COURSE NAME:

Signal Processing for mm Wave communication for 5G and beyond

Assignment-week 7

Type of Questions: MCQ

Number of Questions: 10 Total Marks:10*1=10

- 1. For a mm wave MISO system with single reflector, every path gain is considered to be of
 - a) Nearly same amplitude and with different phase difference.
 - b) Same phase difference with considerable different amplitude gain.
 - c) Different amplitude and different phase difference.
 - d) Similar amplitude and phase difference.

Correct option: a)

Detailed sol: lecture 31.

- 2. For a single reflector (azimuth configuration) mm wave system with 2 transmitter and 2 receiver antennas, the number of unknown variables for channel estimation are
 - a) 4
 - b) 5
 - c) 3
 - d) 1

Correct option: b)

Detailed solution: Lecture 32

- 3. For mm wave communication beamforming, which type of antennas are used for your handset?
 - a) parabolic dish antenna.
 - b) Horn antenna.
 - c) Array of isotropic antenna.
 - d) both a) and b).

Correct option: c)

Detailed solution: lecture 32

- 4. The beampattern direction and sharpness for mm Wave communication is controlled by
 - a) Transmitting power.
 - b) Only Antenna spacing.
 - c) reflection coefficient of the reflectors.
 - d) Antenna spacing and number of antennas.

Correct option: d)

Detailed solution: lecture 32

- 5. For a 2×2 MIMO system in sub 6 GHz channel model, number of variables to be estimated for channel estimation is
 - a) 4
 - b) 5
 - c) 3
 - d) 1

Correct answer: a)

Detailed solution: lecture 32

- 6. Array manifold vector in transmitter side and receiver side depends on
 - a) Angle of Aperture only.
 - b) Angle of departure only.
 - c) Both a) and b).
 - d) None of the above.

Correct Answer: c)

Detailed solution: lecture 33

- 7. The phase associated to the reference point in array manifold vector containing 5 antenna elements in one antenna array is
 - a) 0 degree.
 - b) 90 degrees.
 - c) 180 degrees.
 - d) 36 degrees.

Correct answer: a)

Detailed solution: lecture 33

- 8. The phase associated to every element in array manifold vector in receiver side depends on
 - a) Position vector of the antenna array elements.
 - b) Direction of receiving the signal.
 - c) Direction of transmitting the signal.
 - d) Both a) & b)

Correct answer: d)

Detailed solution: lecture 33.

- 9. Which of the following corresponds to the unit of field intensity?
 - a) Power/area.
 - b) Power.
 - c) Power/solid angle.
 - d) None of the above.

Correct answer: c)

Detailed solution: lecture 35

- 10. The unit of poynting vector
 - e) Watt/meter².
 - f) Watt
 - g) Watt*meter.
 - h) Watt/meter.

Correct answer: a)

Detailed solution: lecture 35