



VERSION HISTORY

version	author	notes	date
v1	Juniper Networks, Inc		2024-11-12
v2	Juniper Networks, Inc	Formatting, more on debug	2024-11-18

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TEMPLATE-OPS

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TEMPLATE-OPS SYNOPSIS

arguments:

template-vars	<pre>pointer to variable gen function in template_ops_vars.py</pre>
template	name of j2 template receiving variables fromtemplate-vars
input	template seeding data, e.g., sequence number 1-n (or data enclosed in " ")
diff-target	device name to retrieve diff between candidate and running config
push-target	device name for config template push
exec-target	device name for processing template as Python code
profile	<pre>push to multiple SRX devices using profile [profile-name # from list]</pre>
mprofile	multi-profile execution defined by profile [mprofile-name # from list]
list-profile	list push target profiles from template_ops_conf.py
list-mprofile	list multi-profiles from template_ops_conf.py
show-profile	show details of push target profile [all profile-name # from list]
show-mprofile	<pre>show multi-profile details [all mprofile-name # from list]</pre>
list-template	list available Jinja2 template files
show-template	show contents of specific template [template-name # from list]
debug	[on] enable backtraces to stdout (SYSLOG by default)

TEMPLATE-OPS DESCRIPTION

template-ops is a Python script that serves as a minimalistic framework built atop PyEZ for human interaction with Junos devices in terms of configuration and execution of RPCs (actions and data retrieval). Running both Linux off-box and Junos/Junos-EVO on-box. Initially designed for operations in Juniper MX/PTX/SRX scale-out architectures, but totally generic meanwhile. Licensed under Apache 2.0 license.

Features:

- Conduct Junos config changes from Linux off-box and on-box from Junos devices like MX/PTX by using PyEZ libraries and SSH Netconf sessions with key authentication
- Uses Jinja2 templates for rendering both configuration and Python code with RPCs
- For configurations designed to operate in Junos groups using set commands with explicit delete as a first operation
- Have a configuration profile(s) driven bulk configuration push
- Optional workflow using prototype device for validation and verification prior bulk change. The idea of
 prototype prior rollout comes from real-life when changes can cause unforeseen consequences. Say one or
 more devices in the scale-out system can be designated for testing changes including longevity test prior roll
 out to whole system.
 - Preview Junos set commands for prototype device
 - o Do diff of running/candidate config on prototype device
 - Load configuration to prototype device
 - Finally conduct bulk change across multiple devices
- Able to operate on multiple devices using input modifier, either in configuration profile or part of CLI. For
 example, the devices having sequentially lined up interface IPs, next /30 prefix, BGP ASNs, etc. Tasks can be
 quite complex like configure using one push of a button multiple SRX MN-HA pairs
- Multi-profile operations when pre-defined configuration/execution profiles are sequentially executed with optional passing variables in-between code execution templates. Includes optional profile pre/post delays.
- Profiles able to mix different device types with different templates and input variable processing
- Control what device types are eligible for configuration push and/or only for viewing rendered set commands from template (safety and operator review prior Junos load set)
- Easy to expand by new template variables inside of the code for given device type, simple expansion for template data from external data sources (e.g., YAML)
- Thorough logging, including template rendering and execution debug
- Ability to archive committed/executed templates and result of rendering for audit and roll-back purposes
- Option to include/exclude profiles from archival operations depending on global on/off
- Ability to operate locally Junos on-box without SSH
- Supports Junos Ephemeral Database with set/text/XML/JSON formats for loading configurations
- Convenience CLIs for listing and displaying templates / profiles.
- For code execution templates retrieving data, either use default tabular view or allow custom header and/or column formatted contents

EXAMPLE USE

This section gives overview of template-ops functionality, the 1st example contains both Junos on-box and Linux off-box sample, the rest will be focused on off-box execution. Operations are consistent except local device reference specific to Junos on-box operation.

RENDER SET COMMANDS

ON-BOX (Junos/Junos EVO)

> op template-ops template-vars mx template cgn_mx_add input 2

```
delete groups scale-out-srx-02
set groups scale-out-srx-02 interfaces ge-0/0/4 unit 0 family inet address 100.65.2.1/24
set groups scale-out-srx-02 interfaces ge-0/0/5 unit 0 family inet address 100.64.2.1/24
set groups scale-out-srx-02 routing-instances vr-trust protocols bgp group vsrx-trust neighbor 100.65.2.10 peer-as 65002
set groups scale-out-srx-02 routing-instances vr-trust interface ge-0/0/4.0
set groups scale-out-srx-02 routing-instances vr-untrust protocols bgp group vsrx-untrust neighbor 100.64.2.10 peer-as 65002
set groups scale-out-srx-02 routing-instances vr-untrust interface ge-0/0/5.0
set apply-groups scale-out-srx-02
```

OFF-BOX (Linux)

./template-ops.py --template-vars mx --template cgn_mx_add --input 2

```
delete groups scale-out-srx-02
set groups scale-out-srx-02 interfaces ge-0/0/4 unit 0 family inet address 100.65.2.1/24
set groups scale-out-srx-02 interfaces ge-0/0/5 unit 0 family inet address 100.64.2.1/24
set groups scale-out-srx-02 routing-instances vr-trust protocols bgp group vsrx-trust neighbor 100.65.2.10 peer-as 65002
set groups scale-out-srx-02 routing-instances vr-trust interface ge-0/0/4.0
set groups scale-out-srx-02 routing-instances vr-untrust protocols bgp group vsrx-untrust neighbor 100.64.2.10 peer-as 65002
set groups scale-out-srx-02 routing-instances vr-untrust interface ge-0/0/5.0
set apply-groups scale-out-srx-02
```

DIFF RUNNING VS TEMPLATE

```
# ./template-ops.py --template-vars vsrx --template cgn_srx_add --diff-target vsrx-01 --input 2
```

SINGLE DEVICE CONFIGURATION

./template-ops.py --template-vars vsrx --template cgn_srx_add --push-target vsrx-01 --input 2

```
device | template operation output |
| vsrx-01 | cgn_srx_add template commit completed, j2+set-cmd archived |
```

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SINGLE DEVICE RPC EXECUTION

./template-ops.py --template-vars exec1 --template sessions --exec-target vsrx-01 --input 0/0

I	device		Total sessions	TCP sessions	UDP sessions	ICMP sessions
Ī	vsrx-01		3453	2525	841	87

DEVICE CONFIGURATION PROFILES

./template-ops.py --profile add_srx_1

Ī	device	 	template operation output
Ī	vmx-01	I	cgn_mx_add template commit completed, j2+set-cmd archived
Ī	vsrx-01	I	cgn_srx_add template commit completed, j2+set-cmd archived

