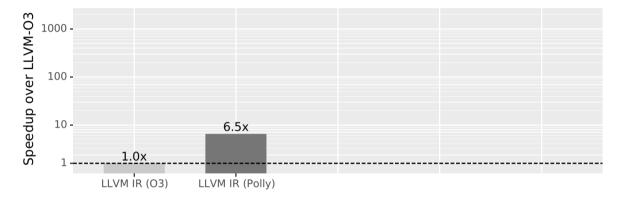
Synthesizing Domain-Specific Programs in MLIR

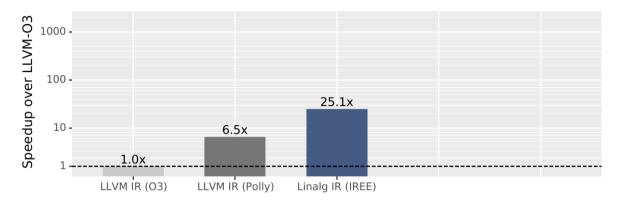
Alexander Brauckmann

Elizabeth Polgreen Tobias Grosser Michael O'Boyle



C Program for (int r = 0)

```
for (int r = 0; r < 150; r++) {
   for (int q = 0; q < 140; q++) {
     for (int p = 0; p < 160; p++) {
        sum[p] = 0.0;
        for (int s = 0; s < 160; s++)
            sum[p] += A[r][q][s] * C4[s][p];
   }
   for (int p = 0; p < 160; p++)
        A[r][q][p] = sum[p];
   }
}</pre>
```

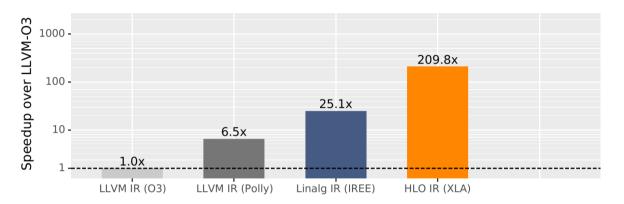


C Program

```
for (int r = 0; r < 150; r++) {
    for (int q = 0; q < 140; q++) {
        for (int p = 0; p < 160; p++) {
            sum[p] = 0.0;
            for (int s = 0; s < 160; s++)
                 sum[p] += A[r][q][s] * C4[s][p];
        }
    for (int p = 0; p < 160; p++)
        A[r][q][p] = sum[p];
    }
}</pre>
```

Linalq IR

CPU: AMD Ryzen 9 3900X



HLO IR

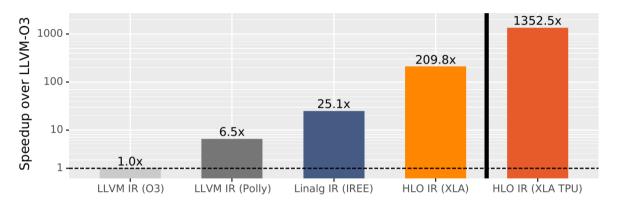
```
%0 = mhlo.dot_general (%arg0, %arg1) {
dot_dimension_numbers = #mhlo.dot<
    lhs_contracting_dimensions = [2],
    rhs_contracting_dimensions = [0]>}
: (tensor<150x140x160xf32>,
    tensor<160x160xf32>)
-> tensor<150x140x160xf32>
```

C Program

```
for (int r = 0; r < 150; r++) {
    for (int q = 0; q < 140; q++) {
        for (int p = 0; p < 160; p++) {
            sum[p] = 0.0;
            for (int s = 0; s < 160; s++)
                 sum[p] += A[r][q][s] * C4[s][p];
        }
    for (int p = 0; p < 160; p++)
        A[r][q][p] = sum[p];
    }
}</pre>
```

Linalq IR

CPU: AMD Ryzen 9 3900X



Wind Control of the Control of t

- rhs_contracting_dimensions = [0]>}
 : (tensor<150x140x160xf32>,
 tensor<160x160xf32>)
- -> tensor<150x140x160xf32>

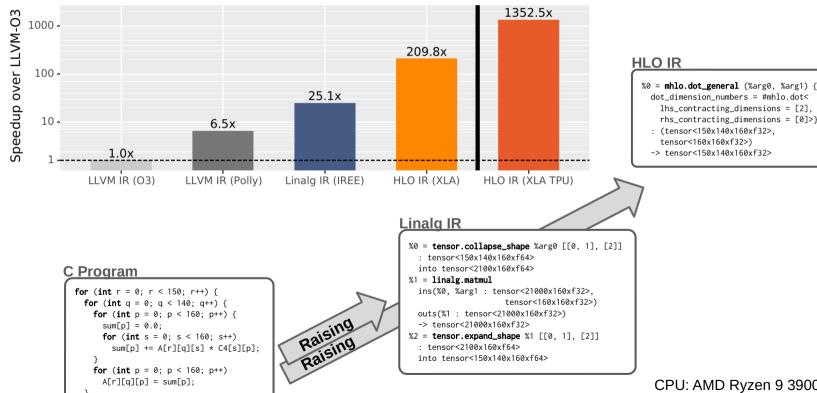
C Program

```
for (int r = 0; r < 150; r++) {
    for (int q = 0; q < 140; q++) {
        for (int p = 0; p < 160; p++) {
            sum[p] = 0.0;
            for (int s = 0; s < 160; s++)
                 sum[p] += A[r][q][s] * C4[s][p];
        }
    for (int p = 0; p < 160; p++)
        A[r][q][p] = sum[p];
    }
}</pre>
```

