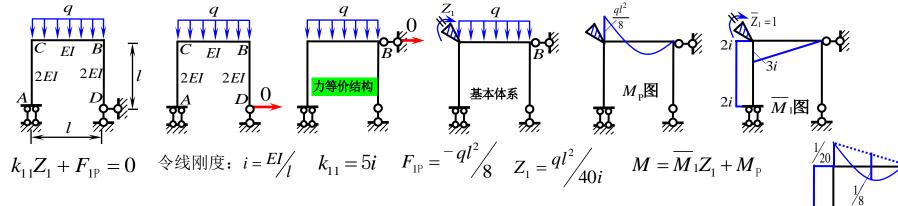
【<mark>例题1</mark>】用位移法作弯矩图。(力等价1-1)

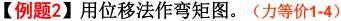


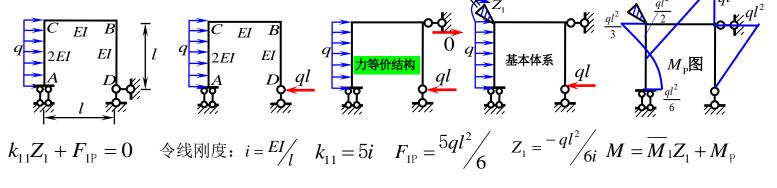
D处水平反力为零,可以去掉D处水平链杆支座,

在B处施加一个反力为零的水平链杆支座,位移法基本未知量变成只有1个转角位移。

B处弯矩已知不用施加刚臂支座。



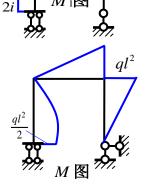


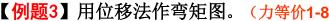


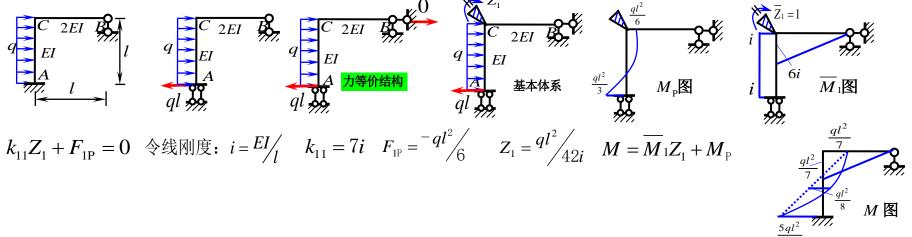
D处水平反力为ql,可以去掉D处水平链杆支座,

在B处施加一个反力为零的水平链杆支座,位移法基本未知量变成只有1个转角位移。

B处弯矩已知不用施加刚臂支座。



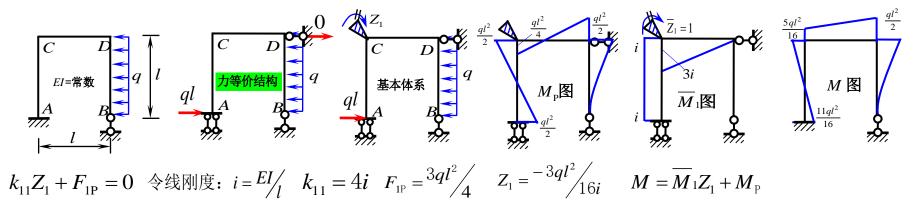




A处水平反力为ql,可以去掉A处水平链杆支座,

在B处施加一个反力为零的水平链杆支座,位移法基本未知量变成只有1个转角位移。

【例题4】用位移法作弯矩图。(力等价1-9)

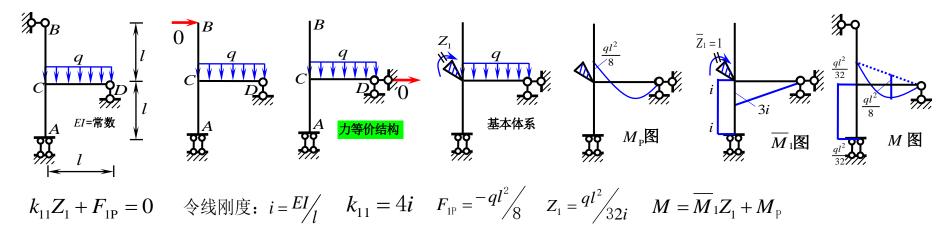


A处水平反力为ql,可以去掉A处水平链杆支座,

在B处施加一个反力为零的水平链杆支座,位移法基本未知量变成只有1个转角位移。

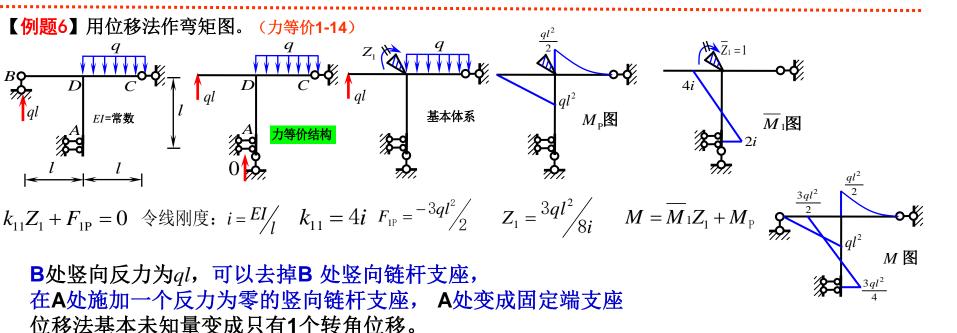


【例题5】用位移法作弯矩图。(力等价1-13)

