

# DOCKER

**Presentation of Docker**

# WHAT IS DOCKER? WHY IS IT SO POPULAR?



- It's a platform for **building, running** and **shipping application** in a **consistent manner**
- It will **optimize** the platform in **different environment**.
  - Environment variables can be different in different devices
  - One or more file can be missing on different machines
  - Software can mismatch
- It can **easily package applications** with every necessary files.
- Docker can **automatically download and install all dependencies** that is contained within container.
- Docker can **remove all application packages at once**.
  - Docker-compose up / Docker-compose down --rmi all

# VIRTUAL MACHINE VS CONTAINER

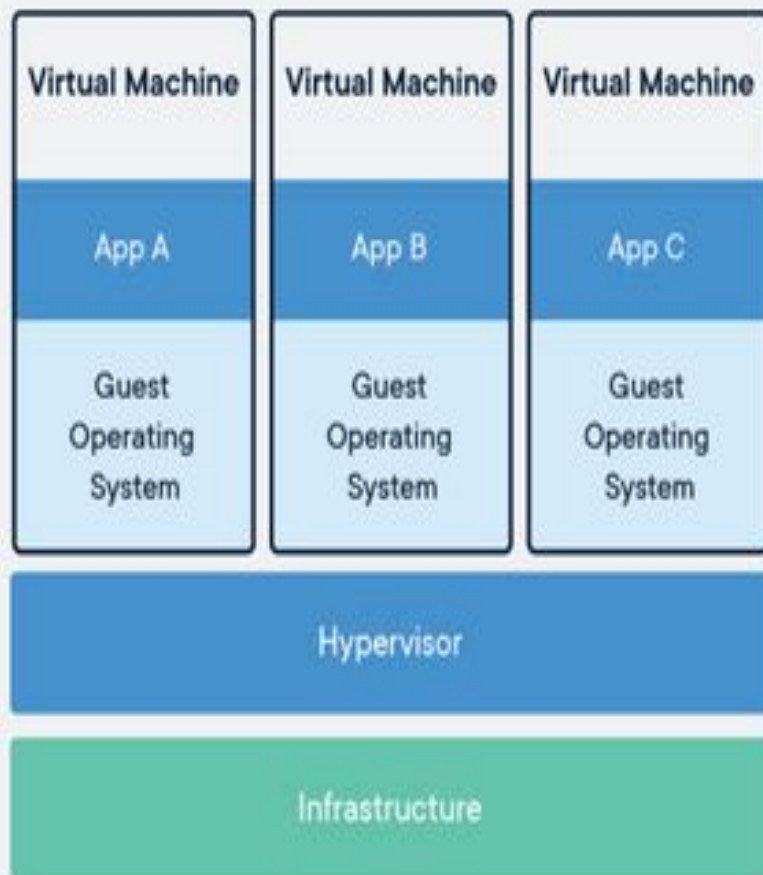
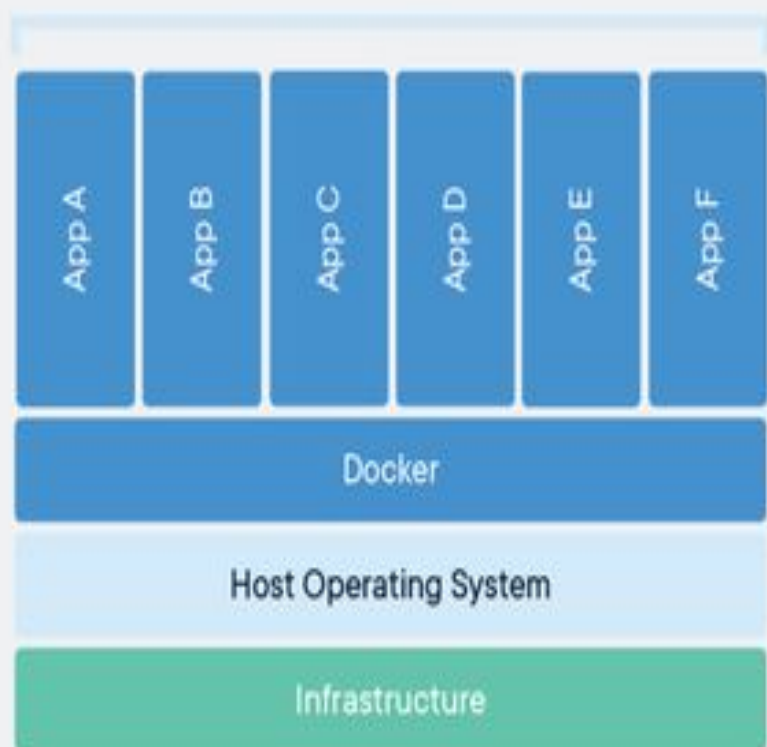
## VIRTUAL MACHINES:

- **Abstraction of a machine**
- Benefit is run applications in isolation
- But VM needs **full OS system**
- **Intense power** and it can be slow

## CONTAINER:

- **Isolated environment for running applications**
- Also allows to **run applications in isolation**
- **Lighter power**, so need less hardware resources
- No need of full OS, and **starts quickly**

### Containerized Applications



# HOW DOES IT WORK?

- It's like **client -> server architecture** similar to socketserver, and it uses **Restful API**. Server is called **“Docker Engine”**
- All its container share the **kernel of the host**, which is the core of the OS
- What is restful API: It is a **contract between information provider** and the information receiver, which can relate to the **connection between client and the server** and **connects to database**.
- Restful API Architecture:
  - *Database <-> Web Server <-> RESTFUL API <-> Application/Website*