Linalq IR

CPU: AMD Ryzen 9 3900X

TPU: TPUv2



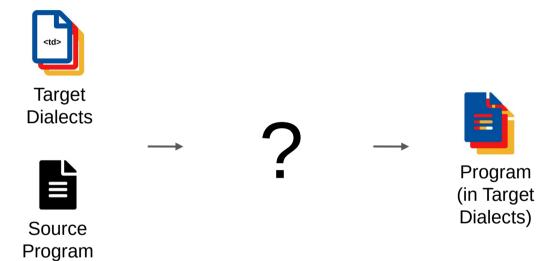
CPU: AMD Ryzen 9 3900X

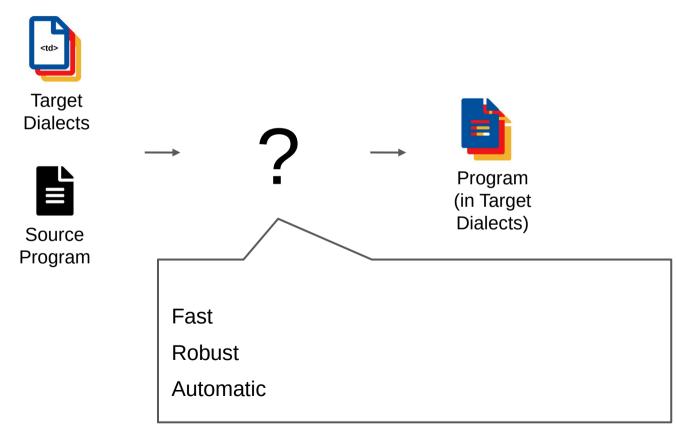
lhs_contracting_dimensions = [2],

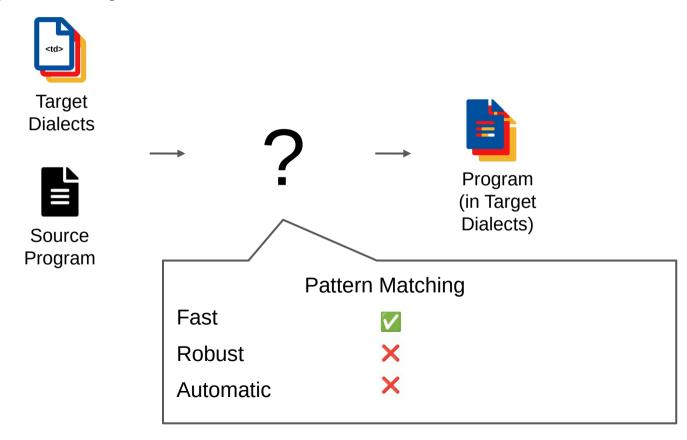
tensor<160x160xf32>)

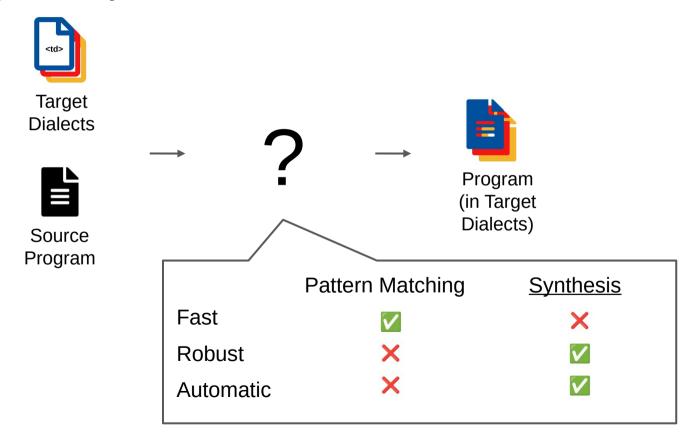
rhs_contracting_dimensions = [0]>}

TPU: TPUv2







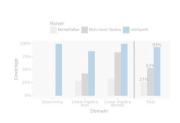


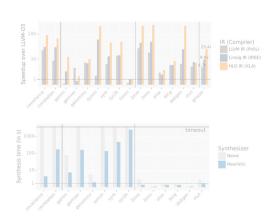
Outline

mlirSynth



Results







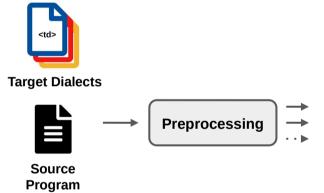
Target Dialects



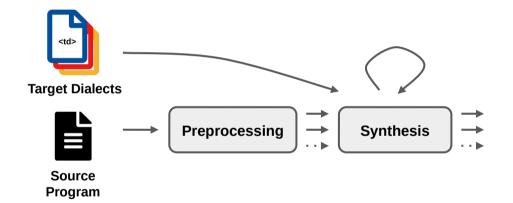
Source Program



Dialects)

