

Using JCache to speed up your apps

Vassilis Bekiaris
Software Engineer, Hazelcast
@karbonized1

About me

- First computer:
Amstrad 6128 green screen
- Favorite languages I never
used in production: Ada, CLISP
- Freelancer (-2008)
- Software Architect, Team Leader, Jack of all Trades
(2008-2016)
- Software Engineer, Hazelcast (2016-)



Outline

- Caching basics
- Introducing JSR-107 (JCache)
- Using JCache

Why cache?

- Performance
- Offload expensive or non-scalable parts of your architecture
- Buffer against load variability
- Usually fast and easy to apply

When to use caching

- When applications use the same data more than once
- When fetching or producing the data again is expensive

Caches in RAM and beyond

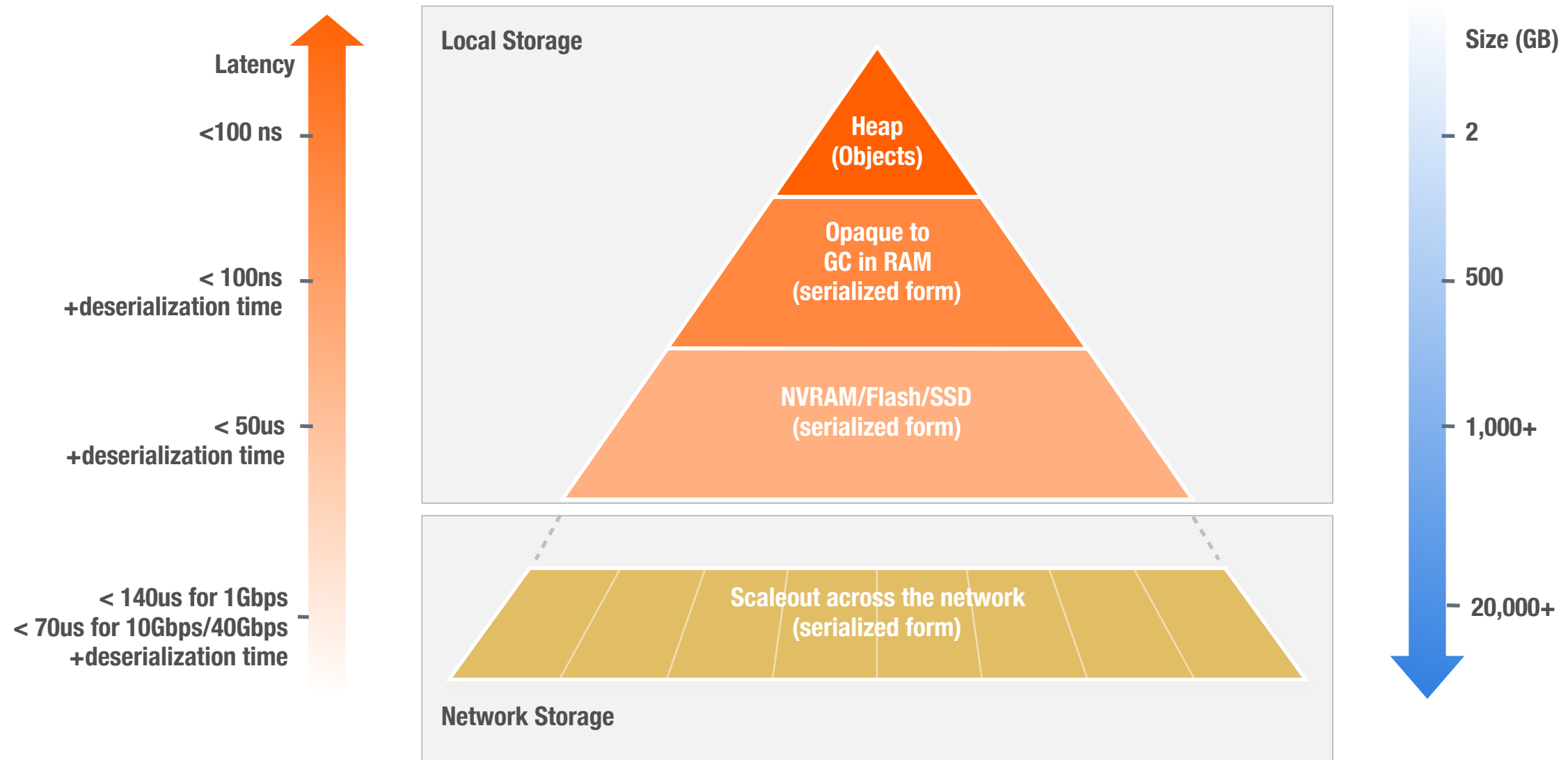
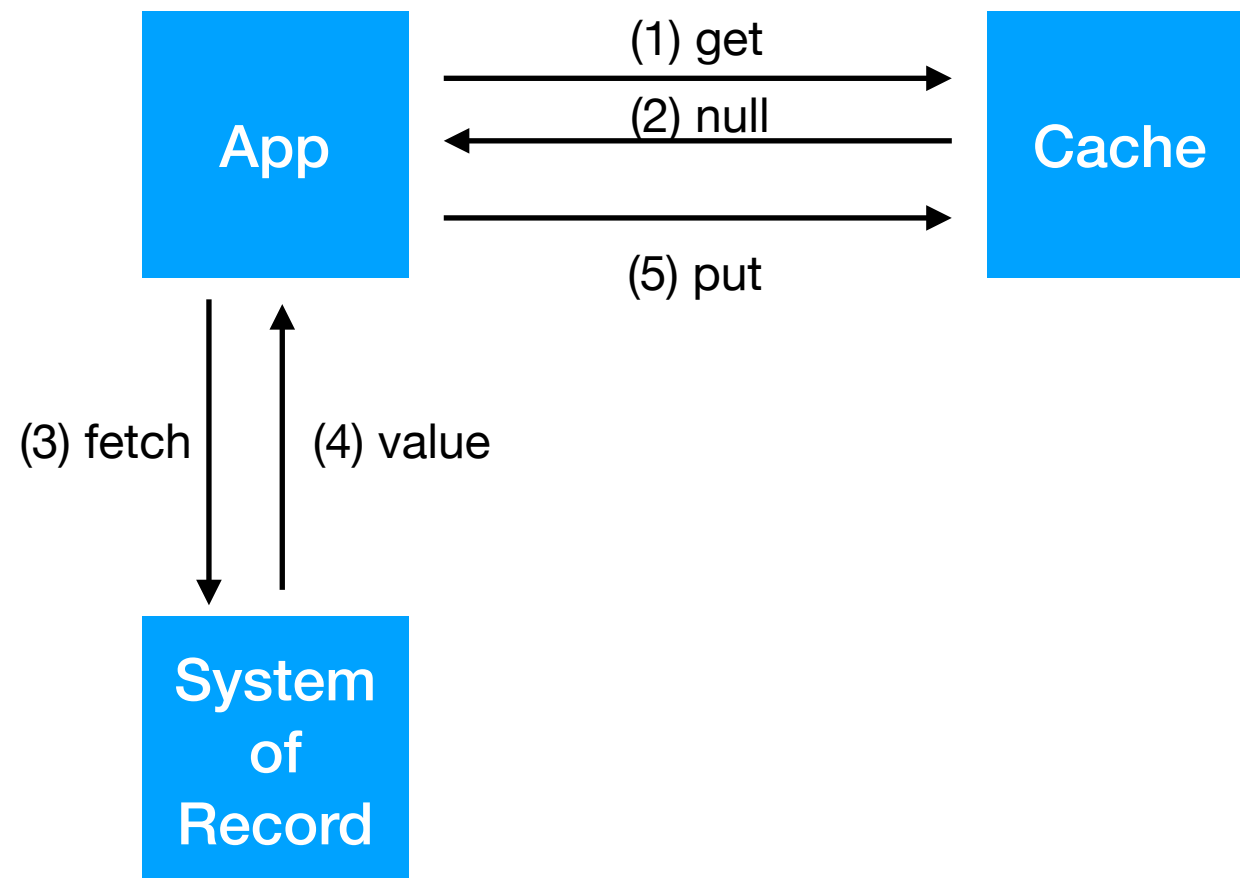