# Rest API Basics

Typical HTTP Verbs:

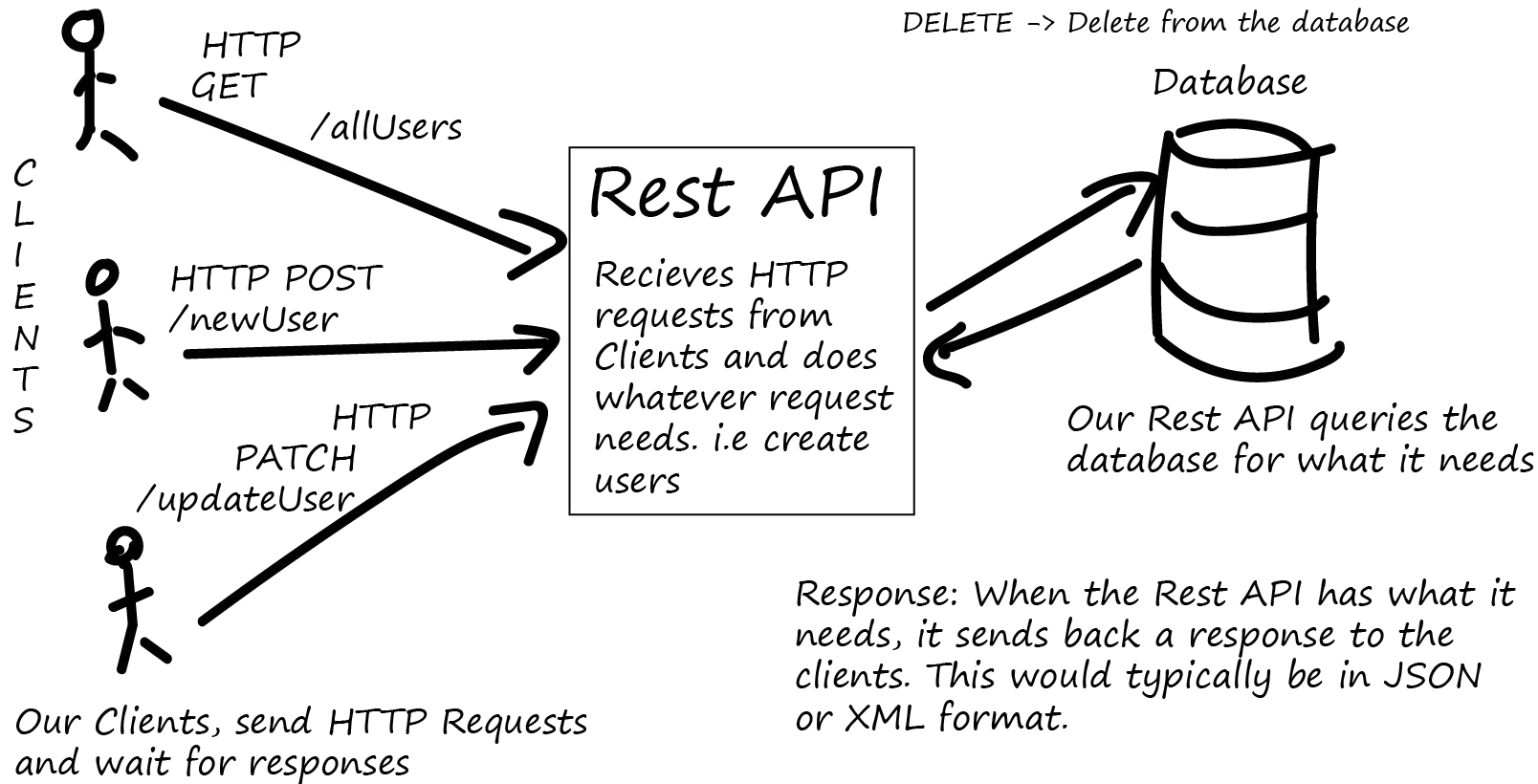
GET -> Read from Database

PUT -> Update/Replace row in Database

PATCH -> Update/Modify row in Database

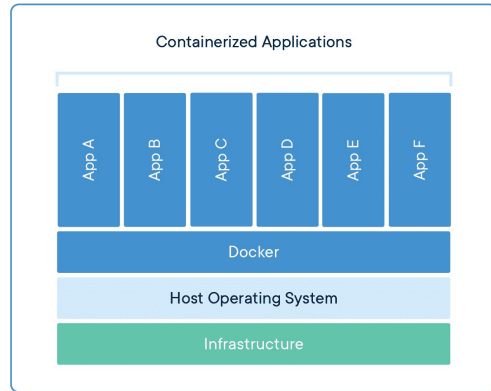
POST -> Create a new record in the database

DELETE -> Delete from the database



# TO MAKE IT WORK

- **Build** an **image** as a **package** of all the source-codes, files, packages, and dependencies, so that it can all be in one “image” and can be functioned at once.
- **Run** the **image** as **container** for Docker, and with the connection to Docker file with the commands, the application will run when the dockerfile is running.



# STEP-BY STEP DETAILS

1. **Open terminal** or command window on your device
2. Use **“cd”** command to take you to file location where there's dockerfile existing.
3. Use the command **“Docker build -t hello-world . ”** to build the image from the docker (assuming that the name of the container is hello-world)
4. You can use the command **“docker images”** to see when's the last time you build the images
5. Use the command **“Docker run -p 80:80 hello-world”** to run the container that has images
6. Check **localhost on web browser app** to see if the image is running correctly.