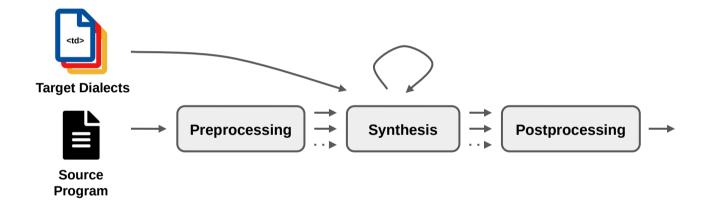






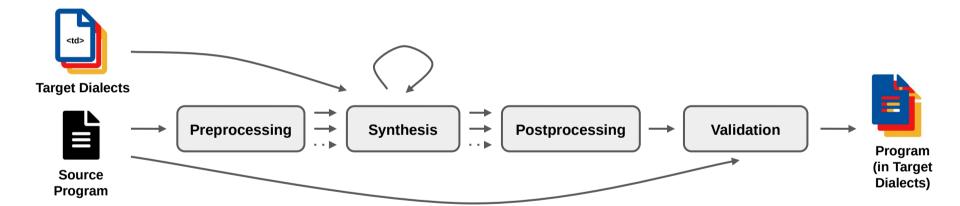


Dialects)



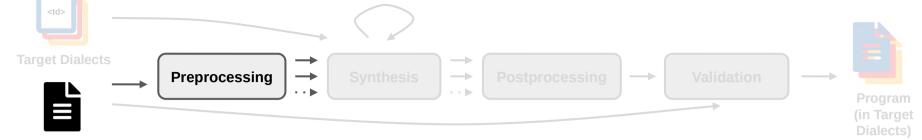


Program (in Target Dialects)





```
func.func @kernel(%arg0: f64, %arg1: memref<1400x1200xf64>,
       %arg2: memref<1200xf64>) -> memref<1200xf64> {
 %cst = arith.constant 0.000000e+00 : f64
 affine.for %arg3 = 0 to 1200 {
    affine.store %cst, %arg2[%arg3] : memref<1200xf64>
    affine.for %arg4 = 0 to 1400 {
     %0 = affine.load %arg1[%arg4, %arg3] : memref<1400x1200xf64>
     %1 = affine.load %arg2[%arg3] : memref<1200xf64>
     %2 = arith.addf %1, %0 : f64
      affine.store %2, %arg2[%arg3] : memref<1200xf64>
 affine.for %arg3 = 0 to 1200 {
 return ...
```

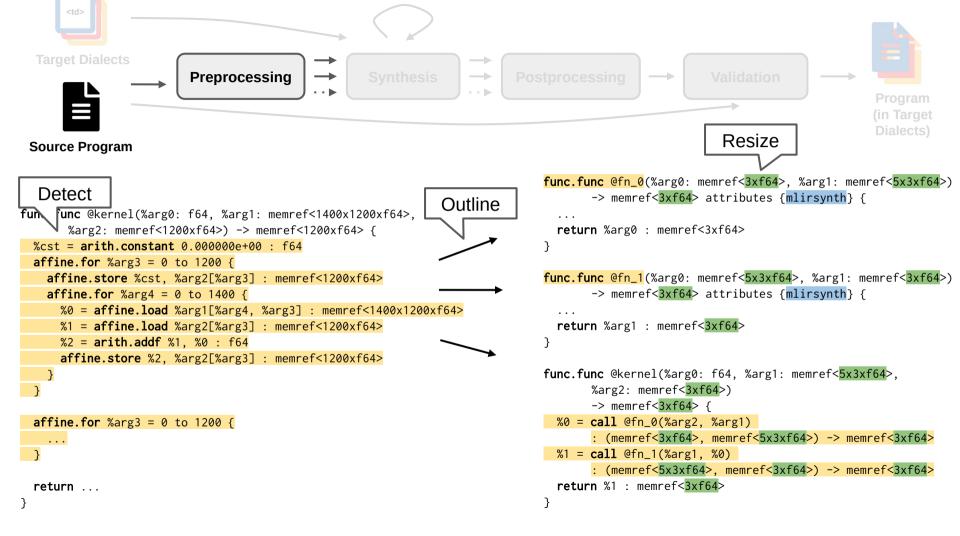


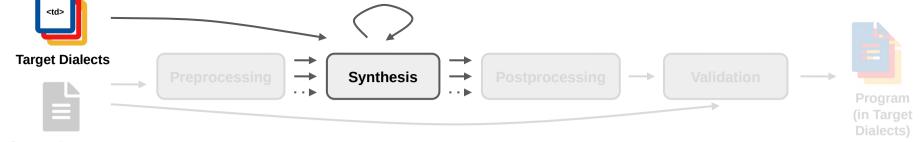
```
Detect
%arg2: memref<1200xf64>) -> memref<1200xf64> {
 %cst = arith.constant 0.000000e+00 : f64
 affine.for %arg3 = 0 to 1200 {
   affine.store %cst, %arg2[%arg3] : memref<1200xf64>
   affine.for %arg4 = 0 to 1400 {
     %0 = affine.load %arg1[%arg4, %arg3] : memref<1400x1200xf64>
     %1 = affine.load %arg2[%arg3] : memref<1200xf64>
     %2 = arith.addf %1, %0 : f64
     affine.store %2, %arg2[%arg3] : memref<1200xf64>
 affine.for %arg3 = 0 to 1200 {
   . . .
 return ...
```

