Exp 6: YACC – VALID ARITHMETIC EXPRESSION

LEX

- 1. Start
- 2. Definitions Section include an external declaration for `yylval`, which is often used to store the value associated with a token
- 3. Rules Section
 - 1. [0-9]+: matches one or more digits and convert value of yylval to the integer representation of the matched text and returns the token type NUM
 - 2. [a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9]*: matches an identifier and returns the token type ID
 - 3. [\t\n]: skips whitespaces
 - 4. . : matches any other character and returns it as a single character token
- 4. yywrap() indicate the end of input
- 5. Stop

YACC

- 1. Start
- 2. Token Declarations (%token): NUM and ID
- 3. Operator Precedence Declarations (%left): `+`, `-`, `*`, `/`, `%`
- 4. Grammar Rules Section

```
E -> E+E | E-E | E*E | E/E { if($3 == 0){ yyerror() } } | E%E { if($3 == 0) { yyerror() }} | (E) | -NUM | NUM
```

- 5. yyerror() to handle
- 6. main() prompts the user to enter an arithmetic expression and calls yyparse() to parse it
- 7. Stop

Valid Arithmetic Expression (Lex)

```
%{
    #include<stdio.h>
    #include "y.tab.h"
    extern int yylval;
%}

%%
[0-9]+ { yylval = atoi(yytext); return NUM; }
[a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9]* { return ID; }
[ \t\n] {;}
. { return yytext[0]; }
%%
```

```
int yywrap(){
  return 1;
}
Valid Arithmetic Expression (YACC)
%{
  #include<stdio.h>
  int flag = 0;
%}
%token NUM ID
%left '+' '-'
%left '*' '/'
%left '(' ')'
%%
E:E'+'E
|E'-'E
|E'*'E
|E'/E| \{ if(\$3 == 0) \}
       yyerror();
      } }
|E'\%'E \{ if(\$3 == 0) \}
       yyerror();
     } }
|'('E')'
|'-'NUM
|NUM
%%
int yyerror(){
  flag = 1;
  printf("invalid arithmetic expression\n");
  return 1;
```

```
int main(){
    printf("Enter the arithmetic expression : ");
    yyparse();
    if(flag == 0){
        printf("valid arithmetic expression\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

output: if output is not printed then press ctrl+D