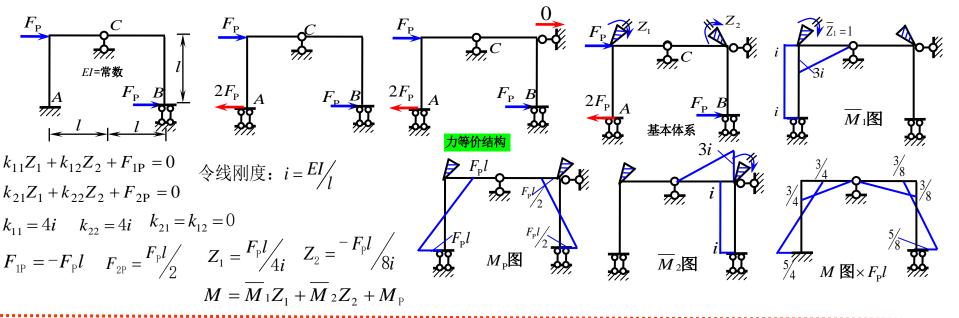


B处水平反力为零,可以去掉B处水平链杆支座,

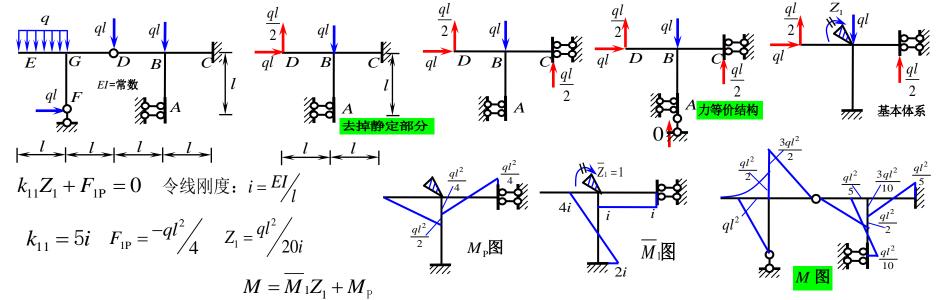
在 D处施加一个反力为零的水平链杆支座,位移法基本未知量变成只有1个转角位移。



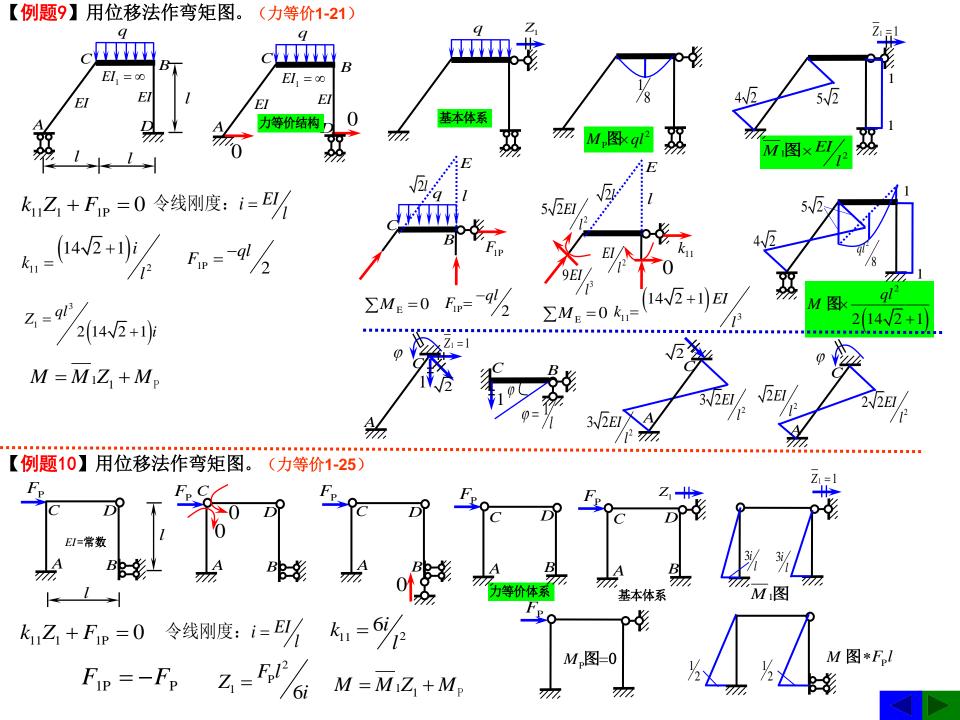
7】用位移法作弯矩图。(力等价1-19)



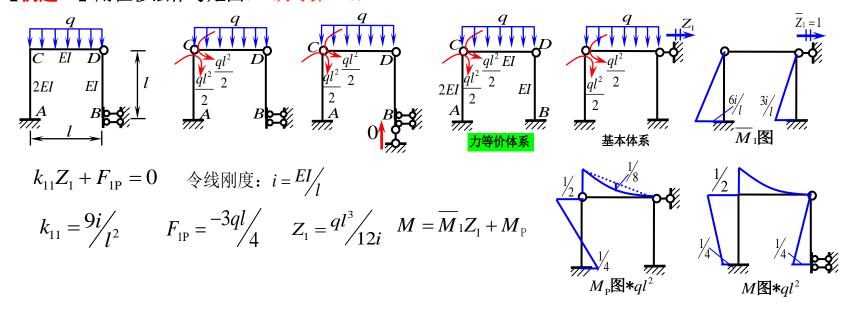
【例题8】用位移法作弯矩图。(力等价1-20)