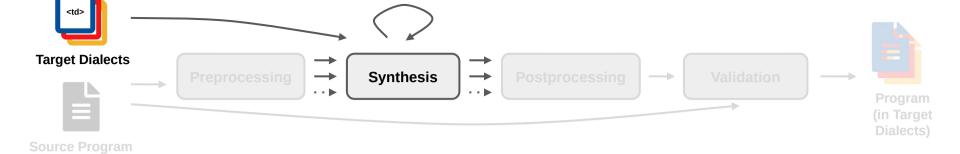


```
Detect
                                                              Outline
fun [unc @kernel(%arg0: f64, %arg1: memref<1400x1200xf64>,
      %arg2: memref<1200xf64>) -> memref<1200xf64> {
 %cst = arith.constant 0.000000e+00 : f64
 affine.for %arg3 = 0 to 1200 {
   affine.store %cst, %arg2[%arg3] : memref<1200xf64>
   affine.for %arg4 = 0 to 1400 {
     %0 = affine.load %arg1[%arg4, %arg3] : memref<1400x1200xf64>
     %1 = affine.load %arg2[%arg3] : memref<1200xf64>
     %2 = arith.addf %1, %0 : f64
     affine.store %2, %arg2[%arg3] : memref<1200xf64>
 affine.for %arg3 = 0 to 1200 {
    . . .
 return ...
```

```
func.func @fn_0(%arg0: memref<3xf64>, %arg1: memref<5x3xf64>)
       -> memref<3xf64> attributes {mlirsvnth} {
  return %arg0 : memref<3xf64>
func.func @fn_1 (%arg0: memref<5x3xf64>, %arg1: memref<3xf64>)
       -> memref<3xf64> attributes {mlirsvnth} {
  return %arg1 : memref<3xf64>
func.func @kernel(%arg0: f64, %arg1: memref<5x3xf64>,
       %arg2: memref<3xf64>)
       -> memref<3xf64> {
  %0 = call @fn_0(%arg2, %arg1)
       : (memref<3xf64>, memref<5x3xf64>) -> memref<3xf64>
  %1 = call @fn 1(%arg1, %0)
       : (memref<5x3xf64>, memref<3xf64>) -> memref<3xf64>
  return %1 : memref<3xf64>
```

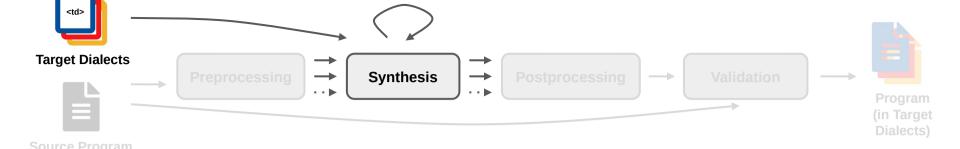






Specification

• Generate Input/Output example

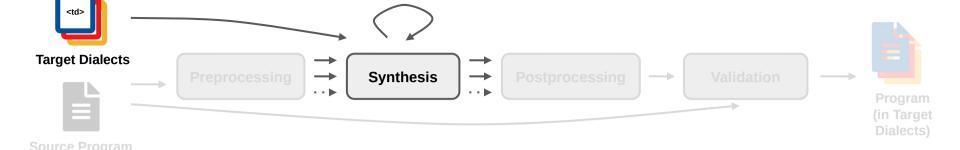


Specification

Generate Input/Output example

Bottom-up enumerative search

- Progressively grow a candidate set by combining simpler to more complex ones
- Initialization: Basic programs (returning arguments, constants)
- Terminate when specification matched



Specification

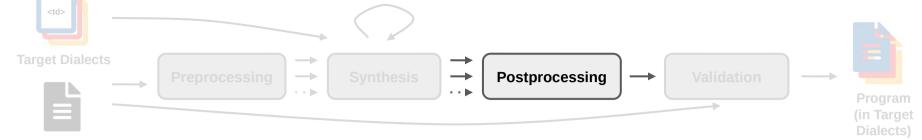
Generate Input/Output example

Bottom-up enumerative search

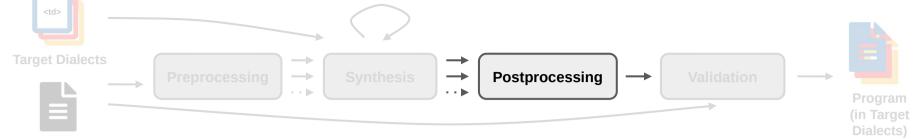
- Progressively grow a candidate set by combining simpler to more complex ones
- Initialization: Basic programs (returning arguments, constants)
- Terminate when specification matched

Optimization techniques

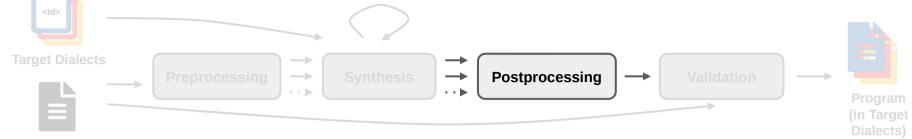
- Type correct by construction
- Identify classes of observationally equivalent candidates
- Polyhedral-based heuristics for guiding synthesis



