

Machine Learning cycle

Dr. Jakub Kuzilek

Introduction



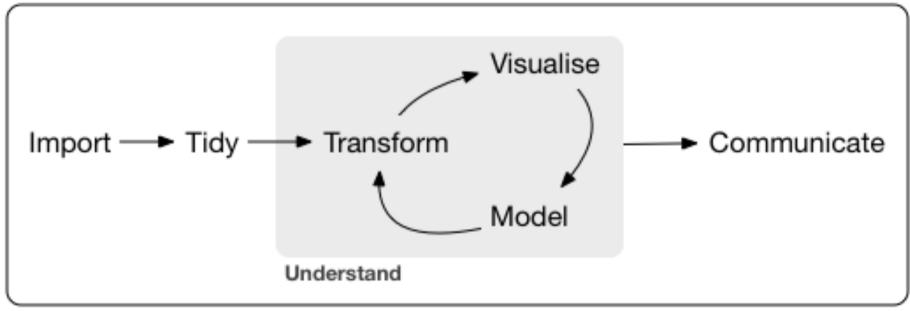
Today you will learn:

- How normal ML experiment is conducted
- What are the steps in ML
- What you need to take care of and what you need to be cautious about.

Introduction



Machine Learning cycle (aka. Data Science process)



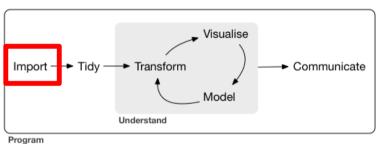
Program

Import



Data sources in education:

- Student record data
- Staff data
- Admissions & applications data
- Financial data
- Alumni data
- Course data
- · Estates and facilities data
- Virtual Learning Environments
- Assessment data
- Forum data

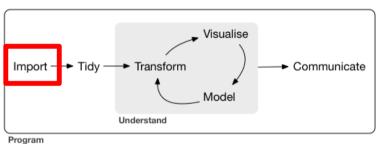


Import



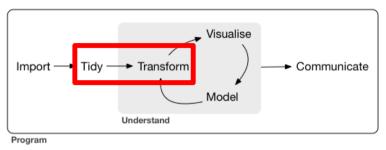
Data sources types:

- Files
 - CSV, XML, JSON
- Databases
 - SQL, NoSQL (key-value, graph-based, document-based,...)
- API (Social media,...)



Wrangle





Tidy + Transform = Wrangle



Prepare data for Visualisation and Modeling

Tidy



Communicate

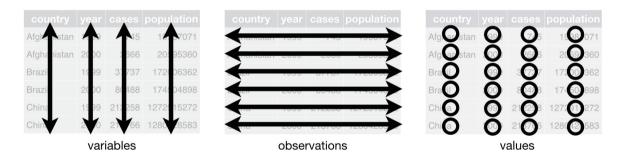
Visualise

Model

Understand

Tidy dataset:

- Each column represents one varia
- Each row represents one observa
- Each cell represent one value



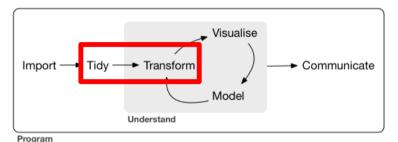
Problems:

- Multiple data sources with different unique identifier
- Values in one column represents multiple variables
- One observation spreads in multiple rows

Transform

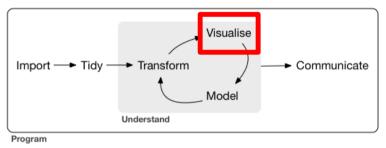
ON TOWN DE RITAY

- Handle missing data
- Inconsistent data types
- Outliers
- Encoding
- Filtering the data
- Aggregation of the data
- Transforming values
- Handling texts and dates



