2018110493_정정룡_0526

glimpse(bikes)

```
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching packages ----- tidyverse 1.3.1 --
## v ggplot2 3.3.5
                     v purrr
                              0.3.4
## v tibble 3.1.6
                    v dplyr
                              1.0.8
## v tidyr 1.2.0
                    v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr 2.1.2
                    v forcats 0.5.1
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                  masks stats::lag()
library(modelr)
library(splines)
library(MASS)
##
## 다음의 패키지를 부착합니다: 'MASS'
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
      select
library(lubridate)
##
## 다음의 패키지를 부착합니다: 'lubridate'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
      date, intersect, setdiff, union
bikes <- ISLR2::Bikeshare %>%
 tibble()
bikes <- bikes %>%
 mutate(
   season = factor(season, labels = c("winter", "spring", "summer", "fall"))
 ) %>%
   date = as.Date(day, origin = "2010-12-31"),
   datetime = make datetime(year(date), month(date), mday(date), hr),
   weekday=as.factor(weekday),
   holiday=as.factor(holiday)
```

```
## Rows: 8.645
## Columns: 17
            <fct> winter, winter, winter, winter, winter, winter, win-
            $ mnth
            ##
  $ day
##
  $ hr
            <fct> 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 1~
            ##
  $ holiday
            ## $ weekday
## $ weathersit <fct> clear, clear, clear, clear, clear, cloudy/misty, clear, cle~
            <dbl> 0.24, 0.22, 0.22, 0.24, 0.24, 0.24, 0.22, 0.20, 0.24, 0.32,~
## $ temp
            <dbl> 0.2879, 0.2727, 0.2727, 0.2879, 0.2879, 0.2576, 0.2727, 0.2~
##
  $ atemp
##
  $ hum
            <dbl> 0.81, 0.80, 0.80, 0.75, 0.75, 0.75, 0.80, 0.86, 0.75, 0.76,~
           <dbl> 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0896, 0.0000, 0.0~
##
  $ windspeed
            <dbl> 3, 8, 5, 3, 0, 0, 2, 1, 1, 8, 12, 26, 29, 47, 35, 40, 41, 1~
  $ casual
           <dbl> 13, 32, 27, 10, 1, 1, 0, 2, 7, 6, 24, 30, 55, 47, 71, 70, 5~
  $ registered
            <dbl> 16, 40, 32, 13, 1, 1, 2, 3, 8, 14, 36, 56, 84, 94, 106, 110~
## $ bikers
            <date> 2011-01-01, 2011-01-01, 2011-01-01, 2011-01-01, 2011-01-01~
## $ date
           <dttm> 2011-01-01 01:00:00, 2011-01-01 02:00:00, 2011-01-01 03:00~
## $ datetime
```

colSums(is.na(bikes)) #결측치 없음

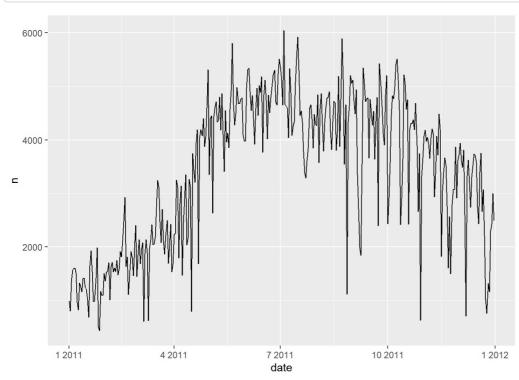
```
##
        season
                       mnth
                                     day
                                                  hr
                                                         holiday
                                                                      weekday workingday
##
              Θ
                          0
                                       0
                                                   0
                                                                0
                                                                             0
##
   weathersit
                       temp
                                   atemp
                                                 hum
                                                       windspeed
                                                                       casual registered
##
              0
                          0
                                       0
                                                   0
                                                                0
                                                                             0
##
        bikers
##
              Θ
                          0
                                       0
```

```
df=bikes %>%
group_by(date) %>%
summarise(n=n())
table(df[,2]) #유의해야할 행 존재
```