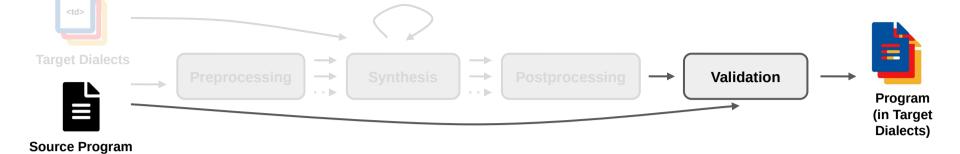
```
func.func @fn_0(%arg0: memref<3xf64>, %arg1: memref<5x3xf64>)
       -> memref<3xf64> attributes {mlirsynth} {
 \%0 = op(\%arg0, \%arg1) : memref<3xf64>
 %1 = op(\%0, \%arg1) : memref<3xf64>
 return %1 : memref<3xf64>
func.func @fn_1(%arg0: memref<5x3xf64>, %arg1: memref<3xf64>)
       -> memref<3xf64> attributes {mlirsynth} {
 \%0 = op(\%arg0, \%arg1) : memref<3xf64>
 return %0 : memref<3xf64>
func.func @kernel(%arg0: f64, %arg1: memref<5x3xf64>,
       %arg2: memref<3xf64>)
       -> memref<3xf64> {
 %0 = call @fn_0(%arg2, %arg1)
       : (memref<3xf64>, memref<5x3xf64>) -> memref<3xf64>
 %1 = call @fn_1(%arg1, %0)
       : (memref<5x3xf64>, memref<3xf64>) -> memref<3xf64>
 return %1 : memref<3xf64>
```



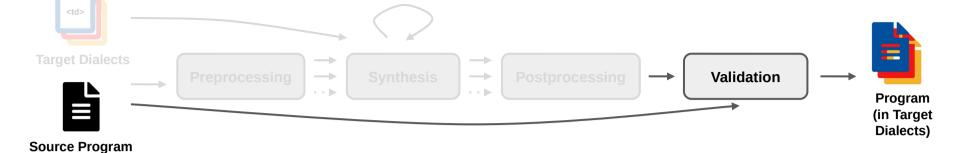
```
func.func @fn_0(%arg0: memref<3xf64>, %arg1: memref<5x3xf64>)
       -> memref<3xf64> attributes {mlirsynth} {
                                                                  Inline
 \%0 = op(\%arg0, \%arg1) : memref<3xf64>
 %1 = op(\%0, \%arg1) : memref<3xf64>
                                                                                func.func @kernel(%arg0: f64,
 return %1 : memref<3xf64>
                                                                                        %arg1: memref<1400x1200xf64>,
                                                                                       %arg2: memref<1200xf64>)
                                                                                        -> memref<1200xf64> {
func.func @fn_1(%arg0: memref<5x3xf64>, %arg1: memref<3xf64>)
       -> memref<3xf64> attributes {mlirsynth} {
                                                                                  // fn_0
 \%0 = op(\%arg0, \%arg1) : memref<3xf64>
                                                                                  \%0 = op(\%arg2, \%arg1) : memref<1200xf64>
 return %0 : memref<3xf64>
                                                                                  %1 = op(\%0, \%arg1) : memref<1200xf64>
                                                                                  // fn_1
                                                                                  %2 = op(%arg1, %1) : memref<1200xf64>
func.func @kernel(%arg0: f64, %arg1: memref<5x3xf64>,
       %arg2: memref<3xf64>)
       -> memref<3xf64> {
                                                                                  return %2 : memref<1200xf64>
 %0 = call @fn_0(%arg2, %arg1)
       : (memref<3xf64>, memref<5x3xf64>) -> memref<3xf64>
 %1 = call @fn_1(%arg1, %0)
       : (memref<5x3xf64>, memref<3xf64>) -> memref<3xf64>
 return %1 : memref<3xf64>
```

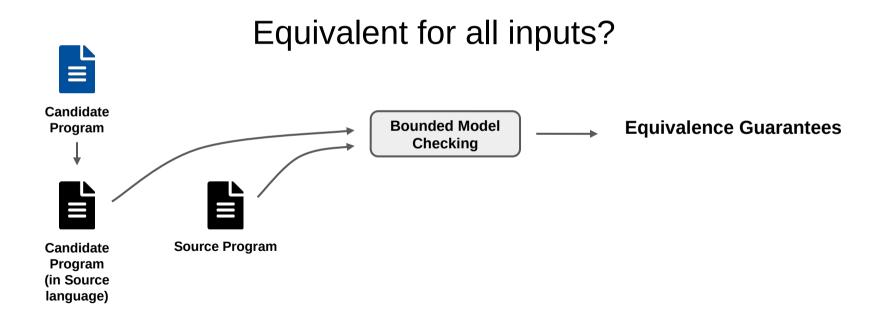


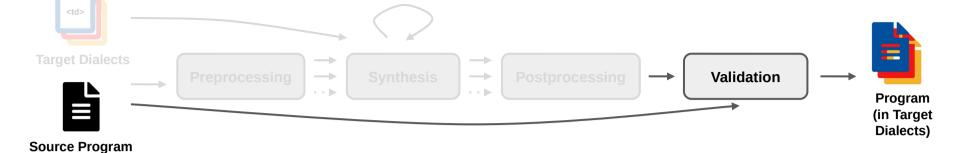
```
func.func @fn_0(%arg0: memref<3xf64>, %arg1: memref<5x3xf64>)
       -> memref<3xf64> attributes {mlirsynth} {
                                                                                                            Resize
                                                                  Inline
 \%0 = op(\%arg0, \%arg1) : memref<3xf64>
 %1 = op(\%0, \%arg1) : memref<3xf64>
                                                                                func.func @kernel(%arg0: f64,
 return %1 : memref<3xf64>
                                                                                        %arg1: memref<1400x1200xf64>,
                                                                                        %arg2: memref<1200xf64>)
                                                                                        -> memref<1200xf64> {
func.func @fn_1(%arg0: memref<5x3xf64>, %arg1: memref<3xf64>)
       -> memref<3xf64> attributes {mlirsynth} {
                                                                                  // fn_0
                                                                                  %0 = op(%arg2, %arg1) : memref<1200xf64>
 \%0 = op(\%arg0, \%arg1) : memref<3xf64>
 return %0 : memref<3xf64>
                                                                                  %1 = op(\%0, \%arg1) : memref<1200xf64>
                                                                                  // fn_1
                                                                                  \%2 = op(\%arg1, \%1) : memref < 1200xf64 >
func.func @kernel(%arg0: f64, %arg1: memref<5x3xf64>,
       %arg2: memref<3xf64>)
       -> memref<3xf64> {
                                                                                  return %2 : memref<1200xf64>
 %0 = call @fn_0(%arg2, %arg1)
       : (memref<3xf64>, memref<5x3xf64>) -> memref<3xf64>
 %1 = call @fn_1(%arg1, %0)
       : (memref<5x3xf64>, memref<3xf64>) -> memref<3xf64>
 return %1 : memref<3xf64>
```

