Proyecto Integrador

Android Material Design, CoordinatorLayout, Firebase, Providers

Android Material Design

Es un conjunto de directrices de diseño creado por Google para aplicaciones móviles y web, basado en:

- Superficies y profundidad: Usa sombras y capas para simular objetos físicos.
- Animaciones fluidas: Transiciones suaves y respuestas táctiles.
- Colores vivos: Paletas contrastantes y atractivas.
- Tipografía clara: Jerarquía visual con fuentes como Roboto.
- Componentes reutilizables: Botones, menús y otros elementos listos para usar.
- Diseño adaptable: Optimizado para diferentes tamaños de pantalla.

Material Design crea experiencias consistentes, modernas y fáciles de usar.

Algunos recursos y configuraciones

- -Descargar las imágenes del proyecto ejemplo <u>aquí</u>
- -Recurso ShapeOfView aquí
- -Base de datos en Firebase aquí
- Dependencias en gradle

```
buildFeatures{
        viewBinding=true
dependencies {
   implementation("androidx.appcompat:appcompat:1.7.0")
   implementation("com.google.android.material:material:1.12.0")
   implementation("androidx.activity:activity-ktx:1.7.2")
   implementation("androidx.constraintlayout:constraintlayout:2.1.4")
   implementation("androidx.recyclerview:recyclerview:1.2.1")
   implementation("com.google.firebase:firebase-firestore:25.1.1")
   implementation(libs.activity)
   testImplementation("junit:junit:4.13.2")
   androidTestImplementation("androidx.test.ext:junit:1.1.5")
   androidTestImplementation("androidx.test.espresso:espresso-core:3.5.1")
   implementation("com.github.bumptech.glide:glide:4.12.0")
   annotationProcessor("com.github.bumptech.glide:compiler:4.12.0")
   implementation ("io.github.florent37:shapeofview:1.4.7")
```

CoordinatorLayout

El **CoordinatorLayout** permite que las vistas "se comuniquen" entre sí de manera más dinámica. Por ejemplo, puedes hacer que una vista se desplace o cambie de tamaño en función de la interacción con otra (como cuando un RecyclerView se desplaza y la AppBar se oculta o muestra).

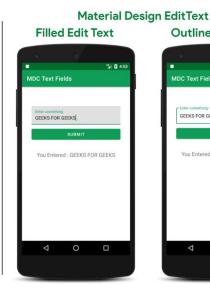
Compatibilidad con diseños de Material Design

Desplazamiento flexible

En un CoordinatorLayout, puedes incluir otros layouts o vistas.

google.android.material.textfield.TextInputLayout

Se utiliza para mejorar la apariencia y funcionalidad de los campos de texto, proporcionando características como etiquetas flotantes, mensajes de error, y compatibilidad con entradas de tipo contraseña. Mejora la experiencia visual y de usabilidad en formularios





Seguimos modelo MVVM

Crearemos los paquetes:

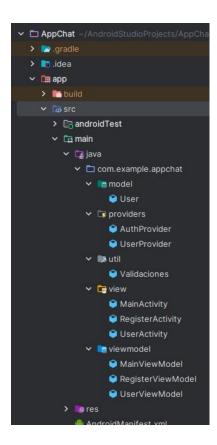
model: Aquí colocas las clases que representan entidades

view: Esta carpeta contiene las actividades o fragmentos que forman la interfaz de usuario

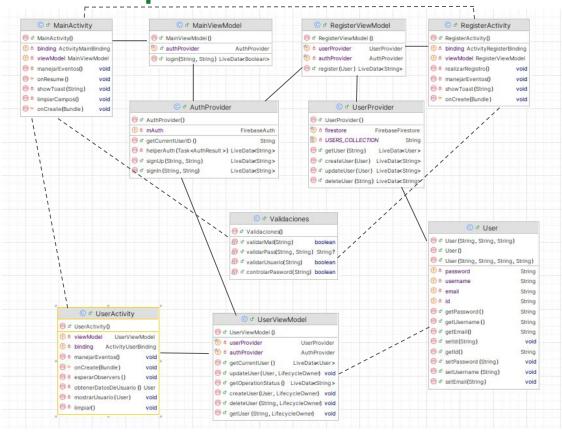
viewmodel: gestionan la lógica de negocio y expone los datos de los repositorios a la UI.

providers: Esta carpeta contiene los repositorios que interactúan directamente con Firebase para realizar operaciones CRUD.

