complement)

**Example:** Linear stage at default address "A" is at absolute position 6 mm

RX "APO00003000"

Meaning the linear stage is at 6mm of travel (-0.5um of error)

\_HOSTREQ\_VELOCITY
\_DEVGET\_VELOCITY
\_HOSTSET\_VELOCITY

"gv" "GV" "sv"

### THIS MESSAGE DOES NOT APPLY TO BI-POSITIONAL SLIDER DEVICES

**Function:** Velocity control of Elliptec products is achieved by adjusting the

drive power. This message sets/returns the velocity compensation to be applied to a move when a command is initiated. The move is initiated by calling the Forward (fw) or Backward (bw) message. The velocity is specified in bytes 4 and 5 as percentage of max velocity. Note that depending on the load, velocity less than 25% to

45% of max may cause the device to stall.

# USER REQUEST Get Velocity Command structure (3 bytes):

0	1	2			
header only					
Α	g	V			

**Example:** Request the velocity compensation used for the device at address

"A"

TX "Agv"

### **DEVICE REPLY**

The device reply consists of a 3 byte message header followed by a 2 byte data packet:

0	1	2	3	4
he	eader or	าly	Da	ta
Α	G	V	Velo	city

**Example:** Get the velocity compensation for a stage at address "A".

RX "AGV64", i.e. the velocity compensation is 100% of the maximum available.

# USER SET Velocity Command structure (5 bytes):

0	1	2	3	4	
h	eader o	nly	Data		
Α	S	V	Velo	city	

**Example:** Set the velocity compensation for a stage at address "A" to 50%.

TX "Asv32"

\_DEVGET\_BUTTONSTATUS \_DEVGET\_BUTTONPOSITION

"BS"
"BO"

**Function:** 

These messages are similar to the GetStatus (GS) and GetPosition responses, but are sent automatically when a move or position change is demanded via the hardware FW, BW and JOG buttons. The Get\_BUTTONSTATUS message is sent while the device is in motion, whereas the GET\_BUTTONPOSITION message is sent once the move has completed.

# **GET\_BUTTONSTATUS DEVICE REPLY Command structure (5 bytes):**

0	1	2	3	4
he	eader o	Do	ıta	
Α	В	Error/	Status	

**Example:** Shutter status value when shutter is at its default address "0"

RX "0BS**00**"

Means the shutter is OK

Status/Error	Meaning
code value	
0	OK, no error
1	Communication time out
2	Mechanical time out
3	Command error or not supported
4	Value out of range
5	Module isolated
6	Module out of isolation
7	Initializing error
8	Thermal error
9	Busy
10	Sensor Error (May appear during self test. If code persists there is an error)
11	Motor Error (May appear during self test. If code persists there is an error)
12	Out of Range (e.g. stage has been instructed to move beyond its travel
	range).
13	Over Current error
14-255	Reserved

Status/Error table

## **GET\_BUTTONPOSITION DEVICE REPLY**

The device will send the current position once the move is complete, e.g. 0x3000.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
h	eader o	nly				Do	ita			
Α	В	0				Posi	tion			

**Example:** Linear stage at default address "A" is at absolute position 6 mm

RX "ABO00003000"

Meaning the linear stage is at 6mm of travel (-0.5um of error)

Position is a long type (32 bit signed, 2's complement)

### \_HOST\_GROUPADDRESS

"ga"

#### **Function:**

This message allows several devices to be addressed simultaneously as a temporary group, such that their movement can be synchronized. This is achieved by instructing a module(s) to respond to a different address for a particular operation. Once the motion has been completed the device returns to its original address.

For example, suppose there are 3 sliders at the addresses 0, 1, and 2, and we want to synchronize the sliders at addresses 0 and 2. Sending message 2ga0 instructs the slider at address 2 to listen to address 0. Slider 2 would reply 0gs00 from the new address. The user can now ask for a synchronized move of both the sliders using 0fw. Both slider 0 and slider 2 would move to forward position in the same usec, replying:

0gp0000001F 2gp0000001F

Because motion is synchronized, data sent by the module is handled with a priority (otherwise they would overlap), i.e. address 0 has the highest priority sending data, while address F has the lowest. So address 0 comes first even for simultaneous moves in the same usec. Error messages behave in a similar way.

It is possible to use a combination of "ca" and "ga" to synchronize more movements but message would come only from address set by "ca". For manual operation via the handset, synchronization is hard wired. If multiple devices are connected to the comms bus, then all devices will move when the FWD and BWD buttons are pressed.

# **USER REQUEST Create Group Command structure (3 bytes):**

0	1	2	3
h	eader o	Data	
Α	g	а	New
			Address

**Example:** Instruct a motor at address 0 to listen to address "A"

TX "0 ga A"

### **DEVICE REPLY**

#### Command structure (5 bytes):

0	1	2	3	4	
h	eader o	Do	rta		
Α	G	S	Error/Status		

**Example:** Status value when a motor at address 0 is listening to address "A"

RX "AGS**00**"

Means the shutter is OK

Please see the <u>Forward and Backward (FW and BW)</u> messages for information on the move message format.

## **ERROR MESSAGES**

**Function:** These messages are returned by the GetStatus and

Get\_BUTTONSTATUS messages when an error condition exists.