Visualize

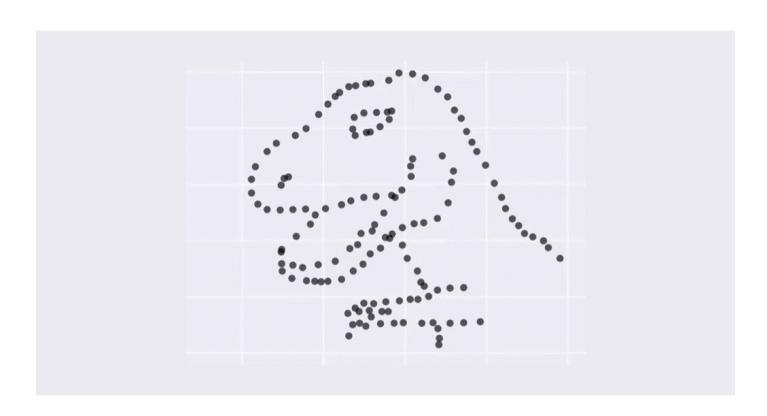




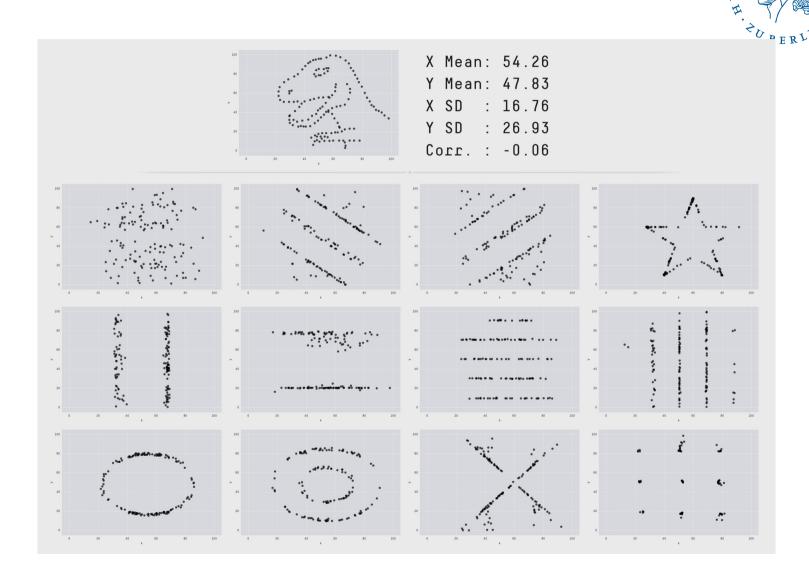
- Visualization is useful tool for providing the information to stakeholder but also during wrangling the data
- Helps to understand issues in the data
- Uncovers outliers
- Helps to identify relationships between variables

Datasaurus





Datasaurus



https://www.autodesk.com/research/publications/same-stats-different-graphs

Visualize

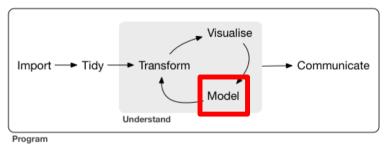


Do not trust your data blindly

- Always check data visually.
- Statistics can be misleading.

Model



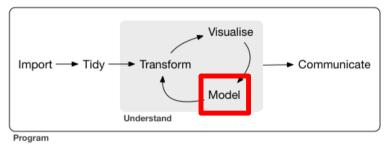


What is Machine Learning?

What types of Machine Learning you know?

Model





Machine Learning is:

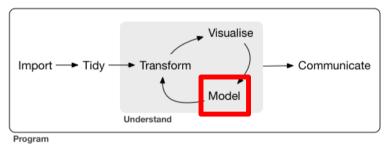
"Field of study that gives computers the ability to learn without being explicitly programmed"

~ Arthur Samuel, 1959

- Machine Learning is subfield of Computer Science
- Objective: Generalize from experience

Model



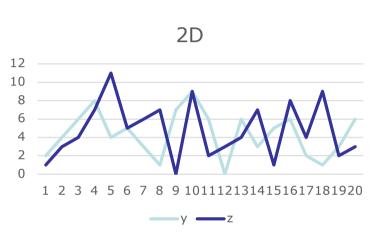


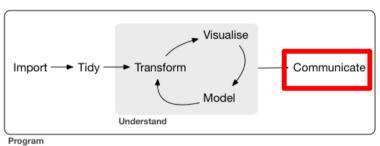
ML task categories based on "feedback" available to learning system:

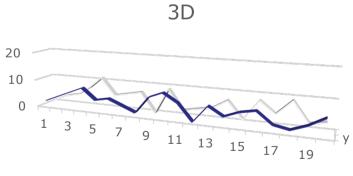
- Supervised learning
 - We know the right answers
- Unsupervised learning
 - We do not know right answers
- Reinforcement Learning
 - Machine interacts with dynamic environment in which it needs to achieve certain goal without teacher telling it if it is close to the goal or not.

