

EK307 – Fall 2025 – Homework #9
Due: Tuesday 11/25/2025 by 11:59pm

1)

Convert the following sinusoids to phasors in polar and rectangular form

1a) $v(t) = 20 \cos(150t - 60^\circ) \text{ V}$

1b) $v(t) = 10 \cos(1000t + 180^\circ) \text{ V}$

1c) $i(t) = -4 \cos(3t) + 3 \cos(3t - 90^\circ) \text{ A}$

2)

Evaluate the following complex numbers and leave your results in polar form:

(a) $5 \angle 30^\circ \left(6 - j8 + \frac{3 \angle 60^\circ}{2 + j} \right)$

(b) $\frac{(10 \angle 60^\circ)(35 \angle -50^\circ)}{(2 + j6) - (5 + j)}$

3) Using phasors, find:

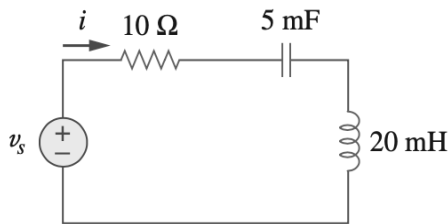
(a) $3 \cos(20t + 10^\circ) - 5 \cos(20t - 30^\circ)$

(b) $40 \sin 50t + 30 \cos(50t - 45^\circ)$

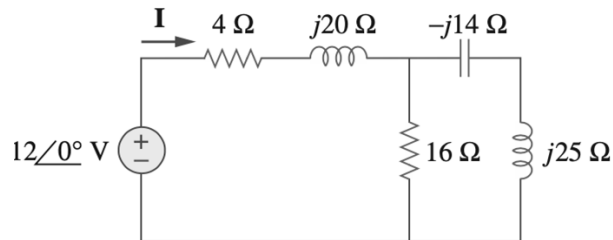
(c) $20 \sin 400t + 10 \cos(400t + 60^\circ) - 5 \sin(400t - 20^\circ)$

4)

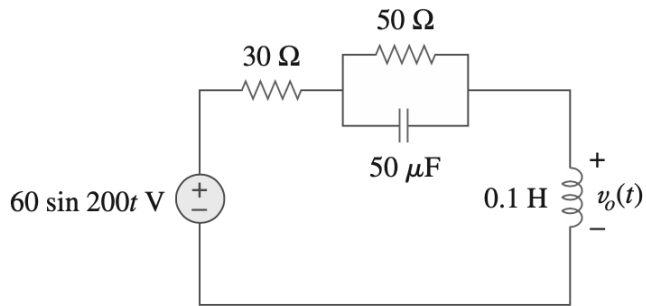
Find current i in the circuit below when $v_s(t) = 50 \cos 200t \text{ V}$.



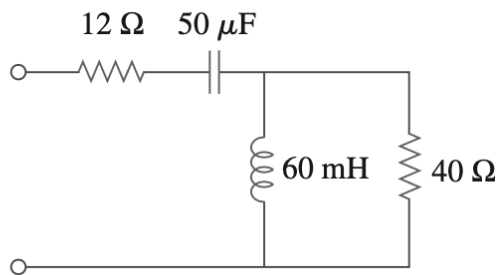
- 5) For the circuit shown below, find Z_{eq} and use that to find current \mathbf{I} . Let $\omega = 10 \text{ rad/s}$.



- 6 Calculate $v_o(t)$ in the circuit shown below



- 7) At $\omega = 377 \text{ rad/s}$, find the input impedance of the circuit shown below



- 8) Determine \mathbf{Z}_T and \mathbf{I} for the circuit below