útil: clases de utilidad

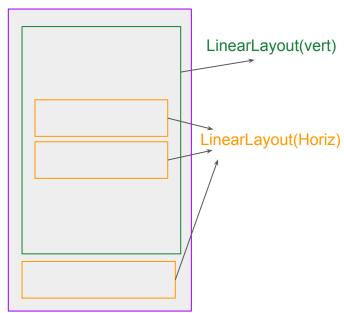


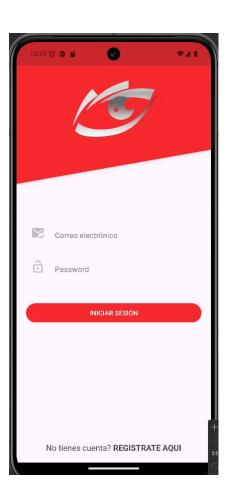
Las clases por ahora...



Diseñamos la vista login - Video

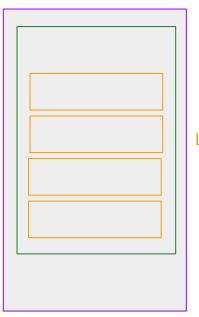
CoordinatorLayout





Diseñamos la vista Registrar

CoordinatorLayout

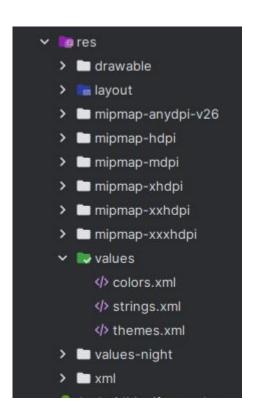


LinearLayout(vert)

LinearLayout(Horiz)



Personalizamos el color de la barra de status



Clase User en el paquete model

```
public class User { 29 usages * mariel
     private String id; 3 usages
     private String username; 4 usages
     private String email; 4 usages
     private String password; 4 usages
     public User() { no usages ** mariel
         // Constructor vacío necesario para Firebase
     public User(String username, String email, String password) {...}
>
     public User(String id, String username, String email, String password) {...
     public String getId() { return id; }
     public void setId(String id) { this.id = id; }
     public String getUsername() { return username; }
     public void setUsername(String username) { this.username = username; }
     public String getEmail() { return email; }
     public void setEmail(String email) { this.email = email; }
     public String getPassword() { return password; }
     public void setPassword(String password) { this.password = password; }
```

Clase Validaciones del paquete util

```
public class Validaciones { 7 usages * mariel
   public static boolean validarUsuario(String usuario) { 1 usage ♣ mariel
       return usuario != null && !usuario.isEmpty() && usuario.length() > 3;
   public static boolean validarMail(String email) { 2 usages ** mariel
       String emailPattern = "^[A-Za-z0-9+_.-]+@[A-Za-z0-9.-]+$";
       return email != null && email.matches(emailPattern);
   public static String validarPass(String pass, String pass1) { 1usage ∴mariel
       if (pass == null || pass.isEmpty() || pass1 == null || pass1.isEmpty()) {
            return "La contraseña no puede estar vacía";
       if (pass.length() < 6) {</pre>
           return "La contraseña debe tener al menos 6 caracteres";
       if (!pass.equals(pass1)) {
           return "Las contraseñas no coinciden";
   public static boolean controlarPasword(String pass){ 1 usage ♣ mariel
       return (pass!=null && pass.length()>=6);
```

providers

Integrando Firebase a Android



Conexión a Firebase

public class AuthProvider { 9 usages ♣ mariel*
 private FirebaseAuth mAuth; 7 usages

