Solving a Rubik's Cube by Sequentially Restricting the Rotation of Faces

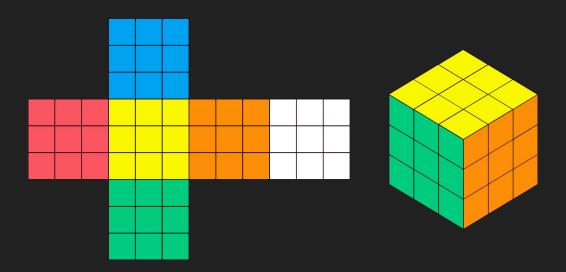
Joseph Parker

Supervised by Gethin Norman

What is a Rubik's Cube?

What is a Rubik's Cube?

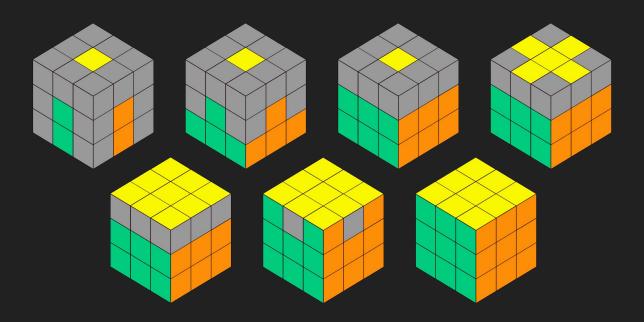
- A 3-D combination puzzle invented in 1974 by Ernő Rubik
 - 43,252,003,274,489,856,000 possible combinations



