

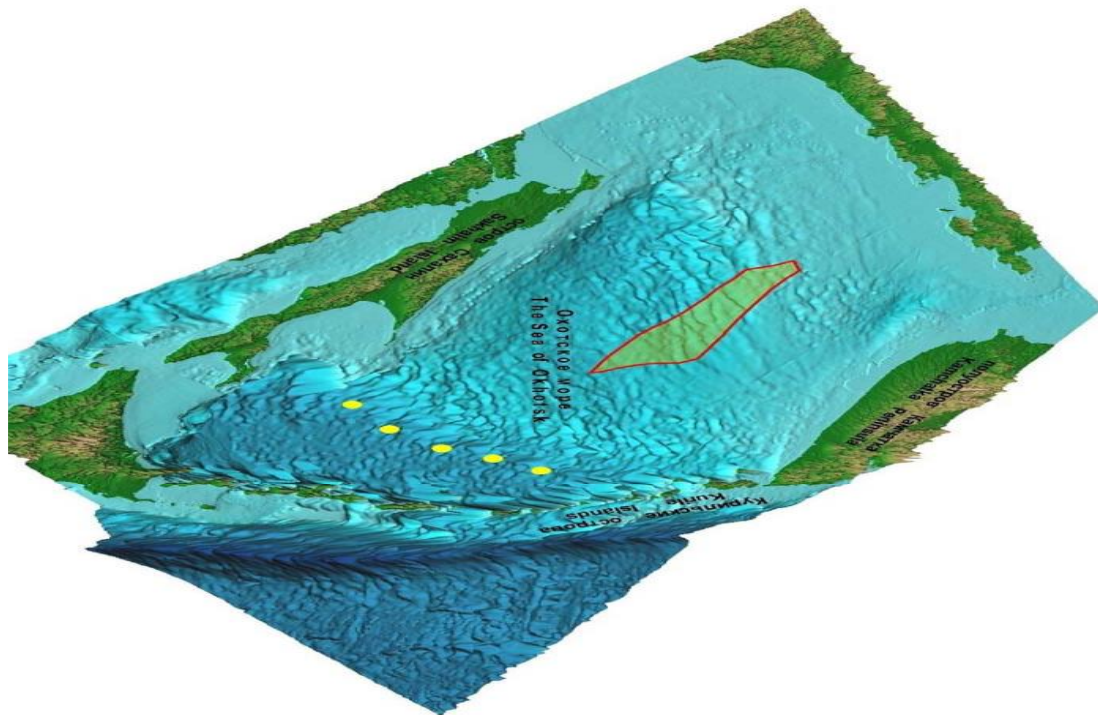
Russia Recommendations

The Russian Federation submitted information on the limits of the continental shelf in the Sea of Okhotsk, the Bering Sea and the Arctic Ocean in 2001. The Russian submission was the first to be examined by the Commission and it was during the consideration, that the format for recommendations was developed.

The original executive summary was not published on the DOALOS website. Following the lodgement of the submission, a number of states tendered formal comments requesting the submission not be considered, due to existing disputes regarding Arctic territories. The Commission determined that the Sea of Okhotsk required additional data and recommended a partial submission excluding the disputed Arctic area. Executive summaries for the second submission (ECS-ID 110) with respect to the Sea of Okhotsk and the third submission (ECS-ID 120) with respect to the Arctic can be found online.

1. Sea of Okhotsk Region (ECS ID-100, 110)

Russia received recommendations for the Sea of Okhotsk region. The Sea of Okhotsk is a shallow sea (300-1400m) located between the Kamchatka Peninsula and the mainland of Russia. The area of extended continental shelf, known as the enclave is in the centre of the sea. Five FOS points, based on morphology, are located to the south of the enclave. These FOS points are in water depths of 200-3000 m and extend along the northern edge of the Kuril Basin. The enclave is landward of the 2500 m isobath and within 350 NM from the baseline. The sub-commission accepted the locations for all 5 points.



3D image of the seabed of the Sea of Okhotsk. The extended continental shelf in the area beyond 200 nautical miles in the area of the enclave, outlined in red. Yellow dots show the location of the foot of the continental

slope (from the revised Russian Executive Summary part 1. 2013).