Video parte 2

```
public AuthProvider() { mAuth = FirebaseAuth.getInstance(); }
private LiveData<String> helperAuth(Task<AuthResult> task) { 2 usages ♣ mariel
   MutableLiveData<String> authResult = new MutableLiveData<>();
   task.addOnCompleteListener(new OnCompleteListener<AuthResult>() { *mariel
       @Override ≛ mariel
       public void onComplete(@NonNull Task<AuthResult> task) {
           if (task.isSuccessful() && mAuth.getCurrentUser() != null) {
                authResult.setValue(mAuth.getCurrentUser().getUid());
                authResult.setValue(null);
                                                        // Inicio de sesión a Firebase
                                                        public LiveData<String> signIn(String email, String password) { 1usage ♣ mariel
                                                           return helperAuth(mAuth.signInWithEmailAndPassword(email, password));
   return authResult;
                                                        public LiveData<String> signUp(String email, String password) { 2 usages ♣ mariel
                                                            return helperAuth(mAuth.createUserWithEmailAndPassword(email, password));
                                                        public String getCurrentUserID() { no usages ** mariel
                                                           return mAuth.getCurrentUser() != null ? mAuth.getCurrentUser().getUid() : null;
```

UserProvider -CreateUser

```
public class UserProvider { 6 usages * mariel*
 💎 private final FirebaseFirestore firestore; 5 usages
    private static final String USERS_COLLECTION = "users"; 4 usages
    public UserProvider() { 2 usages * mariel*
       firestore = FirebaseFirestore.getInstance();
   public LiveData<String> createUser(User user) { 2 usages * mariel
       MutableLiveData<String> result = new MutableLiveData<>();
       firestore.collection(USERS_COLLECTION).document(user.getId()).set(user)
                .addOnCompleteListener(task -> {
                    if (task.isSuccessful()) {
                        result.setValue("Usuario creado correctamente");
                    } else {
                        result.setValue("Error al crear usuario");
                J);
       return result;
```

UserProvider - getUser

```
public LiveData<User> getUser(String mail) { 1usage ** mariel
    MutableLiveData<User> userData = new MutableLiveData<>();
    firestore.collection(USERS COLLECTION) CollectionReference
            .whereEqualTo( field: "email", mail) Query
            .get() Task<QuerySnapshot>
            .addOnSuccessListener(queryDocumentSnapshots -> {
                if (!queryDocumentSnapshots.isEmpty()) {
                    DocumentSnapshot document = queryDocumentSnapshots.getDocuments().get(0);
                    User user = document.toObject(User.class);
                    if (user != null) {
                        Log.d( tag: "UserProvider", msg: "Usuario encontrado: " + user.getEmail());
                    } else {
                        Log.d( tag: "UserProvider", msg: "Error: documento encontrado, pero usuario es null");
                    userData.setValue(user);
                } else {
                    Log.d( tag: "UserProvider", msg: "Usuario no encontrado en Firestore con email: " + mail);
                    userData.setValue(null);
            1)
            .addOnFailureListener(e -> {
                Log.e( tag: "UserProvider", msg: "Error en la consulta a Firestore: ", e);
                userData.setValue(null);
    return userData;
```

UserProvider - updateUser

```
public LiveData<String> updateUser(User user) { lusage *mariel
   MutableLiveData<String> result = new MutableLiveData<>();
    firestore.collection(USERS_COLLECTION).document(user.getId()).set(user)
            .addOnCompleteListener(task -> {
                if (task.isSuccessful()) {
                    result.setValue("Usuario actualizado correctamente");
                } else {
                    result.setValue("Error al actualizar usuario");
            });
   return result;
```

