SQL WHERE Clause

* The sql WHERE clause is used to specify a condition while fetching the data from a single table or by joining multiple tables. If the given condition is satisfied, then only it return a specific value from the table.

* use the WHERE clause to filter records and fetching only the necessary records.

* The WHERE clause is not only used in the select statement, but it also used in DELETE, UPDATE statement.

Syntax:

```
SELECT column1, column2
FROM table_name
WHERE [condition]
```

SQL AND & OR Conjunctive Operators

The SQL AND & OR operators are used to combine multiple conditions to narrow data in an sql statement. These operators are called conjuctive operators.

The AND operator :-

The AND operator allows the existence of multiple conditions in an SQL statement's WHERE clause

Syntax :

```
SELECT column1, column2, Column N
FROM table_name
WHERE [condition1] AND [condition 2];
```

The OR operator :

The OR operator is used to combine multiple conditions in an sql statement's WHERE clause.

Syntax :

```
SELECT column1, column2, column N
FROM table_name
WHERE [condition 1] or [condition 2];
```