

# Pre-Exam Notes

## DP2

Giacomo Cappelletto

29.4.24

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# Chapter 1

## To Remember

### 1.1 Functions

#### Definition 1.1.1: Column Transformation of a graph

If the transformation for  $f(x)$  is

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

Then the new function is

$$f(x - 3) + 5$$

### 1.2 Series

#### Definition 1.2.1: Induction Logic

Since true for  $n = 1$  and true for  $n = k$  implies true for  $n = k + 1$ , true for all  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

### 1.3 Probability

Note:-

Always remember to include swapping in combination problems

### 1.4 Trig and Geometry

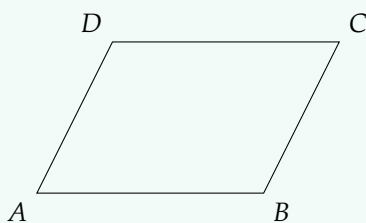
#### Definition 1.4.1: Tangent Table

| Angle (deg) | $\tan(\theta)$       |
|-------------|----------------------|
| 0           | 0                    |
| 30          | $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ |
| 45          | 1                    |
| 60          | $\sqrt{3}$           |
| 90          | undef                |

#### Definition 1.4.2: Scalar Product Angle in Parallelograms

If  $\cos(\theta) < 0$  then  $\theta$  is obtuse The  $\theta$  found is always the one with the matching edge

**Example 1.4.1** ( $\cos(\theta)$  Edge)



$$\vec{AB} \cdot \vec{AD} = \cos \langle BAD \rangle \left| \vec{AB} \right| \left| \vec{AD} \right|$$

## 1.5 Calculus

### Question 1: Integral of a known derivative

$$\int f(x) dx$$

Where  $f'(x)$  is known

**Solution:** Integrate by parts as

$$du = f(x)$$

$$v = 1$$

**Note:-**

You can flip a derivative if needed

**Example 1.5.1** (Given  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{5\cos(x)}{4}$ )

$$\frac{dx}{dy} = \frac{4}{5\cos(x)}$$