

```
In [2]: import pandas as pd
cities=pd.read_csv(r"D:\PROJECTS\Datasets_mini_veruthe\california_cities.csv")
```

```
In [3]: print(cities.head())
```

	Unnamed: 0	city	latd	longd	elevation_m	elevation_ft	\
0	0	Adelanto	34.576111	-117.432778	875.0	2871.0	
1	1	AgouraHills	34.153333	-118.761667	281.0	922.0	
2	2	Alameda	37.756111	-122.274444	NaN	33.0	
3	3	Albany	37.886944	-122.297778	NaN	43.0	
4	4	Alhambra	34.081944	-118.135000	150.0	492.0	

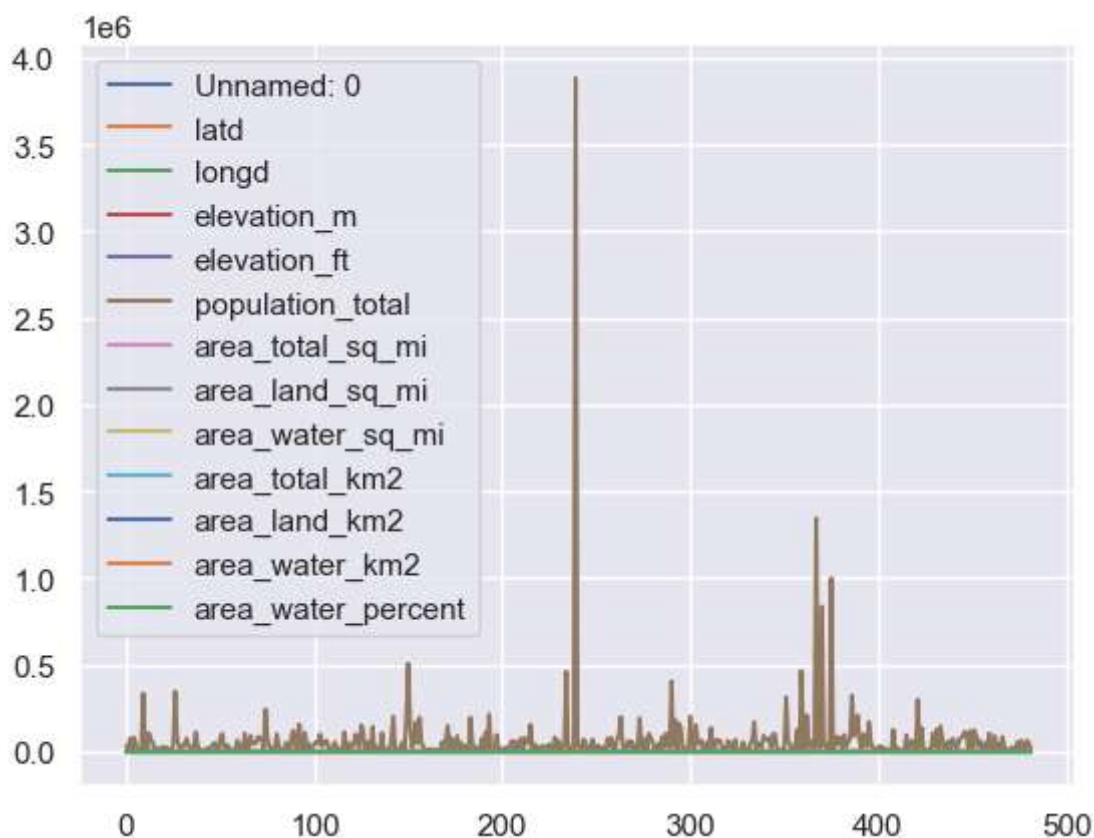
	population_total	area_total_sq_mi	area_land_sq_mi	area_water_sq_mi	\
0	31765	56.027	56.009	0.018	
1	20330	7.822	7.793	0.029	
2	75467	22.960	10.611	12.349	
3	18969	5.465	1.788	3.677	
4	83089	7.632	7.631	0.001	

	area_total_km2	area_land_km2	area_water_km2	area_water_percent
0	145.107	145.062	0.046	0.03
1	20.260	20.184	0.076	0.37
2	59.465	27.482	31.983	53.79
3	14.155	4.632	9.524	67.28
4	19.766	19.763	0.003	0.01

```
In [5]: latitude,longitude = cities["latd"],cities["longd"]
population,area=cities["population_total"],cities["area_total_km2"]
```