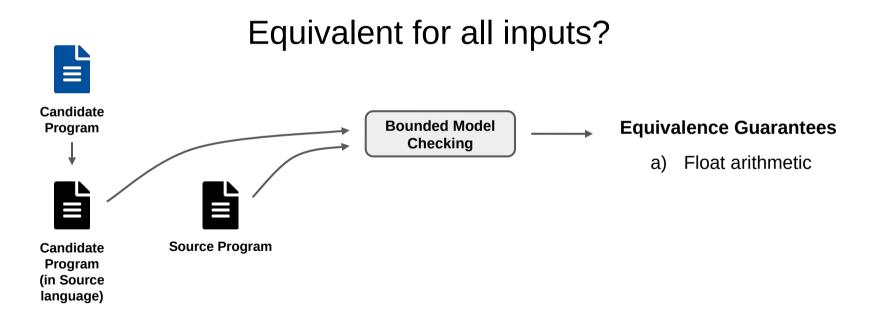


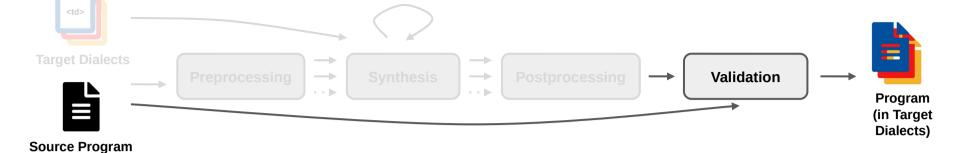
Equivalent for all inputs?

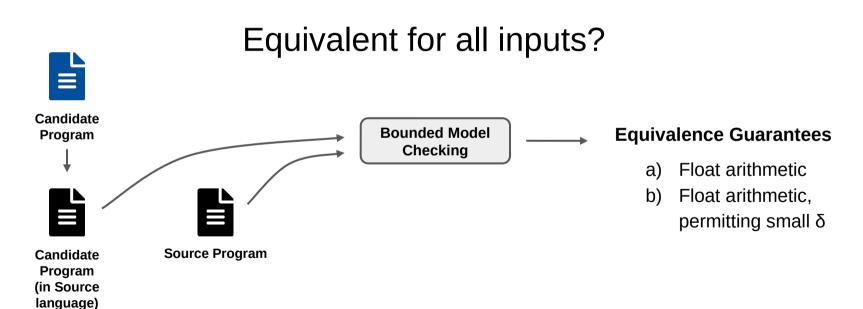


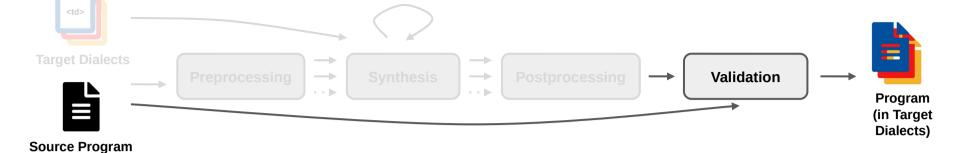


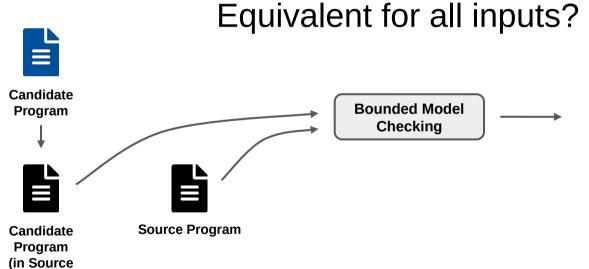








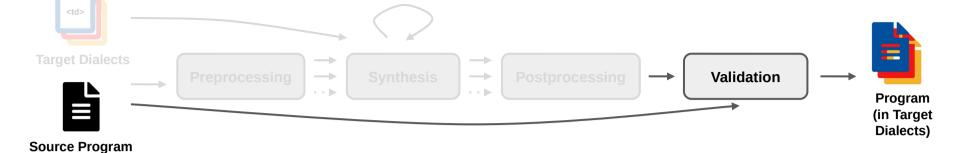


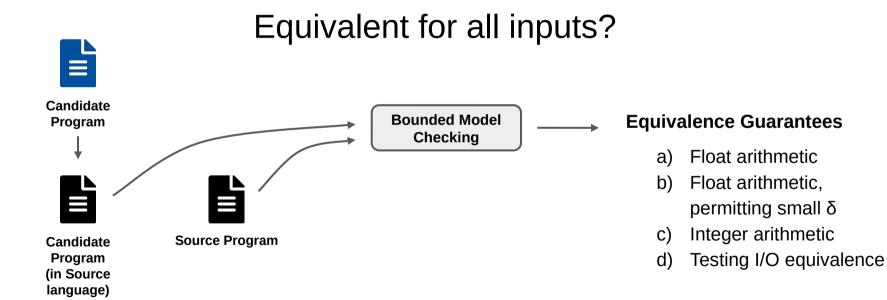


language)

