Fundamentals of Signal Processing and Data Analysis Homework 7

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1 Filtering to Obtain the High-Frequency Explosive Signal

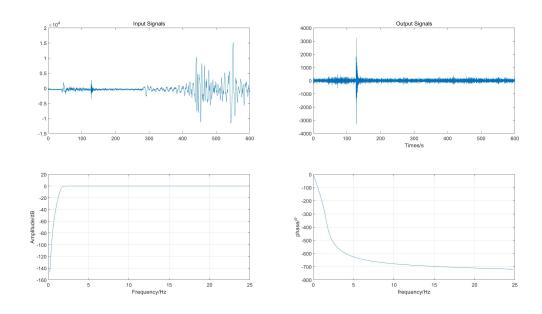


Figure 1: High-pass filter processing result

```
clc; clear; load kerl030916ud.txt
Fs = 50; dt = 1/Fs;
wp = 1.5*2/Fs; ws = 2.5*2/Fs;
Rp = 1; Rs = 30; Nn = 128;
[N, Wn] = buttord(wp, ws, Rp, Rs);
[b,a] = butter(N, Wn, 'High');
[H,f] = freqz(b,a,Nn,Fs);

figure;
subplot(2,2,3); plot(f, 20*log10(abs(H)));
xlabel('Frequency/Hz'); ylabel('Amplitude/dB');
grid on; set(gca, 'FontSize', 16);
```

```
13
   subplot(2,2,4); plot(f, 180/pi*unwrap(angle(H)));
   xlabel('Frequency/Hz'); ylabel('Phase/(degree)');
15
  grid on; set(gca, 'FontSize', 16);
16
17
  x = ker1030916ud';
18
  y = filter(b, a, x);
19
  t = (0:(length(x)-1)) * dt;
21
   subplot(2,2,1); plot(t, x); title('Input Signals');
22
   set(gca, 'FontSize', 16);
23
24
  subplot(2,2,2); plot(t, y); title('Output Signals');
  xlabel('Time/s'); set(gca, 'FontSize', 16);
```

2 Problem 2 & 3: Linear Phase Conditions

$$2\sum_{n=0}^{N-1} h(n) e^{-j\omega n} = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} h(n) e^{-j\omega n} + \sum_{n=N-1}^{0} h(n) e^{-j\omega n}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} h(n) e^{-j\omega n} + \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} h(N-1-n) e^{-j\omega(N-1-n)}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} e^{-j\omega \left(\frac{N-1}{2}\right)} \left(h(n) e^{-j\omega \left(n-\frac{N-1}{2}\right)} + h(N-1-n) e^{-j\omega \left(\frac{N-1}{2}-n\right)}\right)$$

$$= e^{-j\omega \left(\frac{N-1}{2}\right)} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} \left(h(n) e^{j\omega \left(\frac{N-1}{2}-n\right)} + (-1)^{p-1} h(n) e^{-j\omega \left(\frac{N-1}{2}-n\right)}\right)$$

$$= e^{-j\omega \left(\frac{N-1}{2}\right)} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} h(n) \left((1+(-1)^{p-1}) \cos\left(\frac{N-1}{2}-n\right)\omega\right)$$

$$+ j(1+(-1)^p) \sin\left(\frac{N-1}{2}-n\right)\omega\right)$$
(1)

2.1 Problem 2: Type I Linear Phase

For even-symmetric impulse response (h(n) = h(N-1-n)), p = 1:

$$\sum_{n=0}^{N-1} h(n)e^{-j\omega n} = e^{-j\omega \frac{N-1}{2}} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} h(n)\cos\left(\left(\frac{N-1}{2} - n\right)\omega\right)$$

2.2 Problem 3: Type II Linear Phase

For odd-symmetric impulse response (h(n) = -h(N-1-n)), p = 2:

$$\sum_{n=0}^{N-1} h(n)e^{-j\omega n} = e^{-j\omega\frac{N-1}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} h(n)\sin\left(\left(\frac{N-1}{2} - n\right)\omega\right)$$