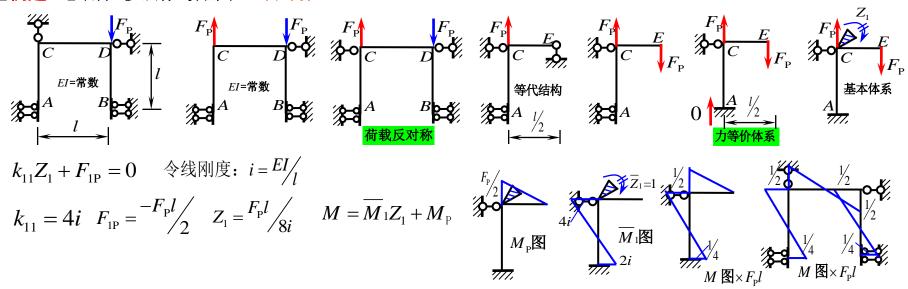




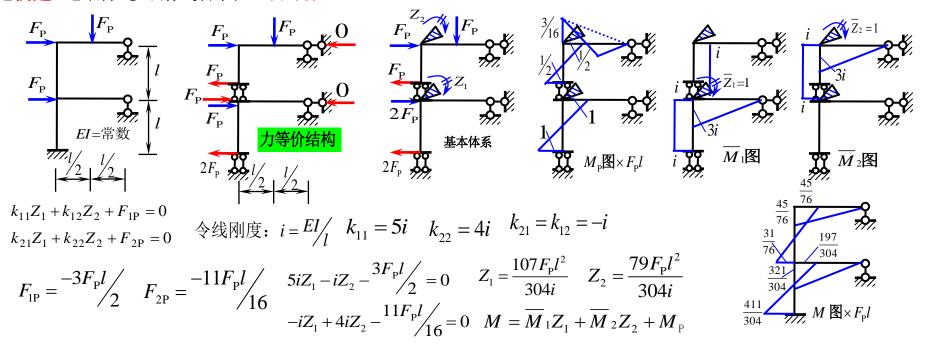
【<mark>例题11</mark>】用位移法作弯矩图。(力等价**1-26**)



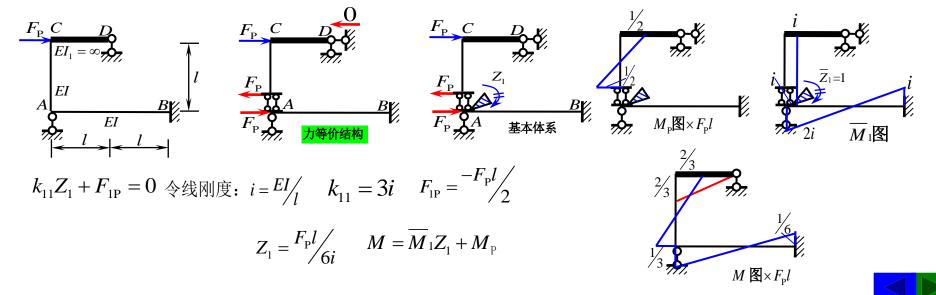
【<mark>例题12</mark>】用位移法作弯矩图。 (力等价**1-29**)

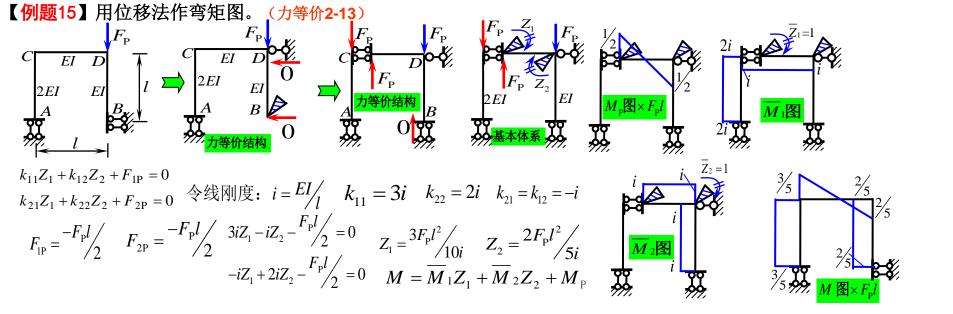


【<mark>例题13</mark>】用位移法作弯矩图。(力等价**2-**

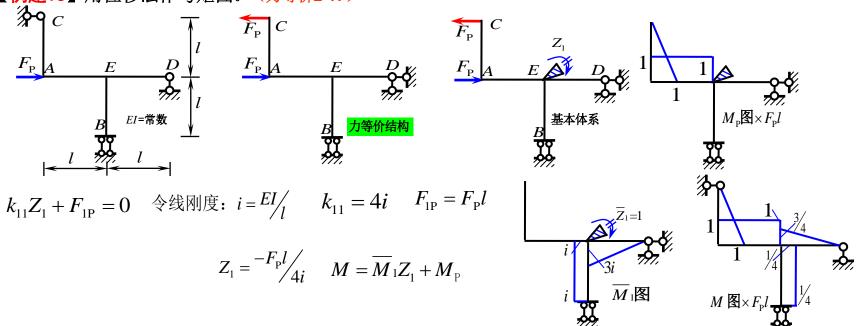


【例题14】用位移法作弯矩图。(力等价2-3)

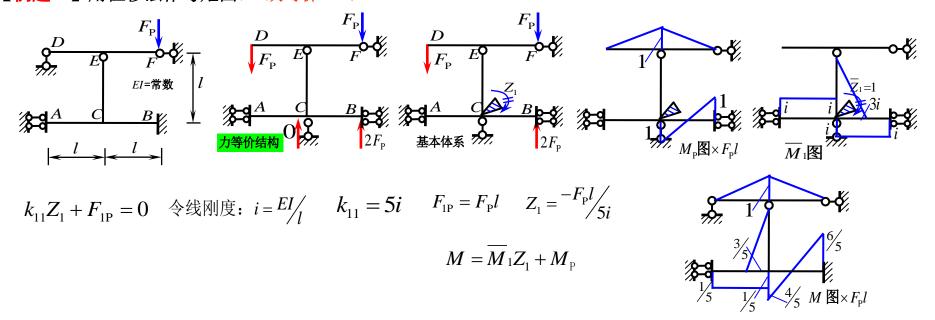




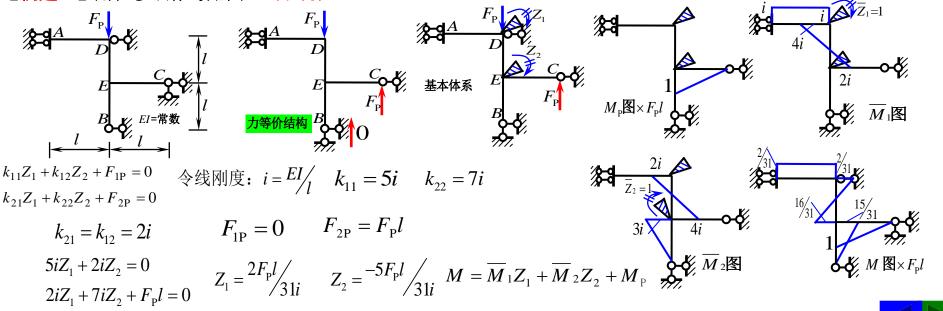
【例题16】用位移法作弯矩图。(力等价2-17)