Status/Error	Meaning
code value	
0	OK, no error
1	Communication time out
2	Mechanical time out
3	Command error or not supported
4	Value out of range
5	Module isolated
6	Module out of isolation
7	Initializing error
8	Thermal error
9	Busy
10	Sensor Error (May appear during self test. If code persists there is an error)
11	Motor Error (May appear during self test. If code persists there is an error)
12	Out of Range (e.g. stage has been instructed to move beyond its travel
	range).
13	Over Current error
14-255	Reserved

Status/Error table

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HOSTREQ_SCANCURRENTCURVE_MOTOR2 "c2"  _DEVGET_CURRENTCURVEMEASURE_MOTOR2 "C2"  _HOSTREQ_HOME "ho"  _DEVGET_POSITION "GS or PO"  _HOSTREQ_MOVEABSOLUTE "ma"  _DEVGET_POSITION "GS or PO"  _HOSTREQ_MOVERELATIVE "mr"  _DEVGET_POSITION "GS or PO"  _HOSTREQ_HOMEOFFSET "go"  _DEVGET_HOMEOFFSET "HO"  _HOSTSET_HOMEOFFSET "so"  _HOSTSET_JOGSTEPSIZE "gj"  _DEVGET_JOGSTEPSIZE "GJ"  _HOSTSET_JOGSTEPSIZE "sj"  _HOST_FORWARD "fw"  _HOST_BACKWARD "bw"  _HOST_GETPOSITION "gp"  _DEV_GET_POSITION "gp"  _DEV_GET_VELOCITY "GV"  _HOSTSET_VELOCITY "GV"  _HOSTSET_VELOCITY "sv"	. 30 . 31 . 32 . 33 . 34 . 35 . 35 . 37 . 37 . 37 . 38 . 39 . 39 . 40 . 41
HOSTREQ_SCANCURRENTCURVE_MOTOR2 "c2"  _DEVGET_CURRENTCURVEMEASURE_MOTOR2 "C2"  _HOSTREQ_HOME "ho"  _DEVGET_POSITION "GS or PO"  _HOSTREQ_MOVEABSOLUTE "ma"  _DEVGET_POSITION "GS or PO".  _HOSTREQ_MOVERELATIVE "mr"  _DEVGET_POSITION "GS or PO".  _HOSTREQ_HOMEOFFSET "go"  _DEVGET_HOMEOFFSET "fo"  _HOSTREQ_HOMEOFFSET "so"  _HOSTSET_HOMEOFFSET "so"  _HOSTREQ_JOGSTEPSIZE "gj"  _DEVGET_JOGSTEPSIZE "gj"  _HOSTSET_JOGSTEPSIZE "sj"  _HOST_SET_JOGSTEPSIZE "sj"  _HOST_SET_JOGSTEPSIZE "sj"  _HOST_GETPOSITION "gp"  _DEV_GETPOSITION "gp"  _DEV_GETPOSITION "gp"  _DEV_GET_VELOCITY "GV"  _HOSTSET_VELOCITY "Sv"  _DEVGET_BUTTONSTATUS "BS"	. 30 . 31 . 32 . 33 . 34 . 35 . 35 . 37 . 37 . 37 . 38 . 39 . 40 . 40 . 41

# **Messages Applicable to Linear Devices**

_DEVGET_INFORMATION "IN"	
_HOSTREQ_STATUS	
_HOSTREQ_INFORMATION "in"_DEV	
_DEVGET_STATUS "GS"	10
 _HOSTREQ_SAVE_USER_DATA	
_HOSTREQ_REBOOT "re"	
_HOSTREQ_CHANGEADDRESS "ca"	
_HOSTREQ_MOTOR1INFO "i1"	
_DEVGET_MOTOR1INFO "I1"	
_HOSTSET_FWP_MOTOR1 "f1"	
_HOSTSET_BWP_MOTOR1 "b1"	
_HOST_ENERGIZE_MOTOR1	
_HOSTREQ_HALT_MOTOR1 "h1"	
_HOSTREQ_SEARCHFREQ_MOTOR1 "s1"	
HOSTREQ_SCANCURRENTCURVE_MOTOR1 "c1"	
_DEVGET_CURRENTCURVEMEASURE_MOTOR1 "C1"	
_HOST_ISOLATEMINUTES "is"	
_HOSTREQ_MOTOR2INFO "i2"	
DEVGET_MOTOR2INFO "I2"	
_HOSTSET_FWP_MOTOR2 "f2"	
_HOSTSET_BWP_MOTOR2	
_HOST_ENERGIZE_MOTOR2 "e2"	
 _HOSTREQ_HALT_MOTOR2 "h2"	
_HOSTREQ_SEARCHFREQ_MOTOR2 "s2"	
_HOSTREQ_SCANCURRENTCURVE_MOTOR2 "c2"	30
 _DEVGET_CURRENTCURVEMEASURE_MOTOR2 "C2"	31
_HOSTREQ_HOME "ho"	
_DEVGET_POSITION "GS or PO"	
_HOSTREQ_MOVEABSOLUTE "ma"	33
_DEVGET_POSITION "GS or PO"	
_HOSTREQ_MOVERELATIVE "mr"	34
_DEVGET_POSITION "GS or PO"	34
_HOSTREQ_HOMEOFFSET "go"	35
_DEVGET_HOMEOFFSET "HO"	
_HOSTSET_HOMEOFFSET "so"	35
_HOSTREQ_JOGSTEPSIZE "gj"	37
_DEVGET_JOGSTEPSIZE "GJ"	37
_HOSTSET_JOGSTEPSIZE	37
_HOST_FORWARD "fw"	38
_HOST_BACKWARD	38
_HOST_GETPOSITION	39
 _DEV_GETPOSITION	39
 _DEVGET_VELOCITY    "GV"	40
 _HOSTSET_VELOCITY  "sv"	40
 _DEVGET_BUTTONSTATUS    "BS"	
 _DEVGET_BUTTONPOSITION	
 _HOST_CREATEGROUP	43
ERROR MESSAGES	