./template-ops.py --profile update_srx_all

Ī	device	ı	template operation output
Ī	vsrx-01	Ī	cgn_srx_add template commit completed, j2+set-cmd archived
Ī	vsrx-02	I	cgn_srx_add template commit completed, j2+set-cmd archived
Ī	vsrx-03	I	cgn_srx_add template commit completed, j2+set-cmd archived
Ī	vsrx-04	I	cgn_srx_add template commit completed, j2+set-cmd archived

RPC EXECUTION PROFILE

./template-ops.py --profile sessions

ī	device	To	otal sessions	TCP sessions	UDP sessions	ICMP sessions
Ī	vsrx-01		4	2	2	0
Ī	vsrx-02	ı	4	2	2	0
Ī	vsrx-03	I	4	2	2	0
Ī	vsrx-04	l	4	2	2	0

./template-ops.py --profile sessions --input 100.65.2.0/24

I	device	Total sessions	TCP session	is U	JDP sessions	ICMP sessions
1	vsrx-02	:	2	1	1	0

MULTI PROFILE

./template-ops.py --mprofile add_srx_all

1	device	I	template	operation output		I
	vmx-01	I	cgı	n_mx_add template	commit completed,	j2+set-cmd archived
I	vsrx-01	l	cgn	_srx_add template	commit completed,	j2+set-cmd archived
	device		+omplate	operation output		
- 1	uevice	I	сепртасе	operación output		ı
I	vmx-01	I	cgı	n_mx_add template	commit completed,	j2+set-cmd archived
1	vsrx-02	1	cgn	_srx_add template	commit completed,	j2+set-cmd archived
I	device	BGP Inet	BGP G	i		
I	vsrx-01	100.64.1.1: Established	100.65.1.1:	Established		
I	vsrx-02	100.64.2.1: Established	100.65.2.1:	Established		
I	device	Total sessions TCP sessions	UDP s	essions ICMP	sessions	
I	vsrx-01	4	2	2	0	
ī	vsrx-02	4	2	2	0	

LIST PROFILES

Summary

#./template-ops.py --list-profile all

16 |

1 add_srx_1 add MX/SRX config 1 2 add_srx_2 add MX/SRX config 2 3 del_srx_1 del MX/SRX config 1 4 del_srx_2 del MX/SRX config 2 5 sessions retrieve sessions for specific source IP	Ī	#	push profile	comment
3 del_srx_1 del MX/SRX config 1 4 del_srx_2 del MX/SRX config 2	Ī	1	add_srx_1	add MX/SRX config 1
4 del_srx_2 del MX/SRX config 2	I	2	add_srx_2	add MX/SRX config 2
	I	3	del_srx_1	del MX/SRX config 1
5 sessions retrieve sessions for specific source IP	I	4	del_srx_2	del MX/SRX config 2
	Ī	5	sessions	retrieve sessions for specific source IP
6 load collect load data	Ī	6	load	collect load data

8 |

8 |

0 |

SHOW PROFILES

./template-ops.py --show-profile sessions

profile	device	template-vars	template	input	exec	eph-instance:fmt archival over	 ride
sessions 	vsrx-01 vsrx-02 vsrx-03 vsrx-04	exec1 exec1 exec1 exec1	sessions sessions sessions sessions	0/0 0/0 0/0 0/0 0/0	Y Y Y Y	N N N N	N N N N

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./template-ops.py --show-profile all