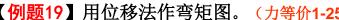


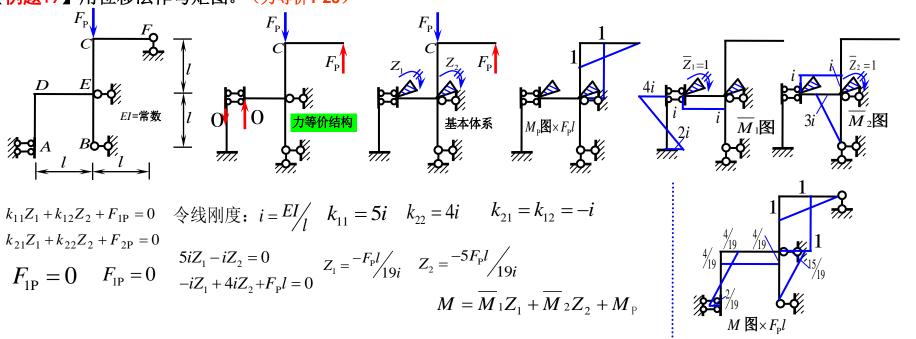
【<mark>例题17</mark>】用位移法作弯矩图。(力等价**2-21**



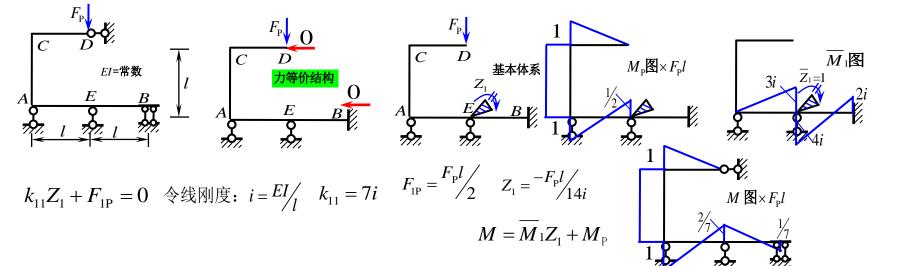
【例题18】用位移法作弯矩图。(力等价2-22)



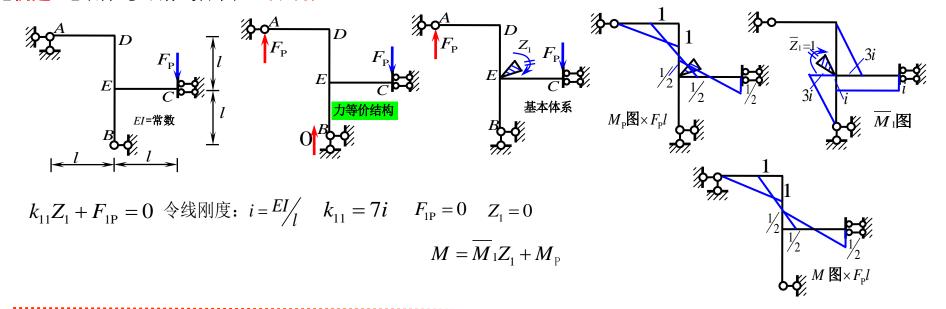




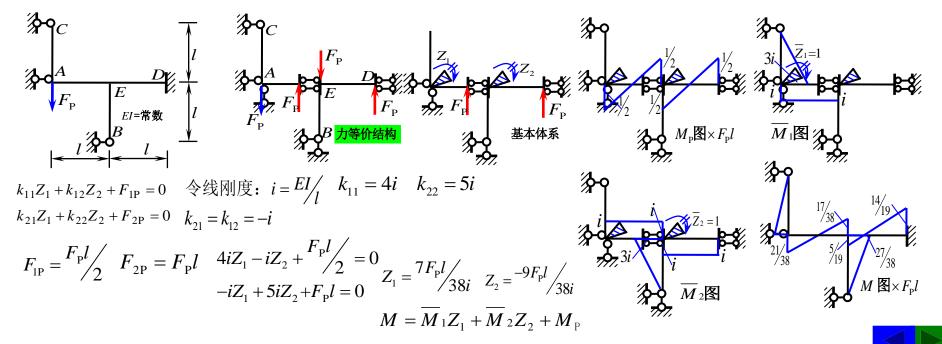
【<mark>例题20</mark>】用位移法作弯矩图。(力等价1-28)



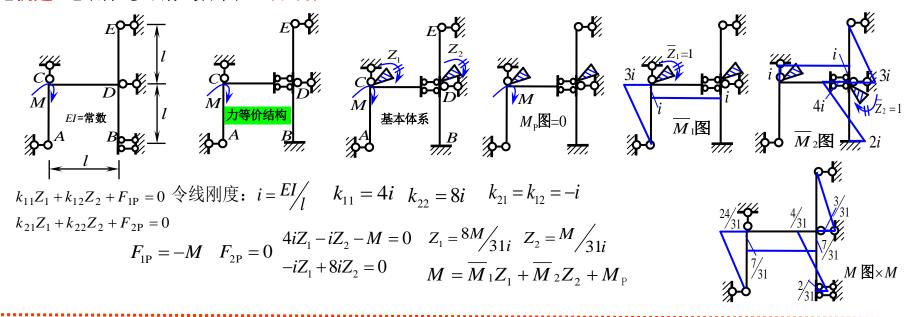
【例题21】用位移法作弯矩图。(力等价2-32)