UserProvider - deleteUser

```
public LiveData<String> deleteUser(String userId) { 1usage ** marie!
    MutableLiveData<String> result = new MutableLiveData<>();
    firestore.collection(USERS_COLLECTION).document(userId).delete()
            .addOnCompleteListener(task -> {
                if (task.isSuccessful()) {
                    result.setValue("Usuario eliminado correctamen
               } else {
                    result.setValue("Error al eliminar usuario");
           });
    return result;
```

activities y sus viewModels

MainActivity

```
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity { *mariel*
   private ActivityMainBinding binding;
   private MainViewModel viewModel;
   @Override * mariel *
   protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        binding = ActivityMainBinding.inflate(getLayoutInflater());
        setContentView(binding.getRoot());
        viewModel = new ViewModelProvider( owner: this).get(MainViewModel.class);
        manejarEventos();
   private void manejarEventos() {...}
   private void showToast(String message) { ** mariel
        Toast.makeText( context: MainActivity.this, message, Toast.LENGTH_LONG).show();
   @Override new*
   protected void onResume() {
        super.onResume();
        limpiarCampos();
   private void limpiarCampos() { *mariel*
        binding.itUsuario.setText("");
        binding.itPassword.setText("");
```

MainActivity - manejarEventos()

```
private void manejarEventos() { 1 usage ** mariel*
    binding.tvRegistro.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() { ** marie!
        @Override ** mariel
        public void onClick(View v) {
            Intent intent = new Intent( packageContext: MainActivity.this, RegisterActivity.class);
            startActivity(intent);
    binding.btLogin.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() { ** mariel*
        @Override * mariel *
        public void onClick(View v) {
            String email = binding.itUsuario.getText().toString().trim();
            String pass = binding.itPassword.getText().toString().trim();
                                                                                // Observa el resultado del login
            if (!Validaciones.validarMail(email)) {
                                                                        viewModel.login(email, pass).observe( owner: MainActivity.this, loginSuccessful -> {
                showToast("Email incorrecto");
                                                                               if (loginSuccessful) {
                                                                                   Intent intent=new Intent( packageContext: MainActivity.this, UserActivity.class);
                                                                                   startActivity(intent);
            if (!Validaciones.controlarPasword(pass)) {
                                                                               } else {
                showToast("Password incorrecto");
                                                                                   showToast("Login fallido");
```

MainViewModel

```
public class MainViewModel extends ViewModel { 3 usages ∴ mariel*
   public final AuthProvider authProvider; 2 usages
   public MainViewModel(){ no usages ** mariel *
        authProvider=new AuthProvider();
   public LiveData<Boolean> login(String email, String password) { 1usage ** marie!
        MutableLiveData<Boolean> loginResult = new MutableLiveData<>();
        authProvider.signIn(email, password).observeForever(userId -> {
            loginResult.setValue(userId != null);
       });
        return loginResult;
```

RegisterActivity

```
public class RegisterActivity extends AppCompatActivity { **mariel
   private ActivityRegisterBinding binding; 8 usages
   private RegisterViewModel viewModel; 2 usages
   @Override *mariel
   protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
       binding = ActivityRegisterBinding.inflate(getLayoutInflater());
       setContentView(binding.getRoot());
        viewModel = new ViewModelProvider( owner: this).get(RegisterViewModel.class);
       manejarEventos();
   private void manejarEventos() {...}
   private void realizarRegistro() {...}
   private void showToast(String message) { 4 usages ** mariel
        Toast.makeText( context: RegisterActivity.this, message, Toast.LENGTH_LONG).show();
        finish();
```

RegisterActivity - manejarEventos()

```
private void manejarEventos() { 1 usage ** mariel
    // Evento volver a login
    binding.circleImageBack.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() { ** marie!
        @Override *mariel
        public void onClick(View v) {
            finish();
    });
    // Evento de registro
    binding.btRegistrar.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() { ** marie!
        @Override *mariel
        public void onClick(View v) { realizarRegistro(); }
    });
```

RegisterActivity - realizarRegistro()

