# Assembly Calculator

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#### 1 Assembly Functions

```
# @file setup_uart.s
# @author John McAvoy
# @desc exports "setup_uart" assembly function
.equ eUSCI_AO, 0x40001000 @ eUSCI_AO base address
# eUSCI_AO Offsets
                         @ eUSCI_AO Control Word 0
.equ UCAOCTLWO, 0x00
.equ UCAOCTLW1, 0x02
                         @ eUSCI_AO Control Word 1
.equ UCAOBRW , 0x06
                         @ eUSCI_AO Baud Rate Control
.equ UCAOMCTLW, 0x08
                         @ eUSCI_AO Modulation Control
.equ UCAOSTATW, OxOA
                         @ eUSCI_AO Status
.equ UCAORXBUF, 0x0C
                         @ eUSCI_AO Receive Buffer
.equ UCAOTXBUF, OxOE
                         @ eUSCI_AO Transmit Buffer
.equ UCAOABCTL, 0x10
                         @ eUSCI_AO Auto Baud Rate Control
.equ UCAOIRCTL, 0x12
                         @ eUSCI_AO IrDA Control
.equ UCAOIE , 0x1A
                         @ eUSCI_AO Interrupt Enable
.equ UCAOIFG , 0x1C
                         @ eUSCI_AO Interrupt Flag
.equ UCAOIV , 0x1E
                         @ eUSCI_AO Interrupt Vector
.global setup_uart @ exports setup_uart asm function to be linked to C code
.text
setup_uart:
   ldr
           %r1, =eUSCI_AO @ load eUSCI_AO base address to R1
   # enabled, smclK, async, UART auto baud rate mode, one-stop bit, 8-bit char, MSB first, no parity
                                 @ table 24-8 of user guide
           %r3, #0x26c1
           %r3, [%r1, #UCAOCTLWO] @ configure UCAOCTLWO
   strh
   # deglitch t0x26c1ime ~5ns
           %r3, #0x00
                                 @ table 24-13 of user guide
   mov
           %r3, [%r1, #UCAOCTLW1] @ configure UCAOCTLW1
   strh
   # alternating second stage modulation, 4-th bit irst stage modulation, oversampling
           %r3, #0xAA81
                         @ table 24-11 of user guide
   strh
           %r3, [%r1, #UCAOMCTLW] @ configure UCAOMCTLW
   # enable rx interrupt
           %r3, #0x01
                                 @ table 24-17 of user guide
   mov
           %r3, [%r1, #UCAOIE]
                                 @ configure UCAOIE
   strh
```

Listing 1: setup\_uart.s

```
# @file read_rx_buffer
# @author John McAvoy
# @desc exports "read_rx_buffer" assembly function #
.equ eUSCI_AO, 0x40001000 @ eUSCI_AO base address
# eUSCI_AO Offsets
.equ UCAORXBUF, 0x0C
                      @ eUSCI_AO Receive Buffer
.global read_rx_buffer
                      @ exports read_rx_buffer asm function to be linked to C code
.text
read_rx_buffer:
   ldr
         %r1, =eUSCI_A0
                             @ load eUSCI_AO base address to R1
   ldrb
         %r0, [%r1, #UCAORXBUF] @ load UCAORXBUF byte to RO, which is returned
                    Listing 2: read_rx_buffer.s
# @file write_tx_buffer
# @author John McAvoy
# @desc exports "write_tx_buffer" assembly function #
.equ eUSCI_AO, 0x40001000 @ eUSCI_AO base address
# eUSCI_AO Offsets
.equ \mbox{UCAOTXBUF}, \mbox{OxOE}
                      @ eUSCI_AO Transmit Buffer
.global write_tx_buffer
                      @ exports read_rx_buffer asm function to be linked to C code
.text
write_tx_buffer:
                             @ load eUSCI_AO base address to R1
   ldr
         %r1, =eUSCI_A0
         %r0, [%r1, #UCAOTXBUF] @ store RO byte to UCAOTXBUF
   strb
```

Listing 3: write\_tx\_buffer.s

## 2 C Functions

## 3 Headers

```
**
 * Ofile Equation.h
 * Oauthor John McAvoy
 */

#ifndef EQUATION_H
#define EQUATION_H

#include <stdint.h>

// a <op> b
// EX: 3 + 4

typedef struct equation {
   int32_t a;
   char op;
   int32_t b;
} Equation;

#endif // EQUATION_H
```

Listing 4: Equation.h

```
/**
* @file calculator.h
* @author John McAvoy
#ifndef CALCULATOR_H
#define CALCULATOR_H
#include <stdint.h>
#include "Equation.h"
* @func calculate
* Oparam equation_str a pointer to a char array of an equation chars
* Oparam length length of equation_str
* Oreturns the solution to the equation
*/
int32_t calculate(Equation eq);
/**
* @func calculate
                a pointer to a crillength of buffer
* @param buffer
                     a pointer to a char array of an integer
* @param length
* Oreturns the character representation of the integer
int32_t charBuffer2Int(char *buffer, uint8_t length);
/**
* Ofunc calculates power of number
* Oreturns a to the p power
*/
int32_t power(uint8_t a, uint8_t p);
#endif // CALCULATOR_H
```