3 Comparison of FIR and IIR Filtering on Seismic Waves (Changchun Station)

3.1 FIR Filter

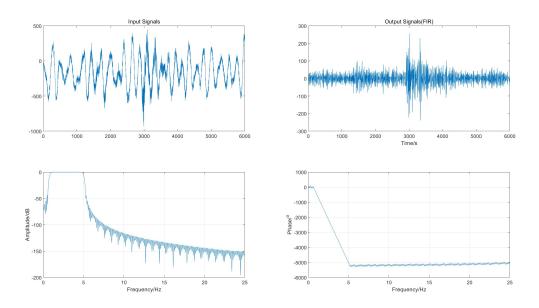


Figure 2: FIR Filter Result

```
clc; clear;
  wp = [0.032 \ 0.2]; N = 320; dt = 0.02;
  b = fir1(N, wp, hanning(N+1));
   [H,f] = freqz(b,1,512,1/dt);
  figure;
  subplot(2,2,3); plot(f, 20*log10(abs(H)));
  xlabel('Frequency/Hz'); ylabel('Amplitude/dB');
  grid on; set(gca, 'FontSize', 16);
  subplot(2,2,4); plot(f, 180/pi*unwrap(angle(H)));
11
  xlabel('Frequency/Hz'); ylabel('Phase/(degree)');
12
  grid on; set(gca, 'FontSize', 16);
13
14
  load ChangChun.txt
  y = filtfilt(b, 1, ChangChun);
16
  t = 0:length(ChangChun)-1;
17
18
  subplot(2,2,1); plot(t, ChangChun);
19
  title('Input Signals'); set(gca, 'FontSize', 16);
20
21
  subplot(2,2,2); plot(t, y);
^{22}
  title('Output Signals (FIR)'); xlabel('Time/s');
23
  set(gca, 'FontSize', 16);
```

3.2 IIR Filter

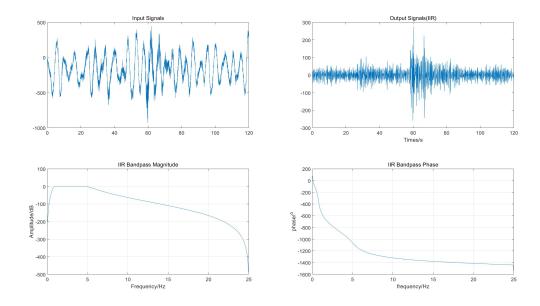


Figure 3: IIR Filter Result

```
clc; clear; load ChangChun.txt
  Fs = 50; dt = 1/Fs;
2
  wp = [0.8 5] * 2 / Fs;
  ws = [0.5 7] * 2 / Fs;
4
  Rp = 3; Rs = 30;
   [N, Wn] = buttord(wp, ws, Rp, Rs);
   [b, a] = butter(N, Wn, 'bandpass');
   [H, f] = freqz(b, a, 512, Fs);
9
10
  figure;
11
  subplot(2,2,3); plot(f, 20*log10(abs(H)));
12
  xlabel('Frequency/Hz'); ylabel('Amplitude/dB');
  title('IIR Bandpass Magnitude');
14
  grid on; set(gca, 'FontSize', 16);
15
16
  subplot(2,2,4); plot(f, 180/pi*unwrap(angle(H)));
17
  xlabel('Frequency/Hz'); ylabel('Phase/(degree)');
18
  title('IIR Bandpass Phase');
19
  grid on; set(gca, 'FontSize', 16);
20
21
  t = (0:(length(ChangChun)-1)) * dt;
22
  subplot(2,2,1); plot(t, ChangChun);
23
  title('Input Signals'); set(gca, 'FontSize', 16);
24
25
  y = filtfilt(b, a, ChangChun);
26
  subplot(2,2,2); plot(t, y);
27
  title('Output Signals (IIR)'); xlabel('Time/s');
28
  set(gca, 'FontSize', 16);
```