Existing Solving Methods

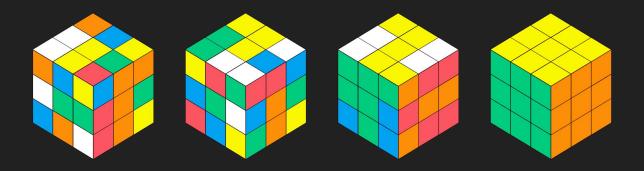
Existing Solving Methods

The Beginner Method

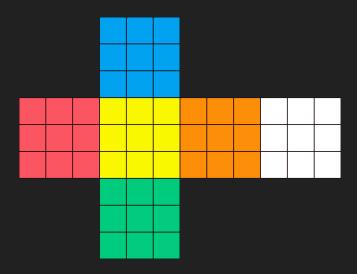


Existing Solving Methods

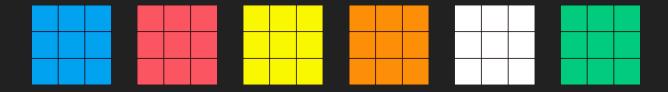
The Thistlethwaite Method



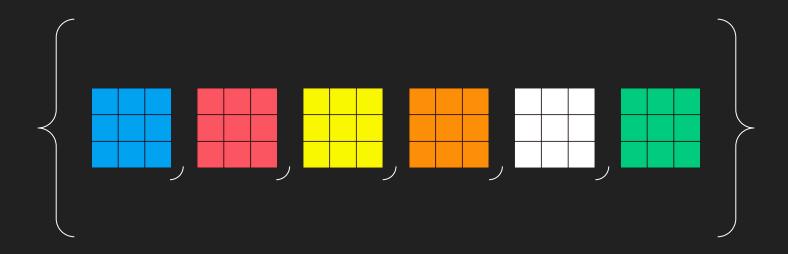
Demonstration of the Solving Method



Representing a Permutation Split by Face



Collect into an Array



An Example Face

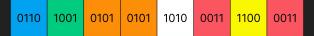


Order the Tiles





Assign Values to the Tiles





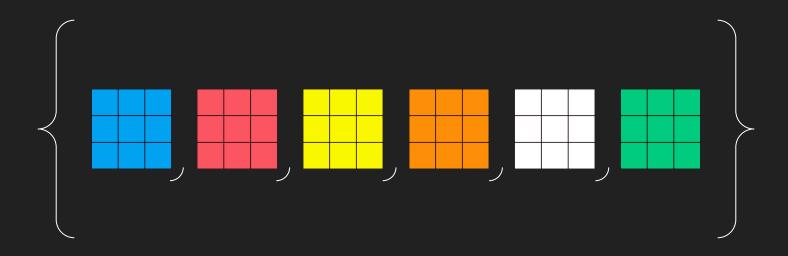
Implementation

Concatenate Values into an Integer

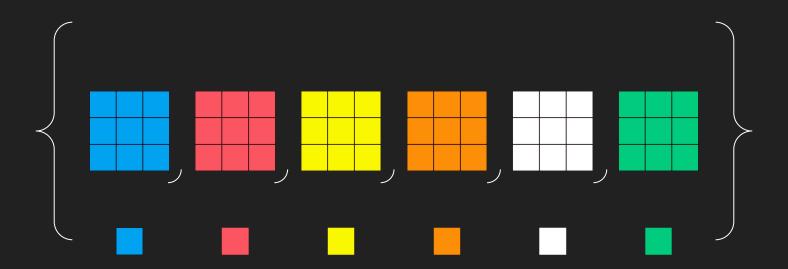
0110100101010101010001111000011 (1,767,220,163)

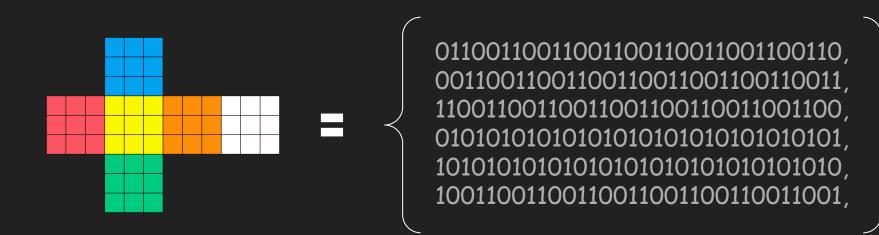


What About the Centers?