Equivalence Guarantees

- a) Float arithmetic
- b) Float arithmetic, permitting small δ
- c) Integer arithmetic





Results

Coverage

Benchmark: PolyBench

- Solvers
- Data Mining
- Linear Algebra BLAS
- Linear Algebra Kernels
- Stencils
- Medley

→ Total: 15 Programs

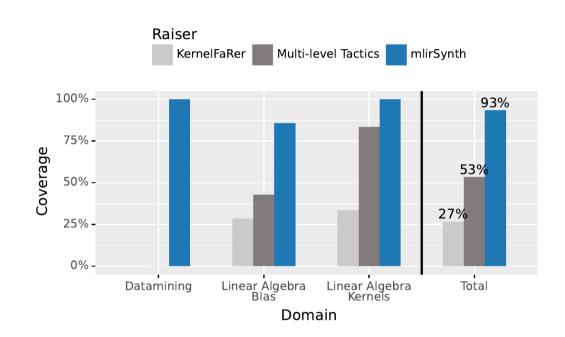
Results

Coverage

Benchmark: PolyBench

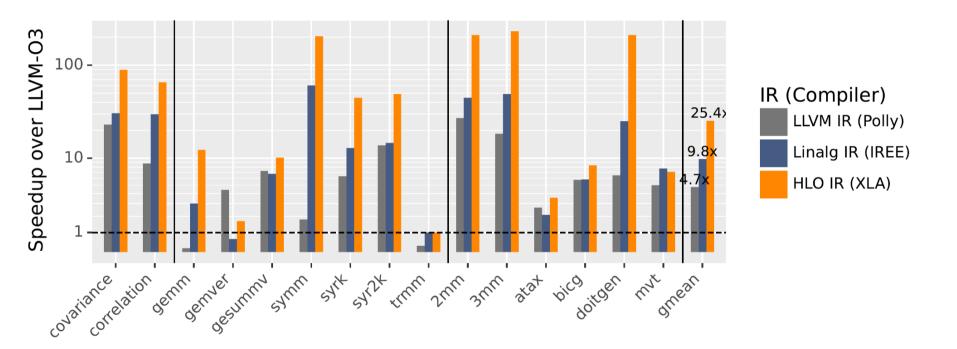
- Solvers
- Data Mining
- Linear Algebra BLAS
- Linear Algebra Kernels
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- Medley

→ Total: 15 Programs

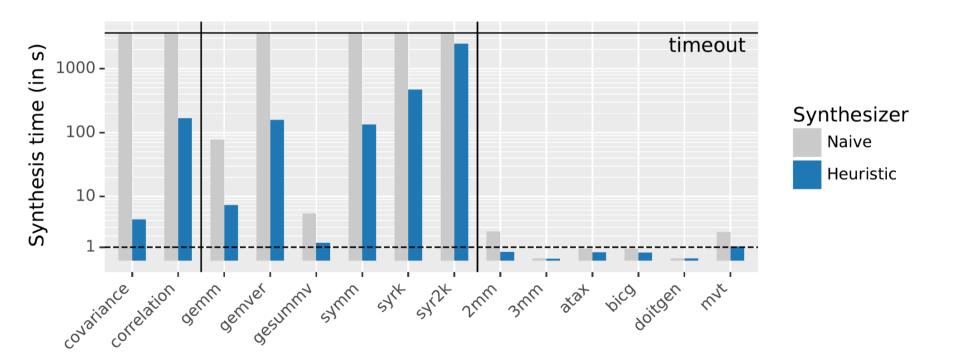


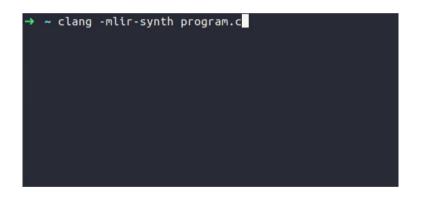
Results

Performance



Synthesis Time





Method

```
→ ~ clang -mlir-synth program.c
```

Method

- Detection of raisable code regions
 - + their dialect

```
→ ~ clang -mlir-synth program.c
```

Method

- Detection of raisable code regions + their dialect
- Speed up search

```
→ ~ clang -mlir-synth program.c
```

Method

- Detection of raisable code regions + their dialect
- Speed up search

Applicability

More source dialects

```
→ ~ clang -mlir-synth program.c
```

Method

- Detection of raisable code regions + their dialect
- Speed up search

- More source dialects
- More target dialects

- mlirSynth raises programs to high-level dialects using program synthesis
 - Robust
 - Automatic
 - Fast X

- mlirSynth raises programs to high-level dialects using program synthesis
 - Robust ✓
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- Raised programs lead to significantly higher performance
 - DSL compilers
 - Hardware accelerators