vsrx-02	profile	device	template-vars	template	input	exec	eph-instance:fmt	archival override
add_srx_2 vmx-01 mx cgn_mx_add 2 N N N	add_srx_1							N
		vsrx-01	vsrx	cgn_srx_add	1	N	N	N
del_srx_1	add_srx_2	vmx-01	l mx	cgn_mx_add	2	N	N	N
	i	vsrx-02	vsrx	cgn_srx_add	2	N I	N	N İ
	del srx 1	vmx-01	l mx	cgn mx del	1	N I	N	N
Update_srx_all	i	vsrx-01	vsrx	cgn_srx_del	1	N į	N	i n i
Update_srx_all	del srx 2	l vmx-01	l mx	cgn mx del	2	N I	N	N
vsrx-02	į	vsrx-02				N j		N İ
vsrx-02	update srx all	l vsrx-01	l vsrx	cgn srx add	1	N I	N	N I
vsrx-04 vsrx cgn_srx_add 4 N N sessions vsrx-01 exect sessions 0/0 Y N vsrx-02 exect sessions 0/0 Y N vsrx-03 exect sessions 0/0 Y N vsrx-04 exect sessions 0/0 Y N vsrx-04 exect sessions 0/0 Y N pl_1add_json vsrx-04 exect sessions 0/0 Y N pl_1add_json vsrx-04 vsrx pl_1add_json 1 N pl:json rendered:N, 72 vsrx-03 vsrx pl_1add_json 2 N pl:json rendered:N, 72 vsrx-04 vsrx pl_1add_json 3 N pl:json rendered:N, 73 version vsrx-04 vsrx pl_1add_json 4 N pl:json rendered:N, 73 version vsrx-04 exect version Y N vsrx-03 exect version Y N vsrx-04 exect version Y N vsrx-04 exect version Y N vsrx-05 exect shutdown Y N vsrx-06 exect shutdown Y N vsrx-07 exect shutdown Y N vsrx-08 exect shutdown Y N vsrx-08 exect shutdown Y N vsrx-09 exect shutdown Y N	i	vsrx-02	vsrx			N İ		i nj
Sessions VSTX-01 EXECT Sessions 0/0 Y N VSTX-02 EXECT SESSIONS 0/0 Y N VSTX-03 EXECT SESSIONS 0/0 Y N VSTX-04 EXECT SESSIONS 0/0 Y N P1_add_json VSTX-04 EXECT SESSIONS 0/0 Y N P1_add_json VSTX-01 VSTX P1_add_json 1 N P1:json rendered:N, 72 VSTX-02 VSTX P1_add_json 2 N P1:json rendered:N, 72 VSTX-03 VSTX P1_add_json 3 N P1:json rendered:N, 72 VSTX-04 VSTX P1_add_json 3 N P1:json rendered:N, 72 VERSION VSTX-04 VSTX P1_add_json 4 N P1:json rendered:N, 72 VERSION VSTX-04 EXECT VERSION Y N VSTX-03 EXECT VERSION Y N VSTX-04 EXECT VERSION Y N VSTX-04 EXECT VERSION Y N VSTX-05 EXECT Shutdown Y N VSTX-07 EXECT Shutdown Y N VSTX-08 EXECT Shutdown Y N VSTX-09 EXECT Shutdown Y N	İ	vsrx-03	vsrx	cgn_srx_add	3	N I	N I	l N İ
vsrx-02	1	vsrx-04	vsrx	cgn_srx_add	4	N	N	N
vsrx-03	sessions	vsrx-01	exec1	sessions	9/0	Υ	N	N
vsrx-04 exect sessions 0/0 Y N pl1_add_json vsrx-01 vsrx pl1_add_json 1 N pl:json rendered:N, 72 vsrx-02 vsrx pl1_add_json 2 N pl:json rendered:N, 72 vsrx-03 vsrx pl1_add_json 3 N pl:json rendered:N, 72 vsrx-04 vsrx pl1_add_json 3 N pl:json rendered:N, 72 vsrx-04 vsrx pl1_add_json 4 N pl:json rendered:N, 72 vsrx-04 vsrx pl1_add_json 4 N pl:json rendered:N, 72 vsrx-04 vsrx-02 exect version Y N vsrx-03 exect version Y N vsrx-03 exect version Y N N vsrx-04 exect version Y N N vsrx-04 exect version Y N N vsrx-04 exect version Y N N vsrx-04 exect shutdown Y N N vsrx-05 exect shutdown Y N N vsrx-06 exect shutdown Y N N vsrx-07 exect shutdown Y N N vsrx-08 exect shutdown Y N N vsrx-08 exect shutdown Y N N vsrx-08 exect shutdown Y N N vsrx-08 exect shutdown Y N N vsrx-08 exect shutdown Y N N N vsrx-08 exect shutdown Y N N N vsrx-08 exect shutdown Y N N N vsrx-08 exect shutdown Y N N N vsrx-08 exect shutdown Y N N vsrx-08 exect shutdown Y N N vsrx-08 exect shutdown Y N N vsrx-08 exect shutdown Y N N vsrx-08 exect shutdown Y N N vsrx-08 exect shutdown Y N N vsrx-08 exect shutdown Y N N vsrx-08 exect shutdown Y N N vsrx-08 exect shutdown Y N N exect shutdown Y N N exect shutdown Y N N exect shutdown Y N N exect shutdown Y N N exect shutdown Y N N exect shutdown Y N N exect shutdown Y N N exect shutdown Y N exect shutdown Y N exect shutdown Y N exect shutdown Y N exect shutdown Y N exect shutdown Y N exect shutdown Y N exect shutdown Y N exect shutdown Y N exe	1	vsrx-02	exec1	sessions	0/0		N	N
pl_1add_json vsrx-01 vsrx pl_1add_json 1 N pl:json rendered:N, JZ vsrx-02 vsrx pl_1add_json 2 N pl:json rendered:N, JZ vsrx-03 vsrx pl_1add_json 3 N pl:json rendered:N, JZ vsrx-04 vsrx pl_1add_json 4 N pl:json rendered:N, JZ vsrx-04 vsrx pl_1add_json 4 N pl:json rendered:N, JZ vsrx-04 vsrx-05 vsrx-05 vsrx-07 vsrx-08 vsrx		vsrx-03	exec1	sessions	0/0		N	N
vsrx-02		vsrx-04	exec1	sessions	0/0	Υ [N	N
vsrx-03	pl_1_add_json	vsrx-01	vsrx	pl_1_add_json	1	N	pl:json	rendered:N, J2:N
vsrx-04 vsrx pl_1add_json 4 N pl:json rendered:N, J2 version vsrx-01 exect version Y N N vsrx-02 exect version Y N N vsrx-03 exect version Y N N vsrx-04 exect version Y N N N vsrx-04 exect version Y N N N N N N N N N		vsrx-02	vsrx	pl_1_add_json	2	N	pl:json	rendered:N, J2:N
version vsrx-01 exec1 version Y N vsrx-02 exec1 version Y N vsrx-03 exec1 version Y N vsrx-04 exec1 version Y N mx_local local exec1 version Y N shutdown vmx-01 exec1 shutdown Y N vsrx-01 exec1 shutdown Y N vsrx-02 exec1 shutdown Y N vsrx-03 exec1 shutdown Y N		vsrx-03	vsrx	pl_1_add_json	3		pl:json	rendered:N, J2:N
vsrx-02 exec1 version Y N vsrx-03 exec1 version Y N N vsrx-04 exec1 version Y N N vsrx-04 exec1 version Y N N N N N N N N N		vsrx-04	vsrx	pl_1_add_json	4	N	pl:json	rendered:N, J2:N
vsrx-03 exect version Y N N vsrx-04 exect version Y N N N N N N N N N	version							N
vsrx-04 exec1 version Y N mx_local local exec1 version Y N shutdown vmx-01 exec1 shutdown Y N vsrx-01 exec1 shutdown Y N vsrx-02 exec1 shutdown Y N vsrx-03 exec1 shutdown Y N	!							N I
mx_local local exect version Y N shutdown vmx-01 exect shutdown Y N vsrx-01 exect shutdown Y N vsrx-02 exect shutdown Y N vsrx-03 exect shutdown Y N	ļ.	:						N I
Shutdown VMX-01 exec1 Shutdown Y N VSYX-01 exec1 Shutdown Y N VSYX-02 exec1 Shutdown Y N VSYX-03 exec1 Shutdown Y N		vsrx-04	exec1	version		Υ [N	N
vsrx-01	mx_local	local	exec1	version		Υ	N	N
vsrx-02	shutdown	vmx-01	exec1	shutdown		ΥI	N	N
vsrx-03 exec1 shutdown Y N	İ	vsrx-01	exec1	shutdown		Y	N i	N j
		vsrx-02	exec1	shutdown		Υ	N	N
Very-04 eyect shutdown V N		vsrx-03	exec1	shutdown		Υ	N	N
1 137.07 CACCA SHOUNDI 1 11		vsrx-04	exec1	shutdown		Y	N	N
bgp	bgp	vsrx-01	exec1				N	N
vsrx-02 exec1 bgp Y N	1			bgp				N
vsrx-03 exec1 bgp	!							N I
vsrx-04 exec1 bgp Y N		vsrx-04	exec1	bgp		Υ	N	N
load vsrx-01 exec1 load Y N	load							N
vsrx-02 exec1 load Y N	ļ .							N I
vsrx-03 exec1 load Y N	!							N I
vsrx-04 exec1 load Y N		vsrx-04	exec1	load		Υ	N	N
mp_load_sum vsrx-01 exec1 mp_load_sum Y N	mp_load_sum	vsrx-01	exec1	mp_load_sum		Υ [N	N