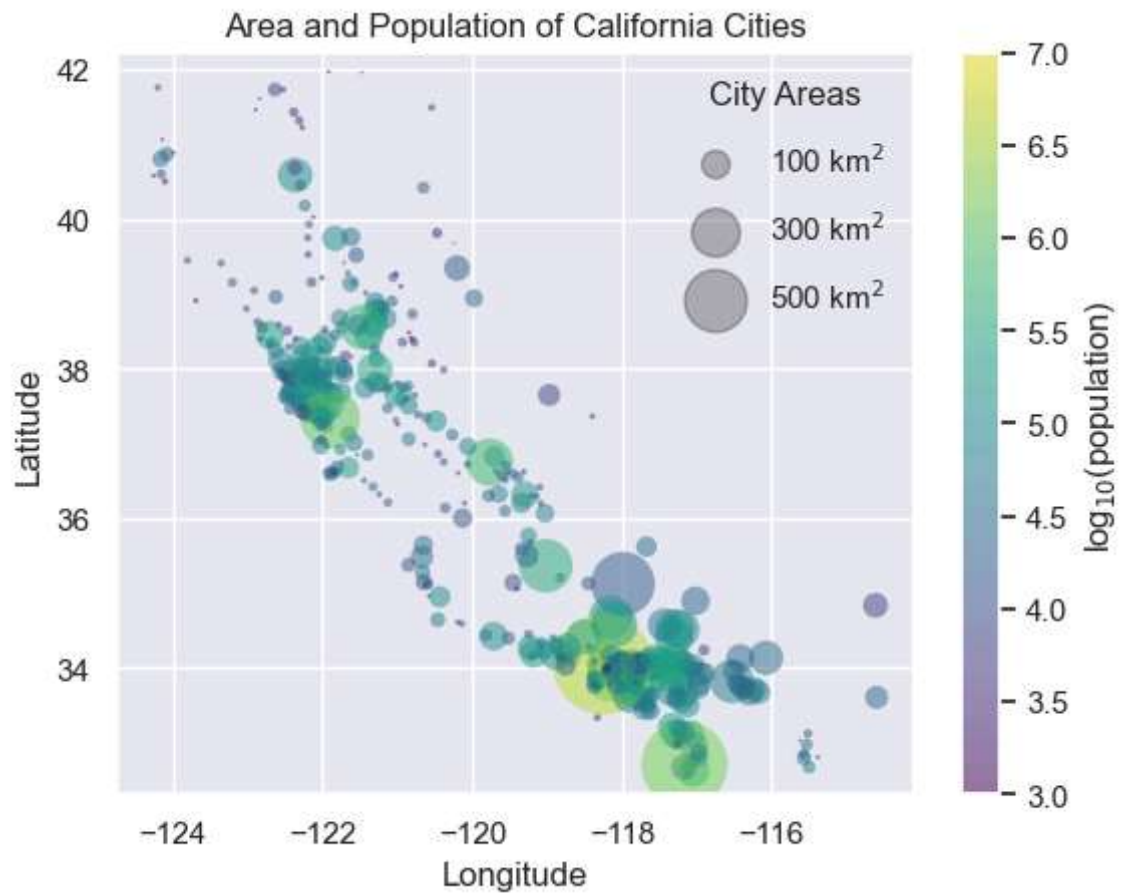
```
In [11]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn
seaborn.set()
cities.plot()
plt.show()
```



```
In [10]: plt.scatter(longitude, latitude, label=None, c=np.log10(population),
                    cmap='viridis', s=area, linewidth=0, alpha=0.5)
plt.axis('equal')
plt.xlabel('Longitude')
plt.ylabel('Latitude') # Corrected ylabel
plt.colorbar(label='log$_{10}$(population)')
plt.clim(3, 7)

# Create a legend, plot empty lists with the desired size and label
for area_size in [100, 300, 500]: # Changed loop variable to avoid conflict
    plt.scatter([], [], c='k', alpha=0.3, s=area_size, label=str(area_size) + ' km$
plt.legend(scatterpoints=1, frameon=False, labelspacing=1, title='City Areas')

# Title and show plot
plt.title("Area and Population of California Cities")
plt.show()
```



In [ ]: