ROS - The Robotic Operating System ME 4140 - Introduction to Robotics - Fall 2019

What is ROS?:

- 1. The Robot Operating System (ROS) is a flexible framework for writing robot software. It is a collection of tools, libraries, and conventions that aim to simplify the task of creating complex and robust robot behavior across a wide variety of robotic platforms. - ROS
- 2. Software Framework for Robotics Development
- 3. not what you may think when you hear operating system

What are the benefits of using ROS?:

- 1. Hardware/Software Compatibility
- 2. Multi-threading and Parallel Processing
- 3. Open Source Community (BSD)
- 4. Higher Level Robotics Development

Where did ROS come from?:

- 1. Originally developed at Stanford (mid 2000s)
- 2. Continued by Willow Garage (2007)
- 3. Maintained by an international community of open source developers (present)
- 4. The ROS ecosystem now consists of tens of thousands of users worldwide, working in domains ranging from table-top hobby projects to large industrial automation systems.
 - ROS

How Does it Work?:

- 1. ROS is based on a system of connected *nodes*
- 2. Each node represents a different element in the robotic system
 - Laser
 - Drive Kinematics
 - Navigation
 - Manipulator
 - etc.
- 3. Each node can have corresponding source code, executables, and data files.
- 4. Software Languages
 - C++
 - Python
 - markup languages such as XML and YAML
- 5. Nodes communicate or share information in different ways.
 - \bullet Topics publish and subscribe to specific information.
 - Parameter Server Static Data
 - Services RPC Single Request
- 6. The parallel processing and message passing is handled by ROS.



Videos:

Turlebot

Pinoeer LX

Aubo Arm