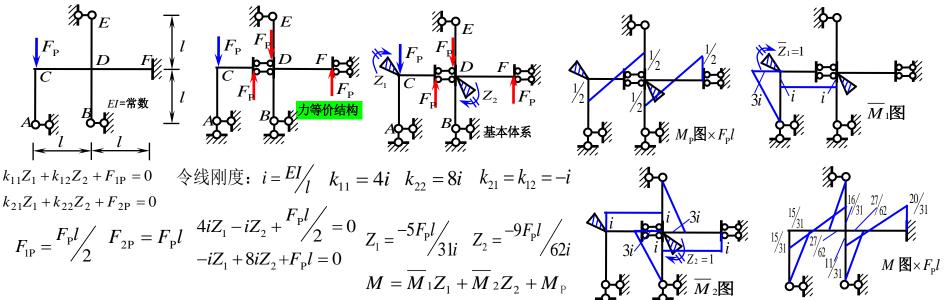
【例题22】用位移法作弯矩图。(力等价2-35



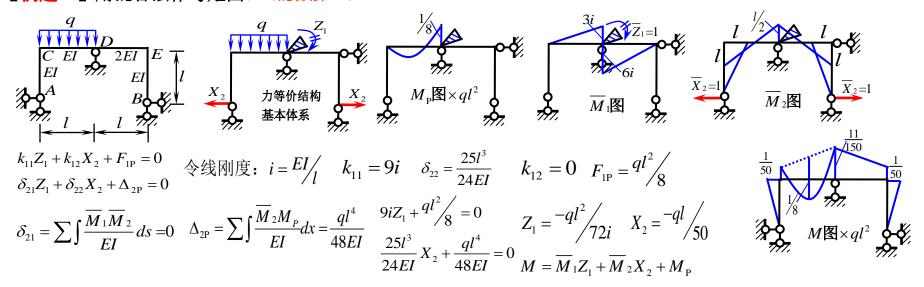
【<mark>例题23</mark>】用位移法作弯矩图。(力等价2-39



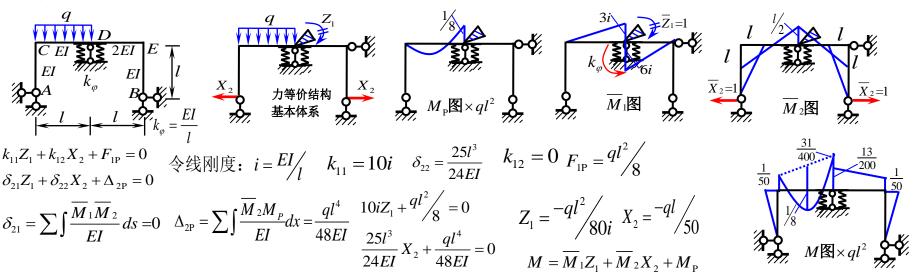
【<mark>例题24</mark>】用位移法作弯矩图。(力等价2-40)

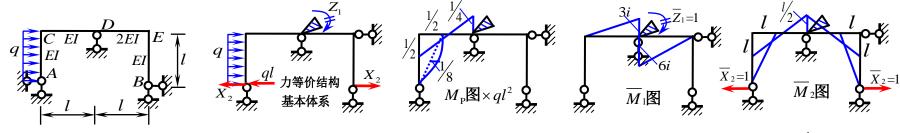


【例题25】用混合法作弯矩图。(混合法1-



【例题26】用混合法作弯矩图。(混合法1-2)





$$k_{11}Z_1 + k_{12}X_2 + F_{1P} = 0$$

$$\delta_{21}Z_1 + \delta_{22}X_2 + \Delta_{2P} = 0$$

令线刚度:
$$i = \frac{EI}{l}$$

$$k_{11} = 9i \quad \delta_{22} =$$

$$\frac{l^3}{EI}$$

令线刚度:
$$i = \frac{EI}{l}$$
 $k_{11} = 9i$ $\delta_{22} = \frac{25l^3}{24EI}$ $k_{12} = 0$ $F_{1P} = \frac{ql^2}{4}$

$$Z_1 = \frac{-ql^2}{26i}$$
 $X_2 = \frac{-8ql}{25}$

$$\delta_{21}Z_{1} + \delta_{22}X_{2} + \Delta_{2P} = 0$$

$$\delta_{21} = \sum \int \frac{\overline{M}_{1}\overline{M}_{2}}{EI} ds = 0$$

$$\Delta_{2P} = \sum \int \frac{\overline{M}_{2}M_{P}}{EI} dx = \frac{ql^{4}}{3EI}$$

$$\frac{9iZ_{1} + ql^{2}/4}{4} = 0$$

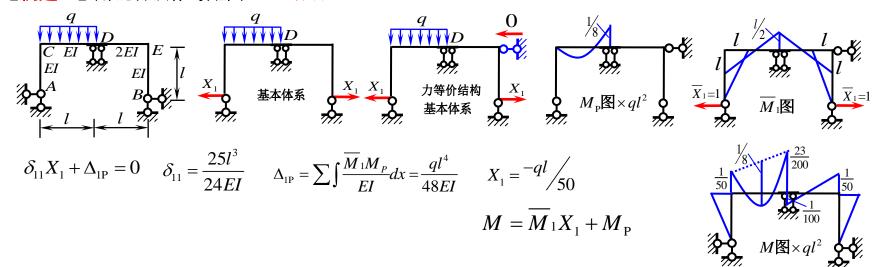
$$\frac{25l^{3}}{24EI}X_{2} + \frac{ql^{4}}{3EI} = 0$$

$$Z_{1} = \frac{-ql^{2}}{36i}X_{2} = \frac{-8ql}{25}$$

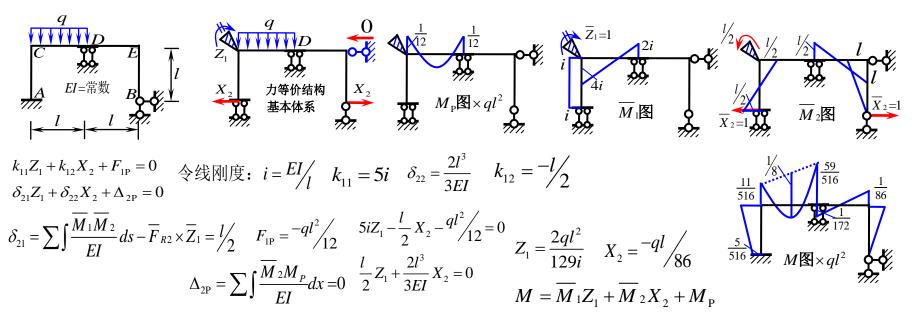
$$M = \overline{M}_{1}Z_{1} + \overline{M}_{2}X_{2} + M_{P}$$