SHOW MULTI-PROFILES

./template-ops.py --show-mprofile all

_				
I	post-delay[s]	pre-delay[s]	profile	multi profile
 	2		sessions mp_sessions_sum	sessions
Ī		1	version alarm	status
	2 2 2 2 2	10	add_srx_1 add_srx_2 add_srx_3 add_srx_4 bgp sessions mp_sessions_sum	add_srx_all
- 			del_srx_1 del_srx_2 del_srx_3 del_srx_4 bgp	del_srx_all
- -	 	 	load mp_load_sum	l load

LIST TEMPLATES

./template-ops.py --list-template all

Ī	#	/scripts/template-ops-138/xtemplate/*.j2	l	md5	Ī
Ī	2	bgp		32602ac2d928a41561fb79fef74c7bbe	Ī
Ī	3	cgn_mx_add	 	7d14feaa86dcd09ad84fec36fb6193a1	Ī
Ī	4	cgn_mx_del	 	f5284d57b56fd109b7f83838a8147c46	Ī
Ī	5	cgn_srx_add	 	69d709a20357d5793beb486fafb7bc50	Ī
Ī	6	cgn_srx_del	 	4c9a8a0d40e42ff3b10c065c1c732716	Ī
Ī	7	filter	 	9d838d5b9de7e6a06f64309653677fcd	Ī
Ī	10	load	l .	2b87c56f557f00605e5213994050dc2b	Ī
Ī	11	mnha_flip	 	d7915268587e9c7446ced335530f04cd	Ī
Ī	12	mnha_status	 	92c9c23f9a07348ed1008be3ebdc38d2	Ī
Ī	13	mp_load_sum	 	f5af5c1539cbf4629ac514b3ec2a83af	Ī
Ī	14	mp_sessions		97a91783173a0bb117c1519fadf7390f	Ī
Ī	15	mp_sessions_sum		ea03616468d545e93eb42e44ca506705	Ī
Ī	16	mx_add_srx	 	fe530b6643375c5f98ab7994d7b3c249	Ī
Ī	21	reboot	 	542237df6dea34cbc325c9288ae95f5f	Ī
Ī	22	sessions	l	97a91783173a0bb117c1519fadf7390f	Ī
Ī	23	shutdown	 	422f783ce98832bf4ad9ce9ac7bab732	Ī

SHOW TEMPLATE

./template-ops.py --show-template sessions

DEBUG IN-LINE

./template-ops.py --template-vars exec1 --template sessions --exec-target vsrx-01 --input 1.1.1.256

```
| Total sessions | TCP sessions | UDP sessions | ICMP sessions |
    device
vsrx-01
            Error executing code sessions, use debug on/see log
# ./template-ops.py --template-vars exec1 --template sessions --exec-target vsrx-01 --input 1.1.1.256 --debug on
vsrx-01 error executing code sessions.j2, traceback: Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "/usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/jnpr/junos/device.py", line 768, in execute
   File "/usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/jnpr/junos/decorators.py", line 169, in wrapper
   raise ex
 File "/usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/jnpr/junos/decorators.py", line 116, in wrapper
   rsp = function(self, *args, **kwargs)
 File "/usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/jnpr/junos/device.py", line 1318, in _rpc_reply
   return self._conn.rpc(rpc_cmd_e)._NCElement__doc
 File "/usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/ncclient/manager.py", line 246, in execute
   return cls(self._session,
 File "/usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/ncclient/operations/third_party/juniper/rpc.py", line 52, in request
   return self._request(rpc)
 File "/usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/ncclient/operations/rpc.py", line 375, in request
   raise self. reply.error
ncclient.operations.rpc.RPCError: invalid value '256' in ip address: '1.1.1.256'
```

DEBUG LOG

Off-box

journalctl

template-ops.py[188084]: [root]/root/scripts/template-ops-138/template-ops.py[188084] vsrx-01 code execution start /root/scripts/template-ops-138/xtemplate/sessions.j2 (md5:97a91783173a0bb117c1519fadf7390f)

raise self._reply.error ncclient.operations.rpc.RPCError: invalid value '256' in ip address: '1.1.1.256'

File "/usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/ncclient/operations/rpc.py", line 375, in _request

On-box

> show log messages

vmx-01 cscript[79600]: CSCRIPT_SECURITY_WARNING: unsigned python script '/var/db/scripts/op/template-ops.pyc' without checksum is executed

vmx-01 cscript[79600]: [root]/var/db/scripts/op/template-ops.pyc[79600] vsrx-01 code execution start /var/db/scripts/op/xtemplate/sessions.j2 (md5: 97a91783173a0bb117c1519fadf7390f)

vmx-01 cscript[79600]: [root]/var/db/scripts/op/template-ops.pyc[79600] vsrx-01 error executing code sessions.j2, traceback: Traceback (most recent call
last): File "./../../../.src/dist/python-add-ons/junos-eznc/lib/jnpr/junos/device.py", line 174, in execute File
"../../../../.src/dist/python-add-ons/junos-eznc/lib/jnpr/junos/decorators.py", line 169, in wrapper File
"../../../../.src/dist/python-add-ons/junos-eznc/lib/jnpr/junos/decorators.py", line 116, in wrapper File
"../../../../.src/dist/python-add-ons/junos-eznc/lib/jnpr/junos/device.py", line 1336, in _rpc_reply File
"../../../../.src/dist/python-add-ons/junos-eznc/lib/jnpr/junos/device.py", line 215, in execute File "../.../../../.src/dist/python-add-ons/ncclient/ncclient/operations/third_party/juniper/prc.py", line 46, in request File "../../../../../../.src/dist/python-add-ons/ncclient/ncclient/operations/rpc.py", line 341, in _request ncclient.operations.rpc.RPCError: invalid value '256' in ip address: '1.1.1.256' During
handling of the above exception, another exception occurred: Traceback (most recent call last): File "/var/db/scripts/op/template-ops.py", line 1118, in
template_thread exec(template_output) File "cstrings", line 12, in <module> File "../../../../../../.src/dist/python-add-ons/junoseznc/lib/jnpr/junos/rpcmeta.py", line 345, in _exec_rpc File "../../../../../../../src/dist/python-add-ons/junos-eznc/lib/jnpr/junos/decorators.py", line 31, in wrapper File
"../../../../.src/dist/python-add-ons/junos-eznc/lib/jnpr/junos/decorators.py", line 794, in execute jnpr.junos.exception.RpcError: RpcError(severity:
error, bad_element: 1.1.1.256, message: invalid value '256' in ip address: '1.1.1.256')

