```
In [44]:

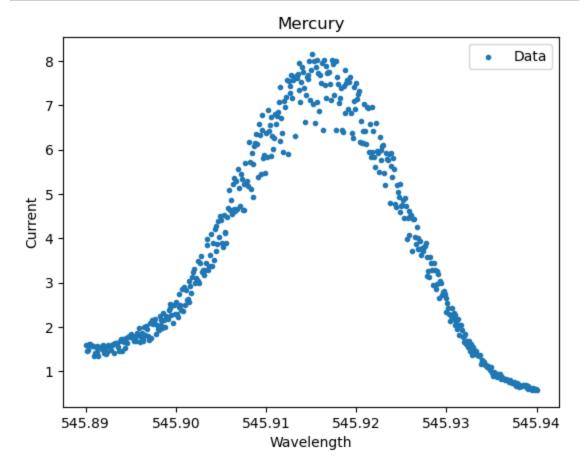
    ★ import numpy as np

             import pylab as py
             import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
             from scipy.optimize import curve_fit
             import scipy.stats as stats
             def fgaussian(x, A, B, C, D):
                 return A * np.exp(-((x - B) ** 2) / (2 * C ** 2)) + D
             def ftwogaussian(x, A1, A2, B1, B2, C1, C2, D):
                 return (A1 * np.exp(-((x - B1) ** 2) / (2 * C1 ** 2))
                         + A2 * np.exp(-((x - B2) ** 2) / (2 * C2 ** 2)) + D)
             def is_float(string):
                 try:
                     float(string)
                     return True
                 except ValueError:
                     return False
             # pull data
             #data1 = np.genfromtxt('MercuryData.csv', delimiter=',', skip_header=22, d
             data1 = np.genfromtxt('H2D2/DataFiles/MercuryData.csv', delimiter=',', dty
             data1 copy = np.genfromtxt('H2D2/DataFiles/MercuryDataCopy.csv', delimiter
             data2 = np.genfromtxt('H2D2/DataFiles/H2D2Data1.csv', delimiter=',', dty;
             data3 = np.genfromtxt('H2D2/DataFiles/H2D2Data2.csv', delimiter=',', dty;
             data4 = np.genfromtxt('H2D2/DataFiles/H2D2Data3.csv', delimiter=','
             data5 = np.genfromtxt('H2D2/DataFiles/H2D2Data4.csv', delimiter=',', dty;
             # split columns from data into x and y values
             x_{data_1} = [float(row[0]) if is_float(row[0]) else np.nan for row in data:
             y_data_1 = [float(row[1]) if is_float(row[1]) else np.nan for row in data1
             x_data_1_copy = [float(row[0]) if is_float(row[0]) else np.nan for row in
             y_data_1_copy = [float(row[1]) if is_float(row[1]) else np.nan for row in
             x_data_2 = [float(row[0]) if is_float(row[0]) else np.nan for row in data?
             y_data_2 = [float(row[1]) if is_float(row[1]) else np.nan for row in data;
             x_data_3 = [float(row[0]) if is_float(row[0]) else np.nan for row in data;
             y_data_3 = [float(row[1]) if is_float(row[1]) else np.nan for row in data;
             x_data_4 = [float(row[0]) if is_float(row[0]) else np.nan for row in data
             y_data_4 = [float(row[1]) if is_float(row[1]) else np.nan for row in data
             x_data_5 = [float(row[0]) if is_float(row[0]) else np.nan for row in data
             y_data_5 = [float(row[1]) if is_float(row[1]) else np.nan for row in data
```

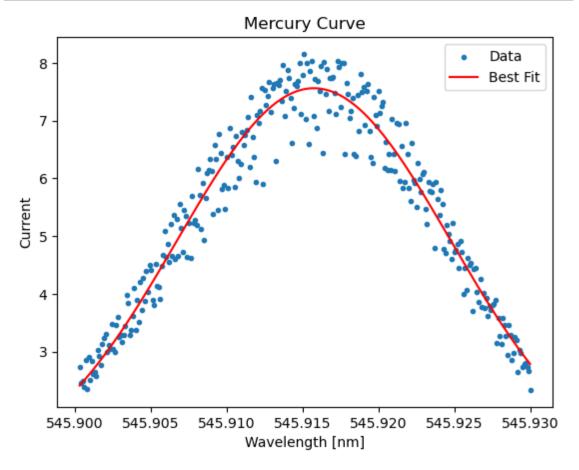
Mercury Calibration

```
In [45]:  # plot all data

plt.scatter(x_data_1, y_data_1, label='Data', marker='.')