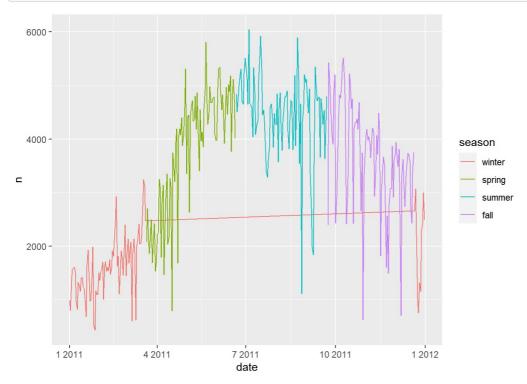
```
##
## 8 12 16 17 18 22 23 24
## 1 1 1 1 2 6 48 305
```

```
#daily
daily=bikes %>%
  group_by(date) %>%
  mutate(n=sum(bikers))

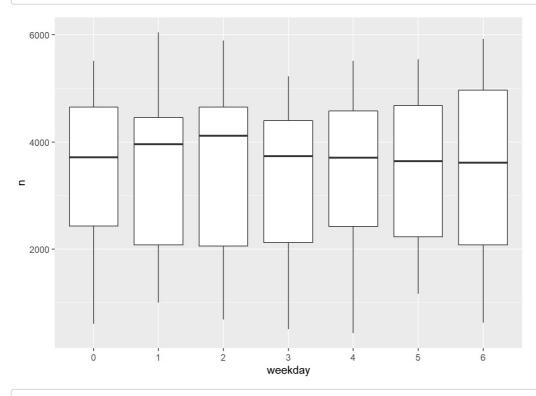
#일별
daily %>%
  ggplot()+
  geom_line(aes(date,n))
```



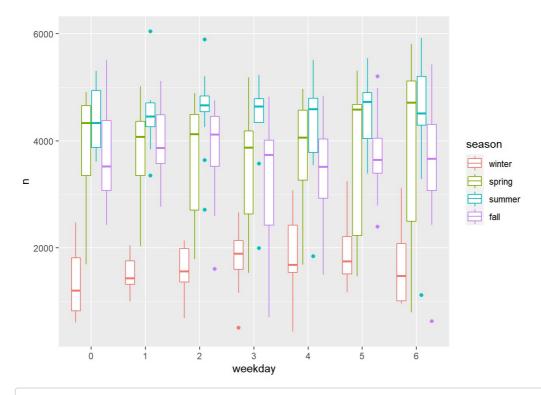
```
daily %>%
  ggplot()+
  geom_line(aes(date,n, color=season))
```



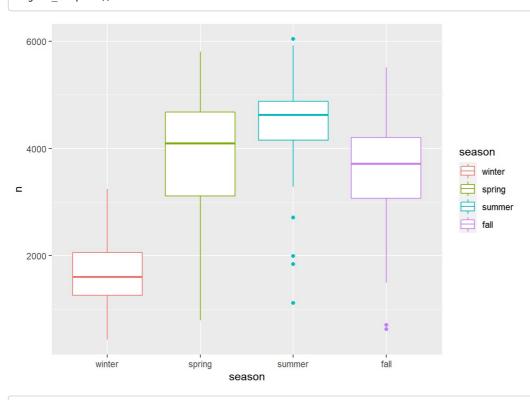
#요일별 ggplot(daily, aes(weekday,n))+ geom_boxplot()



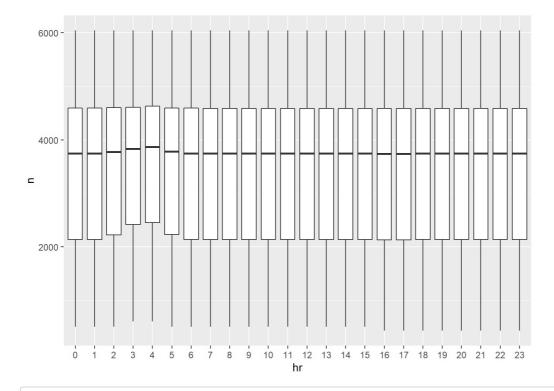
ggplot(daily, aes(weekday,n, color=season))+
 geom_boxplot()



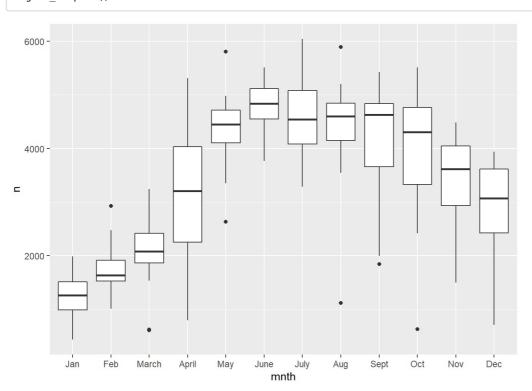




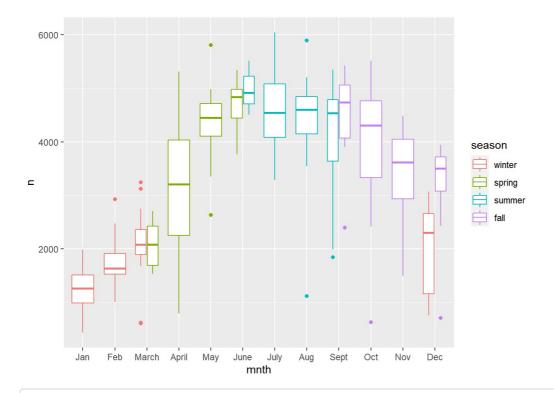
#시간별 box ggplot(daily, aes(hr,n))+ geom_boxplot()