INSTALLATION

TEMPLATE-OPS FILES

Junos on-box /var/db/scripts/op/ or any folder on Linux	Function
template-ops.py	Main script
template_ops_conf.py	Configuration file
template_ops_vars.py	Generator functions for template rendering
id_rsa	Default SSH key location, configurable in _conf.py
xarchive/	Default folder for archiving templates and rendered outputs, configurable in _conf.py
xtemplate/	Default folder for storing configuration and code execution templates, configurable in _conf.py
xdata/	Folder for input data, e.g., yaml formatted
sync_to_mx.sh	Sample off-box shell script for uni- directional sync of template ops to Junos
run-profiles.sh	Sample off-box shell script for executing sequentially profiles

JUNOS ON-BOX

For on-box operations place the extracted files into /var/db/scripts/op/ folder and insert into Junos configuration the commands from JUNOS_SET_CMD file – those activate the op script and provide contextual help/CLI completion. Pretty much any Junos / Junos EVO 21.4+ should work. Ideally insert the commands into separate Junos group as in the provided example.

 $\label{top:commands} \mbox{Tip-} \mbox{ > op template-ops [commands] Junos CLI can be changed to pretty much anything using}$

set command [command]

from sample JUNOS_SET_CMD file, e.g., could be eventually executed > op t [commands] when desired (also see WRAPPER TO TEMPLATE-OPS in ADVANCED CONCEPTS section)

LINUX OFF-BOX

For off-box installation on Debian/Ubuntu either:

apt-install python3-junos-eznc (as of Debian 12 and Ubuntu 24.04 installs fairly old 2.1.7)

Some platforms may need to explicitly enable Python 3, for Debian/Ubuntu:

apt-install python-is-python3

Alternatively install latest PyEZ:

https://www.juniper.net/documentation/us/en/software/junos-pyez/junos-pyez-developer/topics/task/junos-pyez-server-installing.html

Then extract the template-ops files into folder of choice, multiple instances in different folders can exist (handy is to use symlinks to share common settings).

The location of the configuration files is tackled using short code at beginning of template_ops_conf.py — sets absolute location for on-box operation and relative for off-box operation (see below).

The minimum tested Python version with template-ops is 3.7 (present Junos on-box version).

SSH KEY GENERATION

Note - for on-box operation where no remote device is reached to, no SSH key is needed – special device "local" can be used.

For operation both on-box and off-box with remote devices use RSA keys as Ed25519 keys are working only with latest off-box libraries.

To generate private id_rsa and id_rsa.pub public RSA SSH keys:

(off-box relatively to template-ops folder, on-box cd /var/db/scripts/op/), no passphrase by pressing Enter twice:

```
ssh-keygen -t rsa -b 2048 -m pem -f id rsa
```

where -m pem is legacy format as older on-box PyEZ/Paramiko may have issues with the new OpenSSH key format.

SSH private key must be protected from unauthorized access. Different usernames and/or SSH keys can be used for individual devices.

TARGET JUNOS SYSTEM

Then on target Junos devices setup specific user for template-ops, for example:

```
set system login user template-ops class super-user set system login user template-ops authentication ssh-rsa "public SSH key" from [list of allowed hosts]
```

Example:

```
set system login user template-ops authentication ssh-rsa "ssh-rsa AAA<SNIP>vnK adm@vmx-01" from 10.0.0.1
```

Defining list of permitted hosts using from stanza is optional but recommended as the user has elevated privileges and SSH key with passphrase on host with template-ops is not really practical.

Finally, enable Netconf over SSH (TCP port 830):

```
set system services netconf ssh
```

IMPORTANT NOTE — obviously system with deployed template-ops as above becomes full administrator platform for the target devices.

TEMPLATE SEEDING

Included by main code, template_ops_vars.py serves the purpose of retrieving Python dictionaries used in Jinja2 template rendering, both configuration and code execution.

1st is definition of Python lists containing mapping template-vars input (entered from CLI or profile), typically referring to device types/groups or purpose, with colors for easier references:

```
TEMPLATE_VARS1_LIST = ["vsrx"]
TEMPLATE_VARS2_LIST = ["ptx", "mx"]
TEMPLATE_VARS3_LIST = ["exec1"]
TEMPLATE_VARS4_LIST = ["srx_yaml1"]
```

2nd - lists are then referring to specific function for generating configuration/code using Jinja2, where template_vars_arg and _input parameters to template_vars_get function are effectively the --template-vars and --input arguments from one device operation CLI or profile discussed later.

```
def template_vars_get(template_vars_arg, _input):
    if template_vars_arg in TEMPLATE_VARS1_LIST:
        return template_vars1(_input)
    elif template_vars_arg in TEMPLATE_VARS2_LIST:
        return template_vars2(_input)
    elif template_vars_arg in TEMPLATE_VARS3_LIST:
        return template_vars3(_input)
    elif template_vars_arg in TEMPLATE_VARS4_LIST:
        return template_vars4(_input)
    else:
        raise ValueError("UNKNOWN device-type")
```

Returned dictionary data from template_vars_get are passed to Jinja for rendering configuration or Python code for execution.

SIMPLE INPUT

sample function referred by above providing to Jinja2 calculated AS number and sequence in vSRX scale-out lineup:

```
def template_vars1(_input):
    seq = int(_input)
    aut_sys = 65000 + seq
    template_vars = {
        "seq": str(seq),
        "aut_sys": str(aut_sys),
    }
    return template_vars
```

another simple function used in conjunction with code execution profile below

```
def template_vars3(_input):
    template_vars = {
        "ip": str(_input),
    }
    return template_vars
```

MULTI-VALUE INPUT

Sample function to receiving on input list of IP addresses formatted as --input "1.1.1.2, 1.1.1.2" and hand over it to template processing as a list (string formatted, eval() or similar is needed for processing as Python list in exec templates)

```
def template_vars2(_input):
    template_vars = {
        "ips": _input.split(","),
    }
    return template_vars
```

YAML INPUT

sample function extracting from YAML file data, used for generating set commands or Python code:

```
def template_vars4(_input):
    import yam1
    with open(_input, 'r') as file:
        data = yaml.safe_load(file)

    template_vars = {
        "list1": data['list1']
    }
    return template_vars
```

corresponding YAML file which would be pointed to by --input parameter from CLI or profile

```
list1:
- 1.1.1.1
- 1.1.1.2
- 1.1.1.3
```

ADDITIONAL SETTINGS

This variable defines list of devices which can be subjected to any other operation than just rendering set commands, mostly for safety purposes when administrator wants to review set commands prior using Junos load set:

```
DIFF_PUSH_ELIGIBLE_LIST = ["mx", "vsrx", "exec1"]
```

This parameter is string included in Linux help, for purposes of listing top used template_vars:

```
TEMPLATE_VARS_STR = "[vsrx|srx4600|mx|ptx|exec1]"
```

CONFIGURATION FILE

Configuration file template_ops_conf.py is effectively by template-ops.py included Python code with all the Pythonic programmability.

