Pretty Good Security

Stretching the value of a single byte.

Lab4

Pretty Good Security: Freshness and Integrity

Remember

There is no 100% security

Security, like all engineering, involves tradeoffs

Know what you are trying to secure

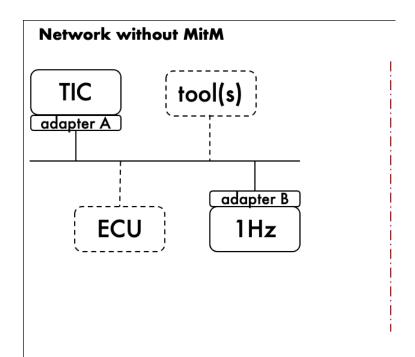
The adversary...





Network Configuration

Simple Network for this Lab



1Hz : 1 Hz generators of J1939 messages

MitM: Man-in-the-Middle

ECU : ECU added (& controlled) by student

TIC: Text Instrument Cluster

tool(s): One or more of can-utils (canplayer, candump, cansniffer, etc.)

adapter A: security adapter that validates secure messages before

passing them to the TIC for decoding

adapter B : security adapter that secures messages before sending them

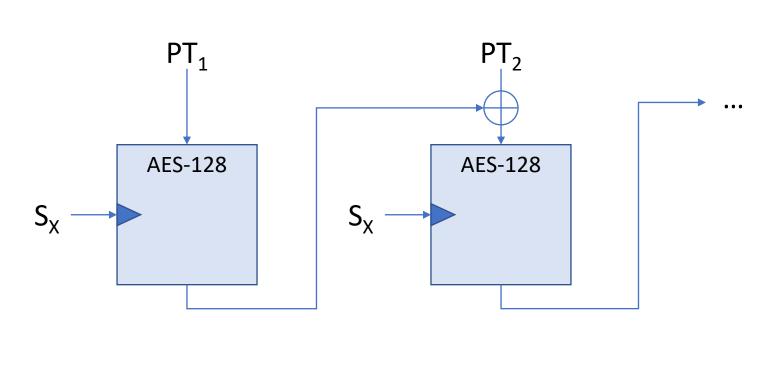
on the bus

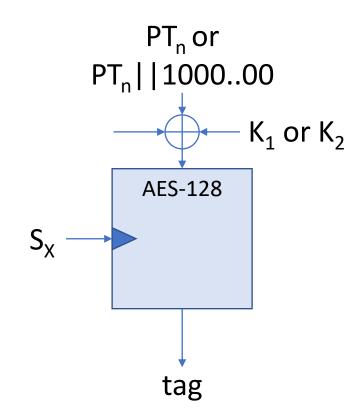
required

optional

Historical Reference

- Personal experience good enough security
 - Small footprint for overhead only uses 1 byte
 - Use a 128-bit MAC, but truncated
 - Use a "big enough" freshness value, but only a portion is explicit





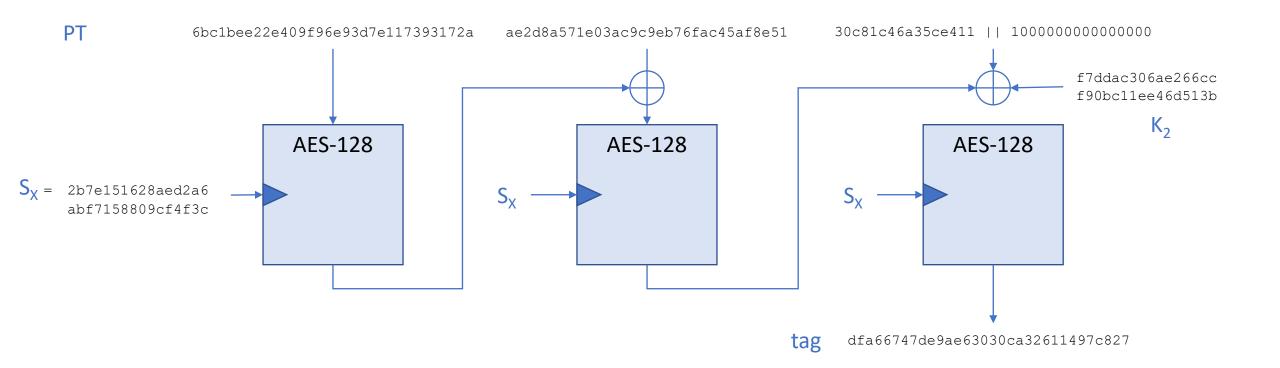
S_x: symmetric key for entity "x"

PT: plaintext CT: ciphertext

CMAC: cipher message authentication code

Tag: fixed-size, keyed, cryptographic hash of plaintext (128 bits for AES-128 CMAC)

Generate keyed tag Example 3 from RFC 4493



CMAC example

```
> cat -n cmac.py
     2 # reference:
        # https://cryptography.io/en/latest/hazmat/primitives/mac/cmac/
        from cryptography.hazmat.primitives import cmac
        from cryptography.hazmat.primitives.ciphers import algorithms
        Sx = bytes.fromhex("00000000 11111111 22222222 33333333")
        c = cmac.CMAC(algorithms.AES(Sx))
    10
        data = bytes.fromhex("00 11 22 33 44 55 66")
    12 c.update(data)
    13 tag = c.finalize()
    14 print("tag - has length %d" % (len(tag)))
    15 print(tag.hex(" ", 4))
    16 tagprime = tag[0]
    17 print("tagprime")
       print("%02x" % (tagprime))
    19
    20
        data2 = bytes.fromhex("01 11 22 33 44 55 66")
    22 c2 = cmac.CMAC(algorithms.AES(Sx))
        c2.update(data2)
        tag2 = c2.finalize()
        print("\n\ntag2")
        print(tag2.hex(" ", 4))
```

```
> python3 cmac.py
tag - has length 16
70122c50 987d75ad f9be6249 3fd8ef04
tagprime
70
only one bit difference in data...
see the new CMAC value, tag2:
9a93ee34 d6ee5e86 6e37ac06 50fad4ad
```

Freshness

- Explicit
 - All freshness values appear in the message
- Implicit
 - None of the freshness values appear in the message
 - (nodes keep track by counting messages or use some other value on the bus)
- Hybrid
 - Say freshness is 32-bit value, but only 4 bits appear in the message
 - Make the least-significant bits the explicit portion

Lab

• Use Su = 00000000 11111111 2222222 33333333