#월별 box ggplot(daily, aes(mnth,n))+ geom_boxplot()



ggplot(daily, aes(mnth,n, color=season))+
 geom_boxplot()

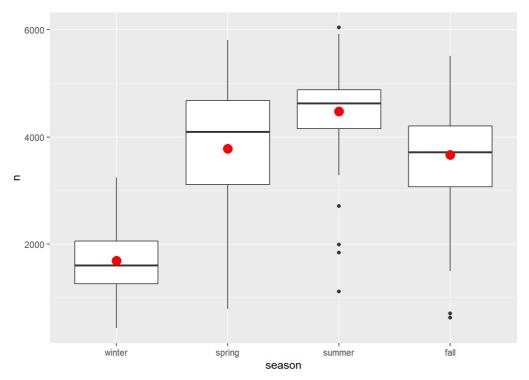


######계절의 효과가 매우 크다는 것을 알 수 있다

```
#계절의 효과를 제거
mod=lm(n~season, data=daily)

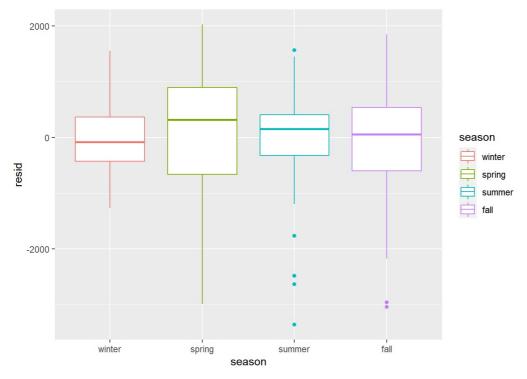
grid <- daily %>%
  data_grid(season) %>%
  add_predictions(mod, "n")

ggplot(daily, aes(season, n)) +
  geom_boxplot() +
  geom_point(data = grid, colour = "red", size = 4)
```

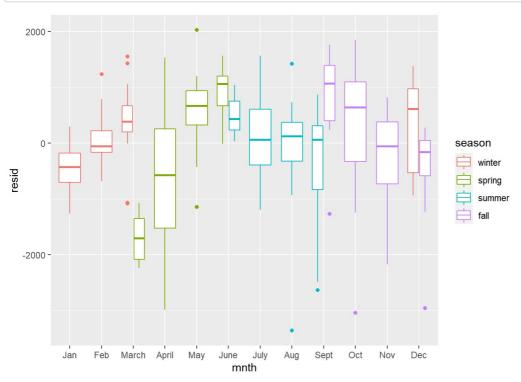


```
daily=daily %>%
  add_residuals(mod)

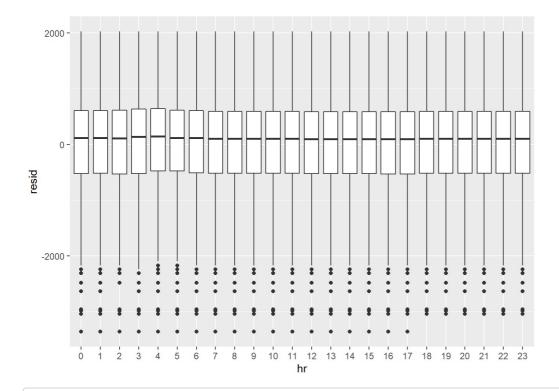
daily %>%
  ggplot()+
  geom_boxplot(aes(season, resid, color=season))
```







```
daily %>%
  ggplot()+
  geom_boxplot(aes(hr, resid))
```

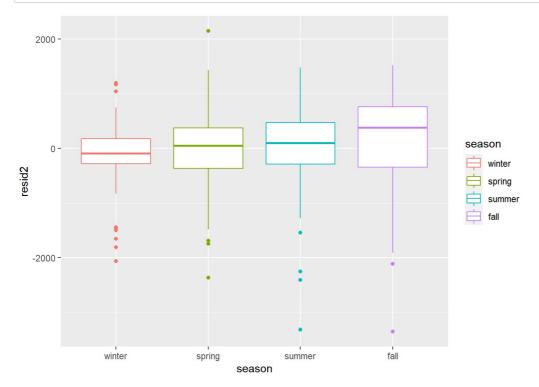


#계절의 효과가 매우 유의하다는 것을 알 수 있다

```
#월별에서 약간 차이가 난다는 것을 확인, 월별 효과 제거하고 진행
mod2=lm(n~mnth, data=daily)

daily=daily %>%
  add_residuals(mod2, 'resid2')

daily %>%
  ggplot()+
  geom_boxplot(aes(season, resid2, color=season))
```



```
daily %>%
  ggplot()+
  geom_boxplot(aes(mnth, resid2, color=season))
```