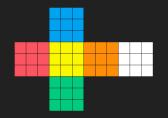


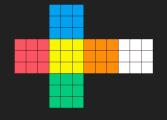
Infer Center from Index

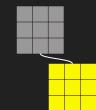


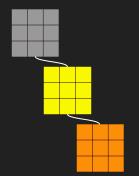


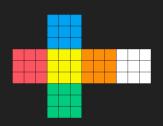
The Cube Tree

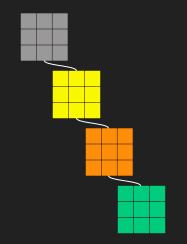


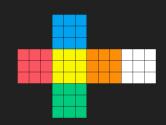


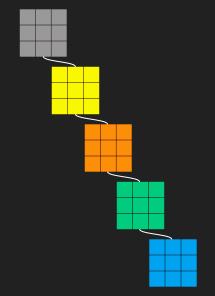


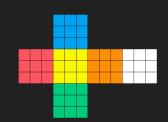


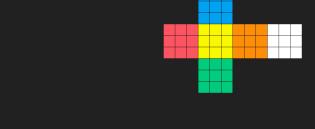


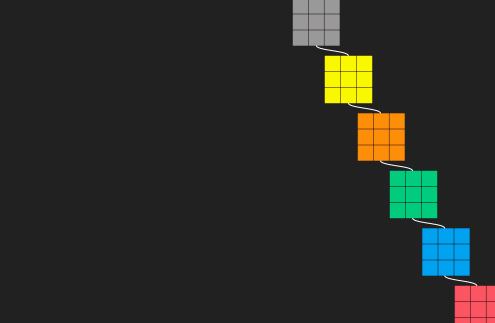


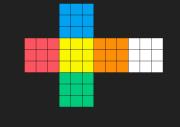


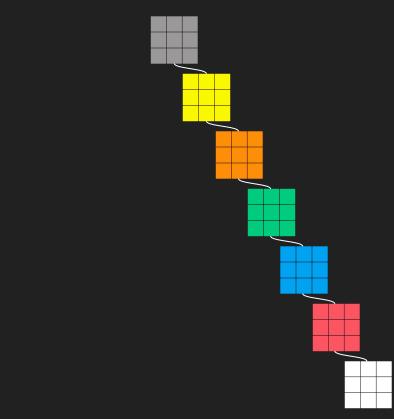


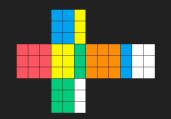


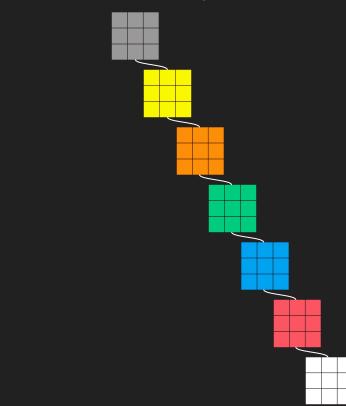


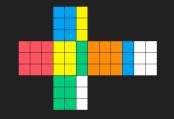


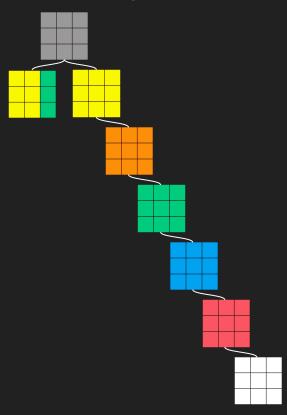


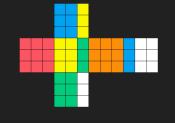


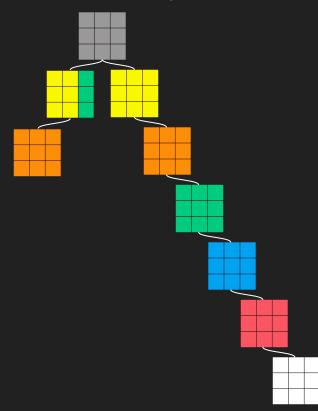


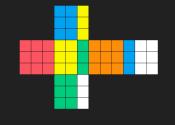


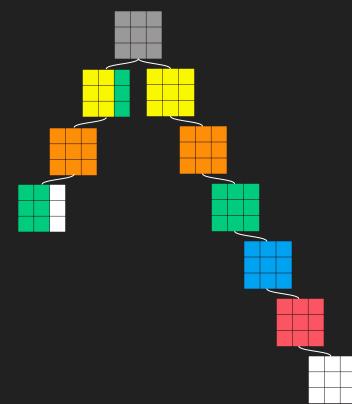


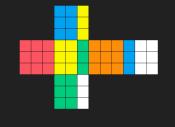


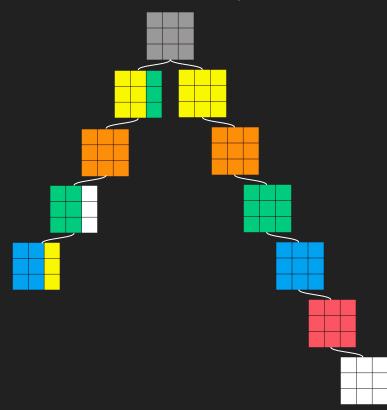


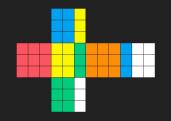


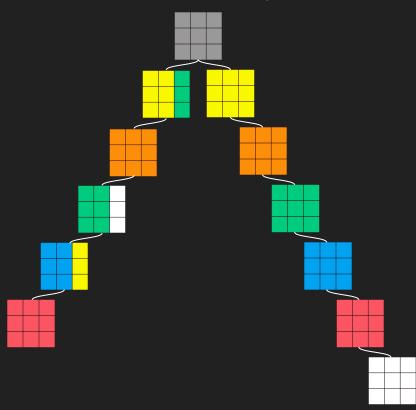


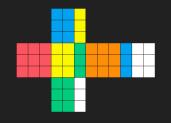


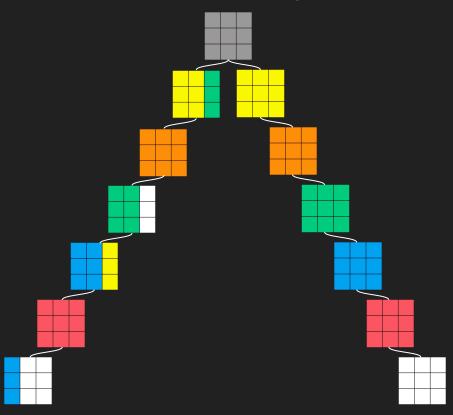


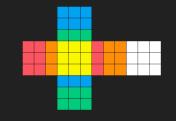


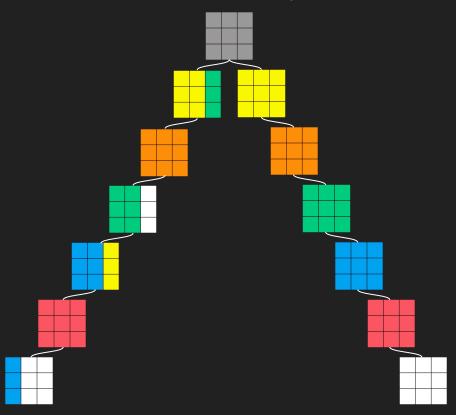


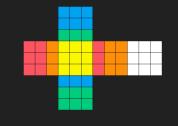


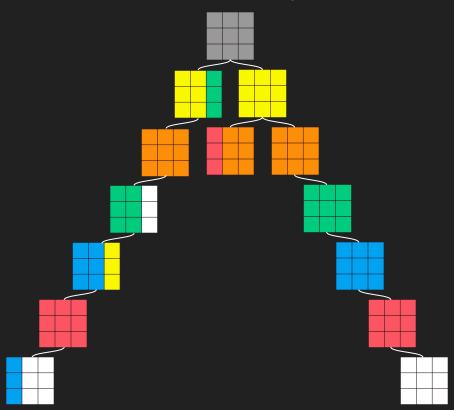


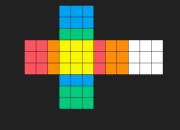


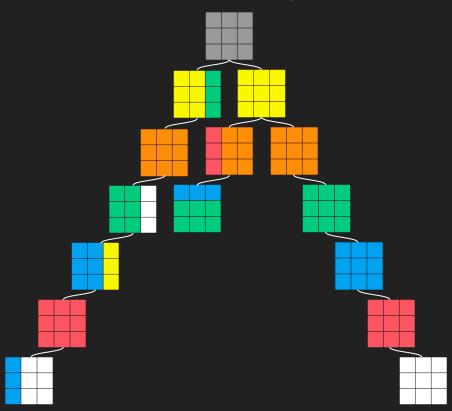


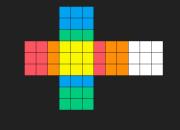


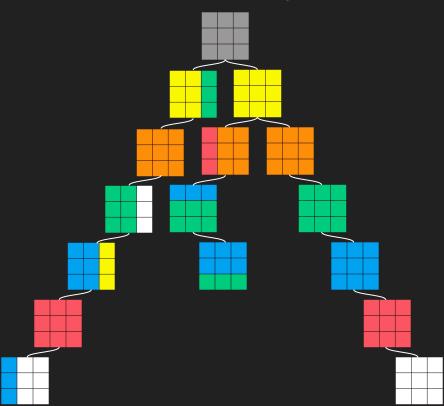


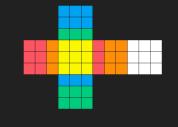