- mlirSynth raises programs to high-level dialects using program synthesis
 - Robust ✓
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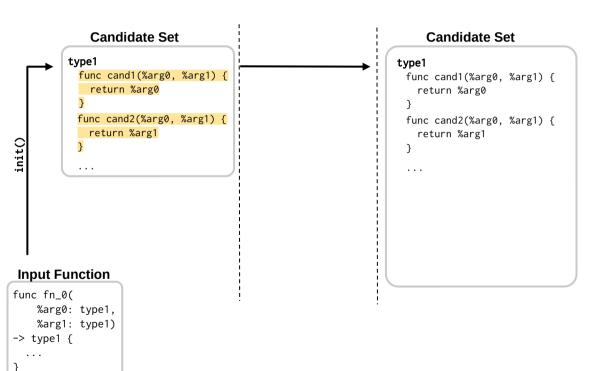
- Raised programs lead to significantly higher performance
 - DSL compilers
 - Hardware accelerators

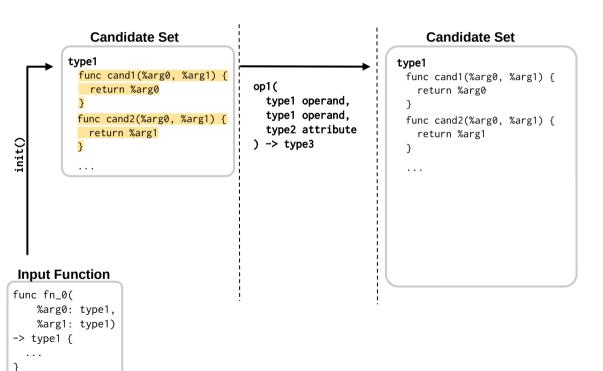
 Several interesting directions! alexander.brauckmann@ed.ac.uk

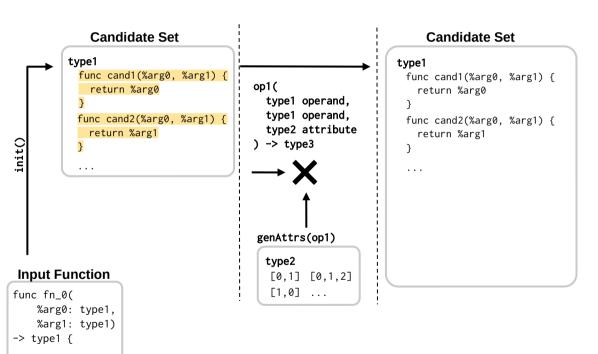
Input Function

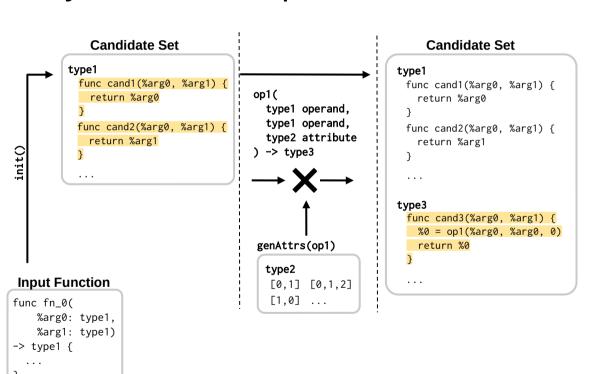
candidate Set type1 func cand1(%arg0, %arg1) { return %arg0 } func cand2(%arg0, %arg1) { return %arg1 } ...

Input Function

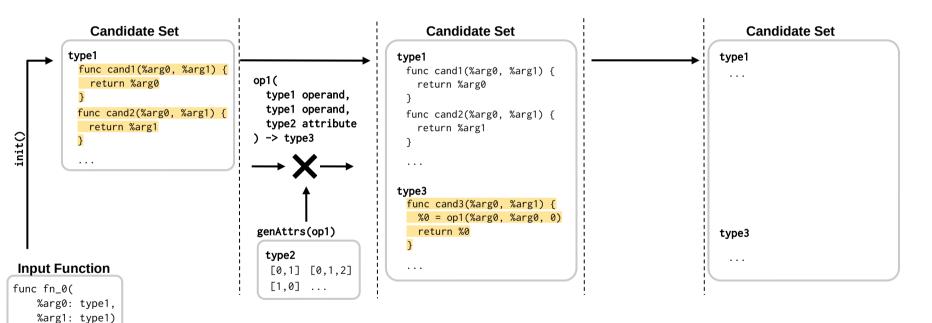




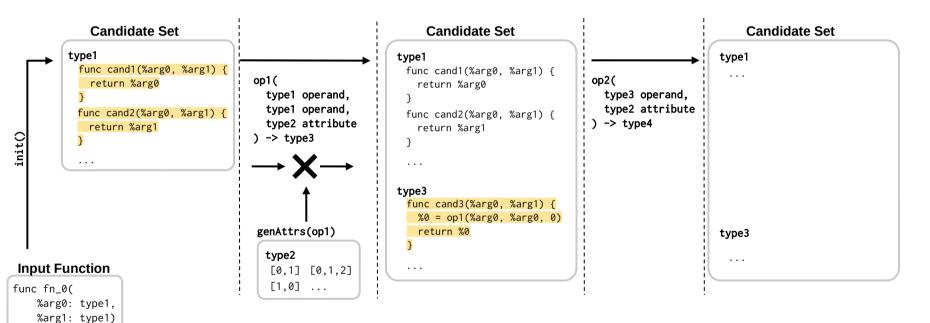




-> type1 {



-> type1 {



-> type1 {

