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Software Guide

SQL Social-Network Query Exercises Extras

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Students at your hometown high school have decided to organize their social network using databases. So far, they have collected information about sixteen students in four grades, 9-12. Here's the schema:

Highschooler (ID, name, grade)

English: There is a high school student with unique *ID* and a given *first name* in a certain *grade*.

English: The student with ID1 is friends with the student with ID2. Friendship is mutual, so if (123, 456) is in the Friend table, so is (456, 123).

schema and data.)

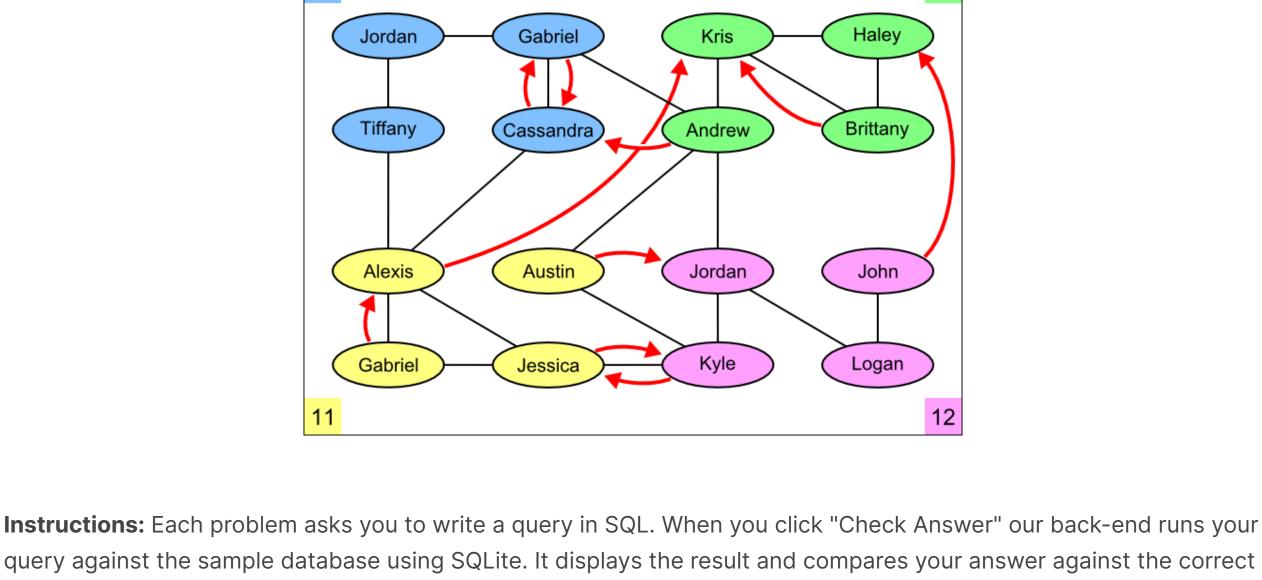
Friend (ID1, ID2)

Likes (ID1, ID2) English: The student with ID1 likes the student with ID2. Liking someone is not necessarily mutual, so if (123, 456) is in the Likes table, there is no guarantee that (456, 123) is also present.

For your convenience, here is a graph showing the various connections between the students in our database. 9th

Your queries will run over a small data set conforming to the schema. View the database. (You can also download the

graders are blue, 10th graders are green, 11th graders are yellow, and 12th graders are purple. Undirected black edges indicate friendships, and directed red edges indicate that one student likes another student.



one. When you're satisfied with your solution for a given problem, click the "Save Answers" button to save your progress. Click "Submit Answers" to submit the entire exercise set. **Important Notes:** • Your queries are executed using SQLite, so you must conform to the SQL constructs supported by SQLite.

• Unless a specific result ordering is asked for, you can return the result rows in any order.

- You are to translate the English into a SQL query that computes the desired result over all possible databases. All we
- marked as correct, it is possible that your query does not correctly reflect the problem at hand. (For example, if we ask
- for a complex condition that requires accessing all of the tables, but over our small data set in the end the condition is satisfied only by Star Wars, then the query "select title from Movie where title = 'Star Wars'" will be marked correct even though it doesn't reflect the actual question.) Circumventing the system in this fashion will get you a high score on the exercises, but it won't help you learn SQL. On the other hand, an incorrect attempt at a general solution is unlikely to produce the right answer, so you shouldn't be led astray by our checking system. You may perform these exercises as many times as you like, so we strongly encourage you to keep working with them until you complete the exercises with full credit.

actually check is that your query gets the right answer on the small sample database. Thus, even if your solution is

Q1 0 points (ungraded)

For every situation where student A likes student B, but student B likes a different student C, return the names and

```
grades of A, B, and C.
```

Note: Your queries are executed using SQLite, so you must conform to the SQL constructs supported by SQLite.

1 select sl.name, sl.grade, s2.name, s2.grade, s3.name, s3.grade 2 from Highschooler s1, Highschooler s2, Highschooler s3, Likes 11, Likes 12 3 where s1.ID = 11.ID1 and s2.ID = 11.ID2

and s2.ID = 12.ID1 and s3.ID = 12.ID2 and s1.ID <> 12.ID2;

```
Press ESC then TAB or click outside of the code editor to exit
  Submit
Correct
```

Q2 0 points (ungraded) Find those students for whom all of their friends are in different grades from themselves. Return the students' names

from Highschooler s2, Friend f1

where s1.ID = f1.ID1 and s2.ID = f1.ID2);

select count(Friend.ID2) as countfriend

1 select count(distinct f2.ID1) + count(distinct f2.ID2)

3 where s1.ID = f1.ID1 and s1.name = "Cassandra" and f1.ID2 = f2.ID1

and f2.ID2 in (select ID2 from Friend where ID1 = f1.ID2)

2 from Highschooler s1, Friend f1, Friend f2

Press ESC then TAB or click outside of the code editor to exit

and f2.ID2 <> s1.ID

and grades.

Note: Your queries are executed using SQLite, so you must conform to the SQL constructs supported by SQLite. 1 select sl.name, sl.grade

5

2 from Highschooler s1 3 where s1.grade not in (select s2.grade

```
Press ESC then TAB or click outside of the code editor to exit
  Submit
Correct
Q3
0 points (ungraded)
What is the average number of friends per student? (Your result should be just one number.)
```

1 select avg(countfriend) 2 from (3

from Friend 5 group by Friend.ID1);

Note: Your queries are executed using SQLite, so you must conform to the SQL constructs supported by SQLite.

```
Press ESC then TAB or click outside of the code editor to exit
  Submit
Correct
Q4
0 points (ungraded)
Find the number of students who are either friends with Cassandra or are friends of friends of Cassandra. Do not
count Cassandra, even though technically she is a friend of a friend.
Note: Your queries are executed using SQLite, so you must conform to the SQL constructs supported by SQLite.
```

5

Submit

Correct

Q5

0 points (ungraded)

1 select s.name, s.grade

2 from Highschooler s 3 where s.ID in (

select ID1 from Friend group by ID1 having count(*) = (5 select max(countfriend) from (select count(*) as countfriend from Friend group by ID1)));

Find the name and grade of the student(s) with the greatest number of friends.

```
Press ESC then TAB or click outside of the code editor to exit
  Submit
Correct
                                             Next Up: SQL Movie-Rating Modification
```

Note: Your queries are executed using SQLite, so you must conform to the SQL constructs supported by SQLite.

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