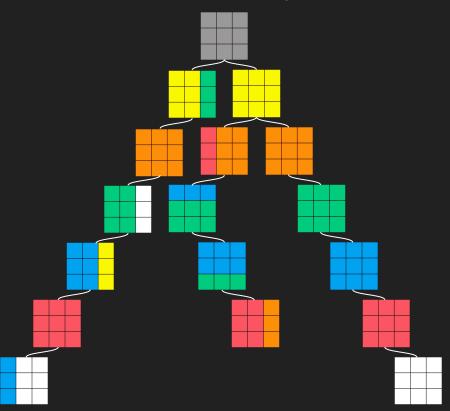


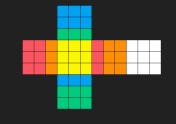


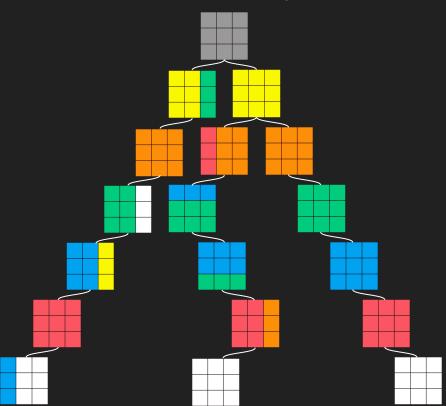




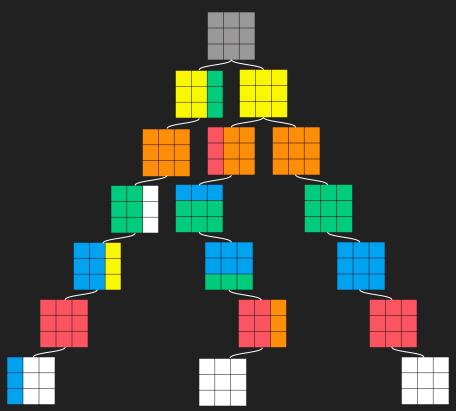






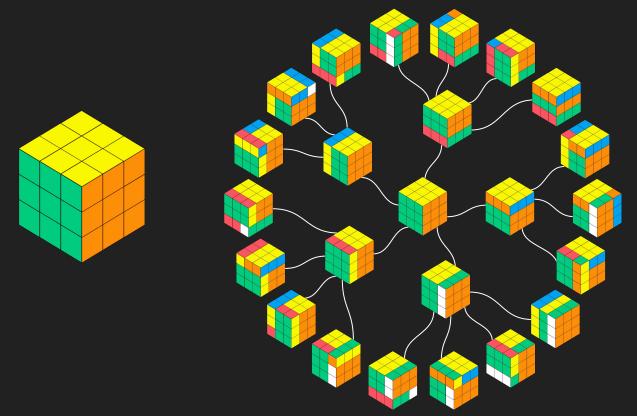


The Complete Tree



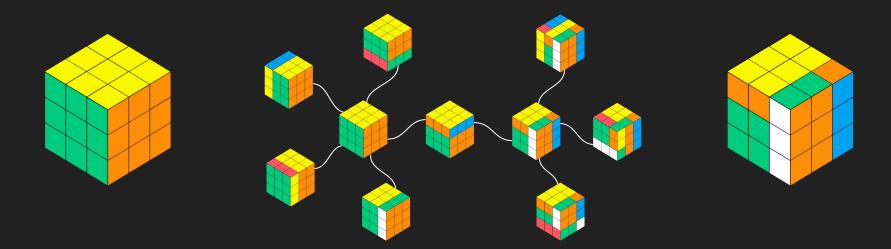
Searching for Sequences

Searching for Sequences

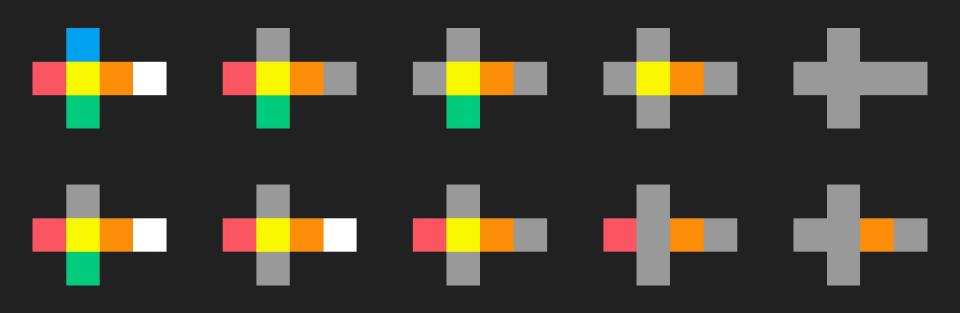




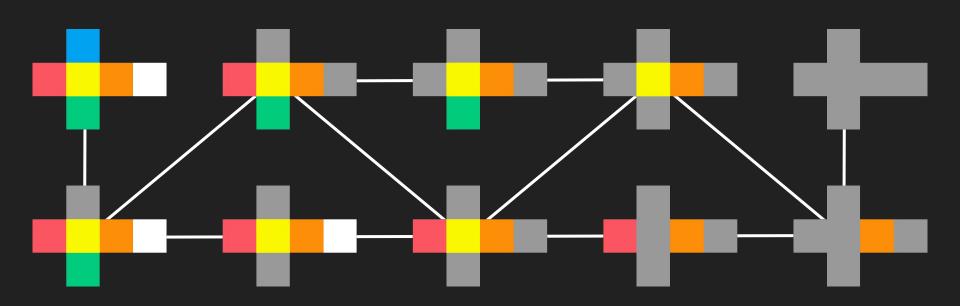
Searching for Sequences

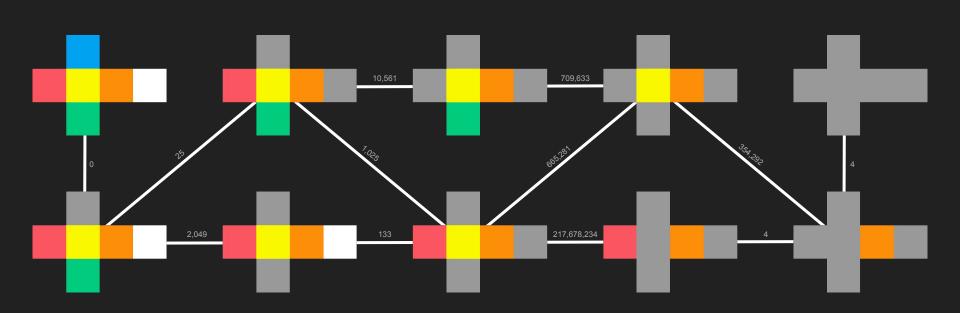


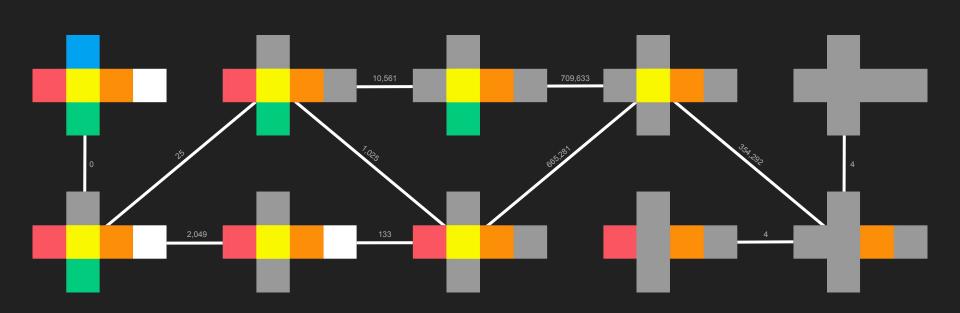
Which Subgroups Exist?