Diagram: Greg Luck

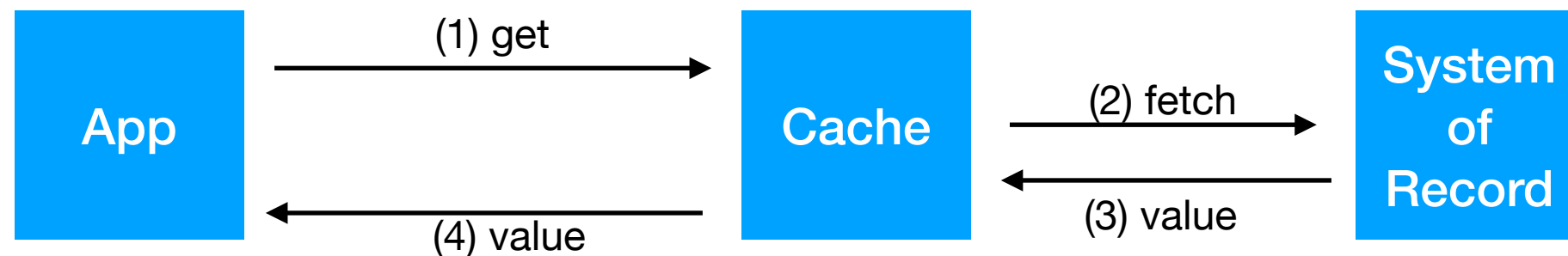
Implementation patterns

- Cache aside



Implementation patterns

- Cache through



Other implementation considerations

- In-process
- Distributed

Introducing JSR-107

- The standard way to cache for Java applications
- One of the longest running JSRs
 - Started in 2001
 - JSR-107 1.0 final released in March 2014
 - JSR-107 1.1 maintenance release (draft review done, expected mid-December 2017)
- Target: Java SE 6+

JCache implementations

- Apache Ignite
- Blazing Cache
- cache2k
- Caffeine
- Coherence (Oracle)
- Ehcache
- Hazelcast
- Infinispan
- ...

(<https://jcp.org/aboutJava/communityprocess/implementations/jsr107/index.html>)

Cache != Map

java.util.Map

Key-Value Based API

Supports Atomic Updates

Entries Don't Expire

Entries Aren't Evicted

Entries Stored On-Heap

Store-By-Reference

javax.cache.Cache

Key-Value Based API

Supports Atomic Updates

Entries May Expire

Entries May Be Evicted

Entries Stored Anywhere (ie: topologies)

Store-By-Value and Store-By-Reference

Supports Integration (ie: Loaders / Writers)

Supports Observation (ie: Listeners)

Entry Processors

Statistics

Cache now!

- Add `javax.cache:cache-api:1.0.0` to your classpath
- Add an implementation
- Hello, world!

JCache API

- Caching
 - “Service loader”: locates implementation, supplies CachingProvider(s)
- CachingProvider
 - Creates & manages CacheManagers (per {URI, ClassLoader})
- CacheManager
 - Manages Caches lifecycle
- Cache
 - That’s what your app uses!

Entry processors

- Data transformations
- Computations

Listeners

- Caches are observable
 - CacheEntryCreatedListener
 - CacheEntryUpdatedListener
 - CacheEntryRemovedListener
 - CacheEntryExpiredListener

Cache Loader/Writer

- Integration with system of record
- Read-through, write-through

Annotations

- @CacheResult

@CachePut

@CacheRemove

@CacheRemoveAll

- JSR107 RI provides support for CDI, Spring & Guice

Annotations

```
@CacheDefaults(cacheName = "users")
class User {

    @CacheResult
    User getUser(long id);

    @CachePut
    void createUser(long id, @CacheValue User user);

    @CacheRemove
    User removeUser(long id);

    ...
}
```

Management & Statistics

- Via JMX
- Can be enabled/disabled at runtime
 - `CacheManager.enableStatistics(cacheName, true)`
 - `CacheManager.enableManagement(cacheName, true)`

Integrations

- Spring
- CDI
- Payara server

JSR-107 links

- JCP Project:
 - <http://jcp.org/en/jsr/detail?id=107>
- Source Code:
 - <https://github.com/jsr107>
- Forum:
 - <https://groups.google.com/forum/?fromgroups#!forum/jsr107>