plt.xlabel('Wavelength')
plt.ylabel('Current')
plt.title('Mercury')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



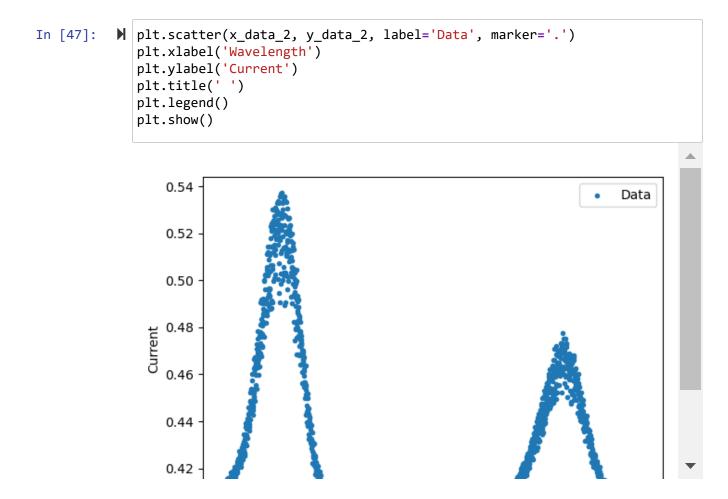
```
In [46]:
             \#x_{min} = 545.901
             #x max = 545.93
             A1 = 7
             B1 = 545.91
             C1 = 0.01
             D = 1
             params, covariance = curve_fit(fgaussian, x_data_1_copy, y_data_1_copy,
                                             p0=[A1, B1, C1, D])
             A1_fit, B1_fit, C1_fit, D_fit = params
             uncert = np.sqrt(np.diag(covariance))
             plt.scatter(x_data_1_copy, y_data_1_copy, label='Data', marker='.')
             plt.plot(x_data_1_copy, fgaussian(x_data_1_copy, *params), label='Best Fit
             plt.xlabel('Wavelength [nm]')
             plt.ylabel('Current')
             plt.title('Mercury Curve')
             plt.legend()
             plt.show()
             print('Peak 1 (0.081 MeV):')
             print()
             print(f'A1 = {A1_fit:.8f} ± {uncert[0]:.8f}')
             print(f'B1 = {B1_fit:.8f} ± {uncert[1]:.8f}')
             print(f'C1 = {C1_fit:.8f} ± {uncert[2]:.8f}')
             print(f'D = {D_fit:.8f} ± {uncert[3]:.8f}')
```



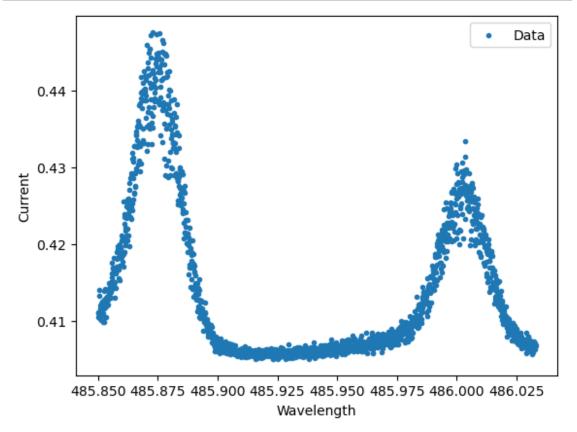
```
Peak 1 (0.081 MeV):

A1 = 6.68835828 ± 0.31518634
B1 = 545.91574142 ± 0.00006202
C1 = 0.00900771 ± 0.00038161
D = 0.87393753 ± 0.33408648
```

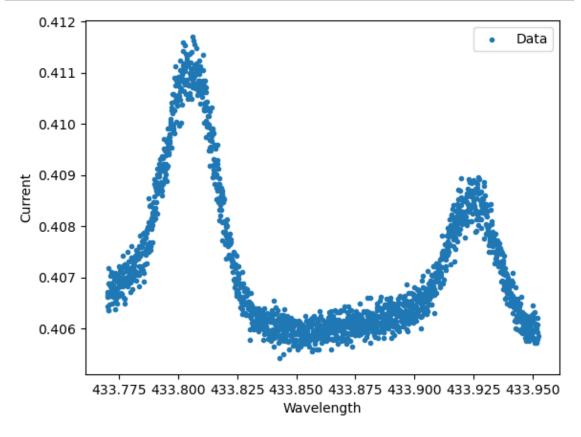
656.279 nm



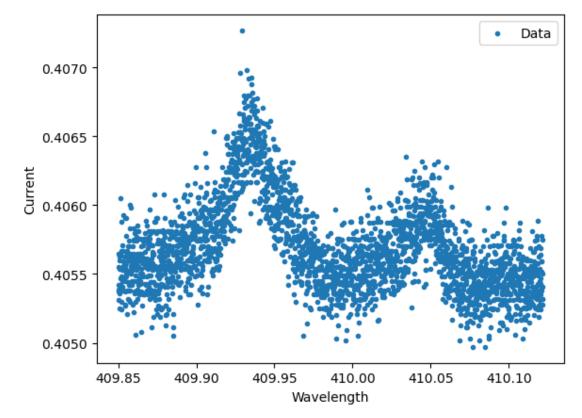
486.135 nm



434.0472 nm



410.1734 nm



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In [ ]: ▶
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