$$\frac{9}{50}$$
 $\frac{1}{150}$ $\frac{8}{25}$ $\frac{9}{50}$ $\frac{9}{50$

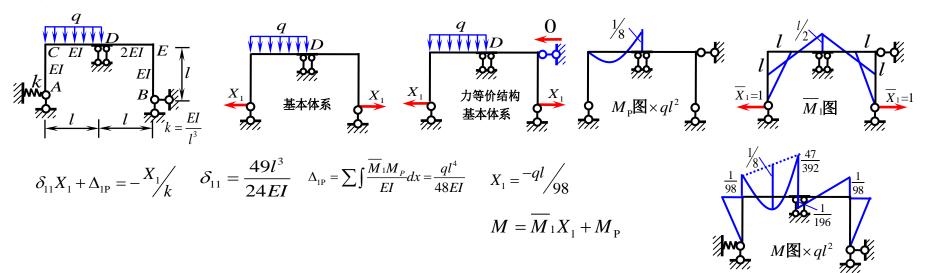
题28】用混合法作弯矩图。(混合法1-4)



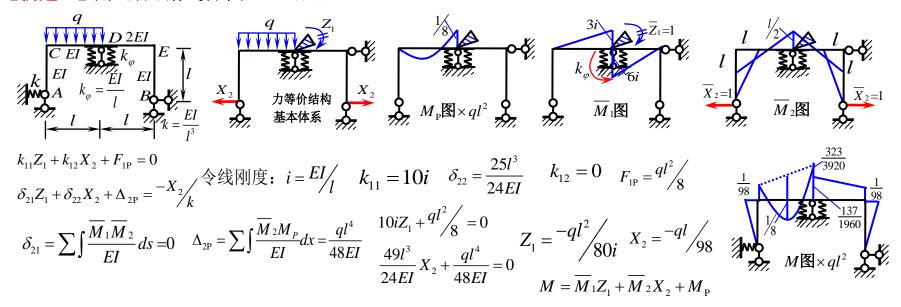
【例题29】用混合法作弯矩图。(混合法1-



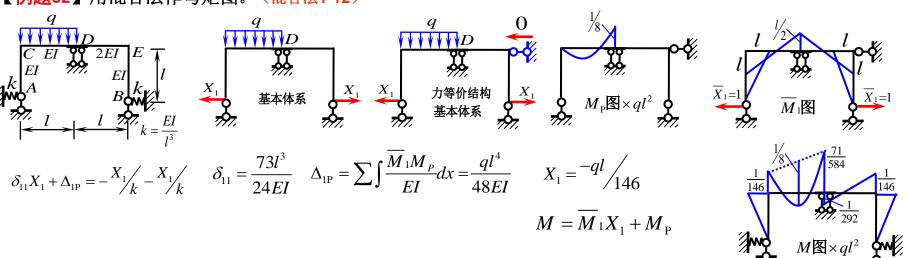
【例题30】用混合法作弯矩图。(混合法1-10)



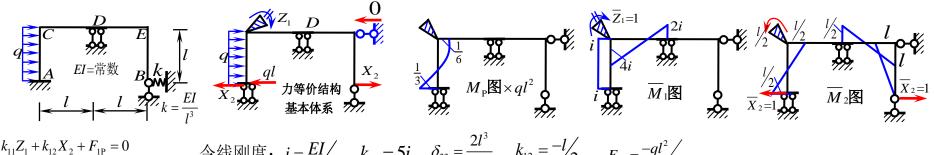
【<mark>例题31</mark>】用混合法作弯矩图。 (混合法1-1



【<mark>例题32</mark>】用混合法作弯矩图。(混合法1-12



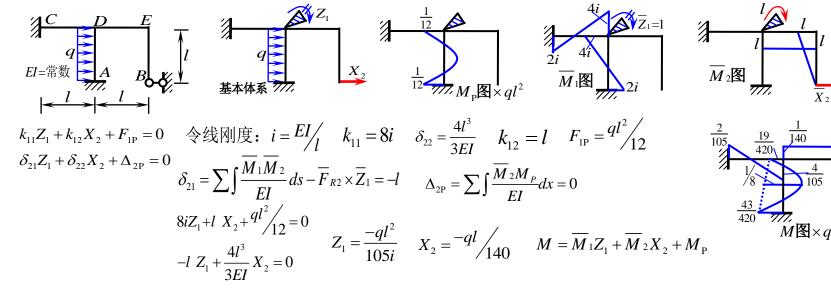
【<mark>例题33</mark>】用混合法作弯矩图。 (混合法1-1



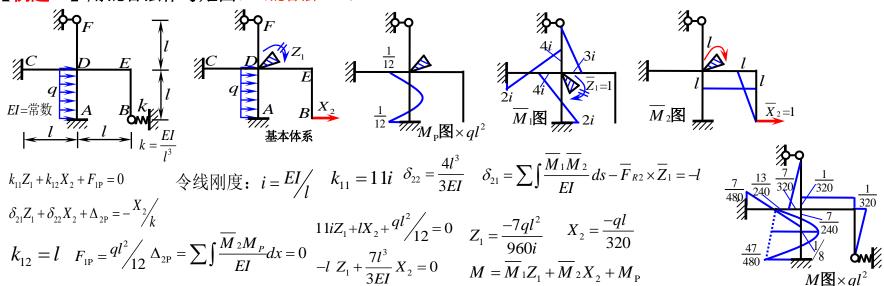
$$\frac{l}{2}Z_{1} + \frac{5l^{3}}{3EI}X_{2} + \frac{ql^{4}}{24EI} = 0$$