COMMON SETTINGS

1st section just checks for on-box / off-box operation for purposes of looking up path

```
try:
    from junos import Junos_Context
    PATH = '/var/db/scripts/op/'
except:
    from os import getcwd
PATH = getcwd() + '/'
```

SSH_KEY variable sets path to RSA key, multiple variables with different SSH keys can be defined

```
SSH_KEY = PATH + 'id_rsa'
```

Following variable ensures that if configuration template operations starting with delete of the particular group do not have yet the syntax to delete (like initial push), the logic upon loading error removes delete commands and tries again

```
REMOVE_DEL_CMDS_DURING_PUSH_DIFF_ERR_ENABLE = 1
```

This is a global enable/disable control whether Python code can be generated by Jinja and subjected to execution of by exec() method. This could impose a security risk if unauthorized person got access to templates.

```
TEMPLATE_EXEC_ENABLE = 1
```

Defines path for looking up Jinja2 templates

```
TEMPLATE_SEARCH_PATH = PATH + 'xtemplate'
```

This variable sets very conservative maximum of devices in profile (covered later), essentially how many multithreaded operations will be happening simultaneously. When overrunning the capacity, then the next option is sequential multi profile execution

```
MAX_PROFILE_DEV = 16
```

Defines commit timeout, default is 30 seconds

```
COMMIT_TIMEOUT = 30
```

Controls whether to save into archive folder defined below committed Jinja2 template

Archival of Jinja2 template

```
SAVE_COMMIT_J2_ENABLE = 1
```

Archival of resulting Junos config:

```
SAVE_COMMIT_CFG_ENABLE = 1
```

Archival of Jinja2 template used to prepare Python code for exec()

```
SAVE_EXEC_J2_ENABLE = 1
```

Archival of resulting Python code after rendering Jinja2 template

```
SAVE_EXEC_PY_ENABLE = 1
```

Self-explanatory paths for archiving exec/configuration templates and rendered results

```
SAVE_PATH_COMMIT_J2 = PATH + 'xarchive'

SAVE_PATH_COMMIT_CFG = PATH + 'xarchive'

SAVE_PATH_EXEC_J2 = PATH + 'xarchive'

SAVE_PATH_EXEC_PY = PATH + 'xarchive'
```

DEVICE AUTHNETICATION PROFILES

Authentication profile defines credentials and network parameters for connection to devices. There is also an option to use default profile with common settings, where specific device settings are merged to (example bellow configures IP address). Merged profile overrides settings in default profile.

General syntax:

```
auth_profiles = {
    'default':{ 'user':['junos-username'], 'port':[Netconf/SSH port], 'ssh_key':['SSH KEY PATH'] },
    'device1':{ 'host':['IP address'] },
    'device2':{ 'host':['IP address'] },
}

Sample:

auth_profiles = {
    'default':{ 'user':['template-ops'], 'port':[830], 'ssh_key':[SSH_KEY] },
    'vmx-01':{ 'host':['10.00.10'],},
    'vsrx-01':{ 'host':['10.00.11'] },
    'vsrx-02':{ 'host':['10.00.012'] },
    'vsrx-03':{ 'host':['10.00.013'] },
    'vsrx-04':{ 'host':['10.00.014'] },
}
```

PROFILE LIST

Push profile structure defines all available profiles for bulk operation by single profile, format is following, comment is for purpose of listing profiles. Sample below.

```
push_profiles = {
  'add_srx_1':
                   { 'comment':['add MX/SRX config 1'] },
                   { 'comment':['add MX/SRX config 2'] },
  'add srx 2':
  'del_srx_1':
                  { 'comment':['del MX/SRX config 1'] },
                   { 'comment':['del MX/SRX config 2'] },
  'del_srx_2':
  'update_srx_all':{ 'comment':['update srx config all'] },
  'sessions':
                    'comment':['retrieve sessions for specific source IP'] },
  'loads prefix list pl-1 into eph instance pl, json fmt'] },
                  { 'comment':['loads prefix list pl-1 into eph instance pl, set fmt'] },
  'pl_1_add_set':
                    'comment':['empty prefix list pl-1 in ephemeral instance pl'] },
  'pl_1_del':
                  { 'comment':['displays counters from FF counters'] },
  'filter':
                  { 'comment':['show Junos versions'] },
  'version':
                  { 'comment':['show Junos versions, mx local'] },
  'mx local':
                  { 'comment':['show system alarms'] },
  'alarm':
  'shutdown':
                    'comment':['shutdown all'] },
                    'comment':['show bgp peers'] },
  'bgp':
                    'comment':['collect load data']
  'load':
                  { 'comment':['aggregate load data'] },
  'mp_load_sum':
```

DEVICE GROUPS

Device groups are Python dictionaries which are merged with profiles described in the next section, this would be sample group:

```
vsrx = { 'vsrx-01':{}, 'vsrx-02':{}, 'vsrx-03':{}, 'vsrx-04':{}, }
```

PROFILES

Generic syntax is following, more explanation in sample profiles below.

```
PROFILE_NAME = {
    "APPLICATBLE DEVICE from auth_profiles OR default OR local": {
        "template_vars": ["REFERAL TO TEMPLATE VARS"],
        "template": ["TEMPLATE"],
        "input": ["INPUT"],
        "eph_inst": ["EPHEMERAL INSTANACE NAME", "INPUT DATA FORMAT - TEXT OR XML OR JSON OR SET"],
        "save_rendered_j2": [[True OR False TO SAVE RESULT OF RENDER, True OR False TO SAVE J2 TEMPLATE]],
        "exec":[True OR False TO TREAT RESULT OF TEMLATE RENDER AS PYTHON CODE FOR EXECUTION],
    },
}
```

IMPORTANT NOTES RELATED TO EPHEMERAL DB

- When dealing with Ephemeral Database, avoid set syntax if there are large lists (e.g. prefix-list) crossing approximately 8000 elements which need to be deleted first. Instead use JSON/XML/text format for which template-ops always uses overwrite operation (not supported with set format). That's a known Junos PR with no resolution to date. Issue manifest as high mgd load and commit typically times out.