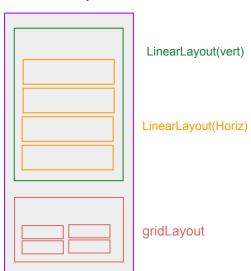
```
private void realizarRegistro() { 1 usage *marie!
   String usuario = binding.itUsuario.getText().toString().trim();
   String email = binding.itEmail.getText().toString().trim();
   String pass = binding.itPassword.getText().toString().trim();
   String pass1 = binding.itPassword1.getText().toString().trim();
   if (!Validaciones.validarUsuario(usuario)) {
       showToast("Usuario incorrecto");
       return;
   if (!Validaciones.validarMail(email)) {
       showToast("El correo no es válido");
       return;
   String passError = Validaciones.validarPass(pass, pass1);
   if (passError != null) {
       showToast(passError);
       return;
   User user = new User(usuario, email, pass);
   viewModel.register(user).observe( owner: this, result -> {
       showToast(result);
```

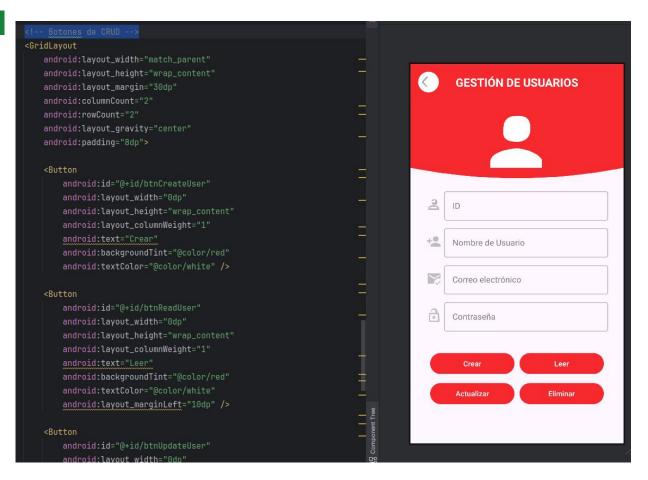
RegisterViewModel

```
public class RegisterViewModel extends ViewModel { 3 usages ** mariel*
   private final AuthProvider authProvider; 2 usages
   private final UserProvider userProvider; 2 usages
   public RegisterViewModel() { no usages ** mariel
        authProvider = new AuthProvider();
       userProvider = new UserProvider();
   public LiveData<String> register(User user) { 1 usage ** mariel *
        MutableLiveData<String> registerResult = new MutableLiveData<>();
        authProvider.signUp(user.getEmail(), user.getPassword()).observeForever(new Observer<String>() {
            @Override ** mariel
            public void onChanged(String vid) {
                if (vid != null) {
                    user.setId(uid);
                    userProvider.createUser(user).observeForever(new Observer<String>() { # mariel
                        @Override * mariel
                        public void onChanged(String result) { registerResult.setValue(result); }
                } else {
                    registerResult.setValue("Error en la autenticación");
       return registerResult;
```

activity_user.xml_I

CoordinatorLayout





UserActivity

Los métodos esperarObservers()

y

manejarEventos()

los mostramos en las otras diapositivas

```
private ActivityUserBinding binding; 21 usages
   private UserViewModel viewModel; 7 usages
   @Override * mariel*
   protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
       super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
       binding = ActivityUserBinding.inflate(getLayoutInflater());
       setContentView(binding.getRoot());
       viewModel = new ViewModelProvider( owner: this).get(UserViewModel.class);
       esperarObservers();
       manejarEventos();
   private void manejarEventos() {...}
   private User obtenerDatosDeUsuario() { 2 usages ** mariel
       String username = binding.itUsuario.getText().toString();
       String email = binding.itEmail.getText().toString().trim();
       String id = binding.itId.getText().toString().trim();
       String password = binding.itPassword.getText().toString().trim();
       return new User(id, username, email, password);
   private void mostrarUsuario(User user) { 1 usage *mariel*
       binding.itUsuario.setText(user.getUsername());
       binding.itEmail.setText(user.getEmail());
       binding.itId.setText(user.getId());
       binding.itPassword.setText(user.getPassword());
       Log.d( tag: "mostrar", msg: user.getId()+"-"+user.getUsername());
   private void limpiar() { 1 usage ** mariel
       binding.itUsuario.setText("");
       binding.itEmail.setText("");
       binding.itId.setText("");
       binding.itPassword.setText("");
```

