```
Question 1:
Guess the output of this program:
   1. st = \{1, 2, 3\}
   2.
   3. del st[1]
4. del st[2]
   5.
   6. print(st)
       {3}
       Error
[] is not supported in sets
Question 2:
Guess the output of this program:
   1. st = \{\}
   2.
   3. st.add(1)
   4. st.add(2)
   5. st.add(3)
   7. print(sum(st))
       6
       Error
{} is a dict not set
Question 3:
Guess the output of this program:
   1. st = \{0\}
   2.

    st.add(1)
    st.add(2)

   5. st.add(3)
   6.
   7. print(sum(st))
       6
       Error
Question 4:
Guess the output of this program:
   1. st1 = \{2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16\}
   2. st2 = {3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18}
   4. print([i for i in range(100) if i in st1 and i in st2])
       [6, 12]
       [6, 9, 12]
       Error
```

```
Question 5:
Guess the output of this program:
    1. st1 = \{2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18\}
    2.
    3. for i in range(3, 20, 3):
    4.
            st1.discard(i)
    5.
    6. print(sorted(st1))
        [2, 4, 8, 10, 14, 16]
        [2, 4, 8, 10, 16, 14]
        No guarantee
Question 6:
Guess the output of this program:
   1. st1 = {1, 5, 7, 8}

2. st2 = {1, 5, 3, 10}

3. st3 = {1, 7, 6}

4. print((st1 & st2) ^ (st1 & st3))
       {1, 5}
       {5, 7}
       {1, 7}
        Error
Question 7:
Guess the output of this program:
    1. st1 = \{1, 5, 7, 8\}
    2. st2 = \{1, 5, 3, 10\}
   3.
4. id1 = id(st1)
    6. id2 = id(st1)
    7. print(id1 == id2)
       True
        False
Question 8:
Guess the output of this program:
    1. st1 = frozenset(\{1, 5, 7, 8\})
    2. st2 = frozenset({1, 5, 3, 10})
    3.
    4. id1 = id(st1)
    5. st1 &= st2
    6. id2 = id(st1)
    7. print(id1 == id2)
        True
```

False

```
Question 9:
```

```
Guess the output of this program:
    1. dct = {1:2, 4:5, 7:8}
    2. st = {3, 6, 9, 10}
    3.
    4. total_sum = 0
    5. for (k1, v1), v in zip(dct.items(), sorted(st)):
    6.    total_sum += k1 + v1 + v
    7.
    8. print(total_sum)

    45
    55
    Error
```

Good job!

[1, 2, 3] the del has no effect on global st. Also we print list not set

Question 10:

Guess the output of this program:

```
1. def f(mst):
2.     del mst
3.
4. st = {1, 2, 3}
5. f(st)
6. print(sorted(st))
     {1, 2, 3}
     None
     Error
```

Something else

Question 11:

Guess the output of this program:

```
1. school = {
2.
        'grade1' : {
3.
           2020 : {
                'semster1' : {
4.
                   'Math' : {('Mostafa', 10), ('Belal', 20), ('Ziad', 30)},
5.
                    'Science' : {('Mostafa', 11), ('Belal', 21), ('Ziad', 31)},
6.
7.
                'semster2': {
8.
9.
                    'Math': {('Mostafa', 70), ('Belal', 80), ('Mostafa', 90)},
10.
                    'Science': {('Mostafa', 71), ('Belal', 81), ('Ziad', 91)},
11.
               }
12.
           }
13.
       }
14. }
16. print(sorted(school['grade1'][2020]['semster2']['Science']))
```

Error

```
[('Belal', 81), ('Mostafa', 71), ('Ziad', 91)]
       {('Mostafa', 71), ('Belal', 81), ('Ziad', 91)}
       {('Belal', 21), ('Ziad', 31), ('Mostafa', 11)}
       [('Belal', 21), ('Mostafa', 11), ('Ziad', 31)]
Ouestion 12:
Guess the output of this program:
   1. school = [
   2.
   3.
               2020 : {
   4.
                    'semster1' : {
   5.
                        'Math' : {('Mostafa', 10), ('Belal', 20), ('Ziad', 30)},
                        'Science' : {('Mostafa', 11), ('Belal', 21), ('Ziad', 31)},
   6.
   7.
   8.
                    'semster2': {
   9.
                        'Math': {('Mostafa', 70), ('Belal', 80), ('Mostafa', 90)},
   10.
                        'Science': {('Mostafa', 71), ('Belal', 81), ('Ziad', 91)},
   11.
                   }
   12.
               }
   13.
           }
   14. ]
   15.
   16. school *= 3
   17.
   18. print(len(school[1][2020]))
       Error
       1
       2
       3
Question 13:
Guess the output of this program:
   1. def f(iterable):
   2.
           st = set()
           return not any(i in st or st.add(i) for i in iterable)
   3.
   5. print(f([10, 20, 30, 10, 40]))
What does this function do?
       True
       False
       Error
```

It checks if e.g. list is unique. Observe or st.add(i) return None when called. Observe: any receives a generator object, not a list.

Question 15:

Guess the output of this program:

```
1. def f(*items):
```

```
return tuple(sorted(set(items)))
    2.
    4. print(f((1, 5, 7, 8, 2, 8, 7, 1, 6)))
Describe the function f
        (1, 5, 7, 8, 2, 8, 7, 1, 6)
       ((1, 5, 7, 8, 2, 8, 7, 1, 6),)
       (1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8)
       [1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8]
```

The function takes a variable number of items, and remove duplicate using set, then return tuple of sorted items. Observe the call is a single tuple. To sort numbers, you should use: print(f(1, 5, 7, 8, 2, 8, 7, 1, 6))

```
Question 14:
Guess the output of this program:
   1. def f(d):
           d.update(dict(zip(d.values(), d.keys())))
   2.
   4. d = {1:'Most', 2:'Belal', 3:'Ziad'}
   5. f(d)
   6. print(d)
What does this function do?
       {1: 'Most', 2: 'Belal', 3: 'Ziad', 'Most': 1, 'Belal': 2, 'Ziad': 3}
       {1:'Most', 2:'Belal', 3:'Ziad'}
       {'Most': 1, 'Belal': 2, 'Ziad': 3}
       {'Most': 1, 'Belal': 2, 'Ziad': 3, 1: 'Most', 2: 'Belal', 3: 'Ziad'}
Question 15:
Guess the output of this program:
   1. def f(d):
   2.
           return {i:j for j, i in d.items()}
   3.
   4. print(f({1:'Most', 2:'Belal', 3:'Ziad'}))
What does f() do?
       {'Most': 1, 'Belal': 2, 'Ziad': 3}
       {1:'Most', 2:'Belal', 3:'Ziad'}
```