- To avoid growing Ephemeral Database until maximum size, configure rotation, for example: set system configuration-database ephemeral purge-on-version 5

SAMPLE PROFILE - CONFIGURATION

Basic profile called update_srx_all for bulk configuration of 4 vSRX instances (01-04) with default common settings, similarly to device authentication profile device specific settings override default. When executed, the operation is multi-threaded reaching out to the devices in parallel.

Note - this is an essential example for understanding template-ops workflow.

```
update_srx_all = {
   'default':{ 'template_vars':['vsrx'], 'template':['cgn_srx_add'] },

   'vsrx-01':{ 'input':['1'] },
   'vsrx-02':{ 'input':['2'] },
   'vsrx-03':{ 'input':['3'] },
   'vsrx-04':{ 'input':['4'] },
}
```

template_vars above is a pointer to template_vars1 function by using vsrx value defined in the TEMPLATE_VARS1_LIST list below, receiving defined input values (1, 2, 3, 4), unique per device as defined above.

```
TEMPLATE_VARS1_LIST = ["vsrx"]

def template_vars_get(template_vars_arg, _input):
    if template_vars_arg in TEMPLATE_VARS1_LIST:
        return template_vars1(_input)

def template_vars1(_input):
    seq = int(_input)
    aut_sys = 65000 + seq
    template_vars = {
        "seq": str(seq),
        "aut_sys": str(aut_sys),
    }
    return template_vars
```

Jinja2 template (seeded by template_vars dictionary with seq and aut_sys keys/values from above) is effectively the cgn_srx_add.j2 file, located by default in xtemplate folder. Template with set commands in group would delete the group first, and re-establish setting from beginning including apply-groups as in example below:

```
# ./template-ops.py --show-template cgn_srx_add

delete groups scale-out-srx
set groups scale-out-srx security log stream pod-host source-address 100.65.{{ seq }}.10
set apply-groups scale-out-srx

# ./template-ops.py --template-vars vsrx --template cgn_srx_add --input 1
delete groups scale-out-srx
set groups scale-out-srx security log stream pod-host source-address 100.65.1.10
set apply-groups scale-out-srx
```

Resulting configuration profile pushed to devices would be variable in source-address for the vsrx-01 to vsrx-04 devices (1-4 in 3rd octet).

SAMPLE PROFILES - CODE EXECUTION

Basic code execution template may not need any input, for example gathering version information, template sets exec flag to True.

vSRX group described in DEVICE GROUPS is below referred to by using Python dictionary merging (older syntax compatible with Python 3.7).

```
version = {
   'default':{ 'template_vars':['exec1'], 'template':['version'], 'input':[''], 'exec':[True] },
}
version = {**version, **vsrx }
```

Contents of simple code execution template with no Jinja code altering the code prior execution, simple text is passed to result variable, and by default outputs are printed:

```
global result

rpc_output = dev.rpc.get_software_information({"format": "text"})

result = " ".join(
    [line for line in rpc_output.text.splitlines() if "Junos" in line or "ike" in line]
)
```

More advanced profile and template passing IP address from template_vars to retrieve firewall filter counter (named as IP addresses), besides results also when header variable is returned, custom header is printed instead of default:

```
filter = {
    "default": {
        "template_vars": ["exec1"],
        "template": ["filter"],
        "input": ["accept"],
        "exec": [True],
        "save_rendered_j2": [True, False],
    },
    "vsrx-01": {},
    "vsrx-02": {},
    "vsrx-03": {},
    "vsrx-04": {},
}
Template vars:
def template_vars3(_input):
    template_vars = {
        "ip": str(_input),
    }
    return template_vars
```

```
Template:
global result
global header
ip = "{{ ip }}"
rpc_output = dev.rpc.get_firewall_counter_information(
    normalize=True, countername=ip, filter="protect-1"
)
counter = rpc output.findtext(".//counter-name")
bytes = rpc_output.findtext(".//byte-count")
packets = rpc_output.findtext(".//packet-count")
header = "{:^16} | {:^16} | {:^16}".format("Counter", "Bytes", "Packets")
if counter:
    result = "{:>16} | {:>16} | {:>16}".format(counter, bytes, packets)
else:
    result = "{:>16} | {:>16} | {:>16}".format(ip, "N/A", "N/A")
Finally, simple profile for on-box operation using local keyword instead of device name (avoiding Netconf over SSH).
mx_local = {
  'default':{ 'template_vars':['exec1'], 'template':['version'], 'input':[''], 'exec':[True] },
  'local':{ },
}
Template:
global result
rpc_output = dev.rpc.get_software_information({"format": "text"})
result = " ".join(
    [line for line in rpc_output.text.splitlines() if "Junos" in line or "ike" in line]
```

MULTI-PROFILES

Multi-profiles (mprofile) do basically chain regular profiles for configuration and execution in one go with an option to introduce pre and post delays. Typical use would be configuration of MX when adding new scaled-out SRX, each profile in multi-profile would cover one SRX and relevant MX side in one go. Use-case for execution is post-processing retrieved data from regular profiles.

Generic syntax is following:

Sample multi-profile configuration, sessions retrieve and prints data from individual devices, mp_sessions_sum profile leverages retrieved data for printing summary (see ADVANCED CONCEPTS). Mprofile add_srx_all adds one at a time SRX and MX configurations in scale-out swarm with post-delay of 2s between operations, retrieves BGP status with pre-delay of 10s and displays session counts like above multi-profile does.

Note — when operating off-box, the post-processing profile (e.g., the mentioned mp_sessions_sum) needs to be executed on some selected Junos device. In the current software local off-box code execution is not present.

```
multi_profiles = {
    "sessions": {
        "comment": ["retrieve session info"],
        "push_profiles": [
            {"sessions": {}},
            {"mp_sessions_sum": {"post-delay": 2, "pre-delay": 0}},
        ],
    },
    "add_srx_all": {
        "comment": ["add all srx and mx"],
        "push_profiles": [
            {"add_srx_1": {"post-delay": 2}},
            {"add_srx_2": {"post-delay": 2}},
            {"add_srx_3": {"post-delay": 2}},
            {"add_srx_4": {"post-delay": 2}},
            {"bgp": {"pre-delay":10}},
            {"sessions": {}},
            {"mp_sessions_sum": {}},
        ],
    },
}
```

DEBUG AND AUDIT

LOGGING

By default, template-ops is on both off-box Linux and on-box Junos logging actions taken. The idea behind recording MD5 checksum is ability to trace back template in conjunction with archiving described below. Current MD5 checksums of templates are shown in list-templates command. MD5 has been chosen for readability as collision attacks are not likely in a secure environment.