UserActivity - esperarObservers()

```
private void esperarObservers() { 1 usage **mariel*
    viewModel.getOperationStatus().observe( owner: this, new Observer<String>() { **mariel
        @Override * mariel
        public void onChanged(String status) {
            Toast.makeText( context: UserActivity.this, status, Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
            limpiar();
    });
    viewModel.getCurrentUser().observe( owner: this, new Observer<User>() { # mariel*
        @Override * mariel *
        public void onChanged(User user) {
            if (user != null) {
                mostrarUsuario(user);
    });
```

UserActivity - manejarEventos()

```
private void manejarEventos() { 1 usage **mariel*
  binding.btnCreateUser.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() { **mariel
     @Override **mariel
     public void onClick(View v) {
        User usuario = obtenerDatosDeUsuario();
        viewModel.createUser(usuario, WifecycleOwner: UserActivity.this);
     }
});
binding.btnUpdateUser.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
     @Override **mariel
     public void onClick(View v) {
        User usuario = obtenerDatosDeUsuario();
        viewModel.updateUser(usuario, WifecycleOwner: UserActivity.this);
     }
});
```

```
binding.btnDeleteUser.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() { # mariel
   @Override ** mariel
   public void onClick(View v) {
       String id = binding.itId.getText().toString().trim();
       viewModel.deleteUser(id, lifecycleOwner: UserActivity.this);
binding.btnReadUser.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() { # marie! *
   @Override * mariel *
   public void onClick(View v) {
        String email = binding.itEmail.getText().toString().trim();
        viewModel.getUser(email, lifecycleOwner: UserActivity.this);
binding.circleImageBack.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() { *marie!*
   @Override new*
   public void onClick(View v) { finish(); }
```

UserViewModel

```
public class UserViewModel extends ViewModel { 3 usages ♣ mariel*
    private final AuthProvider authProvider; 2 usages
    private final UserProvider userProvider; 5 usages
    private final MutableLiveData<User> currentUser; 3 usages
    private final MutableLiveData<String> estado; 8 usages
       authProvider = new AuthProvider();
       userProvider = new UserProvider();
       estado=new MutableLiveData<>();
       currentUser=new MutableLiveData<>();
    public LiveData<User> getCurrentUser() {return currentUser; } 1usage new*
    public LiveData<String> getOperationStatus() { return estado; }
    public void createUser(User user, LifecycleOwner lifecycleOwner) { 1 usage ♣ marie!*
       authProvider.signUp(user.getEmail(), user.getPassword()).observe(lifecycleOwner, uid -> {
            if (vid != null) {
               user.setId(vid);
               userProvider.createUser(user).observe(lifecycleOwner, status -> {
                   if (status != null) {
                       estado.setValue(status);
                   } else {
                       estado.setValue("Error al crear usuario en Firestore");
            } else {
               estado.setValue("Error al registrar usuario en FirebaseAuth");
```

UserViewModel -más métodos

```
public void updateUser(User user, LifecycleOwner lifecycleOwner) { 1 usage *marie! *
    LiveData<String> result = userProvider.updateUser(user);
       @Override * mariel *
       public void onChanged(String status) { estado.setValue(result.getValue()); }
public void deleteUser(String userId, LifecycleOwner lifecycleOwner) { 1 usage # marie!*
    LiveData<String> result = userProvider.deleteUser(userId);
    result.observe(lifecycleOwner, new Observer<String>() { * mariel*
       @Override * mariel*
       public void onChanged(String status) { estado.setValue(status); }
public void getUser(String email, LifecycleOwner lifecycleOwner) { 1 usage # mariel*
    LiveData<User> user = userProvider.getUser(email);
    @Override * mariel*
       public void onChanged(User foundUser) {
           if (foundUser != null) {
               Log.d( tag: "User Info", msg: "ID: " + foundUser.getId() + ", Username: " + foundUser.getUsername());
           } else {
               estado.setValue("No encontrado");
```