Communicate: No 3D graphs





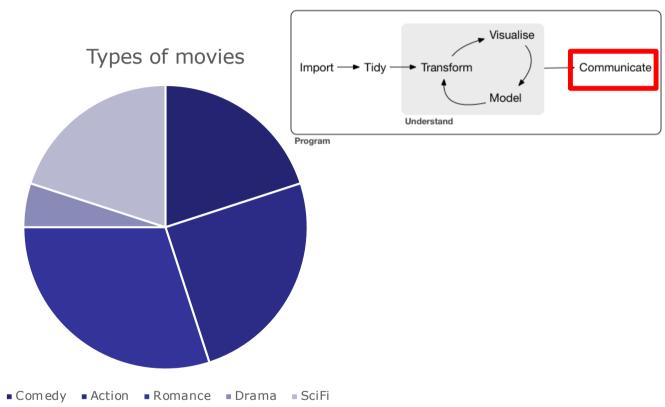




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Communicate: No pie charts

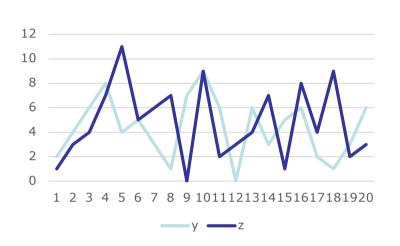


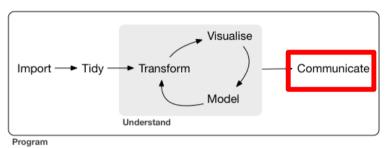


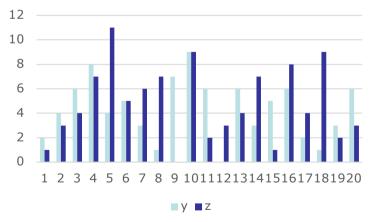
Pre-attentive characteristics does not help with showing exact quantitative differences

Communicate: Use common sense



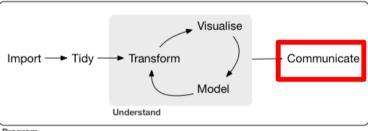




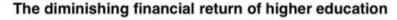


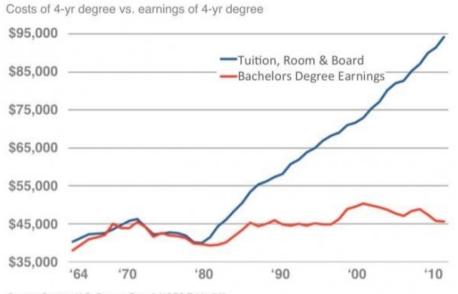
Communicate: Don't misled the users





Program



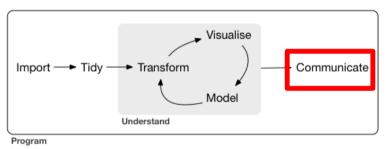


Source: Source: U.S. Census Data & NCES Table 345.

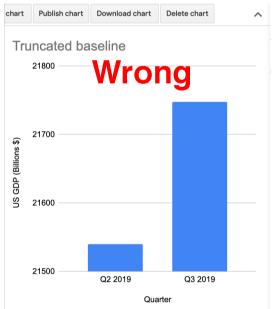
Notes: All figures have been adjusted to 2010 dollars using the Consumer Price Index from the BLS.

Communicate: Do not lie





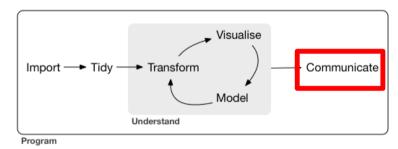




Communicate: Correlation is not causation

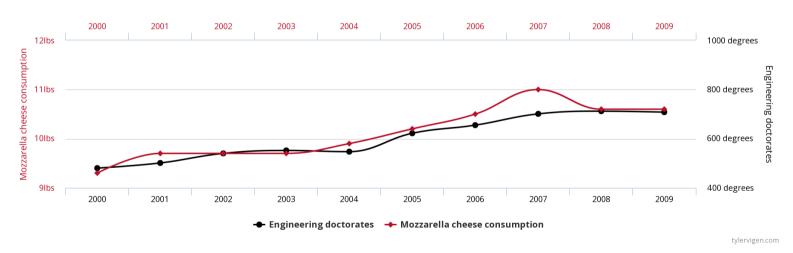


Correlation is not causation



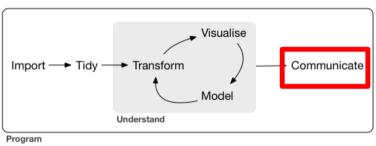
Per capita consumption of mozzarella cheese correlates with

Civil engineering doctorates awarded



Communicate





Visualise + Communicate -> Dashboard

- Deliver information to stakeholder in interactive way
- Automation of the analysis
- Includes possibility for user to adjust some parameters
- Challenges:
 - Scalability
 - Data quality
 - User interface
 - Evaluation

- Issues:
 - Too much colour
 - Too much details
 - Useless decorations
 - Poor visualisations



Questions?