Sample logs:

```
vsrx-01 template diff start /var/db/scripts/op/xtemplate/cgn_srx_add.j2 (md5: 69d709a20357d5793beb486fafb7bc50)
vsrx-01 no diff between candidate and current config /var/db/scripts/op/xtemplate/cgn_srx_add.j2 (md5: 69d...)
vsrx-01 diff exist between candidate and current config /var/db/scripts/op/xtemplate/cgn_srx_add.j2 (md5: 69d7...)
vsrx-01 template push start /var/db/scripts/op/xtemplate/cgn_srx_add.j2 (md5: 69d709a20357d5793beb486fafb7bc50)
vsrx-01 commit completed /var/db/scripts/op/xtemplate/cgn_srx_add.j2 (md5: 69d709a20357d5793beb486fafb7bc50)
vsrx-04 code execution start /var/db/scripts/op/xtemplate/filter.j2 (md5: 9d838d5b9de7e6a06f64309653677fcd)
vsrx-04 template filter, exec code archived
vsrx-02 template sessions, exec j2+code archived
```

In addition to above sample context, logs are prefixed by [username][path][PID], for example:

```
[root]/var/db/scripts/op/template-ops.pyc[91308]
[root]/root/scripts/template-ops/template-ops.py[168450]
```

For off-box operation this is meant to track operations when multiple instances are deployed to various folders.

DEBUGGING

By default, without enabling **debug on** parameter/value, minimum errors get backtrace right to the terminal. However, backtraces are logged to SYSLOG on-box/off-box automatically.

As in EXAMPLE USE section above, in case of debugging, either logs can be looked up or by enabling debug, also error outputs appear directly on console.

Debug log with traceback is 1st place where to look for troubleshooting configuration syntax issues, template syntax and template-ops runtime / related libraries errors.

Generally, it's a good practice to run debug when creating new templates as some of the errors may be logged only, e.g., if the archival folder is not writeable only log appears and backtrace on terminal appears only with debug enabled.

General syntax on-box:

Off-box:

```
> op template-ops [commands] debug on
```

./template-ops [commands] --debug on

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ARCHIVING

The purpose of archiving controlled globally by **SAVE**_* settings as described in CONFIGURATION FILE section are audit and roll-back. For both configuration and code execution, both Jinja2 template and result of rendering can be saved. Where globally enabled archiving can be overridden on individual profile level by "save_rendered_j2": [bool, bool] control.

Default file format of saved templates:

```
YYYYMMDD-HHMMSS__TEMPLATE_NAME__DEVICE.[set|.j2 |.py |.py.j2]
```

Where file suffixes determine type:

- .set result of configuration render
- .j2 Jinja2 used for rendering set commands
- .py is executed Python code
- .py.j2 is Jinja2 template used for rendering Python code

Sample files in xarchive folder:

```
20241005-225014__cgn_srx_add__vsrx-01.j2
20241005-225014__cgn_srx_add__vsrx-01.set
20241006-094116__sessions__vsrx-01.py.j2
20241006-094116__sessions__vsrx-01.py
```

IMPORTANT NOTE – administrators need to take care of the archival folder clean-up

ADVANCED CONCEPTS

INPUT VARIABLES IN CODE EXECUTION

Mostly relevant variables and sample values available for use in exec templates:

```
'_input': '1',
'dev': Device(10.0.0.11),
'profile': None,
'profile_operation': False,
'push_target': 'vsrx-01',
'template_abs': '/root/scripts/template-ops-138/xtemplate/version.j2',
'template_file': 'version.j2',
'template_md5': '64a5ac2bbe81164b9d129a2fe4d87a22',
'template_vars': 'exec1',
'template_vars_for_render': {'ip': '1'},
'timestamp': '20241007-082157'
For complete listing of global and local variables, following can be used in a template:
from pprint import pprint
print(20 * "#" + "GLOBALS")
pprint(globals())
print(20 *"#" + "LOCALS")
pprint(locals())
```

EXEC TEMPLATE RETURN VALUES

Following rules apply for return values from executed Python code templates:

- returned variables in template must be global (e.g., global result)
- internally result variable is appended to template_thread_data list as 2nd column (1st is device name)
- value of result of type string is printed in tabular view for individual device
- multi-line result string has special handling in printing
- result set to list, dict, None or empty string is not printed
- string value of header displaces default tabular value header during printing
- setting header to None prevents printing of header
- setting header to "default" string restores default header value
- after every printing, result variable other than list or dict type is set to empty string to avoid repeated printing in multi-profile

Using None is handy for printing custom outputs. Aligning result and header is useful for simple embedded printing where use of vertically aligned "|" character can mimic tabular view.

DATA SHARING IN MULTI- PROFILE

The typical use of data sharing between profiles is post-processing and printing summaries of gathered outputs from individual devices in multi-profile operation. Either global result of type list or dict or result_adv (result advanced) variable can be used. In the latter one any data structures can be passed. The use of both result and result_adv is to support situations when result of type string is used for simple embedded tabular printing and result_adv used to

produce aggregate data. If returned from template, result_adv is appended to template_thread_data list as 3rd column where from it can be accessed typically by sub-sequent exec templates in multi-profile operation.

PYTHON EXEC() CONTEXT

```
When writing exec templates in a following way:
```

```
def msg(msg):
   print(msg)
def main():
   msg('test')
main()
```

This error may appear due to Python exec() context handling:

```
NameError: name 'msg' is not defined
```

Probably the most elegant solution is to use approach with arbitrary class, for example:

```
class DynamicExecutor:
    def msg(self, msg):
        print(msg)

    def main(self):
        self.msg('test')

executor = DynamicExecutor()
executor.main()
```

WRAPPER TO TEMPLATE-OPS

Following is a sample wrapper example for on-box and off-box operation which would make the command more purpose specific, for example – to make turn template-ops into tool for operating SRX:

Skeleton code rewriting CLI parameters:

```
#!/usr/bin/python
import runpy, sys

if len(sys.argv) > 1:
    if sys.argv[1] in ["--srx-load"]:
        sys.argv = ["", "--mprofile", "load"]
    elif sys.argv[1] in ["--srx-sessions"]:
        if len(sys.argv) == 3:
            sys.argv = ["", "--mprofile", "sessions", "--input", sys.argv[2]]
        else:
            sys.argv = ["", "--mprofile", "sessions"]
    else:
        print("Unknown parameters")
        sys.exit()
    runpy.run_module("template-ops", run_name="__main__")
```

JUNOS EVENT-OPTIONS TRIGGER

TEMPLATE AS A JUNOS DAEMON

SYNC FROM OFF-BOX TO ON-BOX

MULTIPLE INSTANCES OFF-BOX