



Discovery Issues

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17 March 2021

Summary

- Framing
 - Reserialization of TD and TD elements/fragments
 - Needed for SPARQL queries and RDF round-tripping
- Pagination
- Signing and canonicalization
 - JSON-LD stability, RDF round-tripping, metadata in "enhanced TDs"
- Validation
- Security and Privacy Considerations
- Geolocation
- JSON Path

Framing

- Need JSON-LD 1.1 Framing Document
 - Necessary for any kind of RDF processing that produces TDs compliant with the specification
 - **In particular:** necessary for TD Directories to support SPARQL queries
- Discussion:
 - Is this an implementation issue, or a spec issue?
 - Should we be publishing an "official" framing document?

Pagination

- Much discussion recently about how to break up long responses with multiple TDs, or long TDs
- Various options
- Mostly we have focused on paging through TDs as opposed to breaking up long TDs
 - But then long TDs might break buffer limits, etc.
- Problem is easier if we adopt standard but HTTP-specific pagination
 - Then pagination controls are handled in HTTP headers and do not complicate body

Signing and Canonicalization

- Security has been discussing adding signing to preserve TD integrity
- This requires a canonical form of TDs
 - Needs to be specified in TD spec
 - Foundation is JSON canonicalization, but TD-specific elaborations needed, for example, the handling of default values, ordering to simplify processing, etc.
- Various other operations might break signing:
 - Insertion of metadata by directories in TDs ("enhanced TDs")
 - Protocol translation
- Modification of TDs can be handled by chaining
- Also need to consider whether outputs of SPARQL queries need to be canonicalized, signed

Validation

- A formal definition of "TD Validation" is needed
- This is because directories should only store "valid" TDs
- Of course a valid TD is one that "satisfies the TD specification" but not everything in the spec can be validated just by looking at the TD
- Some things such as validating semantic extensions are too expensive to justify
- **Proposal:** Define a subset of assertions that can be validated just by using JSON Schema (we already know this subset).

Security and Privacy Considerations

- Contexts: Institutional, Personal, various combinations
- Security and Privacy Considerations
 - Mitigating denial of service attacks (security)
 - Protection against location tracking (privacy)
- Other issues
 - What authentication and authorization are suitable for directories, in what circumstances?
 - Protection against code-injection attacks (e.g. JSON Path)

Geolocation

1. Information Model

- How geolocation data is to be encoded in TDs
- Needs to be flexible enough to handle both static and dynamic situations

2. Query Model

- How geolocation data can be used during discovery to filter results
- In dynamic situations, don't necessarily want to have to update directories constantly
- Don't want directories to have to contact Things themselves during queries

Proposal:

- <https://github.com/w3c/wot-discovery/blob/main/proposals/geolocation.md>
- So far, information model only; query model WIP
- Needs to be aligned with existing geolocation standards

JSON Path

- Currently support is *required*
- Popular, nicer syntax for JSON content like TDs
- To use in Directory API, need formal specification
 - Ideally an external specification we can simply cite
- Need certain issues like JavaScript code injection addressed
- IETF proposal is a good start:
 - <https://ietf-wg-jsonpath.github.io/draft-ietf-jsonpath-jsonpath/>
 - However we will have to discuss timing of when and if this will become an actual standard
- Fallback would be to use XPath, which is (mostly) equivalent

Other

- Addressing WebThings feedback
 - Use of mDNS for local discovery
- Addressing CoreRD feedback
 - We want to limit how much metadata is distributed/leaked in "introductions"
- Directory Federation
 - Need link relation type to allow directories to point at other directories
 - Not clear how to do semantic summaries of the contents of directories
 - Consumer needs to follow links and send queries (if directory did it, it would be nicer for the consumer, but unfortunately this leads to amplification and can be exploited in a DoS attack)
- Directory Semantic Extensions
 - Directory has a context, should be given an official URL