$$1236i \quad X_{2} - \sqrt{206} \quad M = M_{1}Z_{1} + M_{2}X_{2} + M_{p}$$

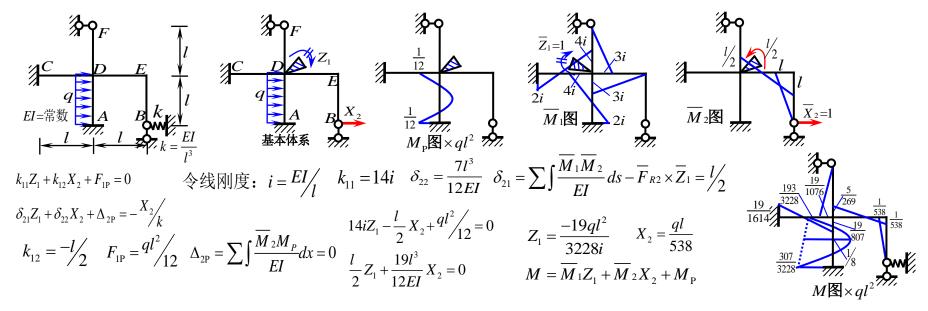
【例题34】用混合法作弯矩图。(混合法1-20)



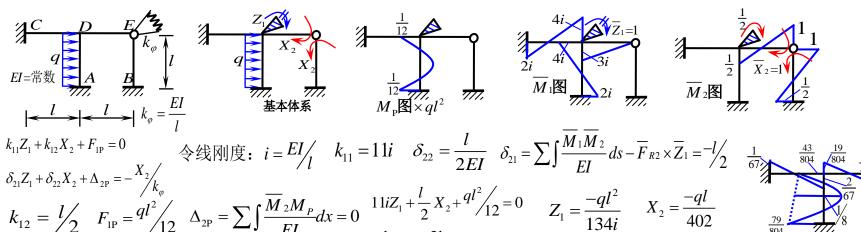
【例题35】用混合法作弯矩图。(混合法1-2)



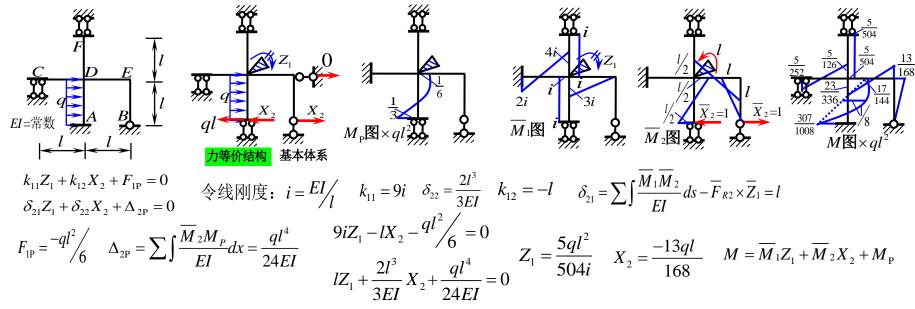
【例题36】用混合法作弯矩图。(混合法1-23



【例题37】用混合法作弯矩图。(混合法1-26

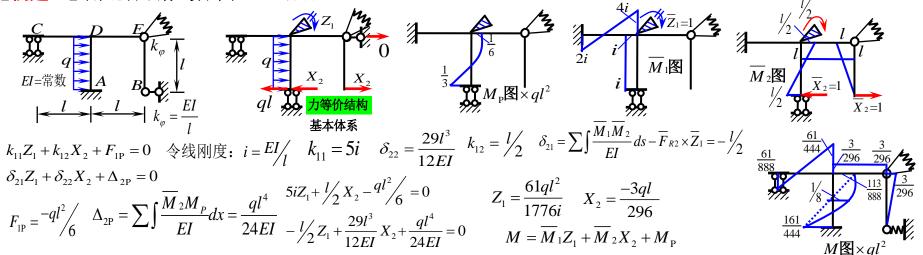


【例题38】用混合法作弯矩图。(混合法1-33

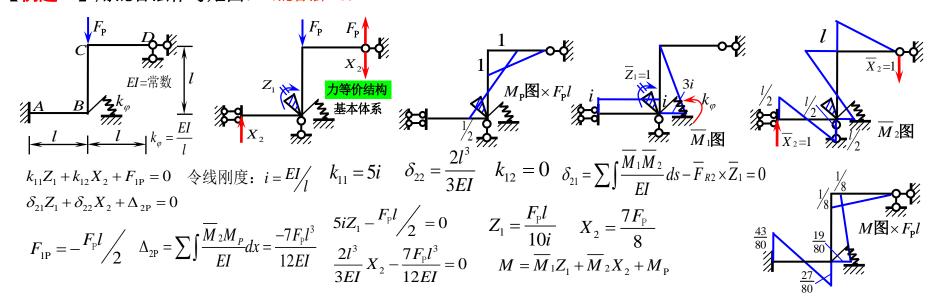


 $\frac{-l}{2}Z_{1} + \frac{3l}{2EI}X_{2} = 0 M = \overline{M}_{1}Z_{1} + \overline{M}_{2}X_{2} + M_{p}$