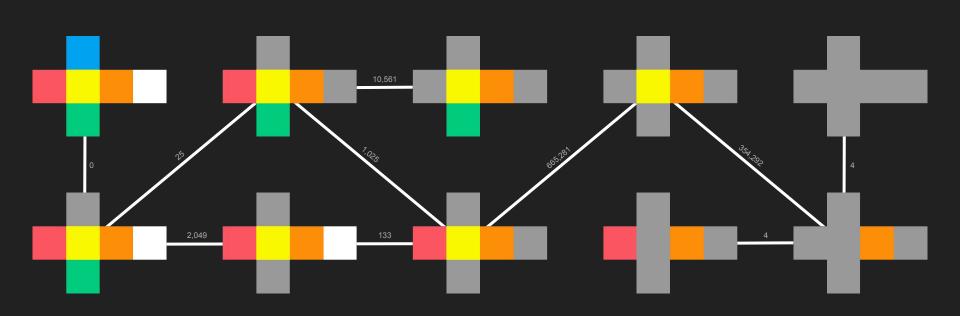


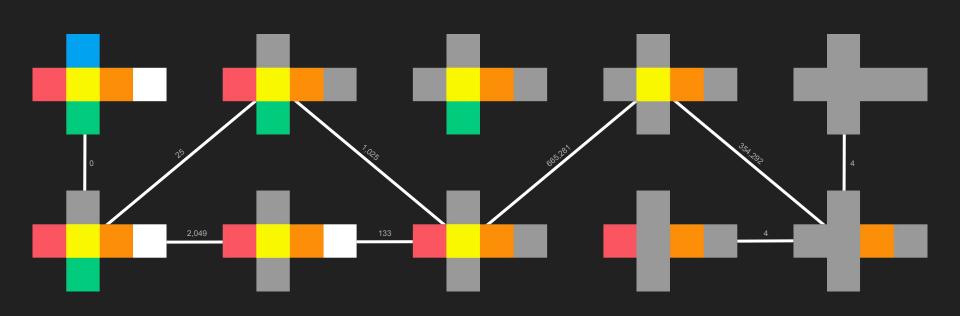
Group Restriction Graph

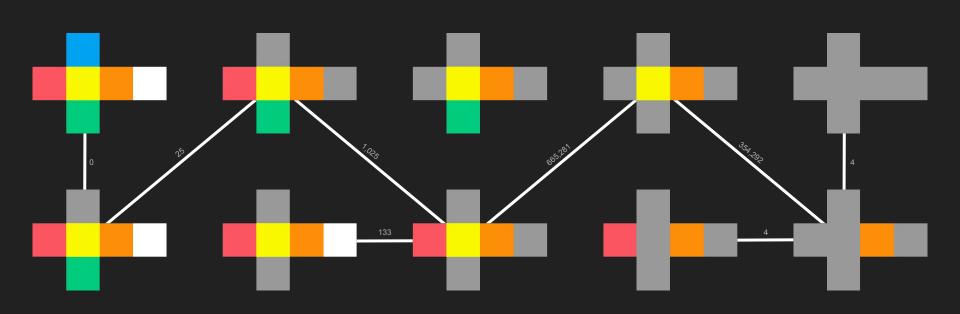


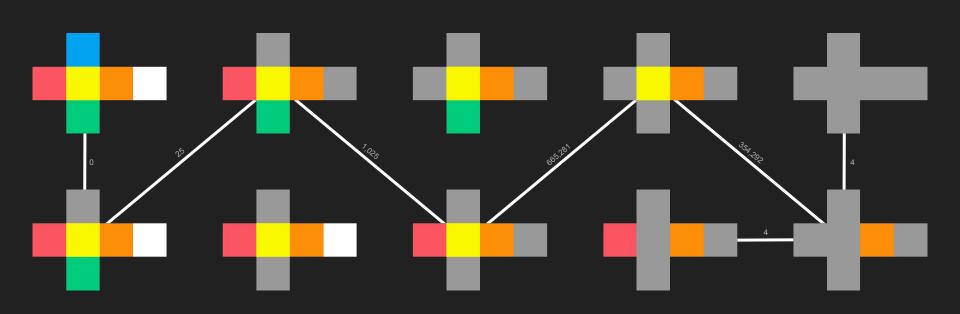




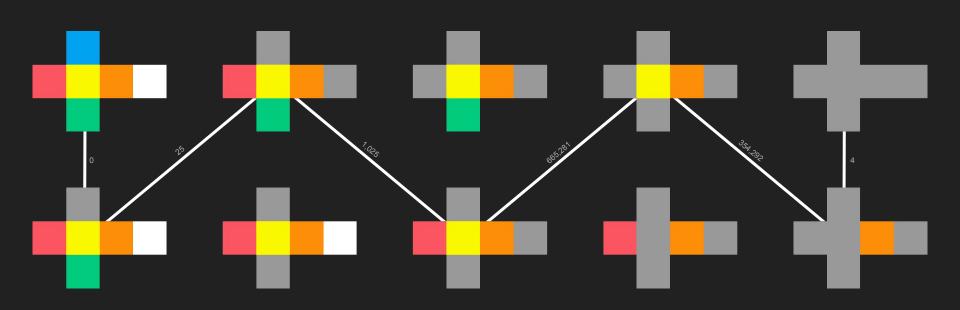




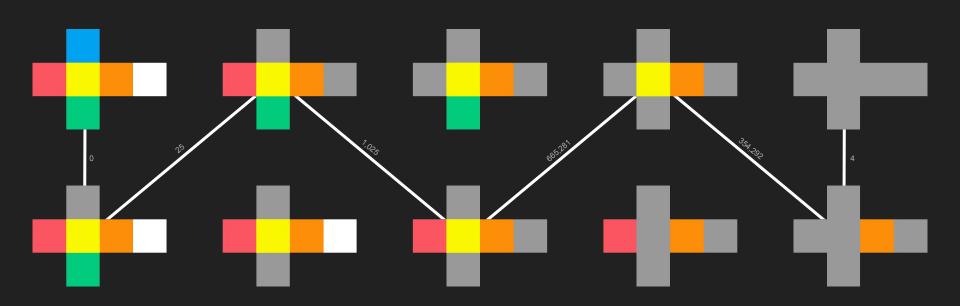




The Most Efficient Order

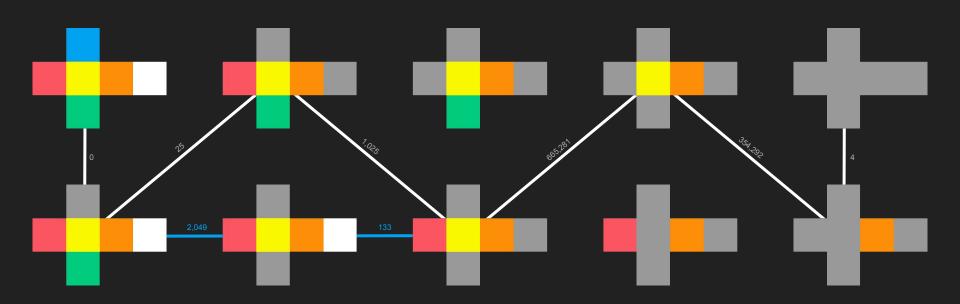


The Most Efficient Order



(1,020,627 Permutations)

Evaluation The Implemented Order



(1,020,627 Permutations) (+1132)

Thank You!

Joseph Parker - 2558907p

Supervised by Gethin Norman