Listing 5: calculator.h

```
/**
 * @file uart.h
 * @author John McAvoy
#ifndef UART_H
#define UART_H
#include <stdint.h>
#include "Equation.h"
void write_tx_buffer(char c);  // see: write_tx_buffer.s
 * @func parseInput
 * Operam buffer a char array of an equation
* Operam length length of buffer
 * Oreturns a parsed Equation struct
Equation parseInput(char buffer[], uint8_t length);
 * Ofunc send_bytes
 * Operam buffer a char array of message to be sent via UART
* Operam length length of buffer
 * @param length
void send_bytes(char buffer[], uint8_t length);
#endif // UART_H
```

Listing 6: uart.h

### 4 Implementations

```
* @file calculator.c
 * @author John McAvoy
#include <stdint.h>
#include "msp432p401r.h"
#include "Equation.h"
#include "calculator.h"
 * @func calculate
 * Oparam equation_str a pointer to a char array of an equation chars
 * Operam length length of equation_str
 * Oreturns the solution to the equation
int32_t calculate(Equation eq) {
    switch(eq.op){
       case '+' : return eq.a + eq.b;
       case '-' : return eq.a - eq.b;
       case '*' : return eq.a * eq.b;
       case '/' : return eq.a / eq.b;
       case '^' : return eq.a ^ eq.b;
       case '|' : return eq.a | eq.b;
       case '&' : return eq.a & eq.b;
       case '>' : return eq.a >> eq.b;
       case '<' : return eq.a << eq.b;</pre>
   }
}
int32_t charBuffer2Int(char *buffer, uint8_t length){
    uint8_t sign = 1;
    if(*(buffer) == '-'){
        sign = -1;
        *(buffer) = '0';
    }
    int32_t num = 0;
    for (uint8_t i = sign; i < length; i++){</pre>
        num += (*(buffer + i) - '0') * power(10, (length - i));
    return num * sign;
}
int32_t power(uint8_t a, uint8_t p){
    if(p == 0) {
       return 1;
    else if(p == 1) {
        return a;
    }
    else {
        return a * power(a, p-1);
}
```

Listing 7: coloulator

```
/**
 * @file uart.c
 * @author John McAvoy
#include "msp432p401r.h"
#include "uart.h"
#include "Equation.h"
#include "calculator.h"
extern void setup_uart(void);
                                        // see: setup_uart.s
extern char read_rx_buffer(void);
                                        // see: read_rx_buffer.s
extern void write_tx_buffer(char c);
                                      // see: write_tx_buffer.s
Equation parseInput(char buffer[], uint8_t length){
    Equation eq;
    eq.a = 0;
    eq.b = 0;
    uint8_t op_i = 0; // operator index
    for(uint8_t i = 0; i < length; i++){</pre>
        if(buffer[i] == ' ' && op_i == 0){
            // operator index found
            op_i = i + 1;
        }
    }
    eq.op = buffer[op_i];
    eq.a = charBuffer2Int(&buffer[0], op_i - 2);
    eq.b = charBuffer2Int(&buffer[op_i+2], length - op_i -1);
    return eq;
}
void send_bytes(char buffer[], uint8_t length){
    for(uint8_t i = length - 1; i >= 0; i--){
        while(!(EUSCI_AO->IFG & EUSCI_A_IFG_TXIFG)); // wait for TX to send
        write_tx_buffer(buffer[i]); // send char
    }
}
```

Listing 8: uart.c

```
/**
 * @file main.c
 * @author John McAvoy
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "msp432p401r.h"
#include "calculator.h"
#include "uart.h"
const char CALCULATION_DELIMINATOR = '\n'; // sets character code for end of calculation string
char input_buffer[256]; // sets char buffer for input from UART
uint8_t input_counter = 0; // counts chars added to input buffer
int main() {
    setup_uart();
    return 0;
}
// USCIAO_RX Interrupt Handler
void EUSCIAO_IRQHandler(void) {
    if (EUSCI_AO->IFG & EUSCI_A_IFG_RXIFG) {
        // if UAORX flag set
        char rx_in = read_rx_buffer(); // read byte
        if(rx_in == '\n'){
            // end of equation
            input_counter = 0;
            Equation eq = parseInput(input_buffer, input_counter);
            char out_buffer[32];
            sprintf(out_buffer, "%d\n", calculate(eq));
            send_bytes(out_buffer, 32);
        }
        else
            input_buffer[input_counter++] = rx_in;
    }
}
```

Listing 9: main.c

#### 5 Build Files

```
PROJECT_NAME=assembly_calculator
BOARD=msp432401R
SRC_DIR ?= src
OBJ_DIR ?= obj
BIN_DIR ?= bin
CC=arm-none-eabi-gcc
CFLAGS ?= -Ilib/TI/Include -Ilib/CMSIS/Include --specs=nosys.specs
AS=arm-none-eabi-as
TARGET=$(BIN_DIR)/$(BOARD)_$(PROJECT_NAME).elf
SRCS := $(shell find $(SRC_DIR) -name *.c -or -name *.s)
$(TARGET): $(OBJS)
        $(CC) $(CFLAGS) $(LDFLAGS) $(SRCS) -o $@
$(OBJ_DIR)/%.o: $(SRCS)
        $(CC) $(CFLAGS) $(LDFLAGS) $(SRCS) -o $@
.PHONY: clean
clean:
        @rm -rf bin/* src/*.o
run:
        @echo "mspdebug tilib "prog $(BINDIR)/$(TARGET)""
        @mspdebug tilib "prog $(BINDIR)/$(TARGET)"
```

Listing 10: Makefile