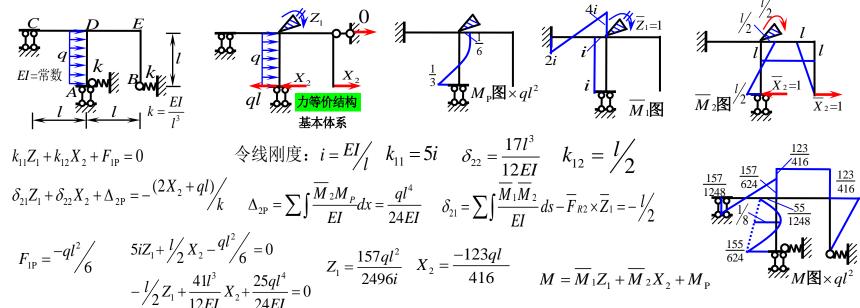
【<mark>例题39</mark>】用混合法作弯矩图。(混合法2-1



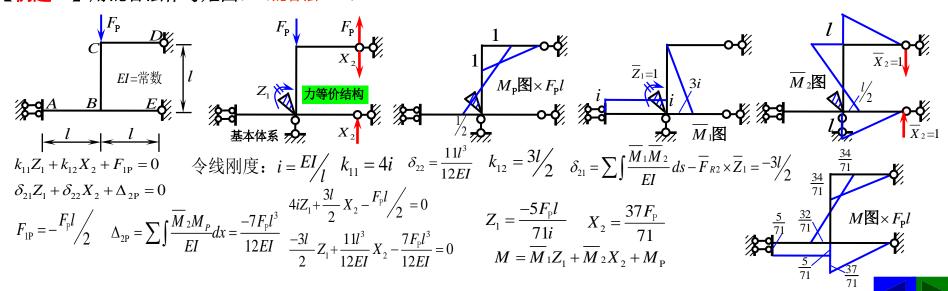
【例题40】用混合法作弯矩图。(混合法2-3)

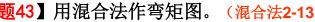


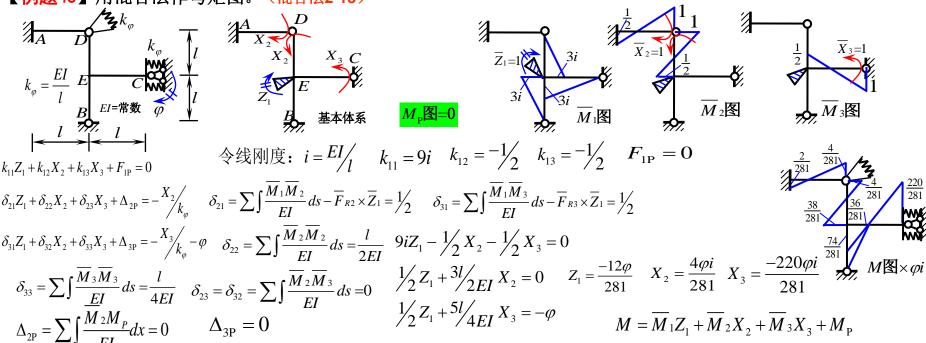
【<mark>例题41</mark>】用混合法作弯矩图。(混合法2-10



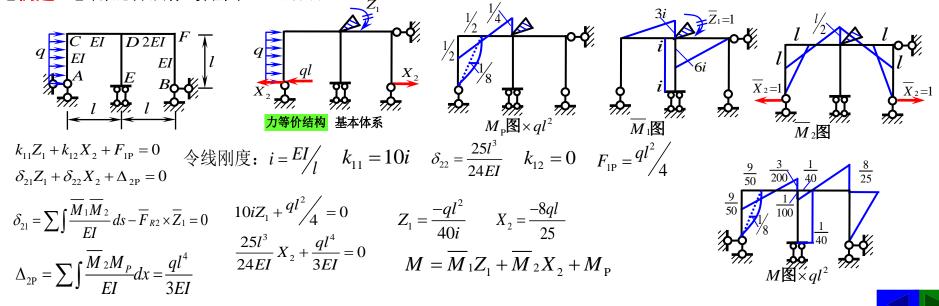
【例题42】用混合法作弯矩图。(混合法2-11)



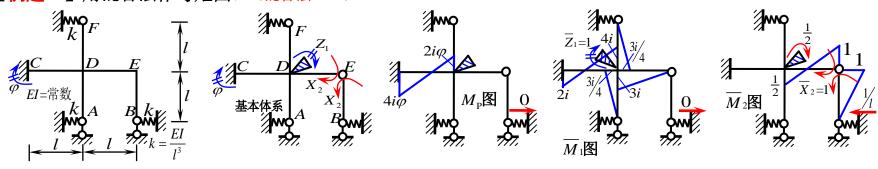




【例题44】用混合法作弯矩图。(混合法2-6)



【例题45】用混合法作弯矩图。



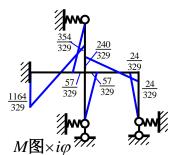
$$k_{11}Z_{1} + k_{12}X_{2} + F_{1P} = 0$$
 令线刚度: $i = EI/l$ $k_{11} = 17i/2$ $k_{12} = 1/2$ $F_{1P} = 2i\varphi$
$$\delta_{21}Z_{1} + \delta_{22}X_{2} + \Delta_{2P} = 0$$

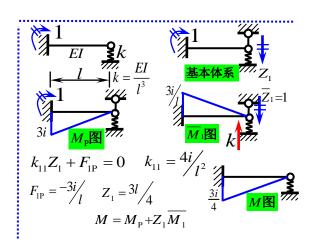
$$- \sqrt{M_{1}M_{2}} = -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\delta_{21} = \sum \int \frac{\overline{M}_{1} \overline{M}_{2}}{EI} ds - \overline{F}_{R2} \times \overline{Z}_{1} = -\frac{1}{2} \qquad \delta_{22} = \frac{19l}{12EI} \qquad \Delta_{2P} = \sum \int \frac{\overline{M}_{2} M_{P}}{EI} dx = 0$$

$$\frac{17i}{2}Z_{1} + \frac{1}{2}X_{2} + 2i\varphi = 0 \qquad Z_{1} = \frac{-76\varphi}{329} \qquad X_{2} = \frac{-24i\varphi}{329} \qquad M = \overline{M}_{1}Z_{1} + \overline{M}_{2}X_{2} + M_{P}$$

$$\frac{-1}{2}Z_{1} + \frac{19l}{12FI}X_{2} = 0$$







【例题46】用混合法作弯矩图。(混合法2-13)

$$M = \overline{M}_{1}Z_{1} + \overline{M}_{2}X_{2} + M_{P}$$

【例题47】用混合法作弯矩图。(混合法2-2)

【例题48】用混合法作弯矩图。(混合法2-13)

$$M = \overline{M}_{1}Z_{1} + \overline{M}_{2}X_{2} + M_{P}$$

【例题49】用混合法作弯矩图。(混合法2-2)